Prediction Assignment Writeup

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Machine Learning Course Project:

A. Background

Using devices such as Jawbone Up, Nike FuelBand, and Fitbit it is now possible to collect a large amount of data about personal activity relatively inexpensively. These type of devices are part of the quantified self movement – a group of enthusiasts who take measurements about themselves regularly to improve their health, to find patterns in their behavior, or because they are tech geeks. One thing that people regularly do is quantify how much of a particular activity they do, but they rarely quantify how well they do it. In this project, your goal will be to use data from accelerometers on the belt, forearm, arm, and dumbell of 6 participants. They were asked to perform barbell lifts correctly and incorrectly in 5 different ways. More information is available from the website here: http://groupware.les.inf.puc-rio.br/har (see the section on the Weight Lifting Exercise Dataset).

B. Environment set up

The first step is to load the neccesary libraries and set up a wd

```
rm(list=ls())
setwd("C:/Users/Nicolás Rivera/OneDrive/Documentos/Data Science Johns Hopkins University/Practical Mach
library(caret)
library(rpart)
library(rpart.plot)
library(randomForest)
library(corrplot)
library(rattle)
```

C. Data Loading and cleaning

dim(TestSet)

Define the url containing the data and create a 70% training data set and a 30% test data set.

```
UrlTrain <- "http://d396qusza40orc.cloudfront.net/predmachlearn/pml-training.csv"
UrlTest <- "http://d396qusza40orc.cloudfront.net/predmachlearn/pml-testing.csv"
training <- read.csv(url(UrlTrain))
testing <- read.csv(url(UrlTest))
inTrain <- createDataPartition(training$classe, p=0.7, list=FALSE)
TrainSet <- training[inTrain, ]
TestSet <- training[-inTrain, ]
dim(TrainSet)</pre>
## [1] 13737 160
```

```
## [1] 5885 160
Remove variables with zero variance
NZV <- nearZeroVar(TrainSet)</pre>
TrainSet <- TrainSet[, -NZV]</pre>
TestSet <- TestSet[, -NZV]</pre>
dim(TrainSet)
## [1] 13737
               105
dim(TestSet)
## [1] 5885 105
Remove variables that are mostly NA
         <- sapply(TrainSet, function(x) mean(is.na(x))) > 0.95
TrainSet <- TrainSet[, AllNA==FALSE]</pre>
TestSet <- TestSet[, AllNA==FALSE]</pre>
dim(TrainSet)
## [1] 13737
                59
dim(TestSet)
## [1] 5885
              59
dim(TestSet)
## [1] 5885
              59
D. Data Modeling
Random Forest
set.seed(12345)
controlRF <- trainControl(method="cv", number=3, verboseIter=FALSE)</pre>
modFitRandForest <- train(classe ~ ., data=TrainSet, method="rf",</pre>
                          trControl=controlRF)
modFitRandForest$finalModel
##
## Call:
## randomForest(x = x, y = y, mtry = param$mtry)
##
                  Type of random forest: classification
##
                        Number of trees: 500
## No. of variables tried at each split: 41
##
##
           OOB estimate of error rate: 0.01%
## Confusion matrix:
            В
                 C
                            E class.error
       Α
                       D
                  0 0 0.000000000
## A 3906
             0
## B
       1 2657
                 0
                      0 0.0003762227
## C
       0 0 2396 0
                            0 0.0000000000
## D
            0
                  0 2252
                            0 0.000000000
       0
```

0 0 2525 0.0000000000

E

0

0

E. Predict

predictTEST <- predict(modFitRandForest, newdata=testing)
predictTEST</pre>

Levels: A B C D E