Probability of Improvement Exploration Heuristic for PILCO

Rowan McAllister

July 10, 2015

Let the parameterisation of the previous rollout be r, and the cumulativecost distribution given the previous rollout be:

$$\mathcal{C}^{r} \sim \mathcal{N}(\mu_{r}, \sigma_{r}^{2})$$
 (1)

We would like to choose a new parameterisation, θ , in such a way that it maximises the probability of improvement (P.I.) of the cumulative-cost. For arbitrary θ we have cumulative-cost distribution $\mathcal{C}^{\theta'} \sim \mathcal{N}(\mu_{\theta}, \sigma_{\theta}^2)$. What is the probability $P(\mathcal{C}^{\theta} < \mathcal{C}^r)$? Let $\Delta \mathcal{C} \doteq \mathcal{C}^{\theta} - \mathcal{C}^r$. Note:

$$\Delta \mathcal{C} \sim \mathcal{N}(\mu_{\theta} - \mu_{r}, \sigma_{\theta}^{2} + \sigma_{r}^{2} - 2c)$$
 (2)

where c is the covariance between \mathcal{C}^{θ} and \mathcal{C}^{r} . Let's assume (approximate) that c = 0, to make life simpler. So now the probability of improvement, by changing parameterisation from r to θ is:

$$P.I. = P(\mathcal{C}^{\theta} < \mathcal{C}^{r})$$
 (3)

$$= P(\Delta C < 0) \tag{4}$$

$$= P(\Delta \mathcal{C} < 0)$$

$$= \int_{-\infty}^{0} \mathcal{N}(x; \mu_{\theta} - \mu_{r}, \sigma_{\theta}^{2} + \sigma_{r}^{2}) dx$$
(5)

$$= 1 - \Phi\left(\underbrace{\frac{\mu_{\theta} - \mu_{r}}{\sqrt{\sigma_{\theta}^{2} + \sigma_{r}^{2}}}}_{z}\right) \tag{6}$$

where $\Phi(\cdot)$ is the cumulative standard normal function. We wish to maximise Eq (6), so our loss function (to minimise) is the negative P.I.:

$$L = \Phi(z) - 1, \tag{7}$$

with gradients

$$\frac{dL}{d\mu_{\theta}} = \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sigma_{\theta}^2 + \sigma_{r}^2}} \phi(z), \qquad (8)$$

$$\frac{dL}{d\sigma_{\theta}^2} = -\frac{1}{2(\sigma_{\theta}^2 + \sigma_{r}^2)} z \phi(z), \qquad (9)$$

$$\frac{\mathrm{dL}}{\mathrm{d}\sigma_{\mathrm{A}}^{2}} = -\frac{1}{2(\sigma_{\mathrm{A}}^{2} + \sigma_{\mathrm{r}}^{2})} z \phi(z), \tag{9}$$

where $\phi(\cdot)$ is the standard normal distribution.