

## 1. Employees List

Create a class ‘Employee’ with the following fields.

Int id;

String name;

String department;

Date dateOfJoining;

Int age;

Int salary;

All the fields should be declared as private and for each of the fields generate a pair of getter and setter as required.

The value for the ‘id’ field should be automatically generated by adding 1

To the id of the last employee.

Define a parameterised constructor function for initialising the fields

For each employee.

Implement the ‘Comparable’ interface into the class

and override the ‘int compareTo(Employee)’ to compare any 2 ‘Employee’ objects by salary’

Override the String `toString()` method to print the details of any ‘Employee’

Object in the following format

`"%-15s %-30s %-30s %-10s %-10s\n"`

Create a 2<sup>nd</sup> class 'AgeComparator' into which you implement the 'Comparator' interface to compare any 2 employees by age

And if the age are equal compare on dateOfJoining.

Create a 3<sup>rd</sup> class EmployeeBO for which you define a static method

printEmployees() that receives a list of 'Employee' objects and prints the employees' details.

Create the last class 'Main' for which you define the main() method for receiving the inputs, printing a menu for with options to sort the list by salary/

By age and then by dateOfJoining.

Sample Input 1:

Input the number of employees :

3

Enter the details for employee 1

Rohini

Data Analysis

10/10/2000

45

90000

Enter the details for employee 2

Ranganathan

Production

09/10/2000

45

**92000**

Enter the details for employee 3

**Pankaj**

**Marketing**

**02/02/2002**

**38**

**75000**

**Output 1**

1. Sort employees by salary

2. Sort employees by age and by date of joining

Enter your choice

**2**

Employee ID	Name	Department	Date Of Joining	Age	Salary
3	Pankaj	Marketing	02/02/2002	38	75000
2	Ranganathan	Production	09/10/2000	45	92000

1	Rohini
Data Analysis	
10/10/2000	45
	90000

Sample Input 2:

Input the number of employees :

3

Enter the details for employee 1

Rohini

Data Analysis

10/10/2000

45

90000

Enter the details for employee 2

Ranganathan

Production

09/20/2000

45

92000

Enter the details for employee 3

Pankaj

Marketing

02/02/2002

38

70000

Output 2

1.Sort employees by salary

2.Sort employees by age and by date of joining

Enter your choice

1

Employee ID              Name

Department                              Date Of

Joining              Age              Salary

3                      Pankaj

Marketing

02/02/2002              38              70000

1                      Rohini

Data Analysis

10/10/2000              45              90000

2                      Ranganathan

Production

09/20/2000              45              92000

## 2. Q2. Password Validation

Create a class 'UserMainCode' and for the class define a static method for validating the password received as parameter.

```
public static boolean checkPassword(String password){}.
```

A valid password should satisfy the following rules.

1. It should be minimum of 8 characters in length.
2. It should have at least one lower case letter, one upper case letter, one digit and one special character

Create a 'Main' class and define the 'main()' method for input,output

Sample Input 1

Night#321

Output :Valid Password

Sample input 2

night#321

Output : Invalid Password

Q3.

## Comparable - Display State

Write a Java program to get the country names and state names from the user separated by a pipe symbol. Finally display all the countries and their states sorted in ascending order based on their names.

Create a main class "Main.java"

Create country class with below attributes,

- name - String

- stateList - List<State> (All state object for this country is stored in this list)

Add appropriate getter and setter methods for **Country** class

Include a constructor accepting country name as a parameter

Below are the methods in country class

- addState(String statename) - Add the new state to this country object
- getStateList() - Sort the state collection and return the list

Create **State** class with single attribute **name**

Add appropriate getter and setter methods for State class

Include a constructor with single argument state name

Implement Comparable interface in the State class and implement the method compareTo()

#### **Input and Output Format:**

First input corresponds to the number of input elements and followed by country and state information in the format countryname|statename.

Display the state name followed by two hyphen(-)

Refer sample input and output for formatting specifications.

**[All text in bold corresponds to input and the rest corresponds to output]**

**Sample Input/Output :**

**10**

India|Tamilnadu

India|Kerala

India|Odisha

USA|Texas

USA|Mississippi

USA|Alaska

India|Punjab

Australia|Victoria

Australia|Tasmania

Australia|Queensland

Countries and States in ascending order

Australia

--Queensland

--Tasmania

--Victoria

India

--Kerala

--Odisha  
--Punjab  
--Tamilnadu  
USA  
--Alaska  
--Mississippi  
--Texas

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#### Comparable - Contact Information Based on Mobile Number

Write a Java program to read all the contact information from the user and display the contact name and their mobile number sorted based on their mobile number (descending order). The contact details consist of name, email, mobile and address. Use Collections.sort() method for sorting.

Create a main class "Main.java"

Create Contact class with below attributes

name - String  
email - String  
mobile - Long  
address - String

Add appropriate getter and setter methods for Contact class

Include a constructor for Contact class with the arguments name, email, mobile and address

Implement Comparable interface and implement the method compareTo() to perform sorting based on mobile number

Input and Output Format:

First input corresponds to the number of contacts and followed by each contact information.

Refer sample input and output for formatting specifications.

[All text in bold corresponds to input and the rest corresponds to output]

Sample Input/Output :

Enter number of contacts:

2

Enter contact 1 detail

Enter Name

Amar

Enter Email

[amar@gmail.com](mailto:amar@gmail.com)

Enter Mobile

7200762700

Enter Address

Coimbatore

Enter contact 2 detail

Enter Name

Thana

Enter Email

[thana@gmail.com](mailto:thana@gmail.com)

Enter Mobile

9566905846

Enter Address

Karur

Contact list after sort by mobile number in descending order

Thana-9566905846

Amar-7200762700

4.

## TreeMap - Letter Frequency

Write a Java program to calculate the character frequency in a sentence. The input consist of a single sentence and the output display a graphical chart displaying the frequency of each character by number of asterisk (\*). Display the character in the output in alphabetical order. Compute the frequency of all letters except space.

Use TreeMap to store the characters and frequency since the tree map maintains the entries sorted based on their natural ordering.

Create a main class "Main.java"

Create a class **LetterSequence** and include below methods and attributes,

Include a constructor to get the sentence as the input

Method/Attribute	Details
public TreeMap<Character,Integer> computeFrequency()	Compute the frequency of each character in the sentence and store it in the TreeMap. Return the TreeMap after the computation.
public void displayLetterFrequency(TreeMap<Character,Integer> frequencyMap)	Iterate the tree map and get all the entries and print the information in a graphical view as shown the sample output
private String sentence	Input sentence is stored in this attribute

### Input and Output Format:

Refer sample input and output for formatting specifications.

**[All text in bold corresponds to input and the rest corresponds to output]**

### Sample Input/Output :

Enter the input string

**Refer sample input and output for formatting specifications**

```
R : *
a : ****
c : **
d : *
e : ****
f : ****
g : *
```

j : \*\*\*\*\*

l : \*

m : \*\*

n : \*\*\*\*\*

o : \*\*\*\*

p : \*\*\*\*

r : \*\*\*

s : \*\*\*

t : \*\*\*\*\*

u : \*\*\*