



## Topic 21: AUG experiment analysis meeting

---

N. Vianello and V. Naulin for the Topic 21 Scientific Team

15 September 2017



This work has been carried out within the framework of the EUROfusion Consortium and has received funding from the Euratom research and training programme 2014-2018 under grant agreement No 633053. The views and opinions expressed herein do not necessarily reflect those of the European Commission.

# Summary of the campaigns



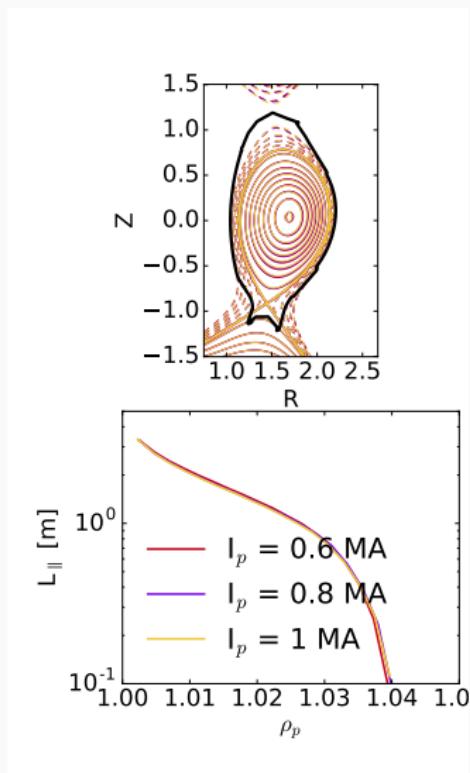
- ✓ L-Mode experiment, CW 17.
  1. Performed similar density ramps in an  $I_p$  scan at constant  $q_{95}$
  2. Performed similar density ramps in an  $I_p$  scan at constant  $B_t$

# Summary of the campaigns



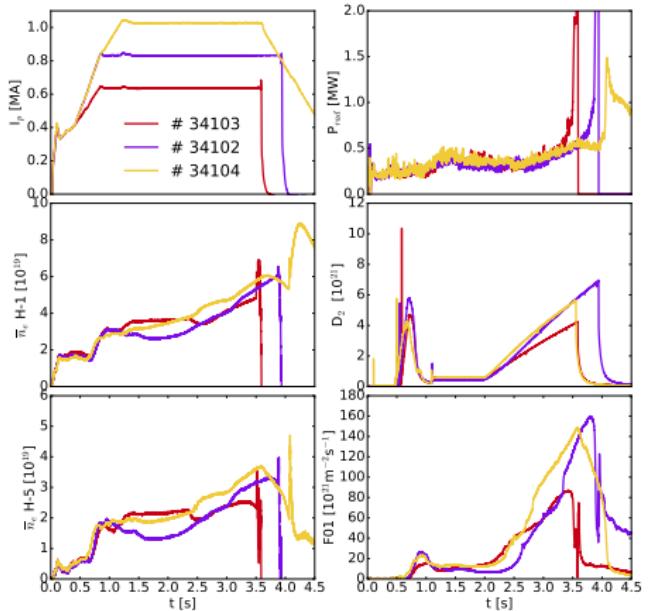
- ✓ L-Mode experiment, CW 17.
  1. Performed similar density ramps in an  $I_p$  scan at constant  $q_{95}$
  2. Performed similar density ramps in an  $I_p$  scan at constant  $B_t$
- ✓ H-Mode experiment, CW 21.
  1. Compare divertor/midplane fueling effect on filamentary transport and profiles without cryo-pumps
  2. Compare profiles with the same fueling with/without cryopumps
  3. Determine an H-Mode with the cryopumps matching similar divertor pressure and SOL profiles

# L-Mode analysis: $I_p$ scan at constant $q_{95}$



- ✓ We matched correctly the shape and the  $L_{\parallel}$  here shown from outer divertor plate up to X-point

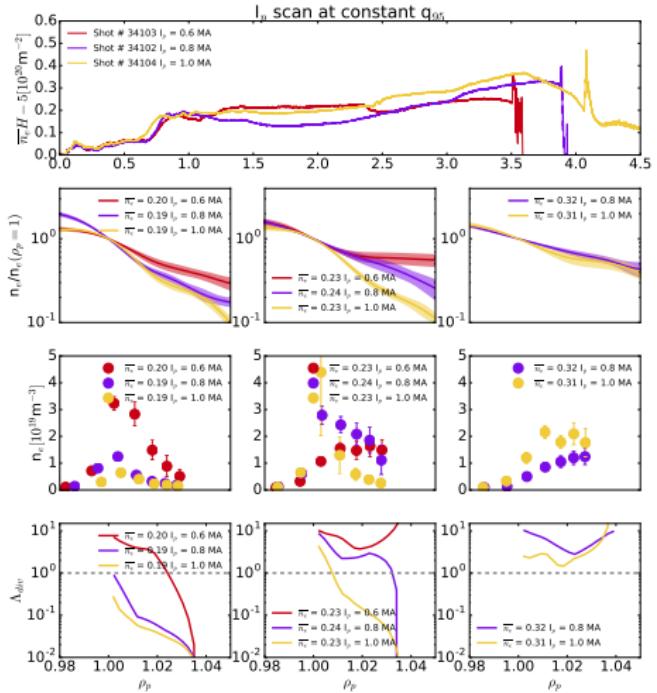
# L-Mode analysis: $I_p$ scan at constant $q_{95}$



- ✓ The scan was performed with similar puffing rate (0.8-1 MA) whereas we reduced it at lower current to avoid early disruption
- ✓ We have comparable edge density and divertor neutral pressure

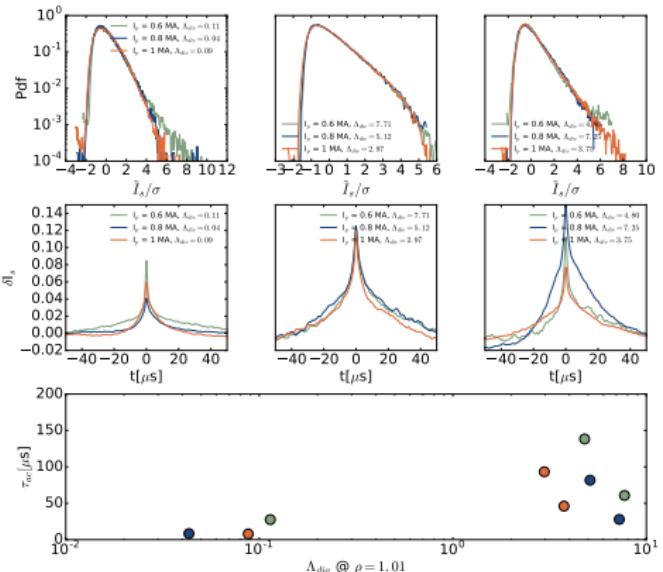


# L-Mode analysis: $I_p$ scan at constant $q_{95}$



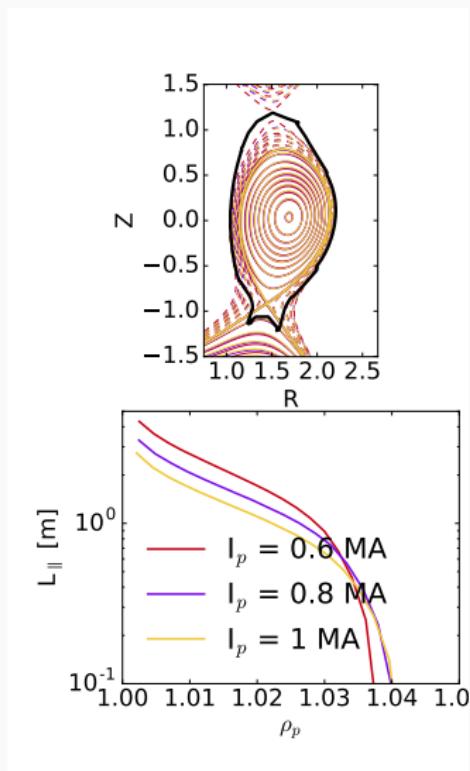
- ✓ At comparable edge density Upstream profiles are different with the tendency to develop shoulder easier at lower current
- ✓ Still need to provide detail evolution of edge profiles as a function of  $\Lambda_{\text{div}}$  which are different at different current although same  $L_{\parallel}$

# L-Mode analysis: $I_p$ scan at constant $q_{95}$



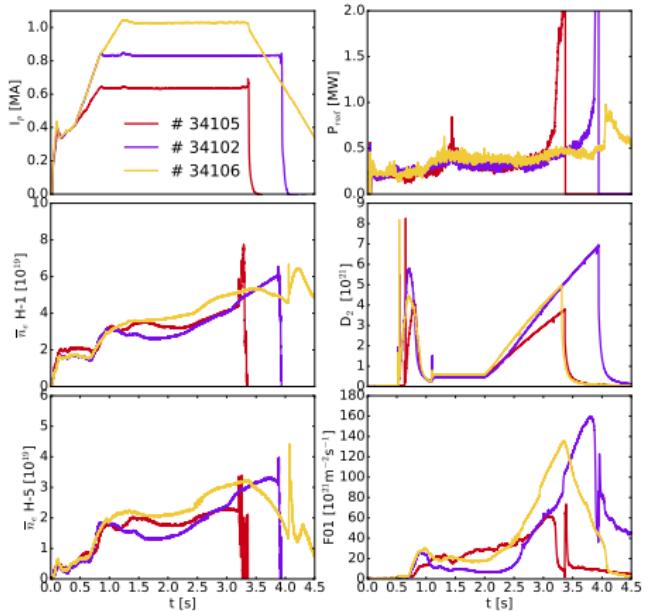
- ✓ No sensible difference of PDFs of  $J_{sat}$  at different current even though obtained at different values of  $\Lambda_{div}$ .
- ✓ Autocorrelation time  $\tau_{ac}$  increases with  $\Lambda_{div}$  without sensible difference among the current

# L-Mode analysis: $I_p$ scan at constant $B_t$



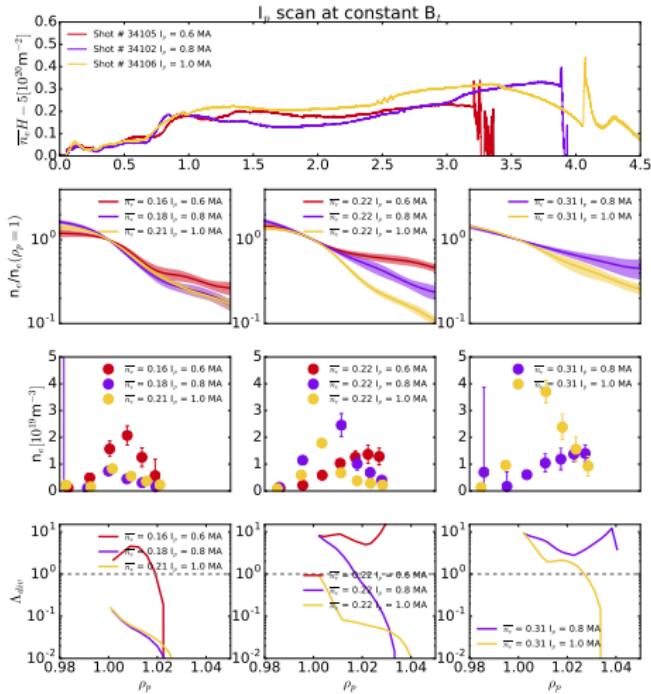
- ✓ We matched correctly the shape the parallel connection length  $L_{\parallel}$  is modified consistently

# L-Mode analysis: $I_p$ scan at constant $B_t$



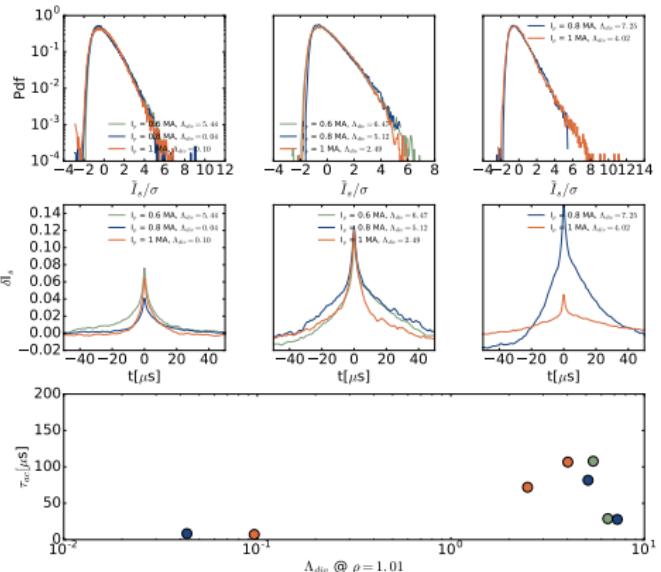
- ✓ The scan was performed with similar puffing rate (0.8-1 MA) whereas we reduced it at lower current to avoid early disruption
- ✓ We have comparable edge density and divertor neutral pressure even though pressure increase earlier at higher current

# L-Mode analysis: $I_p$ scan at constant $B_t$



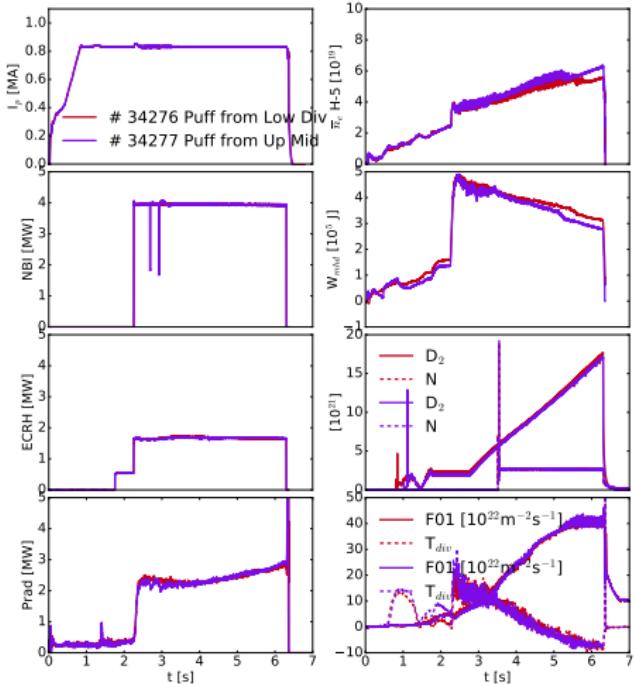
- ✓ At comparable edge density Upstream profiles are different with the tendency to develop shoulder easier at lower current
- ✓ Still need to provide detail evolution of edge profiles as a function of  $\Lambda_{div}$  which are different at different current although same  $L_{||}$

# L-Mode analysis: $I_p$ scan at constant $B_t$



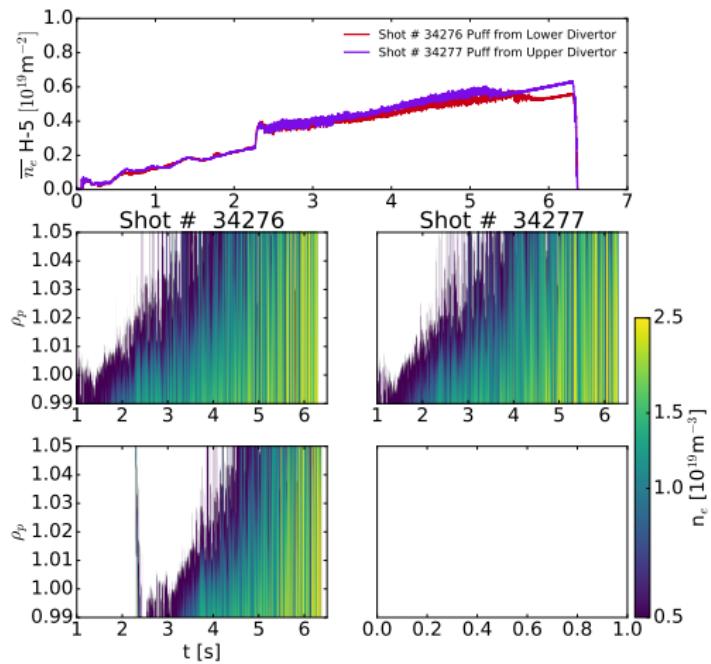
- ✓ No sensible difference of PDFs of  $J_{sat}$  at different current even though obtained at different values of  $\Lambda_{\text{div}}$ .
- ✓ Remarkable difference in the shape of typical structure, even though  $\tau_{ac}$  follow usual trend apart from very last points. **To be double-checked**

# H-Mode investigation: puffing location



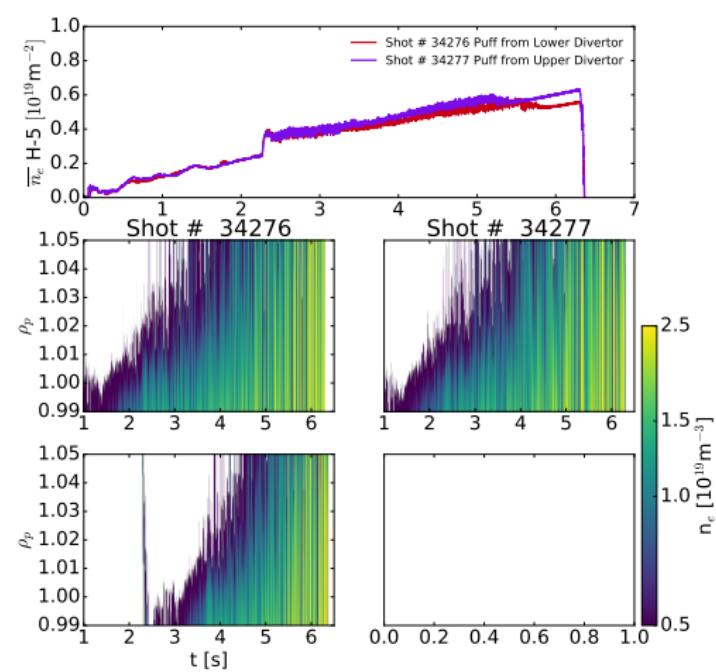
- ✓ Similar puff from Lower and Upper divertor valves (we asked for divertor/midplane valves)

# H-Mode investigation: puffing location



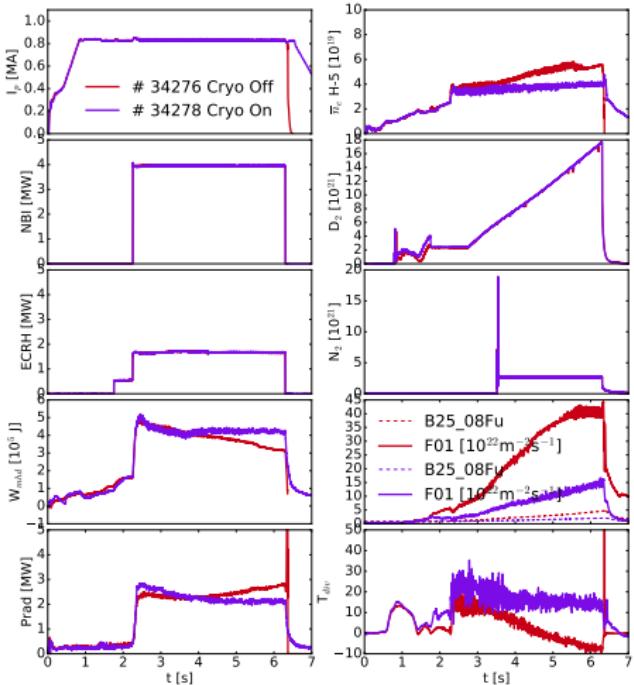
- ✓ Similar puff from Lower and Upper divertor valves (we asked for divertor/midplane valves)
- ✓ Edge density profiles from Li-Beam evolution are pretty similar

# H-Mode investigation: puffing location



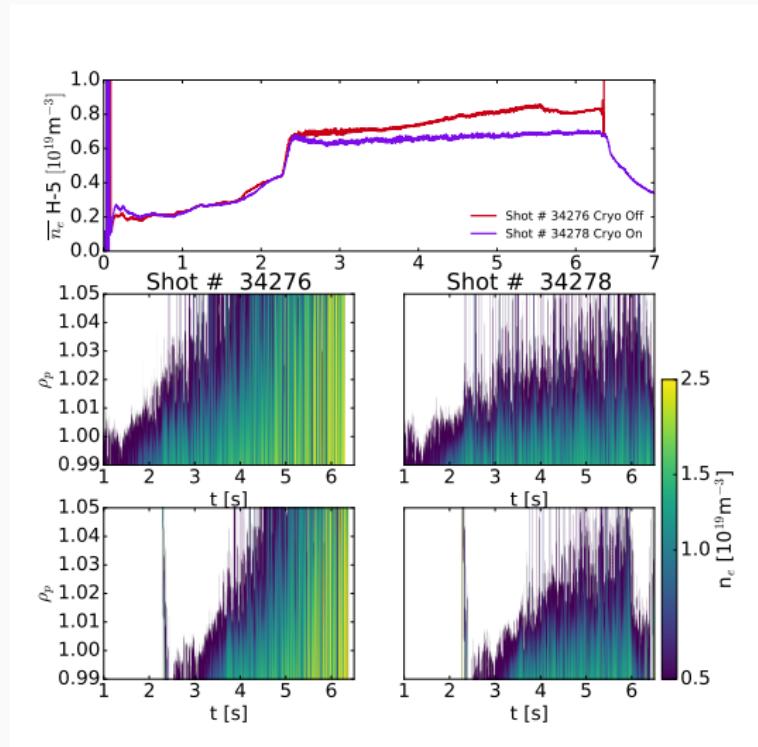
- ✓ Similar puff from Lower and Upper divertor valves (we asked for divertor/midplane valves)
- ✓ Edge density profiles from Li-Beam evolution are pretty similar
- ✓ Similar behavior observed from RIC Antenna 4 for the available shot

# Compare Similar fueling with/without cryopumps



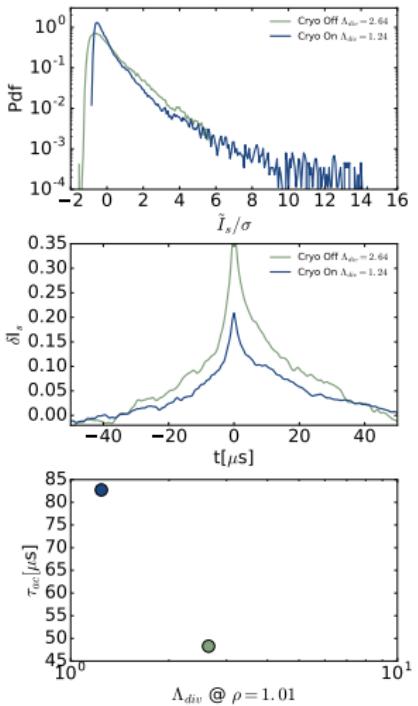
✓ Same fueling but with cryo-pumps. Clearly different in terms of Edge density and Divertor pressure

# Compare Similar fueling with/without cryopumps



- ✓ Same fueling but with cryo-pumps. Clearly different in terms of Edge density and Divertor pressure
- ✓ Also with this amount of fueling no instance of SOL saturation observed as confirmed by Li-Beam and by RIC (Antenna 4)

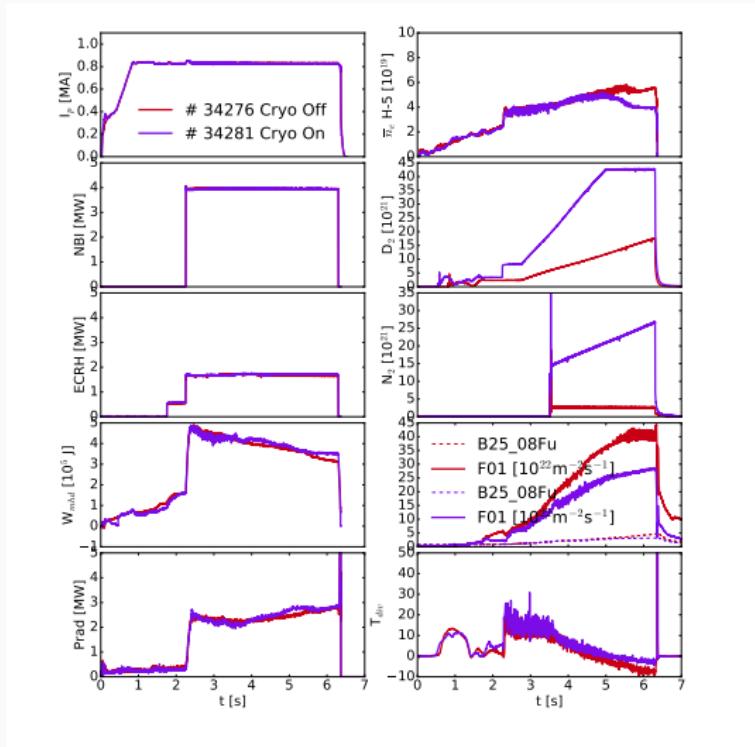
# Compare Similar fueling with/without cryopumps



- ✓ Same fueling but with cryo-pumps. Clearly different in terms of Edge density and Divertor pressure
- ✓ Also with this amount of fueling no instance of SOL saturation observed as confirmed by Li-Beam and by RIC (Antenna 4)
- ✓ Comparison of fluctuations during the plunge at higher density (**ELM included**) reveal differences in fluctuations. **ELM resolved measurement to be properly done**

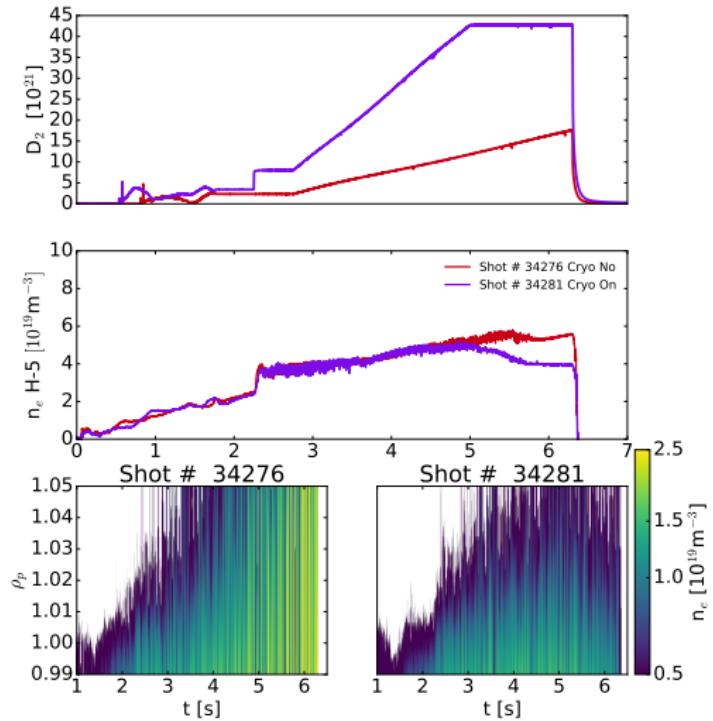


# Matching scenarios with cryo-pumps



- ✓ To match similar edge density and divertor pressure and to reach the same level of detachment we increase the fueling by almost a factor of 3, increasing also the rate. In addition to that we also increase substantially the N puffing

# Matching scenarios with cryo-pumps



- ✓ To match similar edge density and divertor pressure and to reach the same level of detachment we increase the fueling by almost a factor of 3, increasing also the rate. In addition to that we also increase substantially the N puffing
- ✓ Without cryopumps evidence of stronger SOL profile flattening from Li-Be. **To be compared with appropriate variation of  $\Lambda_{\text{div}}$**

# What is missing



1. RIC profiles with possible poloidal variation among the antennas in particular in H-Mode. **To be done**
2. Li-Be ELM resolved profile variation with  $\Lambda_{div}$  **To be done**
3. Li-Be fluctuations **To be done**
4. Structures size and velocities in L-Mode **In progress**
5. Radiation front movement **In progress**
6. Can we have from stark-broadening the movement of density front towards the X-Point **To be done, maybe not feasible**
7. Neutrals analysis from  $D_\alpha$  camera **In progress**
8. Fast-camera **To be done**
9. Other?



### Just a brainstorming exercise so far

- ✓ X-point probe. Realistically there should be man-power for proper operation and we need information below the midplane before entering the divertor region
- ✓ NPH evaluation of Ti
- ✓ Parallel and perpendicular momentum variation at high density. We already know there is a change in the perpendicular flow to be complemented with parallel flow as well
- ✓ Divertor modification? I guess SP movement is not feasible in AUG but keeping the SP at the same position and moving the X-point (vertically/radially) can induce some modification?
- ✓ Increasing the density through pellet is feasible?
- ✓ Isotope effect? In case campaign is foreseen we could change parallel flow and recycling (?)