

Final_Project_Proposal

May 12, 2018

1 The Effect of Data Breaches on Stock Price

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Using data from Morningstar, I will explore the way in which data breaches affect on the shareholder values of 11 companies in various industries. Through an analysis of stock prices in the 10-day period surrounding the report of the data breach of each company, the research will illustrate the effect of the data breach on the company's stock performance before, during, and after the breach as well as each industry's trends in reaction to breaches.

Data breaches are the subject of today's news, with people resorting to boycotting Facebook to protect their data from being shared with unauthorized third parties, whether intentionally or not. Facebook has reported reduced advertising revenues following large breaches and even a shift towards more user-produced content rather than branded and sponsored content.

The stock data for this project will come from Morningstar, specifically for an 11 day period, with the data breach report placed at the center of the date range, or timeline. Each company will have its data extracted from morningstar and placed alongside that of the others for individual as well as comparative analysis across companies and industries.

In this project, I will answer three questions: 1. How do data breaches affect shareholder value in general? 2. How do the effects of data breaches on shareholder value vary across industries? 3. Does the size of the breach have any effect on the change in stock price following the breach?

I will use line graphs to illustrate the behavior of each company's stock, while also calculating the percent change in stock price, whether positive or negative, following each breach. I will also calculate the mean percent change in stock price for each industry and company to compare averages. The size of each breach, or number of users affected by it, will be retrieved for further analysis comparing those numbers to the percent change in stock price.

The companies that will be analyzed in this project include:

Adobe: A software company.

Anthem: A health insurance company.

eBay: An online retailer.

Equifax: A credit reporting agency.

Facebook: An online social media platform.

Home Depot: A home improvement retailer.

JP Morgan: A multinational financial services firm.

SONY: A gaming and electronics company.

Target: A discount goods department store.

TJX: A discount goods department store.

Yahoo: An online news, search, media outlet.

The industries they represent include:

Finance

Insurance

Retail

Technology

1.1 1. Retrieiving the Data

The data will be imported from Morningstar. I will take data specifically for each company and the 10 days surrounding the date of the breach. Each company will then have 11 rows of stock data, labeled from -5 to 5, representing the date's location before and after the breach report date. I have done this so that the data for each company can be merged cohesively and also presented more clearly on a graph. The number 0 on each timeline will represent the date that the breach was reported.

```
In [2]: import pandas as pd
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
import numpy as np
import datetime as dt
import pandas_datareader as dr
```

This is where I begin extracting the data, using morningstar. The data includes the company's ticker, the eleven days surrounding the breach as well as the timeline number for each respective day, the day's close price, the day's high, the day's low, it's opening price, and trading volume. I have also included the type of industry each company is in, labeled as "Type." I will use this column to compare the effect of breaches across industries.

```
In [3]: breachdate = "3/16/2018" # Here, I identify the date the breach was reported.

#The following two lines set the range of dates I will be looking at.
start = pd.to_datetime(breachdate) + pd.DateOffset(days=-7)
end = pd.to_datetime(breachdate) + pd.DateOffset(days=7)
fb = dr.DataReader("FB", 'morningstar', start, end)
#This brings in the stock information from morningstar for the specified dates.

fb.reset_index(inplace=True)
fb["Type"] = ("Tech")
#This column identifies the industry the company is in.
fb["Company"] = ("Facebook")
#This column identifies the company.
fb["Timeline"] = pd.RangeIndex(-5,6)
#This column numbers the dates according to a timeline.
fb
```

```
Out [3]:
```

	Symbol	Date	Close	High	Low	Open	Volume	Type	\
0	FB	2018-03-09	185.23	185.51	183.21	183.91	18526292	Tech	
1	FB	2018-03-12	184.76	186.10	184.22	185.23	15301229	Tech	
2	FB	2018-03-13	181.88	185.99	181.11	185.61	18067477	Tech	
3	FB	2018-03-14	184.19	184.25	181.85	182.60	16821728	Tech	

4	FB	2018-03-15	183.86	184.00	182.19	183.24	15645035	Tech
5	FB	2018-03-16	185.09	185.33	183.41	184.49	24403438	Tech
6	FB	2018-03-19	172.56	177.17	170.06	177.01	88140060	Tech
7	FB	2018-03-20	168.15	170.20	161.95	167.47	129851768	Tech
8	FB	2018-03-21	169.39	173.40	163.30	164.80	106598834	Tech
9	FB	2018-03-22	164.89	170.27	163.72	166.13	73742979	Tech
10	FB	2018-03-23	159.39	167.10	159.02	165.44	53609706	Tech

	Company	Timeline
0	Facebook	-5
1	Facebook	-4
2	Facebook	-3
3	Facebook	-2
4	Facebook	-1
5	Facebook	0
6	Facebook	1
7	Facebook	2
8	Facebook	3
9	Facebook	4
10	Facebook	5

```
In [4]: breachdate = "9/7/2017"
start = pd.to_datetime(breachdate) + pd.DateOffset(days=-7)
end = pd.to_datetime(breachdate) + pd.DateOffset(days=7)
efx = dr.DataReader("EFX", 'morningstar', start, end)
efx.reset_index(inplace=True)
efx["Type"] = ("Financial")
efx["Company"] = ("Equifax")
efx["Timeline"] = pd.RangeIndex(-5,6)
efx
```

```
Out[4]:
```

	Symbol	Date	Close	High	Low	Open	Volume	Type	\
0	EFX	2017-08-31	142.47	143.27	141.77	141.78	425417	Financial	
1	EFX	2017-09-01	141.59	143.37	141.59	142.73	363111	Financial	
2	EFX	2017-09-04	141.59	141.59	141.59	141.59	0	Financial	
3	EFX	2017-09-05	141.10	142.49	140.57	141.42	495148	Financial	
4	EFX	2017-09-06	141.39	142.14	141.02	141.58	452154	Financial	
5	EFX	2017-09-07	142.72	143.27	141.35	141.45	499797	Financial	
6	EFX	2017-09-08	123.23	125.50	117.25	121.82	16848398	Financial	
7	EFX	2017-09-11	113.12	122.00	111.17	121.53	9820487	Financial	
8	EFX	2017-09-12	115.96	116.08	112.18	112.97	6937090	Financial	
9	EFX	2017-09-13	98.99	116.75	98.04	116.55	17494316	Financial	
10	EFX	2017-09-14	96.66	100.75	89.59	98.69	34565048	Financial	

	Company	Timeline
0	Equifax	-5
1	Equifax	-4
2	Equifax	-3

```

3   Equifax      -2
4   Equifax      -1
5   Equifax       0
6   Equifax       1
7   Equifax       2
8   Equifax       3
9   Equifax       4
10  Equifax       5

```

```

In [5]: breachdate = "12/14/2016"
        start = pd.to_datetime(breachdate) + pd.DateOffset(days=-7)
        end = pd.to_datetime(breachdate) + pd.DateOffset(days=7)
        yhoo = dr.DataReader("YH00", 'morningstar', start, end)
        yhoo.reset_index(inplace=True)
        yhoo["Type"] = ("Tech")
        yhoo["Company"] = ("Yahoo")
        yhoo["Timeline"] = pd.RangeIndex(-5,6)
        yhoo

```

```

Out [5]:
   Symbol      Date  Close  High      Low  Open      Volume  Type  Company  \
0   YH00  2016-12-07  40.52  40.57  39.7500  39.98    7208492  Tech    Yahoo
1   YH00  2016-12-08  41.41  41.60  40.4168  40.66    9171707  Tech    Yahoo
2   YH00  2016-12-09  41.76  41.80  41.4400  41.52    6836112  Tech    Yahoo
3   YH00  2016-12-12  41.30  41.53  41.1250  41.45    4451709  Tech    Yahoo
4   YH00  2016-12-13  41.47  41.79  41.1400  41.35    6564552  Tech    Yahoo
5   YH00  2016-12-14  40.91  41.53  40.8300  41.44   19555694  Tech    Yahoo
6   YH00  2016-12-15  38.41  40.00  38.2500  40.00   43669990  Tech    Yahoo
7   YH00  2016-12-16  38.61  39.22  38.4200  38.62   21694081  Tech    Yahoo
8   YH00  2016-12-19  38.42  38.79  38.2700  38.66   13615511  Tech    Yahoo
9   YH00  2016-12-20  39.16  39.18  38.2400  38.40   25008427  Tech    Yahoo
10  YH00  2016-12-21  39.15  39.32  38.9700  39.08    8296514  Tech    Yahoo

```

```

      Timeline
0          -5
1          -4
2          -3
3          -2
4          -1
5           0
6           1
7           2
8           3
9           4
10          5

```

```

In [6]: breachdate = "9/8/2014"
        start = pd.to_datetime(breachdate) + pd.DateOffset(days=-7)
        end = pd.to_datetime(breachdate) + pd.DateOffset(days=7)

```

```

hd = dr.DataReader("HD", 'morningstar', start, end)
hd.reset_index(inplace=True)
hd["Type"] = ("Retail")
hd["Company"] = ("Home Depot")
hd["Timeline"] = pd.RangeIndex(-5,6)
hd

```

```

Out[6]:
   Symbol      Date  Close  High    Low  Open  Volume  Type \
0      HD 2014-09-01  93.50  93.50  93.5000  93.50         0  Retail
1      HD 2014-09-02  91.15  93.31  89.8500  93.04    20753212  Retail
2      HD 2014-09-03  89.00  91.31  88.9800  91.11    15413898  Retail
3      HD 2014-09-04  89.93  90.75  89.0000  89.00     8453181  Retail
4      HD 2014-09-05  91.61  91.64  89.2809  89.66     7748251  Retail
5      HD 2014-09-08  90.82  91.78  90.5700  91.38     4888298  Retail
6      HD 2014-09-09  88.93  90.33  88.7750  90.21     8105283  Retail
7      HD 2014-09-10  89.25  89.40  88.3300  88.66     6245512  Retail
8      HD 2014-09-11  89.22  89.42  88.6200  89.07     4538983  Retail
9      HD 2014-09-12  88.84  89.50  88.4600  89.38     4593705  Retail
10     HD 2014-09-15  89.38  89.54  88.6000  89.18     3935032  Retail

```

```

      Company  Timeline
0  Home Depot        -5
1  Home Depot        -4
2  Home Depot        -3
3  Home Depot        -2
4  Home Depot        -1
5  Home Depot         0
6  Home Depot         1
7  Home Depot         2
8  Home Depot         3
9  Home Depot         4
10 Home Depot         5

```

```

In [7]: breachdate = "12/19/2013"
start = pd.to_datetime(breachdate) + pd.DateOffset(days=-7)
end = pd.to_datetime(breachdate) + pd.DateOffset(days=7)
tgt = dr.DataReader("TGT", 'morningstar', start, end)
tgt.reset_index(inplace=True)
tgt["Type"] = ("Retail")
tgt["Company"] = ("Target")
tgt["Timeline"] = pd.RangeIndex(-5,6)
tgt

```

```

Out[7]:
   Symbol      Date  Close  High    Low  Open  Volume  Type Company \
0      TGT 2013-12-12  62.89  63.24  62.7500  62.94    4029226  Retail  Target
1      TGT 2013-12-13  62.36  63.24  62.2900  63.23    4751040  Retail  Target
2      TGT 2013-12-16  62.17  62.51  61.7300  62.44    4776792  Retail  Target
3      TGT 2013-12-17  61.65  62.15  61.4400  62.12    5315422  Retail  Target

```

4	TGT	2013-12-18	63.55	63.59	62.4300	62.52	8305331	Retail	Target
5	TGT	2013-12-19	62.15	62.89	61.9800	62.22	7903937	Retail	Target
6	TGT	2013-12-20	62.49	62.66	62.0200	62.12	6869129	Retail	Target
7	TGT	2013-12-23	61.88	62.15	61.5349	62.00	5726545	Retail	Target
8	TGT	2013-12-24	61.71	61.75	61.2600	61.60	3356284	Retail	Target
9	TGT	2013-12-25	61.71	61.71	61.7100	61.71	0	Retail	Target
10	TGT	2013-12-26	62.48	62.59	61.7400	61.74	3972228	Retail	Target

Timeline	
0	-5
1	-4
2	-3
3	-2
4	-1
5	0
6	1
7	2
8	3
9	4
10	5

```
In [8]: breachdate = "5/21/2013"
start = pd.to_datetime(breachdate) + pd.DateOffset(days=-7)
end = pd.to_datetime(breachdate) + pd.DateOffset(days=7)
ebay = dr.DataReader("EBAY", 'morningstar', start, end)
ebay.reset_index(inplace=True)
ebay["Type"] = ("Retail")
ebay["Company"] = ("Ebay")
ebay["Timeline"] = pd.RangeIndex(-5,6)
ebay
```

```
Out[8]:
```

	Symbol	Date	Close	High	Low	Open	Volume	Type	\
0	EBAY	2013-05-14	23.6828	23.7417	23.2072	23.2325	21924170	Retail	
1	EBAY	2013-05-15	23.8427	23.8554	23.5944	23.6828	20357669	Retail	
2	EBAY	2013-05-16	23.4850	23.9480	23.4513	23.9059	20246798	Retail	
3	EBAY	2013-05-17	23.8680	24.0342	23.7670	23.7754	27464373	Retail	
4	EBAY	2013-05-20	23.5481	23.8469	23.4660	23.8049	20813269	Retail	
5	EBAY	2013-05-21	23.1272	23.6155	23.1230	23.5523	30956267	Retail	
6	EBAY	2013-05-22	22.8958	23.4934	22.7821	23.2451	27209575	Retail	
7	EBAY	2013-05-23	22.9294	22.9631	22.4412	22.5591	22583084	Retail	
8	EBAY	2013-05-24	22.9968	23.0010	22.5464	22.6306	17368809	Retail	
9	EBAY	2013-05-27	22.9968	22.9968	22.9968	22.9968	0	Retail	
10	EBAY	2013-05-28	23.3713	23.6744	23.2367	23.2535	23160436	Retail	

	Company	Timeline
0	Ebay	-5
1	Ebay	-4
2	Ebay	-3

3	Ebay	-2
4	Ebay	-1
5	Ebay	0
6	Ebay	1
7	Ebay	2
8	Ebay	3
9	Ebay	4
10	Ebay	5

```
In [9]: breachdate = "2015-2-4"
start = pd.to_datetime(breachdate) + pd.DateOffset(days=-7)
end = pd.to_datetime(breachdate) + pd.DateOffset(days=7)
antm = dr.DataReader("ANTM", 'morningstar', start, end)
antm.reset_index(inplace=True)
antm["Type"] = ("Insurance")
antm["Company"] = ("Anthem")
antm["Timeline"] = pd.RangeIndex(-5,6)
antm
```

```
Out [9]:
```

	Symbol	Date	Close	High	Low	Open	Volume	Type	\
0	ANTM	2015-01-28	133.58	139.28	133.03	138.21	3476169	Insurance	
1	ANTM	2015-01-29	137.10	137.37	133.76	134.62	1950356	Insurance	
2	ANTM	2015-01-30	134.96	137.40	134.14	135.41	2246853	Insurance	
3	ANTM	2015-02-02	135.50	135.59	132.94	134.96	1819776	Insurance	
4	ANTM	2015-02-03	136.96	137.24	135.50	136.08	1710527	Insurance	
5	ANTM	2015-02-04	137.65	138.67	135.40	136.49	1674628	Insurance	
6	ANTM	2015-02-05	137.23	138.37	135.40	135.50	2314611	Insurance	
7	ANTM	2015-02-06	135.69	137.23	135.09	136.95	2244555	Insurance	
8	ANTM	2015-02-09	134.88	135.69	134.38	134.79	1745541	Insurance	
9	ANTM	2015-02-10	138.74	139.04	135.61	136.38	2100226	Insurance	
10	ANTM	2015-02-11	141.49	141.72	138.56	138.60	2104377	Insurance	

	Company	Timeline
0	Anthem	-5
1	Anthem	-4
2	Anthem	-3
3	Anthem	-2
4	Anthem	-1
5	Anthem	0
6	Anthem	1
7	Anthem	2
8	Anthem	3
9	Anthem	4
10	Anthem	5

```
In [10]: breachdate = "2014-10-2"
start = pd.to_datetime(breachdate) + pd.DateOffset(days=-7)
end = pd.to_datetime(breachdate) + pd.DateOffset(days=7)
```

```
jpm = dr.DataReader("JPM", 'morningstar', start, end)
jpm.reset_index(inplace=True)
jpm["Type"] = ("Financial")
jpm["Company"] = ("JP Morgan")
jpm["Timeline"] = pd.RangeIndex(-5,6)
jpm
```

```
Out[10]:
```

	Symbol	Date	Close	High	Low	Open	Volume	Type	\
0	JPM	2014-09-25	60.15	61.500	60.150	61.49	16346723	Financial	
1	JPM	2014-09-26	60.56	60.880	60.320	60.33	11948887	Financial	
2	JPM	2014-09-29	60.33	60.500	59.730	60.03	10694938	Financial	
3	JPM	2014-09-30	60.24	60.740	60.130	60.40	14384783	Financial	
4	JPM	2014-10-01	59.77	60.400	59.730	60.24	18995987	Financial	
5	JPM	2014-10-02	58.84	59.490	58.610	59.15	24561606	Financial	
6	JPM	2014-10-03	60.30	60.385	59.050	59.25	18321078	Financial	
7	JPM	2014-10-06	60.18	60.800	60.000	60.78	11578147	Financial	
8	JPM	2014-10-07	59.27	59.920	59.185	59.92	14542010	Financial	
9	JPM	2014-10-08	60.40	60.430	59.180	59.36	15834553	Financial	
10	JPM	2014-10-09	59.08	60.330	58.890	60.33	19191404	Financial	

	Company	Timeline
0	JP Morgan	-5
1	JP Morgan	-4
2	JP Morgan	-3
3	JP Morgan	-2
4	JP Morgan	-1
5	JP Morgan	0
6	JP Morgan	1
7	JP Morgan	2
8	JP Morgan	3
9	JP Morgan	4
10	JP Morgan	5

```
In [574]: breachdate = "2007-1-17"
start = pd.to_datetime(breachdate) + pd.DateOffset(days=-7)
end = pd.to_datetime(breachdate) + pd.DateOffset(days=7)
tjx = dr.DataReader("TJX", 'morningstar', start, end)
tjx.reset_index(inplace=True)
tjx["Type"] = ("Retail")
tjx["Company"] = ("TJX")
tjx["Timeline"] = pd.RangeIndex(-5,6)
tjx
```

```
Out[574]:
```

	Symbol	Date	Close	High	Low	Open	Volume	Type	\
0	TJX	2007-01-10	14.745	14.805	14.485	14.585	3447200	Retail	
1	TJX	2007-01-11	14.970	14.990	14.750	14.750	5143600	Retail	
2	TJX	2007-01-12	14.970	15.080	14.800	14.845	8109600	Retail	
3	TJX	2007-01-15	14.970	15.080	14.800	14.845	0	Retail	

4	TJX	2007-01-16	14.925	15.000	14.655	14.970	5418400	Retail
5	TJX	2007-01-17	14.815	15.050	14.425	14.865	10458400	Retail
6	TJX	2007-01-18	14.750	14.795	14.500	14.775	10340200	Retail
7	TJX	2007-01-19	15.015	15.035	14.595	14.915	8891600	Retail
8	TJX	2007-01-22	14.975	15.020	14.760	14.985	9597200	Retail
9	TJX	2007-01-23	14.920	15.040	14.815	14.975	5838600	Retail
10	TJX	2007-01-24	15.020	15.120	14.910	14.935	4578800	Retail

	Company	Timeline
0	TJX	-5
1	TJX	-4
2	TJX	-3
3	TJX	-2
4	TJX	-1
5	TJX	0
6	TJX	1
7	TJX	2
8	TJX	3
9	TJX	4
10	TJX	5

```
In [575]: breachdate = "2011-4-20"
start = pd.to_datetime(breachdate) + pd.DateOffset(days=-7)
end = pd.to_datetime(breachdate) + pd.DateOffset(days=7)
sne = dr.DataReader("SNE", 'morningstar', start, end)
sne.reset_index(inplace=True)
sne["Type"] = ("Tech")
sne["Company"] = ("SONY")
sne["Timeline"] = pd.RangeIndex(-5,6)
sne
```

```
Out[575]:
```

	Symbol	Date	Close	High	Low	Open	Volume	Type	Company	\
0	SNE	2011-04-13	29.78	29.99	29.610	29.960	1460889	Tech	SONY	
1	SNE	2011-04-14	29.69	29.80	29.581	29.690	515569	Tech	SONY	
2	SNE	2011-04-15	29.69	29.72	29.520	29.540	591641	Tech	SONY	
3	SNE	2011-04-18	29.25	29.32	28.910	28.950	876065	Tech	SONY	
4	SNE	2011-04-19	29.71	29.78	29.410	29.420	560330	Tech	SONY	
5	SNE	2011-04-20	30.14	30.15	29.940	30.030	909392	Tech	SONY	
6	SNE	2011-04-21	30.50	30.63	30.350	30.620	1276821	Tech	SONY	
7	SNE	2011-04-22	30.50	30.63	30.350	30.620	0	Tech	SONY	
8	SNE	2011-04-25	30.09	30.26	29.910	30.260	595962	Tech	SONY	
9	SNE	2011-04-26	29.79	29.79	29.560	29.755	773682	Tech	SONY	
10	SNE	2011-04-27	29.03	29.11	28.860	29.060	1517514	Tech	SONY	

	Timeline
0	-5
1	-4
2	-3

3	-2
4	-1
5	0
6	1
7	2
8	3
9	4
10	5

```
In [576]: breachdate = "2013-10-3"
start = pd.to_datetime(breachdate) + pd.DateOffset(days=-7)
end = pd.to_datetime(breachdate) + pd.DateOffset(days=7)
adbe = dr.DataReader("ADBE", 'morningstar', start, end)
adbe.reset_index(inplace=True)
adbe["Type"] = ("Tech")
adbe["Company"] = ("Adobe")
adbe["Timeline"] = pd.RangeIndex(-5,6)
adbe
```

```
Out[576]:
```

	Symbol	Date	Close	High	Low	Open	Volume	Type	Company	\
0	ADBE	2013-09-26	52.100	52.38	51.810	52.00	2902916	Tech	Adobe	
1	ADBE	2013-09-27	52.030	52.48	51.650	51.71	2382014	Tech	Adobe	
2	ADBE	2013-09-30	51.940	52.15	51.202	51.50	2748601	Tech	Adobe	
3	ADBE	2013-10-01	52.430	52.48	51.840	52.10	3243476	Tech	Adobe	
4	ADBE	2013-10-02	51.520	52.28	51.290	51.88	3691656	Tech	Adobe	
5	ADBE	2013-10-03	50.880	51.65	50.540	51.61	3862291	Tech	Adobe	
6	ADBE	2013-10-04	51.570	51.67	50.020	50.09	3881470	Tech	Adobe	
7	ADBE	2013-10-07	50.820	51.34	50.790	51.05	2582671	Tech	Adobe	
8	ADBE	2013-10-08	49.580	50.97	49.440	50.93	4953841	Tech	Adobe	
9	ADBE	2013-10-09	49.450	49.87	48.870	49.62	4347529	Tech	Adobe	
10	ADBE	2013-10-10	51.165	51.22	49.860	50.06	3740948	Tech	Adobe	

```
Timeline
```

0	-5
1	-4
2	-3
3	-2
4	-1
5	0
6	1
7	2
8	3
9	4
10	5

2 2. Organizing the Data

Now I will take all of the data extracted from morningstar above, create common columns, and then place all dataframes on top of eachother to make on large dataframe. I will then perform operations on the larger dataframe to sort and group by the variables I would like to analyze.

```
In [577]: all_dfs = [fb, efx, tgt,jpm,adbe,hd,sne,tjx,antm,ebay,yhoo]
```

```
# Give all df's common column names so that they can be concatenated cohesively.
for df in all_dfs:
    df.columns = ['Symbol', 'Date', 'Close', 'High', 'Low', 'Open', 'Volume', 'Indus
```

```
bigdata = pd.concat(all_dfs).reset_index(drop=True)
```

```
bigdata
```

```
Out [577]:
```

	Symbol	Date	Close	High	Low	Open	Volume	\
0	FB	2018-03-09	185.2300	185.5100	183.2100	183.9100	18526292	
1	FB	2018-03-12	184.7600	186.1000	184.2200	185.2300	15301229	
2	FB	2018-03-13	181.8800	185.9900	181.1100	185.6100	18067477	
3	FB	2018-03-14	184.1900	184.2500	181.8500	182.6000	16821728	
4	FB	2018-03-15	183.8600	184.0000	182.1900	183.2400	15645035	
5	FB	2018-03-16	185.0900	185.3300	183.4100	184.4900	24403438	
6	FB	2018-03-19	172.5600	177.1700	170.0600	177.0100	88140060	
7	FB	2018-03-20	168.1500	170.2000	161.9500	167.4700	129851768	
8	FB	2018-03-21	169.3900	173.4000	163.3000	164.8000	106598834	
9	FB	2018-03-22	164.8900	170.2700	163.7200	166.1300	73742979	
10	FB	2018-03-23	159.3900	167.1000	159.0200	165.4400	53609706	
11	EFX	2017-08-31	142.4700	143.2700	141.7700	141.7800	425417	
12	EFX	2017-09-01	141.5900	143.3700	141.5900	142.7300	363111	
13	EFX	2017-09-04	141.5900	141.5900	141.5900	141.5900	0	
14	EFX	2017-09-05	141.1000	142.4900	140.5700	141.4200	495148	
15	EFX	2017-09-06	141.3900	142.1400	141.0200	141.5800	452154	
16	EFX	2017-09-07	142.7200	143.2700	141.3500	141.4500	499797	
17	EFX	2017-09-08	123.2300	125.5000	117.2500	121.8200	16848398	
18	EFX	2017-09-11	113.1200	122.0000	111.1700	121.5300	9820487	
19	EFX	2017-09-12	115.9600	116.0800	112.1800	112.9700	6937090	
20	EFX	2017-09-13	98.9900	116.7500	98.0400	116.5500	17494316	
21	EFX	2017-09-14	96.6600	100.7500	89.5900	98.6900	34565048	
22	TGT	2013-12-12	62.8900	63.2400	62.7500	62.9400	4029226	
23	TGT	2013-12-13	62.3600	63.2400	62.2900	63.2300	4751040	
24	TGT	2013-12-16	62.1700	62.5100	61.7300	62.4400	4776792	
25	TGT	2013-12-17	61.6500	62.1500	61.4400	62.1200	5315422	
26	TGT	2013-12-18	63.5500	63.5900	62.4300	62.5200	8305331	
27	TGT	2013-12-19	62.1500	62.8900	61.9800	62.2200	7903937	
28	TGT	2013-12-20	62.4900	62.6600	62.0200	62.1200	6869129	
29	TGT	2013-12-23	61.8800	62.1500	61.5349	62.0000	5726545	
..	

91	ANTM	2015-02-02	135.5000	135.5900	132.9400	134.9600	1819776
92	ANTM	2015-02-03	136.9600	137.2400	135.5000	136.0800	1710527
93	ANTM	2015-02-04	137.6500	138.6700	135.4000	136.4900	1674628
94	ANTM	2015-02-05	137.2300	138.3700	135.4000	135.5000	2314611
95	ANTM	2015-02-06	135.6900	137.2300	135.0900	136.9500	2244555
96	ANTM	2015-02-09	134.8800	135.6900	134.3800	134.7900	1745541
97	ANTM	2015-02-10	138.7400	139.0400	135.6100	136.3800	2100226
98	ANTM	2015-02-11	141.4900	141.7200	138.5600	138.6000	2104377
99	EBAY	2013-05-14	23.6828	23.7417	23.2072	23.2325	21924170
100	EBAY	2013-05-15	23.8427	23.8554	23.5944	23.6828	20357669
101	EBAY	2013-05-16	23.4850	23.9480	23.4513	23.9059	20246798
102	EBAY	2013-05-17	23.8680	24.0342	23.7670	23.7754	27464373
103	EBAY	2013-05-20	23.5481	23.8469	23.4660	23.8049	20813269
104	EBAY	2013-05-21	23.1272	23.6155	23.1230	23.5523	30956267
105	EBAY	2013-05-22	22.8958	23.4934	22.7821	23.2451	27209575
106	EBAY	2013-05-23	22.9294	22.9631	22.4412	22.5591	22583084
107	EBAY	2013-05-24	22.9968	23.0010	22.5464	22.6306	17368809
108	EBAY	2013-05-27	22.9968	22.9968	22.9968	22.9968	0
109	EBAY	2013-05-28	23.3713	23.6744	23.2367	23.2535	23160436
110	YH00	2016-12-07	40.5200	40.5700	39.7500	39.9800	7208492
111	YH00	2016-12-08	41.4100	41.6000	40.4168	40.6600	9171707
112	YH00	2016-12-09	41.7600	41.8000	41.4400	41.5200	6836112
113	YH00	2016-12-12	41.3000	41.5300	41.1250	41.4500	4451709
114	YH00	2016-12-13	41.4700	41.7900	41.1400	41.3500	6564552
115	YH00	2016-12-14	40.9100	41.5300	40.8300	41.4400	19555694
116	YH00	2016-12-15	38.4100	40.0000	38.2500	40.0000	43669990
117	YH00	2016-12-16	38.6100	39.2200	38.4200	38.6200	21694081
118	YH00	2016-12-19	38.4200	38.7900	38.2700	38.6600	13615511
119	YH00	2016-12-20	39.1600	39.1800	38.2400	38.4000	25008427
120	YH00	2016-12-21	39.1500	39.3200	38.9700	39.0800	8296514

	Industry	Company	Timeline
0	Tech	Facebook	-5
1	Tech	Facebook	-4
2	Tech	Facebook	-3
3	Tech	Facebook	-2
4	Tech	Facebook	-1
5	Tech	Facebook	0
6	Tech	Facebook	1
7	Tech	Facebook	2
8	Tech	Facebook	3
9	Tech	Facebook	4
10	Tech	Facebook	5
11	Financial	Equifax	-5
12	Financial	Equifax	-4
13	Financial	Equifax	-3
14	Financial	Equifax	-2
15	Financial	Equifax	-1

16	Financial	Equifax	0
17	Financial	Equifax	1
18	Financial	Equifax	2
19	Financial	Equifax	3
20	Financial	Equifax	4
21	Financial	Equifax	5
22	Retail	Target	-5
23	Retail	Target	-4
24	Retail	Target	-3
25	Retail	Target	-2
26	Retail	Target	-1
27	Retail	Target	0
28	Retail	Target	1
29	Retail	Target	2
..
91	Insurance	Anthem	-2
92	Insurance	Anthem	-1
93	Insurance	Anthem	0
94	Insurance	Anthem	1
95	Insurance	Anthem	2
96	Insurance	Anthem	3
97	Insurance	Anthem	4
98	Insurance	Anthem	5
99	Retail	Ebay	-5
100	Retail	Ebay	-4
101	Retail	Ebay	-3
102	Retail	Ebay	-2
103	Retail	Ebay	-1
104	Retail	Ebay	0
105	Retail	Ebay	1
106	Retail	Ebay	2
107	Retail	Ebay	3
108	Retail	Ebay	4
109	Retail	Ebay	5
110	Tech	Yahoo	-5
111	Tech	Yahoo	-4
112	Tech	Yahoo	-3
113	Tech	Yahoo	-2
114	Tech	Yahoo	-1
115	Tech	Yahoo	0
116	Tech	Yahoo	1
117	Tech	Yahoo	2
118	Tech	Yahoo	3
119	Tech	Yahoo	4
120	Tech	Yahoo	5

[121 rows x 10 columns]

```
In [578]: bigdata['Percent_Change'] = bigdata.groupby('Company')['Close'].pct_change()*100
          # Include a percent change column to analyze the magnitude of daily price changes.

bigdata.sort_values(["Industry","Company"], inplace=True) # Sort data by Type and Company

bigdata.set_index(["Industry","Company"]) # Set the main index as Type, but also by Company
          # With this model, I can make better inferences about the behavior within
          #each industry with respect to each company.
```

```
Out [578]:
```

		Symbol	Date	Close	High	Low	Open \
Financial	Equifax	EFX	2017-08-31	142.47	143.270	141.7700	141.780
	Equifax	EFX	2017-09-01	141.59	143.370	141.5900	142.730
	Equifax	EFX	2017-09-04	141.59	141.590	141.5900	141.590
	Equifax	EFX	2017-09-05	141.10	142.490	140.5700	141.420
	Equifax	EFX	2017-09-06	141.39	142.140	141.0200	141.580
	Equifax	EFX	2017-09-07	142.72	143.270	141.3500	141.450
	Equifax	EFX	2017-09-08	123.23	125.500	117.2500	121.820
	Equifax	EFX	2017-09-11	113.12	122.000	111.1700	121.530
	Equifax	EFX	2017-09-12	115.96	116.080	112.1800	112.970
	Equifax	EFX	2017-09-13	98.99	116.750	98.0400	116.550
	Equifax	EFX	2017-09-14	96.66	100.750	89.5900	98.690
	JP Morgan	JPM	2014-09-25	60.15	61.500	60.1500	61.490
	JP Morgan	JPM	2014-09-26	60.56	60.880	60.3200	60.330
	JP Morgan	JPM	2014-09-29	60.33	60.500	59.7300	60.030
	JP Morgan	JPM	2014-09-30	60.24	60.740	60.1300	60.400
	JP Morgan	JPM	2014-10-01	59.77	60.400	59.7300	60.240
	JP Morgan	JPM	2014-10-02	58.84	59.490	58.6100	59.150
	JP Morgan	JPM	2014-10-03	60.30	60.385	59.0500	59.250
	JP Morgan	JPM	2014-10-06	60.18	60.800	60.0000	60.780
	JP Morgan	JPM	2014-10-07	59.27	59.920	59.1850	59.920
	JP Morgan	JPM	2014-10-08	60.40	60.430	59.1800	59.360
	JP Morgan	JPM	2014-10-09	59.08	60.330	58.8900	60.330
Insurance	Anthem	ANTM	2015-01-28	133.58	139.280	133.0300	138.210
	Anthem	ANTM	2015-01-29	137.10	137.370	133.7600	134.620
	Anthem	ANTM	2015-01-30	134.96	137.400	134.1400	135.410
	Anthem	ANTM	2015-02-02	135.50	135.590	132.9400	134.960
	Anthem	ANTM	2015-02-03	136.96	137.240	135.5000	136.080
	Anthem	ANTM	2015-02-04	137.65	138.670	135.4000	136.490
	Anthem	ANTM	2015-02-05	137.23	138.370	135.4000	135.500
	Anthem	ANTM	2015-02-06	135.69	137.230	135.0900	136.950
...	
Tech	Facebook	FB	2018-03-14	184.19	184.250	181.8500	182.600
	Facebook	FB	2018-03-15	183.86	184.000	182.1900	183.240
	Facebook	FB	2018-03-16	185.09	185.330	183.4100	184.490
	Facebook	FB	2018-03-19	172.56	177.170	170.0600	177.010
	Facebook	FB	2018-03-20	168.15	170.200	161.9500	167.470
	Facebook	FB	2018-03-21	169.39	173.400	163.3000	164.800

Facebook	FB	2018-03-22	164.89	170.270	163.7200	166.130
Facebook	FB	2018-03-23	159.39	167.100	159.0200	165.440
SONY	SNE	2011-04-13	29.78	29.990	29.6100	29.960
SONY	SNE	2011-04-14	29.69	29.800	29.5810	29.690
SONY	SNE	2011-04-15	29.69	29.720	29.5200	29.540
SONY	SNE	2011-04-18	29.25	29.320	28.9100	28.950
SONY	SNE	2011-04-19	29.71	29.780	29.4100	29.420
SONY	SNE	2011-04-20	30.14	30.150	29.9400	30.030
SONY	SNE	2011-04-21	30.50	30.630	30.3500	30.620
SONY	SNE	2011-04-22	30.50	30.630	30.3500	30.620
SONY	SNE	2011-04-25	30.09	30.260	29.9100	30.260
SONY	SNE	2011-04-26	29.79	29.790	29.5600	29.755
SONY	SNE	2011-04-27	29.03	29.110	28.8600	29.060
Yahoo	YH00	2016-12-07	40.52	40.570	39.7500	39.980
Yahoo	YH00	2016-12-08	41.41	41.600	40.4168	40.660
Yahoo	YH00	2016-12-09	41.76	41.800	41.4400	41.520
Yahoo	YH00	2016-12-12	41.30	41.530	41.1250	41.450
Yahoo	YH00	2016-12-13	41.47	41.790	41.1400	41.350
Yahoo	YH00	2016-12-14	40.91	41.530	40.8300	41.440
Yahoo	YH00	2016-12-15	38.41	40.000	38.2500	40.000
Yahoo	YH00	2016-12-16	38.61	39.220	38.4200	38.620
Yahoo	YH00	2016-12-19	38.42	38.790	38.2700	38.660
Yahoo	YH00	2016-12-20	39.16	39.180	38.2400	38.400
Yahoo	YH00	2016-12-21	39.15	39.320	38.9700	39.080

		Volume	Timeline	Percent_Change
Industry	Company			
Financial	Equifax	425417	-5	NaN
	Equifax	363111	-4	-0.617674
	Equifax	0	-3	0.000000
	Equifax	495148	-2	-0.346070
	Equifax	452154	-1	0.205528
	Equifax	499797	0	0.940661
	Equifax	16848398	1	-13.656110
	Equifax	9820487	2	-8.204171
	Equifax	6937090	3	2.510608
	Equifax	17494316	4	-14.634357
	Equifax	34565048	5	-2.353773
	JP Morgan	16346723	-5	NaN
	JP Morgan	11948887	-4	0.681629
	JP Morgan	10694938	-3	-0.379789
	JP Morgan	14384783	-2	-0.149180
	JP Morgan	18995987	-1	-0.780212
	JP Morgan	24561606	0	-1.555965
	JP Morgan	18321078	1	2.481305
	JP Morgan	11578147	2	-0.199005
	JP Morgan	14542010	3	-1.512130
	JP Morgan	15834553	4	1.906529

	JP Morgan	19191404	5	-2.185430
Insurance	Anthem	3476169	-5	NaN
	Anthem	1950356	-4	2.635125
	Anthem	2246853	-3	-1.560904
	Anthem	1819776	-2	0.400119
	Anthem	1710527	-1	1.077491
	Anthem	1674628	0	0.503797
	Anthem	2314611	1	-0.305122
	Anthem	2244555	2	-1.122204
...	
Tech	Facebook	16821728	-2	1.270068
	Facebook	15645035	-1	-0.179163
	Facebook	24403438	0	0.668987
	Facebook	88140060	1	-6.769680
	Facebook	129851768	2	-2.555633
	Facebook	106598834	3	0.737437
	Facebook	73742979	4	-2.656591
	Facebook	53609706	5	-3.335557
	SONY	1460889	-5	NaN
	SONY	515569	-4	-0.302216
	SONY	591641	-3	0.000000
	SONY	876065	-2	-1.481980
	SONY	560330	-1	1.572650
	SONY	909392	0	1.447324
	SONY	1276821	1	1.194426
	SONY	0	2	0.000000
	SONY	595962	3	-1.344262
	SONY	773682	4	-0.997009
	SONY	1517514	5	-2.551192
	Yahoo	7208492	-5	NaN
	Yahoo	9171707	-4	2.196446
	Yahoo	6836112	-3	0.845206
	Yahoo	4451709	-2	-1.101533
	Yahoo	6564552	-1	0.411622
	Yahoo	19555694	0	-1.350374
	Yahoo	43669990	1	-6.110975
	Yahoo	21694081	2	0.520698
	Yahoo	13615511	3	-0.492100
	Yahoo	25008427	4	1.926080
	Yahoo	8296514	5	-0.025536

[121 rows x 9 columns]

3 3. Visualizing the Data

Now that I have this raw data organized and sorted, I would like to reproduce it as a graph so that I can visualize the effect of a data breach on each company. I will create a line graph, plotting the

percent change in stock price for each company during its timeline.

3.1 The Effects of Data Breaches Across Companies

This section will explore the effects of data breaches across the companies presented in this research, giving a general overview of what the effects of data breaches look like.

```
In [579]: fig, ax = plt.subplots(figsize = (30,18))

companies = bigdata[["Company","Timeline","Percent_Change"]]
# Here, I make a new dataframe so that it is easier to plot the specific data I need
by_comp = companies.groupby('Company')
# I group by Company so that the percent change and timeline
# for each company is represented graphically.

for name, group in by_comp:
    plt.plot(group['Timeline'], group['Percent_Change'], label=name, linewidth = 7)
# This for loop specifies which variables I would like plotted for each
# company identified by name.

plt.legend(loc="lower left", prop={'size': 22})
# This command asks for a legend placed in the lower left
# corner of the graph, and to be a larger size.

plt.show

ax.set_ylim(-15,3.5) # I set the y limits to -15% and 3.5%.
ax.set_xlim(-4,5) # I set the x limits to -4 and 5 because -5 has no
# percent change data.

plt.setp(ax.get_xticklabels(),fontsize=25,fontname = "Arial")
plt.setp(ax.get_yticklabels(),fontsize=25,fontname = "Arial")
# Here, I customize the x and y axis tick labels with font and size.

ax.set_title("Stock Price Changes Following Data Breach", size = 38, fontweight = "bold",
fontname = "Arial") # I customize the title.

ax.set_ylabel("Percent Change in Stock Price",size = 30,fontname = "Arial")
ax.set_xlabel("Timeline",size = 30,fontname = "Arial")
# I add axis titles and customizations.

ax.title.set_position([.5, 1.04])
# This spaces the title a little bit further above the graph.

# Now, I will produce a dotted line that indicates the breach date
# for the entire graph.
```

```

brch = 0 # This identifies the breach timeline value.

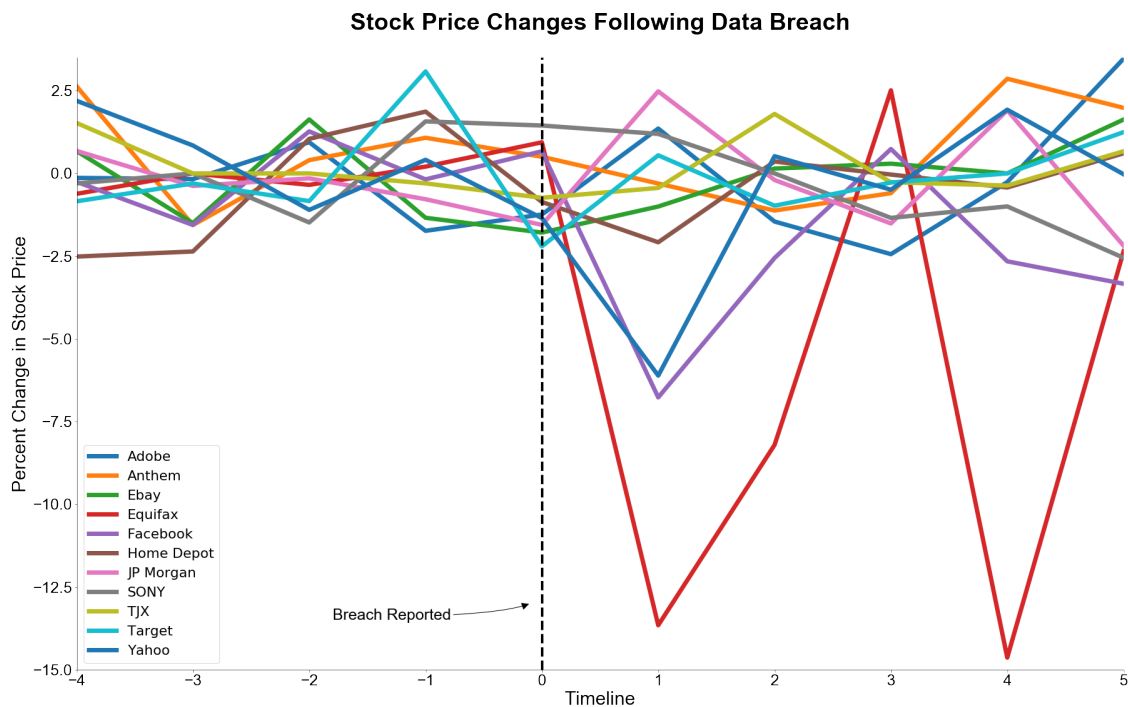
ax.axvline(x=brch,          # Set the value equal to the average
           color='black',   # Make the color black
           linestyle='--',  # The line style is dotted
           linewidth=4)     # Thickness of the line

ax.spines["right"].set_visible(False) # Removes the right border of the graph
ax.spines["top"].set_visible(False)   # Removes the top border of the graph

#The following commands create the arrow that points to the breach line.
ax.annotate("Breach Reported",
            xy=(-0.1,-13),          # The location of the arrow
            xycoords = 'data',
            xytext = (-1.8,-13.5), # Location of the arrow's text
            horizontalalignment = 'left', # Left alignment
            arrowprops = {'arrowstyle':'->', # Skinny arrow
                          "connectionstyle": "angle3,angleA=180,angleB=20", # Angle cus
                          "color":"black"}, # Black color arrow
            fontsize = 25, fontname = "Arial") # Font and size of arrow text

```

Out [579]: Text(-1.8,-13.5,'Breach Reported')



```

In [580]: import matplotlib.font_manager
matplotlib.font_manager.findSystemFonts(fontpaths=None, fonttext='ttf')

```

This was used to show which fonts were available on matplotliblib.

```
Out [580]: ['/Library/Fonts/STIXNonUniBol.otf',
            '/Library/Fonts/Bodoni 72 Smallcaps Book.ttf',
            '/Library/Fonts/Apple Chancery.ttf',
            '/System/Library/Fonts/SFCompactRounded-Light.otf',
            '/System/Library/Fonts/Symbol.ttf',
            '/Library/Fonts/Arial Narrow Bold.ttf',
            '/System/Library/Fonts/SFNSDisplayCondensed-Medium.otf',
            '/Library/Fonts/AppleGothic.ttf',
            '/Library/Fonts/Courier New Bold Italic.ttf',
            '/Library/Fonts/Comic Sans MS Bold.ttf',
            '/Library/Fonts/STIXGeneral.otf',
            '/Library/Fonts/Georgia Italic.ttf',
            '/Library/Fonts/STIXNonUni.otf',
            '/System/Library/Fonts/SFCompactText-Bold.otf',
            '/Library/Fonts/Webdings.ttf',
            '/System/Library/Fonts/SFCompactText-Semibold.otf',
            '/Library/Fonts/Chalkduster.ttf',
            '/Library/Fonts/STIXIntDBol.otf',
            '/Library/Fonts/Arial Unicode.ttf',
            '/System/Library/Fonts/SFNSDisplayCondensed-Regular.otf',
            '/Library/Fonts/STIXIntUpDBol.otf',
            '/Library/Fonts/Arial Bold.ttf',
            '/Library/Fonts/STIXSizOneSymBol.otf',
            '/System/Library/Fonts/SFNSTextItalic.ttf',
            '/Library/Fonts/Arial Narrow Bold Italic.ttf',
            '/System/Library/Fonts/SFNSDisplayCondensed-Light.otf',
            '/Library/Fonts/Georgia Bold.ttf',
            '/Library/Fonts/STIXIntSmReg.otf',
            '/System/Library/Fonts/SFCompactRounded-Medium.otf',
            '/Library/Fonts/Brush Script.ttf',
            '/Library/Fonts/Times New Roman Bold Italic.ttf',
            '/System/Library/Fonts/SFNSTextCondensed-Semibold.otf',
            '/Library/Fonts/Arial Bold Italic.ttf',
            '/Library/Fonts/STIXSizFourSymReg.otf',
            '/System/Library/Fonts/SFNSDisplayCondensed-Bold.otf',
            '/Library/Fonts/STIXGeneralItalic.otf',
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            '/Library/Fonts/Arial.ttf',
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            '/Library/Fonts/Herculanum.ttf',
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            '/Library/Fonts/STIXNonUniBolIta.otf',
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            '/Library/Fonts/STIXIntUpReg.otf',
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'/System/Library/Fonts/SFCompactDisplay-Heavy.otf',
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'/Library/Fonts/Impact.ttf',
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'/System/Library/Fonts/SFCompactText-Medium.otf',
'/Library/Fonts/Courier New.ttf',
'/System/Library/Fonts/SFCompactDisplay-Semibold.otf',
'/Library/Fonts/PlantagenetCherokee.ttf',
'/Library/Fonts/InaiMathi.ttf',
'/System/Library/Fonts/ZapfDingbats.ttf',
'/System/Library/Fonts/SFCompactText-MediumItalic.otf',
'/Library/Fonts/Trebuchet MS Bold.ttf',
'/Library/Fonts/Arial Black.ttf',
'/Library/Fonts/Trebuchet MS Bold Italic.ttf',
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'/Library/Fonts/Kokonor.ttf',
'/Library/Fonts/Arial Narrow Italic.ttf',
'/System/Library/Fonts/Apple Braille.ttf',
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'/Library/Fonts/Courier New Bold.ttf',
'/Library/Fonts/Bodoni Ornaments.ttf',
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'/Library/Fonts/Times New Roman Italic.ttf',
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'/Library/Fonts/Courier New Italic.ttf',
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'/Library/Fonts/Gurmukhi.ttf',
'/Library/Fonts/STIXIntUpBol.otf',
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'/Library/Fonts/STIXVarBol.otf',
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'/Library/Fonts/Times New Roman Bold.ttf',

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'/System/Library/Fonts/SFCompactText-LightItalic.otf',
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'/Library/Fonts/Sathu.ttf',
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'/Library/Fonts/Arial Rounded Bold.ttf',
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'/Library/Fonts/Microsoft Sans Serif.ttf',
'/System/Library/Fonts/SFCompactText-HeavyItalic.otf',
'/Library/Fonts/Zapfino.ttf']

```

As shown in the graph, the largest data breach effects in terms of the percent change in stock price from the breach report date to the following days were from Equifax, Facebook, and Adobe. Equifax is a financial services technology firm, while both Facebook and Adobe are tech companies. Now, I would like to explore how data breach effects behave across the different industries of this dataframe.

3.2 The Effects of Data Breaches Across Industries

```

In [587]: finance = bigdata.set_index("Industry").loc["Financial"].groupby("Company")
          # This allows me to grab data through 3 layers.
          insurance = bigdata.set_index("Industry").loc["Insurance"].groupby("Company")
          retail = bigdata.set_index("Industry").loc["Retail"].groupby("Company")
          tech = bigdata.set_index("Industry").loc["Tech"].groupby("Company")

          by_ind = finance, insurance, retail, tech
          by_ind

Out[587]: (<pandas.core.groupby.DataFrameGroupBy object at 0x12f3d22b0>,
          <pandas.core.groupby.DataFrameGroupBy object at 0x12f3d2b00>,
          <pandas.core.groupby.DataFrameGroupBy object at 0x12f3d24a8>,
          <pandas.core.groupby.DataFrameGroupBy object at 0x12f3d2860>)

In [582]: fig, axs = plt.subplots(1,4, figsize = (30,5), sharex = True, sharey = True)

          for name, group in finance:
              axs[0].plot(group['Timeline'], group['Percent_Change'], label=name, linewidth = 4)
          # This for loop specifies which variables I would like plotted for each

```

```

# company identified by name.
axs[0].legend(loc="lower left", prop={'size': 12})
axs[0].set_ylim(-15,3.5)
axs[0].set_xlim(-4,5)
axs[0].set_title("Finance", size = 20, fontweight = "bold",
                 fontname = "Arial")
axs[0].set_ylabel("Percent Change in Stock Price",size = 15,fontname = "Arial")
axs[0].set_xlabel("Timeline",size = 15,fontname = "Arial")

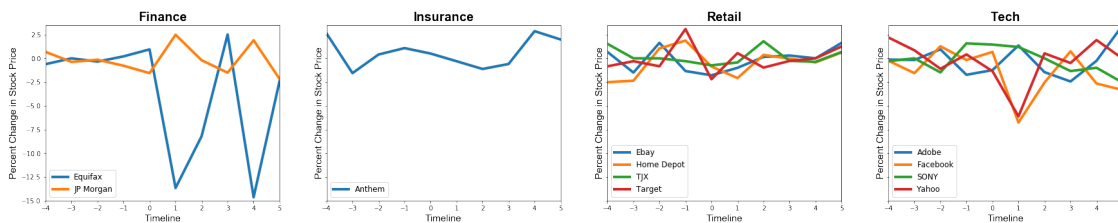
for name, group in insurance:
    axs[1].plot(group['Timeline'], group['Percent_Change'], label=name, linewidth = 4)
axs[1].legend(loc="lower left", prop={'size': 12})
axs[1].set_title("Insurance", size = 20, fontweight = "bold",
                 fontname = "Arial")
axs[1].set_ylabel("Percent Change in Stock Price",size = 15,fontname = "Arial")
axs[1].set_xlabel("Timeline",size = 15,fontname = "Arial")

for name, group in retail:
    axs[2].plot(group['Timeline'], group['Percent_Change'], label=name, linewidth = 4)
axs[2].legend(loc="lower left", prop={'size': 12})
axs[2].set_title("Retail", size = 20, fontweight = "bold",
                 fontname = "Arial")
axs[2].set_ylabel("Percent Change in Stock Price",size = 15,fontname = "Arial")
axs[2].set_xlabel("Timeline",size = 15,fontname = "Arial")

for name, group in tech:
    axs[3].plot(group['Timeline'], group['Percent_Change'], label=name, linewidth = 4)
axs[3].legend(loc="lower left", prop={'size': 12})
axs[3].set_title("Tech", size = 20, fontweight = "bold",
                 fontname = "Arial")
axs[3].set_ylabel("Percent Change in Stock Price",size = 15,fontname = "Arial")
axs[3].set_xlabel("Timeline",size = 15,fontname = "Arial")

```

Out[582]: Text(0.5,0,'Timeline')



While the sample size is not large because of the specificity of the project (companies had to be publicly traded stocks and have data breaches that affected more than 10 million users), these juxtaposed graphs illustrate the behavior of each industry in response to the data breaches presented in this project.

In the finance industry, while Equifax exhibited a dramatic decrease in stock price following a breach, JP Morgan's stock price actually increased. This was likely due to the fact that the breach report mentioned no hacking of valuable data. Hackers only obtained names, emails, and addresses of the company's clients. It is difficult to say that the Anthem case is relevant to all insurance companies, but Anthem did not show a significant decrease in stock price. Retail also lacked significant stock price changes following the breaches for its companies. Tech, like finance, exhibited mixed reviews, with two companies, Facebook and Yahoo's respective prices declining, while Adobe increased and Sony remained consistent in its decline from before the time of the breach.

To better understand the effect of data breaches across industries, I will take the average percent change in stock price for each industry and compare.

```
In [583]: ind_mean = bigdata.groupby("Industry").Percent_Change.describe()
          ind_mean
```

```
Out [583]:
```

	count	mean	std	min	25%	50%	75%	\
Industry								
Financial	20.0	-1.892380	4.758188	-14.634357	-1.713331	-0.362929	0.324553	
Insurance	10.0	0.587528	1.539510	-1.560904	-0.523992	0.451958	1.755966	
Retail	40.0	-0.108146	1.257235	-2.513369	-0.847644	-0.150007	0.623436	
Tech	40.0	-0.548736	2.019344	-6.769680	-1.461246	-0.216451	0.764379	

	max
Industry	
Financial	2.510608
Insurance	2.861803
Retail	3.081914
Tech	3.468150

The largest percent change in stock price is among the data's financial and tech firms, but as we learned above, Equifax is a significant outlier in the data and has shown the largest percent change out of any firm in the data set. Retail exhibited the least amount of change in stock price.

Why did this pattern occur?

Retail consumers are not as concerned with retail data breaches as they are with technology related data (social media, search). Perhaps it is because these consumers believe that data held by retailers is not nearly as significant as the data collected by tech firms. Tech firms have arsenals of information related to payment, addresses, associations, behavior, personal preferences, and search history. While retailers may also have this information on file, consumers may not associate retail breaches with the same severity as they might associate with technology related breaches. Investors have also caught on to this idea and do not quickly sell off their shares as soon as a data breach is reported; they do not expect consumers to change their shopping behavior or relationship with the breached retailer in a significant way.

This raises an important issue: what will motivate retailers to enhance their security measures if their investors hardly bugde when something like this happens?

3.3 Breach Size and Stock Price Change

Now, I would like to analyze the relationship between the size of the breach (how many people were affected) and the magnitude of the percent change in stock price. It seems intuitive that a company with more users to be affected by a data breach would be a larger company and therefore have more investors to influence stock prices. This section will explore that relationship and help me understand how breach size affects investor decisions.

I will begin by extracting data related to the mean percent change in stock price for each company.

```
In [584]: breach_size = bigdata.groupby("Company").Percent_Change.describe()
breach_size
```

```
Out [584]:
```

	count	mean	std	min	25%	50%	\
Company							
Adobe	10.0	-0.167406	1.739025	-2.439984	-1.401309	-0.217590	
Anthem	10.0	0.587528	1.539510	-1.560904	-0.523992	0.451958	
Ebay	10.0	-0.125331	1.245496	-1.787405	-1.255355	0.073376	
Equifax	10.0	-3.615536	6.240664	-14.634357	-6.741572	-0.481872	
Facebook	10.0	-1.463265	2.455436	-6.769680	-2.631352	-0.906259	
Home Depot	10.0	-0.439430	1.501383	-2.513369	-1.776367	-0.229763	
JP Morgan	10.0	-0.169225	1.500684	-2.185430	-1.329151	-0.289397	
SONY	10.0	-0.246226	1.373786	-2.551192	-1.257449	-0.151108	
TJX	10.0	0.188275	0.861715	-0.737018	-0.350609	-0.133200	
Target	10.0	-0.056096	1.441723	-2.202990	-0.841160	-0.289704	
Yahoo	10.0	-0.318047	2.340496	-6.110975	-0.949175	0.193043	

	75%	max
Company		
Adobe	0.673958	3.468150
Anthem	1.755966	2.861803
Ebay	0.579867	1.630828
Equifax	0.154146	2.510608
Facebook	0.456950	1.270068
Home Depot	0.545834	1.868120
JP Morgan	0.473927	2.481305
SONY	0.895820	1.572650
TJX	0.502681	1.796610
Target	0.410298	3.081914
Yahoo	0.764079	2.196446

Now, I will create a column in the breach_size data frame that identifies the size of the breach for each company in terms of millions of people affected.

```
In [585]: breach_size["Breach_Size (millions)"] = {38,80,145,143,87,56,76,77,110,94,3000}
breach_size
```

```
Out [585]:
```

	count	mean	std	min	25%	50% \
Company						
Adobe	10.0	-0.167406	1.739025	-2.439984	-1.401309	-0.217590
Anthem	10.0	0.587528	1.539510	-1.560904	-0.523992	0.451958
Ebay	10.0	-0.125331	1.245496	-1.787405	-1.255355	0.073376
Equifax	10.0	-3.615536	6.240664	-14.634357	-6.741572	-0.481872
Facebook	10.0	-1.463265	2.455436	-6.769680	-2.631352	-0.906259
Home Depot	10.0	-0.439430	1.501383	-2.513369	-1.776367	-0.229763
JP Morgan	10.0	-0.169225	1.500684	-2.185430	-1.329151	-0.289397
SONY	10.0	-0.246226	1.373786	-2.551192	-1.257449	-0.151108
TJX	10.0	0.188275	0.861715	-0.737018	-0.350609	-0.133200
Target	10.0	-0.056096	1.441723	-2.202990	-0.841160	-0.289704
Yahoo	10.0	-0.318047	2.340496	-6.110975	-0.949175	0.193043

	75%	max	Breach_Size (millions)
Company			
Adobe	0.673958	3.468150	38
Anthem	1.755966	2.861803	76
Ebay	0.579867	1.630828	77
Equifax	0.154146	2.510608	110
Facebook	0.456950	1.270068	143
Home Depot	0.545834	1.868120	80
JP Morgan	0.473927	2.481305	145
SONY	0.895820	1.572650	3000
TJX	0.502681	1.796610	87
Target	0.410298	3.081914	56
Yahoo	0.764079	2.196446	94

I will now create a scatterplot which explores the relationship between percent change in stock price and the size of the breach. Yahoo's breach size is quite an outlier for the data, and so it might distort our perception of the relationship between breach size and stock price changes. As such, I will create two scatterplots; one with Yahoo included and one without.

```
In [586]: fig, ax = plt.subplots(1,2, figsize = (15,5))

ax[0].scatter(breach_size["Breach_Size (millions)"],breach_size["mean"], s = 150, alpha=0.5,
              color = "magenta" )
ax[0].set_title('Breach Size and Mean Stock Price Change', loc='center', fontsize=12,
               fontweight = "bold", fontname = "Arial")
ax[0].set_xlabel("Breach Size in millions")
ax[0].set_ylabel("Mean Percent Change in Stock Price")
ax[0].spines["right"].set_visible(False)
ax[0].spines["top"].set_visible(False)

ax[1].scatter(breach_size["Breach_Size (millions)"],breach_size["mean"], s = 150, alpha=0.5,
              color = "magenta" )
ax[1].set_title('Breach Size and Mean Stock Price Change (without Yahoo)', loc='center',
```

```

        fontweight = "bold", fontname = "Arial")
ax[1].set_xlabel("Breach Size in millions")
ax[1].set_ylabel("Mean Percent Change in Stock Price")
ax[1].spines["right"].set_visible(False)
ax[1].spines["top"].set_visible(False)
ax[1].set_xlim (0,200)

plt.show()

```



The second graph (right) is far more clear than first graph, which does contain Yahoo. Based on the available data, we can easily infer from both graphs that there is no significant relationship between the size of a data breach and its effect on the stock price of a company. However, the sample size is not large enough to make any accurate conclusions.

4 Conclusions

While the sample size was too small to make any accurate conclusions or inferences, I do have good visualizations of how data breaches affect different kinds of companies. For example, the dramatic behavior of Equifax, a credit reporting agency, illustrates the severity of a breach of that information. Credit reports influence creditor decisions which affect how individuals can purchase a home, lease a car, take out student loans, and apply for credit cards. If this information were to be stolen or manipulated in any way, the implications would be as significant as the stock price changes the company reported during that time. The graph illustrating retail companies confirmed a theory regarding the nonchalance of consumers toward retail data breaches at their local target or favorite clothing store, which don't influence financial decisions or hold any significant information to do so.

5 Limitations of the Data

The data in this project present several limitations.

- 1. Sample Size:** The sample size is very small, and certainly too small to establish any significant conclusions or inferences about data breaches. The sample size is small for several reasons. The companies presented in this project had to meet two criteria:

- a) be an American, publicly traded company
- b) be a victim of a data breach which affected at least 10 million users.

Many companies affected by data breaches of larger magnitudes were based outside of the US, including Aadhaar (India), Philippine's Commission on Elections (Philippines), Turkish Citizenship Database (Turkey), and others. Among the database of data breaches, many were not publicly traded companies. Others only affected several hundred thousand users. Friend Finder Network, a strong candidate in my project proposal, actually declared bankruptcy and is no longer publicly traded. It was removed from the data set.

2. Vagueness of Data Breach Reports/Lack of Information: Several companies who issued reports on their data breaches were intentionally vague in their reports, withholding information like the date of the breach or the number of users affected. This affected my sample size, as each company's report for the purposes of this project needed to contain that information. For most of the companies, I had to manually find the breach report date from reading news articles and finding the oldest one, or by looking at the date of the article and counting back to the day of the week the article said the breach was reported by the company.

6 Sources

www.cnnmoney.com
www.csoonline.com
www.forbes.com
www.informationisbeautiful.net
www.washingtonpost.com