

2024-04-06 - Handout – Permutation Combination

Q1. Permutations

Link: <https://leetcode.com/problems/permutations/>

Given an array `nums` of distinct integers, return *all the possible permutations*. You can return the answer in **any order**.

Constraints:

- $1 \leq \text{nums.length} \leq 6$
- $-10 \leq \text{nums}[i] \leq 10$
- All the numbers of `nums` are unique

Q2. Permutations II

Link: <https://leetcode.com/problems/permutations-ii/>

Given a collection of numbers, `nums`, that might contain duplicates, return all possible unique permutations in any order.

Example 1:

Input: `nums = [1]`

Output: `[[1]]`

Example 2:

Input: `nums = [1,2,3]`

Output: `[[1,2,3], [1,3,2], [2,1,3], [2,3,1], [3,1,2], [3,2,1]]`

Constraints:

- $1 \leq \text{nums.length} \leq 8$
- $-10 \leq \text{nums}[i] \leq 10$

Example 1:

Input: `nums = [1,1,2]`

Output: `[[1,1,2], [1,2,1], [2,1,1]]`

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`[[1,2,3], [1,3,2], [2,1,3], [2,3,1], [3,1,2], [3,2,1]]`

Q3. Subsets

Link: <https://leetcode.com/problems/subsets/description/>

Given an integer array `nums` of unique elements, return all possible subsets (the power set). The solution set must not contain duplicate subsets. Return the solution in any order.

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Output: `[], [1], [2], [3], [1,2], [1,3], [2,3], [1,2,3]`

Example 2:

Input: `nums = [0]`

Output: `[], [0]`

Q4. Subsets II

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| <p>Example 1:
 Input: <code>nums = [1,2,2]</code>
 Output: <code>[[], [1], [1,2], [1,2,2], [2], [2,2]]</code></p> | <p>Example 2:
 Input: <code>nums = [0]</code>
 Output: <code>[[], [0]]</code></p> |
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