

2023-10-21 - Handout – Top Interview Questions

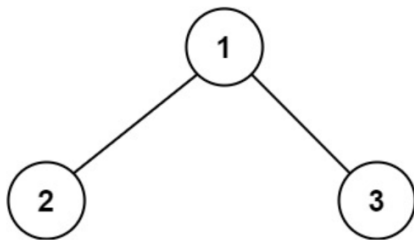
Q1. Binary Tree Maximum Path Sum (Hard, Leetcode #124)

Link: <https://leetcode.com/problems/binary-tree-maximum-path-sum/>

A path in a binary tree is a sequence of nodes where each pair of adjacent nodes in the sequence has an edge connecting them. A node can only appear in the sequence at most once. Note that the path does not need to pass through the root.

The path sum of a path is the sum of the node's values in the path.

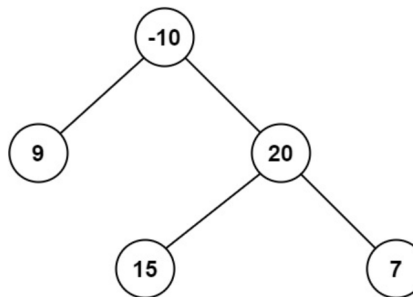
Given the root of a binary tree, return the maximum path sum of any non-empty path.



Input: root = [1,2,3]

Output: 6

Explanation: The optimal path is 2 → 1 → 3 with a path sum of 2 + 1 + 3 = 6.



Input: root = [-10,9,20,null,null,15,7]

Output: 42

Explanation: The optimal path is 15 → 20 → 7 with a path sum of 15 + 20 + 7 = 42.

Q2. Longest Substring With At Most K Distinct Characters (Medium, Leetcode #340)

Link: <https://leetcode.com/problems/longest-substring-with-at-most-k-distinct-characters/>

Given a string *s* and an integer *k*, return *the length of the longest substring of s that contains at most k distinct characters*.

Example 1:

Input: s = "eceba", k = 2

Output: 3

Explanation: The substring is "ece" with length 3.

Example 2:

Input: s = "aa", k = 1

Output: 2

Explanation: The substring is "aa" with length 2.

Q3. Top K Frequent Elements (Medium, Leetcode #347)

Link: [Top K Frequent Elements - LeetCode](#)

Given an integer array *nums* and an integer *k*, return *the k most frequent elements*. You may return the answer in **any order**.

Example:

Input: nums = [1,1,1,2,2,3], k = 2; Output: [1,2]

Q4. Word Break (Medium, Leetcode #139)

Link: [Word Break - LeetCode](#)

Given a string `s` and a dictionary of strings `wordDict`, return `true` if `s` can be segmented into a space-separated sequence of one or more dictionary words.

Note that the same word in the dictionary may be reused multiple times in the segmentation.

Input: `s = "leetcode", wordDict = ["leet", "code"]`

Output: `true`

Explanation: Return `true` because "leetcode" can be segmented as "leet code".

Example 2:

Input: `s = "applepenapple", wordDict = ["apple", "pen"]`

Output: `true`

Explanation: Return `true` because "applepenapple" can be segmented as "apple pen apple".

Note that you are allowed to reuse a dictionary word.

Example 3:

Input: `s = "catsanddog", wordDict = ["cats", "dog", "sand", "and", "cat"]`

Output: `false`

Q5. Merge K Sorted Lists (Leetcode 23, Hard)

<https://leetcode.com/problems/merge-k-sorted-lists/>

You are given an array of `k` linked-lists `lists`, each linked-list is sorted in ascending order.

Merge all the linked-lists into one sorted linked-list and return it.

Input: `lists = [[1,4,5],[1,3,4],[2,6]]`

Output: `[1,1,2,3,4,4,5,6]`

Explanation: The linked-lists are:

```
[
  1->4->5,
  1->3->4,
  2->6
]
```

merging them into one sorted list:

```
1->1->2->3->4->4->5->6
```