Assignment 5

Kyle Ligon

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Problem A- Chi Square Test for Differences in Probabilities

Hypotheses:

```
H_0: p_{men} = p_{women}

H_1: p_{men} \neq p_{women}
```

Test Statistic

The test statistic of this Chi-Square test is 1

Critical Region

We are looking for a $\chi^2_{0.975,1}$ and $\chi^2_{0.025,1}$, which is equal to 5.0238862 and 0.001.

Conclusion

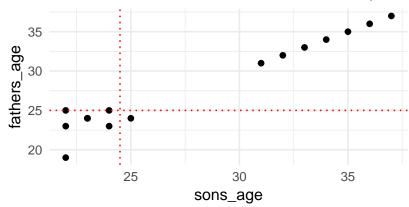
With the test statistic not greater than or less than the critical region, we cannot reject the Null hypothesis that the probabilities are the same. There is not enough evidence to suggest that the two probabilities are different.

Problem B- Fisher's Exact Test

Suppose that 16 observations pairs of X = age of marriage of a husband, and Y = age of marriage of his father, resulted on 7 pairs where both ages were above the median. Are the two variables positively correlated?

Fishers Procedure

Dotted red lines sit on Medians of x-axis and y-axis



Problem C- Chi Square Test for Differences in Probabilities

 H_1 : At least two of the populations have different populations.

Test Statistic

The test statistic of this Chi-Square test is 3.4954392.

Critical Region

We are looking for a $\chi^2_{0.95,2}$, which is equal to 5.9941.

Conclusion

With the test statistic less than the critical region, we cannot reject the Null hypothesis that the ratings percentages are the same. There is not enough evidence to suggest that the two stock groups have different ratings groups.

Problem D- Chi-Square Test

```
products <- data.frame(fishing_rod = c(6, 14,
    21), kitchen_tool = c(73, 65, 58), music_cd = c(55, 65, 65)
    82, 48), exercise_machine = c(7, 8, 8), row.names = c("daytime",
    "nighttime", "weekend"))
products_test <- chisq.test(x = products) %>%
    tidy()
```

1) What does your analysis look like?

I'm going to test to see whether the time of day has any affect on the proportion on the product being sold.

Hypotheses:

 H_0 : Products' sales are independent of what time their ad airs. H_1 : Products' sales depend upon the time their ad airs.

Test Statistic

The test statistic of this Chi-Square Test for Independence is 16.5425.

Critical Region

We are looking for a $\chi^2_{0.95,6}$, which is equal to 12.5916.

Conclusion

With the test statistic greater than the critical region, we can reject the Null hypothesis that the product sales are independent of what

2) Calculate and comment on Cramer's Contingency Coefficient

```
products_cramers_coef <- cramersV(products)</pre>
```

With Cramer's Contingency Coefficient showing us the amount of association between the variables, our coefficient of 0.1363 tells us there is little association between the prouducts and the times they air.

Problem E- Median Test

Hypotheses:

 H_0 : All c populations have the same median.

 H_1 : At least two of the populations have different medians.

 $Test\ Statistic$

The test statistic of this Median test is 0.8269.

Critical Region

We are looking for a $\chi^2_{0.95,2}$, which is equal to 5.9941.

Conclusion

With the test statistic greater than the critical region, we can reject the Null hypothesis that the medians are the same. There is evidence to suggest that at least two medians are different.