

# ResNet Data Management Plan

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# Start

N S E R C



R E S N E T

suppress Start heading

versioning info

expand authorship

## Quick Links

### Publishing Data

**Getting Help**

# Chapter 1

## Introduction

### 1.1 FAIR Guiding Principles

From the GO FAIR Initiative:

#### **Findable**

The first step in (re)using data is to find them. Metadata and data should be easy to find for both humans and computers. Machine-readable metadata are essential for automatic discovery of datasets and services, so this is an essential component of the FAIRification process.

**F1.** (Meta)data are assigned a globally unique and persistent identifier

**F2.** Data are described with rich metadata (defined by R1 below)

**F3.** Metadata clearly and explicitly include the identifier of the data they describe

**F4.** (Meta)data are registered or indexed in a searchable resource

#### **Accessible**

Once the user finds the required data, she/he needs to know how can they be accessed, possibly including authentication and authorisation.

**A1.** (Meta)data are retrievable by their identifier using a standardised communications protocol

**A1.1** The protocol is open, free, and universally implementable

**A1.2** The protocol allows for an authentication and authorisation procedure, where necessary

**A2.** Metadata are accessible, even when the data are no longer available

### **Interoperable**

The data usually need to be integrated with other data. In addition, the data need to interoperate with applications or workflows for analysis, storage, and processing.

**I1.** (Meta)data use a formal, accessible, shared, and broadly applicable language for knowledge representation.

**I2.** (Meta)data use vocabularies that follow FAIR principles

**I3.** (Meta)data include qualified references to other (meta)data

### **Reusable**

The ultimate goal of FAIR is to optimise the reuse of data. To achieve this, metadata and data should be well-described so that they can be replicated and/or combined in different settings.

**R1.** (Meta)data are richly described with a plurality of accurate and relevant attributes

**R1.1.** (Meta)data are released with a clear and accessible data usage license

**R1.2.** (Meta)data are associated with detailed provenance

**R1.3.** (Meta)data meet domain-relevant community standards

The principles refer to three types of entities: data (or any digital object), metadata (information about that digital object), and infrastructure. For instance, principle F4 defines that both metadata and data are registered or indexed in a searchable resource (the infrastructure component).

## 1.2 Roles

or responsibilities. Who is required to do what? How are they held accountable, and by who? requirements for receiving resnet funding prerequisites for sharing data on resnet platform

## 1.3 Workflows

### 1.3.1 Internal Data

### 1.3.2 External Data

- Verify license



- Retrieve and/or complete required metadata fields
- Storage
  - Small to moderate datasets ( $< 2\text{gb}$ )
    - \* Upload to ResNet Data Portal
  - Large datasets ( $> 2\text{gb}$ )
    - \* Explore existing services
    - \* Coordinate with ResNet data manager



## Chapter 2

# Standards

### 2.1 Identifiers

#### 2.1.1 Researchers: ORCID

#### 2.1.2 Data: DOI

#### 2.1.3 Physical Samples: IGSN

### 2.2 Repositories

#### 2.2.1 Portage

#### 2.2.2 GLOBUS

#### 2.2.3 ResNet Data Portal/GeoNode

### 2.3 Metadata

retitle to documentation? Define metadata and significance

#### 2.3.1 ISO 19115

Links to standard (<http://rd-alliance.github.io/metadata-directory/standards/iso-19115.html>)

Enumerate required fields

### 2.3.2 Tools

Metadata creation and validation tools

ESRI/ArcGIS:

Python:

<https://pycsw.org/>

<https://github.com/geopython/pygeometa>

R:

<https://github.com/eblondel/geometa>

Stand Alone:

Web:

## 2.4 Data Formats

### 2.4.1 Raster

#### 2.4.1.1 Formats

##### 2.4.1.1.1 geotiff

##### 2.4.1.1.2 NetCDF

### 2.4.2 Vector

#### 2.4.2.1 Shapefile

#### 2.4.2.2 GeoJSON

### 2.4.3 Tabular

#### 2.4.3.1 CSV

## Chapter 3

# Resources

<https://journals.plos.org/ploscompbiol/article?id=10.1371/journal.pcbi.1005510>

[https://docs.computecanada.ca/wiki/Research\\_Data\\_Management](https://docs.computecanada.ca/wiki/Research_Data_Management)

<https://earthdata.nasa.gov/esdis/eso/standards-and-references/data-product-development-guide-for-data-producers>

<https://daac.ornl.gov/datamanagement/>

<https://www.usgs.gov/products/data-and-tools/data-management/data-management-plans>