## Salman Sadeghi (10649160) Weekly Submission 9

Tuesday, December 3, 2019 4:45 PM

## Task 1

Use a weather forecast website, and utilize the psychrometric chart and the formula we went through in the class to determine the absoloute humidity, the wet-bulb temperature and the mass of water vapour in the air in ClassRoom A (Aula A) of Piacenza campus in the moment that you are solving this exercise (provide the inputs that you utilized)

Umidità: Relative humidity, Pressione atmosferica: Air total pressure (1 hPa: 0.1 kPa), Temperatura effettiva: temperature to be utilized.

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	13:00	14:00	16:00	18:00	20:00	21:00	22:00
	*	*	*	*	*	_	*
	PartlyCloud	PartlyCloud	LightCloud	LightCloud	PartlyCloud	Cloud	PartlyCloud
Temperatura effettiva	10°C	10°C	9°C	6°C	7°C	7°C	8°C
Temperatura percepita	10°C	10°C	8°C	5°C	7°C	6°C	7°C
Precipitazioni	0 mm	0 mm	0 mm	0 mm	0 mm	0 mm	0 mm
Umidità	79 %	77 %	89 %	90 %	90 %	92 %	91 %
Pressione atmosferica	<b>1016</b> hPa	1015 hPa	1016 hPa	<b>1017</b> hPa	<b>1019</b> hPa	1019 hPa	1020 hPa

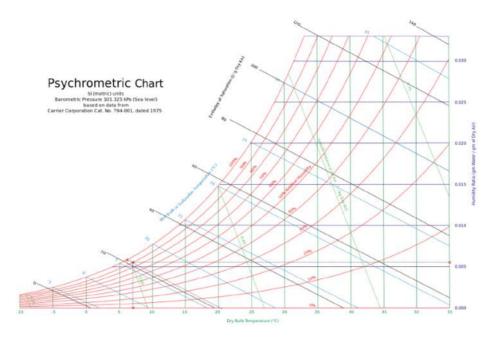
Actually the time now is 20:00, from the data given in the website <a href="https://www.meteo-oggi.it/italia/regione-emilia-romagna/tempo-piacenza/">https://www.meteo-oggi.it/italia/regione-emilia-romagna/tempo-piacenza/</a>

umidità: 90%, i.e., the relative humidity  $\phi$  =90%;

pressione atmosferica: 1019 hPa, i.e., the total air pressure P =101.9 kPa;

temperatura effttiva: 7 °C

, i.e., the temperature in Kelvin temperature scale T =230 K  $\,$ 



Utilize the psychrometric chart, we can see,

the humidity ratio, i.e., the absolute humidity  $\omega = 0.0055$ 

the web-bulb temperature  $T_{wf}$  = 6 °C

$$\omega=0.622rac{P_v}{P_a}=0.622rac{P_v}{P-P_v}=0.0055$$
 , introduce P=101.9 kPa into this equation, and solve it,

Pv≈0.893 kPa

autem, 
$$\phi = \frac{m_v}{m_g} = 90\%.....(1)$$

for any ideal gas,  $m=rac{PV}{R_{sp.}T}$  , during the class we were told that for water vapour, Rsp.= 0.4615

introduce the pressure of water vapor  $P_{v}$  = 0.893 kPa , and define the volume of aula A is V, here we have:

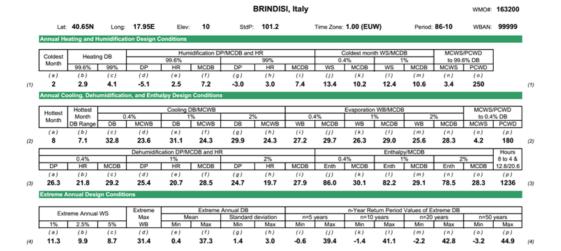
$$m_v = \frac{0.893V}{0.4615 * 230} \approx 8.41*10^{-3}$$

subodinate this value to equotion (1), calculate the maximun water vapour mg,

$$m_g = \frac{\rm m_v}{90\%} \approx 9.34*10^{-3} \rm V$$

## Task 2

Utilize the same methodology we went through in the class and determine the sensible and latent load corresponding to internal gains, the ventilation, and the infiltration in a house with a good construction quality and with the same geometry (height of 2.5 m, considering two occupants and one bed room calculate, and a conditioned floor area of 200 m2 and wall area is 144 m2, calculate the internal gains, infiltration, and ventilation loads) as that of the example which is located in Brindisi, Italy.



Ans:

## Internal gains,

Calculate the sensibile cooling load from internal gains,

Calculate the latent cooling load from internal gains,

Infiltration,

for a house with a good construction quality, unit leakage area Aul=1.4cm2/m2

and the exposed surface Aes=Awall+Aroof=200+144=344 m2

thus, AL=Aes\*Aul=344\*1.4=481.6 cm2

*Define the cooling temperature* Toooling =24 °C, and heating temperature Theating =20 °C

in Brindisi,

ΔT cooling=31.1 °C -24 °C=7.1 °C=7.1 K

 $\Delta$ T heating=20 °C -(-4. 1 °C)=24.1 °C=24.1 K

$$DR = 7.1 \,^{\circ}\text{C} = 7.1 \,^{\circ}\text{K}$$

Given that

$$\begin{split} IDF_{heating} &= 0.073 \frac{L}{s.\,cm^2} \\ IDF_{cooling} &= 0.033 \frac{L}{s.\,cm^2} \\ Calculate infiltration airflow rate, \end{split}$$

Qi, heating=AL\*IDFheating=481.6\*0.073 $\approx$ 35.157 $\frac{L}{s}$ 

Qi, cooling=AL\*IDFcooling=481.6\*0.033
$$\approx$$
15.893 $\frac{L}{s}$ 

The required miminum whole-building vetilation rate is

Qv=0.05Acf+3.5(Nbr+1)=0.05\*200+3.5\*(1+1)=17
$$\frac{L}{s}$$

thus,

Qi-v,heating =Qi, heating+Qv
$$\approx$$
35.157+17=52.157 $\frac{L}{s}$ 

Qi-v, cooling=Qi, cooling+Qv
$$\approx$$
15.893+17=32.893 $\frac{L}{s}$ 

Given that

Csensible=1.23 , Clatent=3010, ΔωCooling=0.0039

q.inf—ventilationcoolingsensible=CsensibleQi—v, cooling ∆TCooling≈1.23 \*32.893\*7.1≈287.25 W

q.inf-ventilationcoolinglatent = ClatentQi-v, cooling  $\Delta\omega$ Cooling $\approx$ 3010 \*32.893 \* 0.0039 $\approx$ 386.13 W

q.inf-ventilationheatinggsensible=CsensibleQi-v, heating ∆Theating≈1.23 \*52.157\*24.1≈1546.09 W