WEEK 9 Againi

Task 1

Use a weather forecast website, and utilize the psychrometric chart and the formula we went through in the class to determine the absolute humidity, the wet-bulb temperature and the mass of water vapor in the air in Classroom A (Aula A) of Piacenza campus in the moment that you are solving this exercise (provide the inputs that you utilized)

Aula A = $10m \times 5m \times 4m$ Temperature = $7^{\circ}C$ Saturation pressure of water = $1.0021 \ kPa$ Atmospheric pressure = $102 \ kPa$ Relative humidity = 84% $R_{v} = 0.4615$

$$\phi = \frac{m_v}{m_g} = \frac{P_v}{P_g}$$

$$P_v = \phi x P_g = 0.84 x 1.0021 = 0.84 kPa$$

$$P_a = P - P_v = 102 kPa - 0.84 kPa = 101.16 kPa$$

Absolute humidity

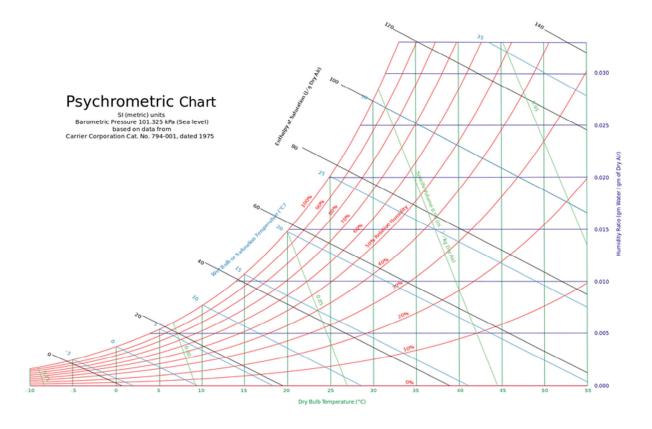
$$\omega = 0.622 \frac{P_v}{P_a} = 0.622 \frac{0.84}{101.16} = 0.0052 \frac{kg_{vapour}}{kg_{dryAir}}$$

Mass of water vapor

$$m = \frac{PV}{R_{sp}T}$$
; $m_v = \frac{P_v V_v}{R_v T}$
 $m_v = \frac{0.84 \times (10 \times 5 \times 4)}{0.4615 \times (273 + 7)} = 1.3 \text{ kg water vapor}$

Enthalpy

$$h = h_a + wh_v = (1.005 \, x \, 7) + 0.0052 \, (2501 + (1.82 \, x \, 7)) = 20.11 \, \frac{kJ}{kg_{dryAir}}$$



Wet-bulb temperature

 $\simeq 5.5$ °C

Task 2

Utilize the same methodology we went through in the class and determine the sensible and latent load corresponding to internal gains, the ventilation, and the infiltration in a house with a good construction quality and with the same geometry as that of the example which is located in Brindisi, Italy

	BRINDISI, Italy														WMO#:	163200	
	Lat	40.65N	Long:	17.95E	Elev:	10	StdP	101.2		Time Zone:	1.00 (EU	W)	Period:	86-10	WBAN:	99999	
	Annual He	eating and H	lumidificat	ion Design C	onditions												
					11	differentian D	P/MCDB and			_	1-1-11	- MICALCO	0	LACINIC	/PCWD		
	Coldest Heating DB				P/MCDB and	99%			Coldest month WS/MCDB 0.4% 1%				6% DB				
	Month	99.6%	99%	DP	99.6% HR	MCDB	DP	HR	MCDB	WS U.	MCDB	ws	MCDB	MCWS	PCWD		
	(a)	(b)	(c)	(d)	(0)	(f)	(g)	(h)	(1)	(1)	(k)	(1)	(m)	(n)	(0)		
(1)	2	2.9	4.1	-5.1	2.5	7.2	-3.0	3.0	7.4	13.4	10.2	12.4	10.6	3.4	250		(1)
	Annual C			on, and Entha													1-7
	Annual Co	olling, Deni	imidificatio	on, and Enth	iipy Design	Condition	•										
		Hottest			Cooling D	DB/MCWB			Evaporation WB/MCDB						MCWS/PCWD		
	Hottest Month	Month	0	.4%		%	2%		0.4%		1%		2%		to 0.4	% DB	
	Monun	DB Range	DB	MCWB	DB	MCWB	DB	MCWB	WB	MCDB	WB	MCDB	WB	MCDB	MCWS	PCWD	
	(a)	(b)	(c)	(d)	(0)	(f)	(g)	(h)	(i)	(j)	(k)	(1)	(m)	(n)	(0)	(p)	
(2)	8	7.1	32.8	23.6	31.1	24.3	29.9	24.3	27.2	29.7	26.3	29.0	25.6	28.3	4.2	180	(2)
		Dehumidification DP/MCDB and HR Enthalpy/MCDB														Hours	
		0.4%			1%			2%			0.4% 1				%	8 to 4 &	
	DP	HR	MCDB	DP	HR	MCDB	DP	HR	MCDB	Enth	MCDB	Enth	MCDB	Enth	MCDB	12.8/20.6	
	(0)	(b)	(c)	(d)	(0)	(1)	(9)	(h)	(1)	(i)	(k)	(1)	(m)	(n)	(0)	(P)	
(3)	26.3	21.8	29.2	25.4	20.7	28.5	24.7	19.7	27.9	86.0	30.1	82.2	29.1	78.5	28.3	1236	(3)
Extreme Annual Design Conditions																	
				Extreme		Extreme	Annual DB				n-Year Re	tum Period	Values of E	xtreme DB			
	Extreme Annual WS			Max	Me	an	Standard deviation		n=5 years		n=10 years		n=20 years		n=50	years	
	1%	2.5%	5%	WB	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	
	(a)	(b)	(c)	(d)	(0)	(f)	(g)	(h)	(i)	(j)	(k)	(1)	(m)	(n)	(0)	(p)	
(4)	11.3	9.9	8.7	31.4	0.4	37.3	1.4	3.0	-0.6	39.4	-1.4	41.1	-2.2	42.8	-3.2	44.9	(4)

Building height = 2.5 mFloor area = $200 \text{ } m^2$ Number of occupants = 2Number of bedrooms = 1Wall area = $144 \text{ } m^2$

Temperature for cooling and heating

$$T_{cooling} = 31.1 \,^{\circ}C$$

 $T_{heating} = 4.1 \,^{\circ}C$

Temperature difference

$$\Delta T_{cooling} = 31.1 - 24 = 7.1 \,^{\circ}C$$

 $\Delta T_{heating} = 20 - 4.1 = 15.9 \,^{\circ}C$

Internal gains

$$\dot{Q}_{ig_{sensible}} = 136 + 2.2A_{cf} + 22N_{oc} = 136 + 2.2 \times 200 + 22 \times 2 = 620 W$$

 $\dot{Q}_{ig_{latent}} = 20 + 0.22A_{cf} + 12N_{oc} = 20 + 0.22 \times 200 + 12 \times 2 = 88 W$

Infiltration

$$A_{ul} = 1.4 \frac{cm^2}{m^2}$$

$$A_{es} = 200 + 144 = 344 m^2$$

$$A_{L} = A_{es} x A_{ul} = 344 x 1.4 = 481.6 cm^2$$

$$IDF_{heating} = 0.065 \frac{L}{s.cm^2}$$

$$IDF_{cooling} = 0.032 \frac{L}{s.cm^2}$$

$$\dot{Q}_{i_{heating}} = A_{L} x IDF = 481.6 x 0.065 = 31.30 \frac{L}{s}$$

$$\dot{Q}_{i_{cooling}} = A_{L} x IDF = 481.6 x 0.032 = 15.41 \frac{L}{s}$$

Ventilation

$$\dot{Q}_{v} = 0.05A_{cf} + 3.5(N_{br} + 1) = 0.05 \times 200 + 3.5 \times 2 = 17 \frac{L}{s}$$

$$\dot{Q}_{inf-ventilation_{heating}} = 31.30 + 17 = 48.30 \frac{L}{s}$$

$$\dot{Q}_{inf-ventilation_{cooling}} = 15.41 + 17 = 32.41 \frac{L}{s}$$

$$\dot{Q}_{inf-ventilation_{cooling}} = C_{sensible} \dot{V} \Delta T_{cooling} = 1.23 \times 32.41 \times 7.1 = 283.04 W$$

$$\dot{Q}_{inf-ventilation_{cooling}} = C_{latent} \dot{V} \Delta \omega_{cooling} = 3010 \times 32.41 \times 0.0045 = 438.99 W$$

$$\dot{Q}_{inf-ventilation_{heating}} = C_{sensible} \dot{V} \Delta T_{heating} = 1.23 \times 48.30 \times 15.9 = 944.60 W$$

$$\dot{Q}_{inf-ventilation_{heating}} = C_{latent} \dot{V} \Delta \omega_{heating} = 3010 \times 48.30 \times 0.0046$$

$$= 668.76 W$$