

# WEEK 1

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- A short summary about the conductive heat transfer.
  - **Heat**, was defined as a type of energy that can be transferred from one system to another as a result of temperature difference.
  - **A thermodynamic analysis**, a system in a balanced state is when related to the amount of heat transfer when switching from one to the other.
  - Science interested in finding the speeds of such an energy transfer **heat transfer**.
  - The transfer of energy as heat is always oriented from high-temperature environments to low-temperature environments. Heat transfer stops when the two environments reach the same temperature.
  - Heat can be transferred in three different ways:
    - Conduction.
    - Convection.
    - Radiation.
  - Conduction**. result of inter-particle interactions as a substance with higher energy higher than adjacent particles energy is the transfer of energy to those.
- Solving the same exercise with  $L = 0.4 \text{ m}$ ,  $A = 20 \text{ m}^2$ ,  $\Delta T = 25$ , and  $k = 0.78 \text{ W/m K}$  using both simple method and using the resistance concept.

$$Q = kA (T_1 - T_2) / L = (0.78 \times 20 \times 25) / 0.4 = 975 \text{ W}$$

$$R = L / kA = 0.4 / (0.78 \times 20) = 0.02564^\circ \text{ C/W}$$

$$Q = (T_1 - T_2) / R = 25 / 0.02564 = 975.04 \text{ W}$$