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|  | **LESSON 1 (3 marks)** |
| 1  A  b  c | **Fill in the blanks-**  When you tune a string instrument you change the pitch of the strings so that it is the right for each string.  A whistle makes a high-pitched sound.  Thunder makes a low-pitched sound. |
|  | **LESSON 2 (2 marks)** |
| 1 | **What factors affect the pitch of the sound of a stringed instrument?**  The length of the string and the thickness of the string. |
|  | **LESSON 3 (3 marks)** |
| 1 | **Match the following-**   |  |  |  | | --- | --- | --- | | **a** | **daf** | **higher pitched note (c)** | | **b** | **Percussion instruments** | **drum from Middle East (a)** | | **c** | **Tightening the drum skin** | **drums, shakers and rattles (b)** | |
|  | **LESSON 4 (2 marks)** |
| 1 | **In the steel band, which drums do you think make high-pitched sounds and which make low-pitched sounds?**  The small drums make high-pitched sounds and big drums make low-pitched sounds. |
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