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% FILENAME: xyz2llh.m
% FILETYPE: function
% DESCRIPTION: xyz2llh produces a Latitude, Longitude, and Altitude
% position based on the provided X, Y, and Z Earth Center Earth-fixed
% (ECEF) coordinate frame.
% INPUTS:
% - X: Position along ECEF X-axis
% - Y: Position along ECEF Y-axis
% - Z: Position along ECEF Z-axis
% OUTPUTS:
% - Lat: Position of Latitude on Earth
    - Long: Longitudinal position on Earth
% - Alt: Height above geodectic surface (WGS84)
% AUTHOR(S): Noah Miller (nsm0014@auburn.edu)
% DATE: 10/21/2022
function [Lat, Long, Alt] = xyz2llh(X,Y,Z)
% Defining Earth's Constants
a = 6378137;
                                 % Semi-major axis [m]
f = 1/298.257223563;
                                 % Ellipsoid flattening
                                 % Semi-minor axis [m]
b = a*(1-f);
e = sqrt(((a^2) - (b^2))/a^2); % Eccentricity of The Earth
% Initializing Convergence loop for Latitude
Lat = atan2(Z, (sqrt(X^2 + Y^2)*(1-e^2)));
for i = 1:10000
    N = a / sqrt(1-e^2*sin(Lat).^2);
                                                               % Local Vertical
    Alt = (\operatorname{sqrt}(X^2 + Y^2)/\cos(\operatorname{Lat})) - N;
                                                               % Height [m]
    Lat = atan2(\mathbb{Z}, (sqrt(\mathbb{X}^2 + \mathbb{Y}^2)*(1-e^2*(\mathbb{N}/(\mathbb{N}+\mathbb{Alt}))))); % Latitude
% Converting to degree-decimal
Long = (atan2(Y,X))*(180/pi);
Lat = Lat*(180/pi);
```