Quantity	Description	Formula	Notes
x_i	Position of node <i>i</i> in the point cloud.		
h_i^l	Node feature in layer <i>l</i>	$\sum_{j \in N(v_i)} \alpha_{ij} v_{ij}$	
$lpha_{ij}'$	Un-normalised attention coefficent	$q_i \cdot k_{ij}$	
α_{ij}	Normalised attention coefficient	$softmax_{j \in N(v_i)}(\alpha_{ij})$	We hardcode $\alpha_{ii}=1$
q_i^l	Query features for each the ith node in layer <i>I</i> .	$L(h_i^{l-1})$	L is a linear map constrained to be equivariant w.r.t SE(3) actions.
k_{ij}^l	Key features relating nodes i and j in layer I	$r_{ij} = x_i - x_j $ $x_{ij} = (x_i - x_j)/r_{ij}$ $\widehat{x_{ij}} = F(x_{ij})$ $w_{ij} = \phi(r_{ij})$ $k_{ij}^l = h_{ij}^l \bigotimes_{w_{ij}} \widehat{x_{ij}}$	F is the spherical Fourier transform. ϕ is an MLP. \bigotimes_{w} represents a (Clebsch-Gordan) tensor product where the weights are given by w .
v_{ij}	Values of the messages passed from node <i>i</i> to node <i>j</i>	As for k_{ij}	Separate MLPs are trained for obtaining the tensor product weights in $k_{i\mathrm{j}}$ and v_{ij}