# ver0: SPOTLIGHT's Ver0 Pipeline

ver0 is the zeroth version of **SPOTLIGHT**'s transient search pipeline. This pipeline is a temporary measure, until a fully online real-time pipeline is put into place. It is entirely offline, and is multi-beam, multi-node, and multi-GPU. It is only meant to run on the **Param Brahmand** system at the GMRT. Currently, it is being used to process data being collected as part of SPOTLIGHT's commensal operations in **GMRT's GTAC Cycle 48**.

#### **Quick Start**

To run it, follow these steps:

- Login in to the Param Brahmand system as the spotlight user.
- Navigate to the tdsoft directory (cd /lustre\_archive/apps/tdsoft).
- Source the env.sh file (source env.sh).
- Enter the ver0/ directory (cd ver0 or cd \$VERODIR).
- Add the observations you wish to process to assets/gtac.list.
- Then run: ./ver0 run -a OR ./ver0 run -r OR ./ver0 run -m. (See @notes.)

### i A few notes:

- 1. Before you run ver0, you need to fill in assets/gtac.list with the name of the observations you wish to process. These are the directory names for each observation, as recorded at /lustre\_data/spotlight/data, with one directory name on each line. The pipeline will go through them one-by-one, and process all scans in each observation sequentially until it is done.
- 2. Note that two pre-existing node lists are already provided for you:
  - assets/nodes.list.all: A list of all 36 nodes available on Rack 1 and Rack 2. This list is only supposed to be used when the correlator is off, which is when all these nodes are available for offline processing.
  - assets/nodes.list.ltd: A list of 4 nodes in Rack 2: rggpu36, rggpu37, rggpu38, and rggpu39. These are the nodes which are available regardless of whether the correlator is operational or not. This allows us to run the pipeline alongside the correlator.

ver0 has the ability to pick one of these subsets. By default, it will pick all 36 nodes to run the pipeline; one can explicitly select this mode by running ./ver0 run -a or ./ver0 run --all. This checks if the correlator is running, and will prevent it from running if it is not already doing so. If one wishes to run the analysis on just the 4 nodes in nodes.list.ltd, then one should run the pipeline with ./ver0 run -r or ./ver0 run --restricted. Note that this will run whether or not the

correlator is running or not, since the nodes it uses are not used by the correlator. In case a different set of nodes is required to run the pipeline, one should manually edit the assets/nodes.list file before running the pipeline, and then run it with ./ver0 run -m or ./ver0 run --manual.

3. Since the pipeline does take some time to run, one can run it inside a detached terminal via screen. To do so, create a new terminal using screen -S <NAME>, source the env.sh file, run ver0.sh as instructed above, and then detach by pressing Ctrl + A and then D. To reattach, just run screen -r <NAME>, where NAME is the name you gave to the terminal when you created it. This can prevent a disturbance in, or disconnection of, the SSH connection from killing or interrupting the pipeline's run.

### **Usage**

For more help on the ver0 script, just run ./ver0 or ./ver0 help. It should show something like this the screenshot displayed in Figure 1.

From Figure 1, we can see that the ver0 script provides the following commands:

- run: Runs the pipeline. Requires no input. The user should fill the gtac.list file with the GTAC observations they wish to process, and then run this command as: ./ver0 run. The pipeline will automatically pick up multiple scans from each observation (if present), and process them sequentially. It will then proceed to analyse the next observation. No intervention is required from the side of the user.
- kill: Kills the pipeline. The pipeline uses background processes run via SSH, and so the pipeline does not die immediately if interrupted via kill, or via Ctrl + C (that is, SIGINT). Thus, to actually kill the pipeline, one must run ./ver0 kill.



#### Warning

Note that the ver0 kill command kills all processes run by the spotlight user in each compute node listed in nodes.list. THIS SHOULD BE USED CAUTIOUSLY, lest it kill the SPOTLIGHT correlator as well.

- verify: Verifies that a run of the pipeline has gone through as it should. This checks if:
  - The filterbank files have been extracted properly from the raw files.
  - All filterbank files have been analysed successfully by AstroAccelerate.
  - Features have been extracted for all candidates from each beam.
  - All candidates from all beams have been successfully classified.

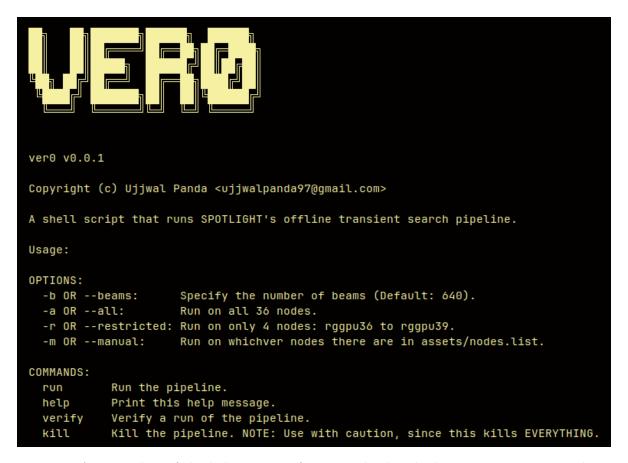


Figure 1: A screenshot of the help message for ver0, displayed when you just run it without any arguments, or if you run it as ./ver0 help.

In case any of these processes fails, the user is informed.

• help: Show the help message shown above in the screenshot.

#### **Details**

Multiple beams are dumped from a ring buffer to disk, time sliced and concatenated together into a single raw file. For each observation, a directory is create according to its GTAC code, date, and time, in /lustre\_data/spotlight/data. The raw files are dumped into the BeamData subdirectory. The xtract2fil package then extracts each beams and dumps it into a separate filterbank file in the FilData subdirectory. The pipeline then distributes the jobs across the nodes specified in nodes.list, and their individual GPUs, using the distribute.py script. This information is stored in text files in /tmp, for both the pre (essentially all of AstroAccelerate) and post (clustering + feature extraction + classification) stages. Then, both the pre and post stages are run. Dedispersion, single pulse search, peak filtering, and so on are carried out using the AstroAccelerate pipeline. Candidates are then clustered in cluster.py, features are extracted from each of them using candies in candify.py, and then each candidate is classified using FETCH in classify.py. The pipeline outputs and logs are dumped into the FRBPipeData subdirectory. In case the observation consists of multiple scans, the FilData and FRBPipeData subdirectories will have directories for each individual scan, and each of these directories will have the filterbank files and pipeline outputs respectively for each scan.

## **Directory Structure**

A typical directory structure looks like this:

```
48_116_20250418_021733

BeamData/
FilData/
SN2004DK_20250418_041550/
BM0/BM0.fil
BM1/BM1.fil

BM639/BM639.fil
FRBPipeData/
SN2004DK_20250418_041550/
BM0/
curfile.txt
candidates.csv
global_peaks.dat
```

```
peak_analysed-t_0.00-dm_0.00-153.60.dat
  peak_analysed-t_1313.57-dm_1536.00-2048.00.dat
  filtered_candidates.csv
  MJD60782.9482027_T1027.4524000_DM55.90000_SNR49423.81200.h5
 MJD60782.9482027 T999.2916000 DM0.60000 SNR10.35349.h5
BM1/...
BM639/...
classification.csv
VERO.rggpu36.0.txt
VERO.rggpu37.0.txt
VERO.rggpu38.0.txt
VERO.rggpu39.0.txt
VERO.rggpu36.1.txt
VERO.rggpu37.1.txt
VERO.rggpu38.1.txt
VERO.rggpu39.1.txt
```

The following files are dropped as part of the pipeline's output:

- A global\_peaks.dat file: Contains all the candidates from the single pulse search carried out via AstroAccelerate. This is a binary file, consisting of a list of 32-bit floating point numbers, with 4 values (the dispersion measure or DM, the arrival time, the SNR, and the width) per candidate.
- A candidates.csv file: Same as global\_peaks.dat, just converted to a CSV file.
- A filtered\_candidates.csv file: Contains the list of candidates after clustering.
- A number of \*.h5 files: Features for each candidates.
- A classification.csv file: Output from classification.

Note that the classification.csv file combines the output from all beams, and is placed outside the beam subdirectories.