

# Rat fall

February 14, 2019

```
In [1]: %matplotlib inline
```

```
import matplotlib
import numpy as np
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt

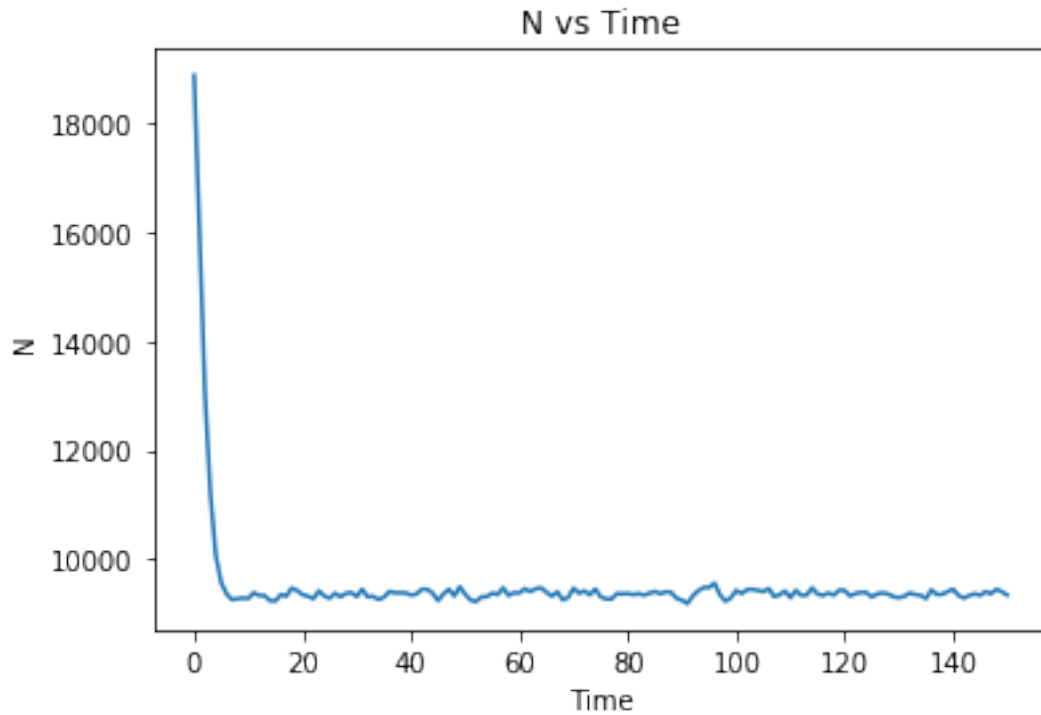
from matplotlib import animation, rc
from IPython.display import HTML

from astropy.stats import RipleysKEstimator
import seaborn as sns
```

```
In [2]: N = []
pos = []
age = []
count = 0
with open("ratFall.txt", "r") as f:
    for line in f:
        if line.startswith("#N: "):
            N.append(int(line.split(": ")[1]))
        elif line.startswith("#Position: "):
            cols = line.split()[1:]
            pos.append([float(i) for i in cols])
        elif line.startswith("#Age: "):
            cols = line.split()[1:]
            age.append([int(i) for i in cols])
```

```
In [3]: plt.plot(N)
plt.title("N vs Time")
plt.xlabel("Time")
plt.ylabel("N")
```

```
Out[3]: Text(0, 0.5, 'N')
```



```
In [4]: fig, ax = plt.subplots()

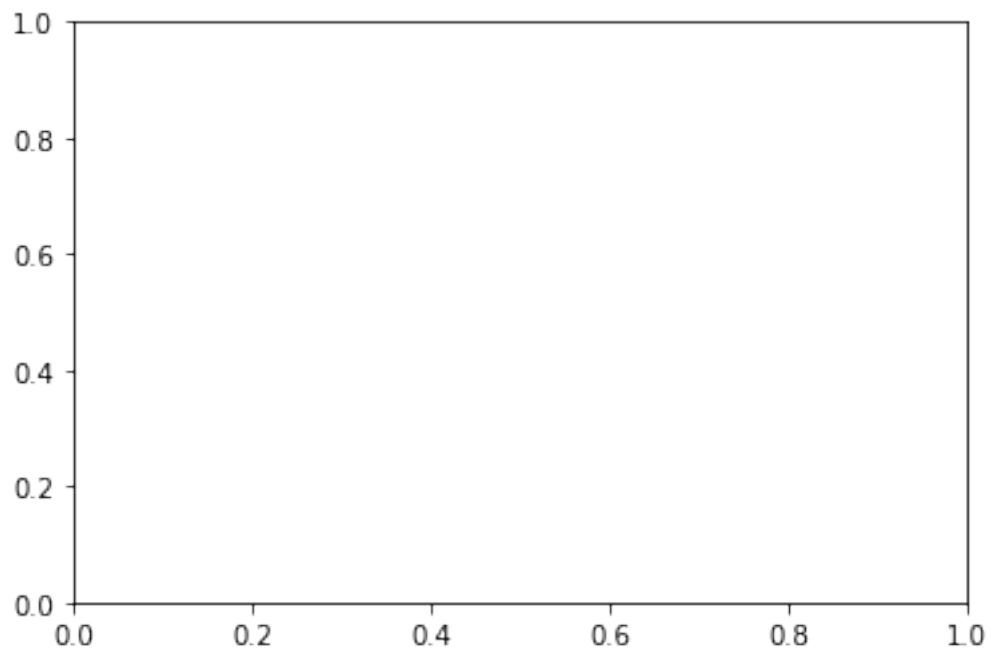
ax.set_xlim(( 0, 1))
ax.set_ylim((0, 1))

scat = ax.scatter([], [])

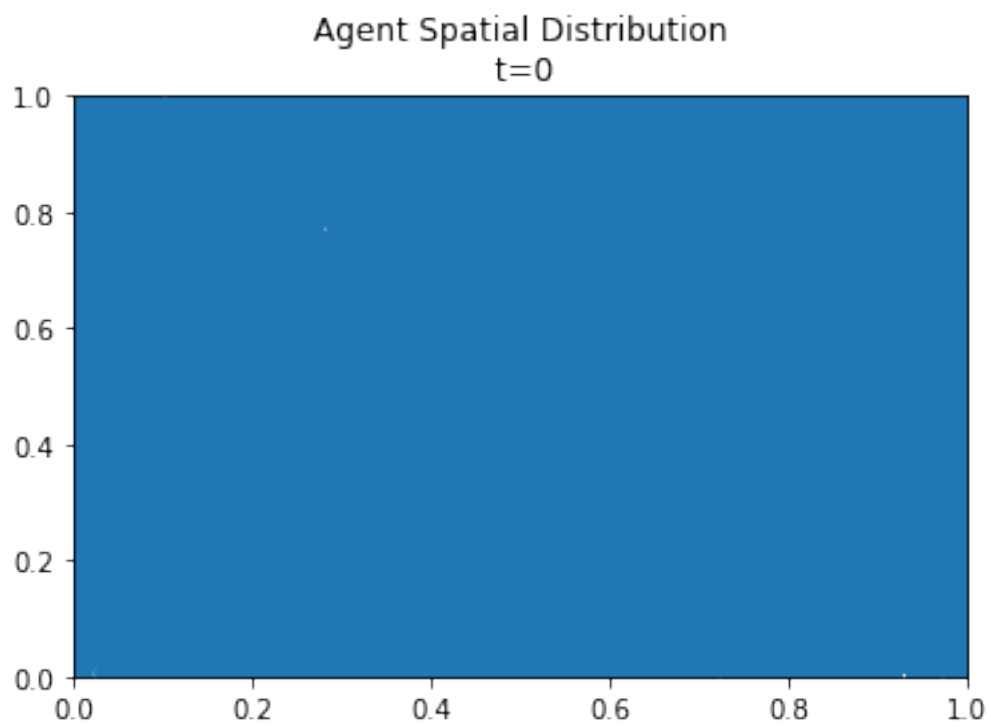
def init():
    scat.set_offsets(np.c_[[], []])
    return (scat)

def animate(i):
    x = pos[i][:2]
    y = pos[i][1:2]
    scat.set_offsets(np.c_[x, y])
    return (scat)

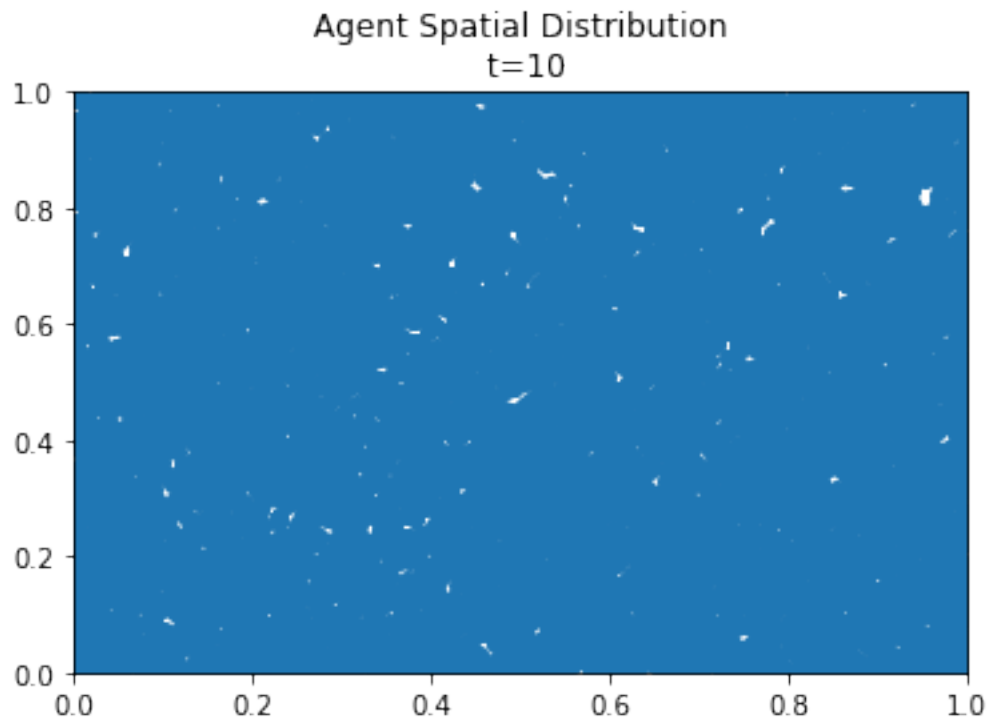
def plotSpace(i):
    x = pos[i][:2]
    y = pos[i][1:2]
    plt.scatter(x, y)
    plt.ylim(0, 1)
    plt.xlim(0, 1)
    plt.title("Agent Spatial Distribution\n t=" + str(i))
```



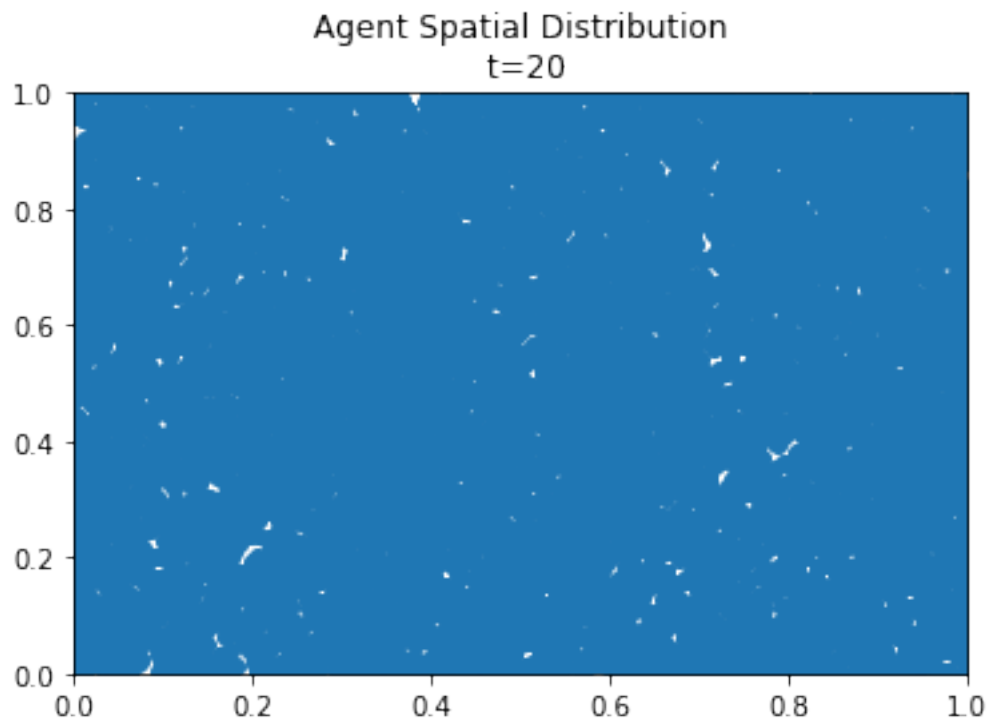
In [5]: `plotSpace(0)`



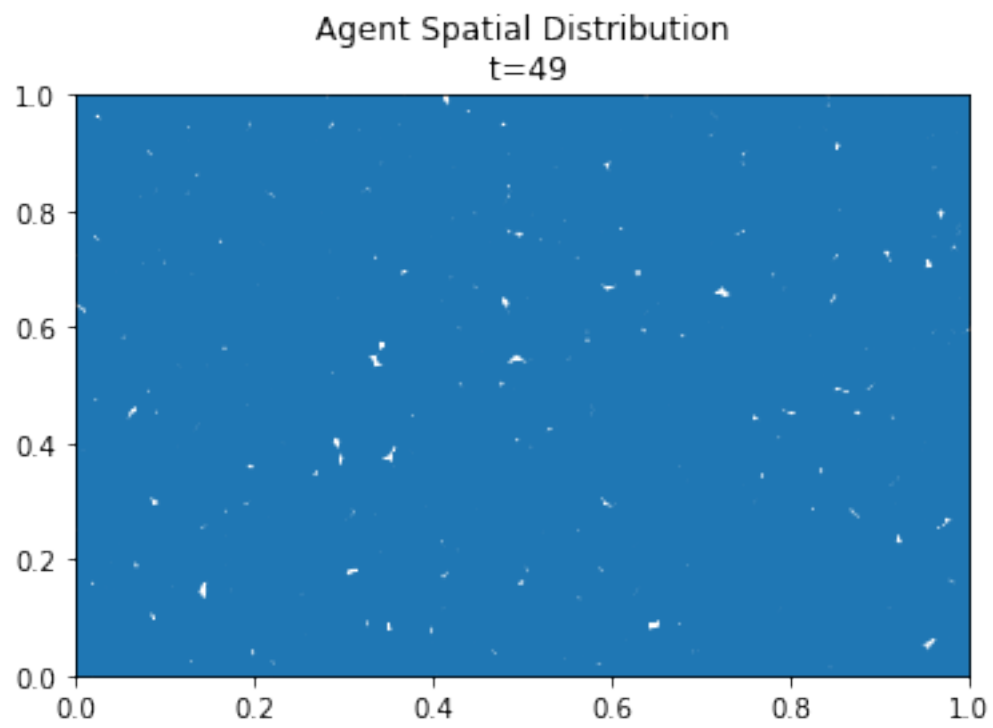
```
In [6]: plotSpace(10)
```



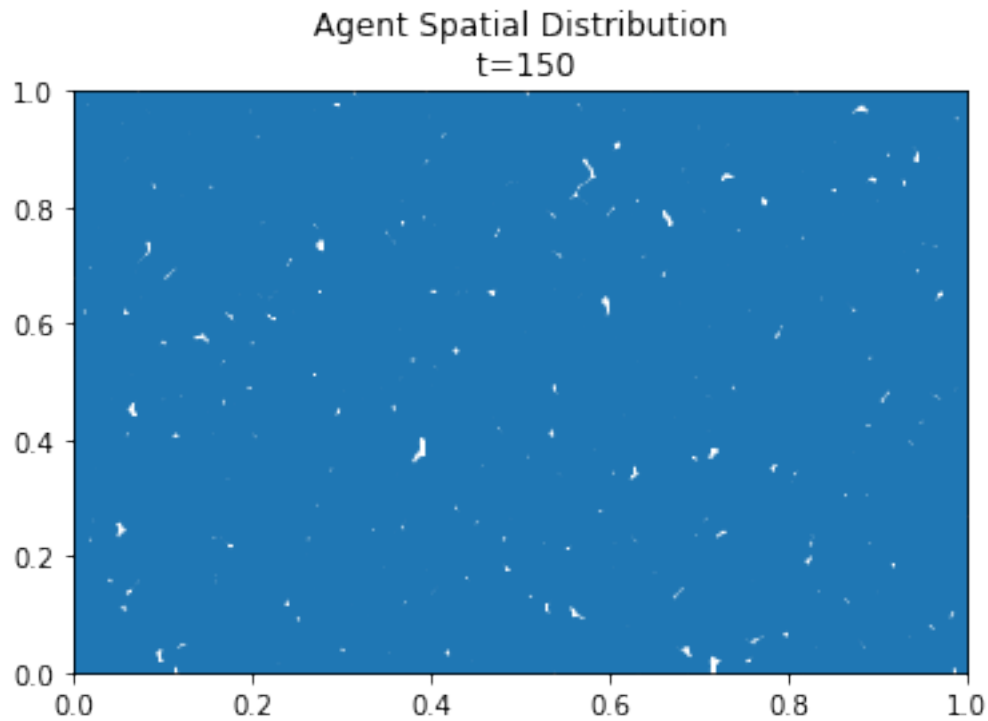
```
In [7]: plotSpace(20)
```



```
In [8]: plotSpace(49)
```



```
In [9]: plotSpace(150)
```



## 1 L Function

```
In [10]: def plotL(j):
    Kest = RipleysKEstimator(area=1, x_max=1, y_max=1, x_min=0, y_min=0)
    r = np.linspace(0, 1, 100)
    x = pos[j][::2]
    y = pos[j][1::2]
    z = np.array([[x[0], y[0]]])

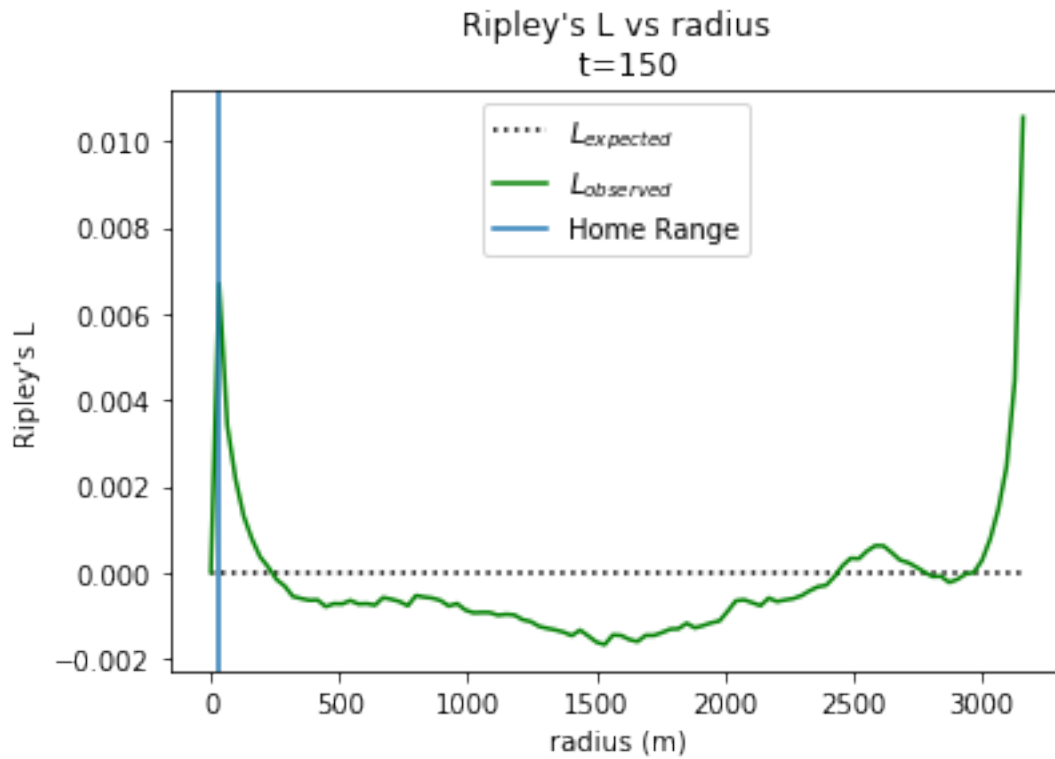
    d = ((10**0.5)*1000)
    x2 = [i*d for i in r]

    for i in range(1, len(x)):
        z = np.append(z, [[x[i], y[i]]], axis=0)
    plt.plot(x2, -r*(Kest.poisson(r)/np.pi)**0.5, color='black', ls=':', label=r'$L_{ex}$')
    plt.plot(x2, -r*(Kest(data=z, radii=r, mode='translation')/np.pi)**0.5, color='green',
             label=r'$L_{observed}$')
    plt.axvline(x=25, label=r'Home Range')
    plt.title("Ripley's L vs radius\n t="+str(j))
    plt.xlabel("radius (m)")
    plt.ylabel("Ripley's L")
    plt.legend()
```

```
In [33]: #plot2L(0)
```

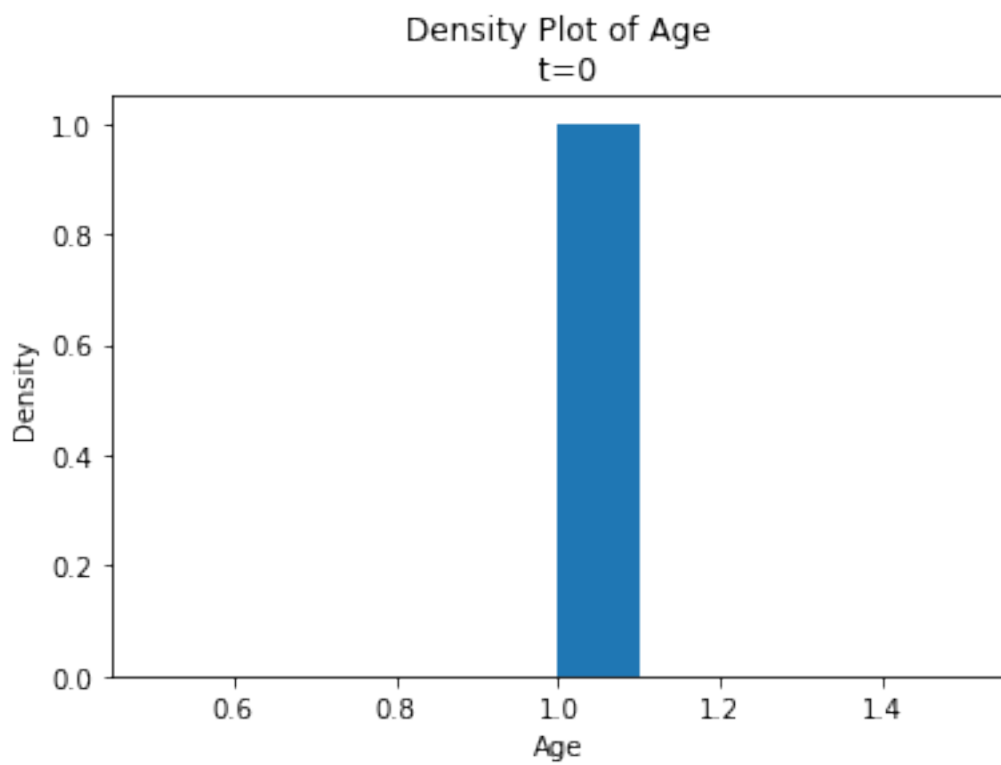
```
In [34]: #plot2L(49)
```

```
In [12]: plotL(150)
```



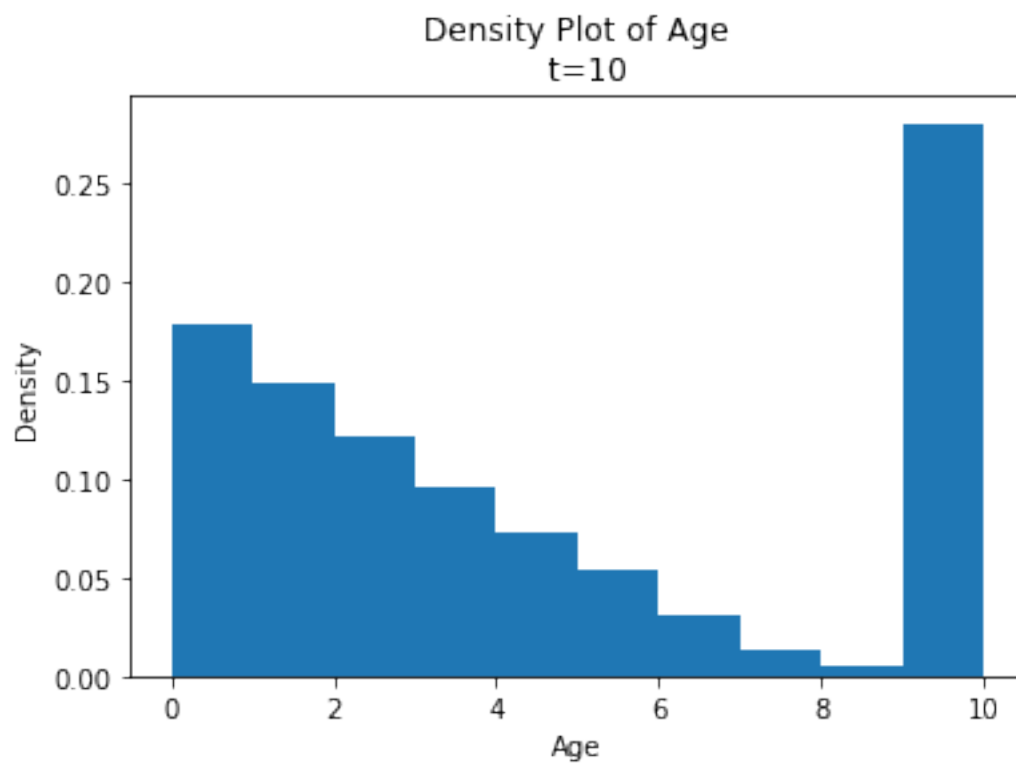
```
In [13]: def agePlot(i):  
    """sns.distplot(age[i], hist=True, kde=True,  
        color = 'darkblue',  
        hist_kws={'edgecolor': 'black'},  
        kde_kws={'linewidth': 4}, label="test")"""  
    weights = np.ones_like(age[i])/float(len(age[i]))  
    plt.hist(age[i], weights=weights)  
    plt.title("Density Plot of Age\n t="+str(i))  
    plt.xlabel("Age")  
    plt.ylabel("Density")
```

```
In [14]: agePlot(0)
```

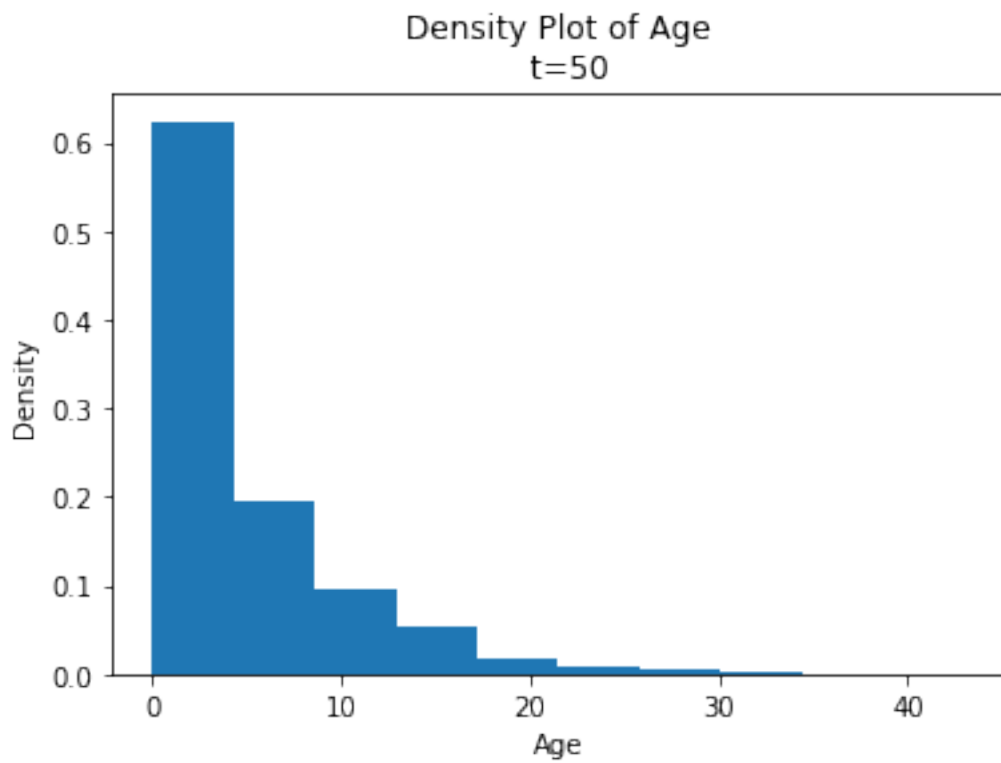


```
In [15]: agePlot(10)
```





```
In [16]: agePlot(50)
```



```
In [17]: agePlot(150)
```

