

Contents

SYSTEM ARCHITECTURE DOCUMENTATION	1
Application Overview	1
HIGH-LEVEL ARCHITECTURE	1
DETAILED ARCHITECTURE COMPONENTS	3
1. CLIENT LAYER	3
2. WEB SERVER LAYER	3
3. APPLICATION LAYER (Laravel MVC)	4
4. DATA LAYER	7
EXTERNAL INTEGRATIONS	8
Integration Details:	8
SECURITY ARCHITECTURE	8
PERFORMANCE OPTIMIZATION	9
1. Frontend Optimization	9
2. Backend Optimization	9
3. Caching Strategy	10
SCALABILITY ARCHITECTURE	10
Current Setup (Single Server)	10
Scalability Roadmap (Future)	10
DEPLOYMENT ARCHITECTURE	11
Development Environment	11
Production Environment	11
CI/CD Pipeline (Git-based Deploy)	11
MONITORING & LOGGING	12
Application Monitoring	12
TECHNOLOGY STACK SUMMARY	12
SYSTEM REQUIREMENTS	13
Server Minimum Requirements:	13
PHP Extensions Required:	13
BACKUP & DISASTER RECOVERY	13
DOCUMENTATION & SUPPORT	14

SYSTEM ARCHITECTURE DOCUMENTATION

Application Overview

Application Name: Koperasi Karyawan Digital Platform

Architecture Pattern: MVC (Model-View-Controller)

Framework: Laravel 11.x

Deployment Model: Monolithic Web Application

Platform: Web-based (Responsive PWA-ready)

HIGH-LEVEL ARCHITECTURE

CLIENT LAYER

Desktop Browser	Tablet Browser	Mobile Browser
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HTTPS (SSL/TLS)

WEB SERVER LAYER

Nginx / Apache HTTP Server

- SSL Termination
- Static Asset Serving
- Reverse Proxy to PHP-FPM
- Gzip Compression

APPLICATION LAYER (Laravel)

ROUTING LAYER

web.php (Web Routes)	api.php (API Routes)
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MIDDLEWARE LAYER

- Authentication (Sanctum)
- Authorization (Policy, Gates)
- CSRF Protection
- Rate Limiting
- Session Management

CONTROLLER LAYER (MVC)

Member Controller	Finance Controller	Commerce Controller
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BUSINESS LOGIC LAYER

- Validation
- Data Processing
- Business Rules Enforcement

MODEL LAYER (Eloquent ORM)

Member Model	Loan Model	Product Model
		...
- Relationships		
- Accessors & Mutators		
- Eloquent Scopes		

VIEW LAYER (Blade)

- Template Rendering
- Alpine.js (Frontend Reactivity)
- Tailwind CSS (Styling)

DATABASE LAYER (MySQL 8.0)	STORAGE LAYER (Files)	CACHE LAYER (File/Redis)
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DETAILED ARCHITECTURE COMPONENTS

1. CLIENT LAYER

Supported Browsers: - Chrome 90+ - Firefox 88+ - Safari 14+ - Edge 90+

Technologies: - **HTML5** - Semantic markup - **CSS3** - Tailwind CSS framework - **JavaScript (ES6+)** - Alpine.js for reactivity - **Responsive Design** - Mobile-first approach

Features: - Progressive Web App (PWA) ready - Offline capability (service workers) - Push notifications support

2. WEB SERVER LAYER

Nginx Configuration (Production):

```
server {
    listen 80;
    server_name kopkarskf.com;
    return 301 https://$server_name$request_uri;
}

server {
    listen 443 ssl http2;
    server_name kopkarskf.com;
    root /var/www/koperasi/public;

    ssl_certificate /etc/letsencrypt/live/kopkarskf.com/fullchain.pem;
```

```

ssl_certificate_key /etc/letsencrypt/live/kopkarskf.com/privkey.pem;

index index.php index.html;

location / {
    try_files $uri $uri/ /index.php?$query_string;
}

location ~ \.php$ {
    fastcgi_pass unix:/var/run/php/php8.2-fpm.sock;
    fastcgi_index index.php;
    fastcgi_param SCRIPT_FILENAME $document_root$fastcgi_script_name;
    include fastcgi_params;
}

# Static assets caching
location ~* \.(jpg|jpeg|png|gif|ico|css|js|svg|woff|woff2)$ {
    expires 365d;
    add_header Cache-Control "public, immutable";
}
}

```

3. APPLICATION LAYER (Laravel MVC)

A. Routing Layer

```

// routes/web.php
Route::middleware(['auth', 'verified'])->group(function () {
    Route::get('/dashboard', [DashboardController::class, 'index'])
        ->name('dashboard');

    Route::resource('members', MemberController::class);
    Route::resource('loans', LoanController::class);
    Route::resource('products', ProductController::class);
    // ... more routes
});

```

Route Groups: - auth - Authenticated users only - verified - Email verified users - role:admin - Admin-only access - throttle - Rate limiting

B. Middleware Stack

```

// app/Http/Kernel.php
protected $middlewareGroups = [
    'web' => [
        \App\Http\Middleware\EncryptCookies::class,
        \Illuminate\Cookie\Middleware\AddQueuedCookiesToResponse::class,
        \Illuminate\Session\Middleware\StartSession::class,
        \Illuminate\View\Middleware\ShareErrorsFromSession::class,
        \App\Http\Middleware\VerifyCsrfToken::class,
        \Illuminate\Routing\Middleware\SubstituteBindings::class,
        \App\Http\Middleware\GlobalSettings::class, // Custom
    ],
];

```

Custom Middleware: - GlobalSettings - Load koperasi settings for all requests - RoleMiddleware - Role-based access control - AuditMiddleware - Log user activities

C. Controller Layer Controller Structure:

```
app/Http/Controllers/  
  Auth/  
    LoginController.php  
    RegisterController.php  
  MemberController.php  
  SavingController.php  
  LoanController.php  
  TransactionController.php  
  ProductController.php  
  JournalController.php  
  DocumentController.php  
  ... (50+ controllers)
```

Example Controller Pattern:

```
namespace App\Http\Controllers;  
  
class LoanController extends Controller  
{  
    public function index()  
    {  
        // Authorization check  
        $this->authorize('viewAny', Loan::class);  
  
        // Business logic  
        $loans = Loan::with(['member', 'payments'])  
            ->when(request('status'), function($q, $status) {  
                $q->where('status', $status);  
            })  
            ->paginate(20);  
  
        // Return view  
        return view('loans.index', compact('loans'));  
    }  
  
    public function store(Request $request)  
    {  
        // Validation  
        $validated = $request->validate([...]);  
  
        // Create loan with transaction  
        DB::transaction(function() use ($validated) {  
            $loan = Loan::create($validated);  
            $loan->generatePayments();  
            $loan->createJournalEntry();  
        });  
  
        // Notification  
        event(new LoanCreated($loan));  
    }  
}
```

```

        return redirect()->route('loans.index');
    }
}

```

D. Model Layer (Eloquent ORM) Model Structure:

```

app/Models/
    User.php
    Member.php
    Saving.php
    Loan.php
    LoanPayment.php
    Product.php
    Transaction.php
    JournalEntry.php
    ... (60+ models)

```

Example Model:

```

namespace App\Models;

class Loan extends Model
{
    protected $fillable = [...];
    protected $casts = [
        'amount' => 'decimal:2',
        'approved_at' => 'datetime',
    ];

    // Relationships
    public function member() {
        return $this->belongsTo(Member::class);
    }

    public function payments() {
        return $this->hasMany(LoanPayment::class);
    }

    // Accessors
    public function getRemainingBalanceAttribute() {
        return $this->amount - $this->payments->sum('amount');
    }

    // Business Logic
    public function generatePayments() {
        // Complex calculation...
    }
}

```

E. View Layer (Blade Templates) View Structure:

```

resources/views/
layouts/
    app.blade.php (Master template)
    sidebar.blade.php
    navbar.blade.php

```

```

dashboard.blade.php
members/
    index.blade.php
    create.blade.php
    show.blade.php
loans/
products/
... (100+ blade files)

```

Technology Stack: - **Blade** - Laravel templating engine - **Alpine.js** - Lightweight reactive framework - **Tailwind CSS** - Utility-first CSS - **Chart.js** - Data visualization

4. DATA LAYER

A. Database (MySQL) Connection Pool:

```

// config/database.php
'mysql' => [
    'driver' => 'mysql',
    'host' => env('DB_HOST', '127.0.0.1'),
    'port' => env('DB_PORT', '3306'),
    'database' => env('DB_DATABASE', 'koperasi'),
    'username' => env('DB_USERNAME', 'root'),
    'password' => env('DB_PASSWORD', ''),
    'charset' => 'utf8mb4',
    'collation' => 'utf8mb4_unicode_ci',
    'strict' => true,
    'engine' => 'InnoDB',
],

```

Query Optimization: - Eager loading (N+1 prevention) - Index on foreign keys - Query result caching

B. File Storage Storage Structure:

```

storage/app/public/
    members/           → Member photos
    products/         → Product images
    documents/        → Uploaded docs
    logos/            → Koperasi logos
    announcements/   → Announcement images
    backups/          → Database backups

```

Storage Configuration:

```

// config/filesystems.php
'public' => [
    'driver' => 'local',
    'root' => storage_path('app/public'),
    'url' => env('APP_URL').'/storage',
    'visibility' => 'public',
],

```

C. Caching Layer Cache Strategy: - **Config Cache:** php artisan config:cache - **Route Cache:** php artisan route:cache - **View Cache:** php artisan view:cache - **Query Cache:** Result caching for expensive queries

```
// Example cached query
$members = Cache::remember('active_members', 3600, function() {
    return Member::where('status', 'active')->get();
});
```

EXTERNAL INTEGRATIONS

LARAVEL APPLICATION

Midtrans	SMTP	WhatsApp	QR Code	Google
Payment Gateway	Email API	Fonnte (Fonnte)	Server	Drive Backup

Integration Details:

Service	Purpose	Protocol	Config Location
Midtrans	Payment processing	REST API	.env (MIDTRANS_*)
SMTP (Gmail)	Email notifications	SMTP	.env (MAIL_*)
Fonnte/Twilio	WhatsApp messaging	REST API	.env (WHATSAPP_*)
QR Server	QR code generation	HTTP GET	Hardcoded URL
Google Drive	Cloud backup	OAuth 2.0	config/backup.php

SECURITY ARCHITECTURE

SECURITY LAYERS

1. TRANSPORT SECURITY
 - HTTPS/TLS 1.3
 - SSL Certificate (Let's Encrypt)

2. APPLICATION SECURITY
 - CSRF Token Protection
 - XSS Prevention (Blade escaping)
 - SQL Injection Prevention (Eloquent)
 - Password Hashing (bcrypt)
 - Rate Limiting (throttle middleware)

3. AUTHENTICATION & AUTHORIZATION
 - Laravel Sanctum (Session-based)
 - Role-Based Access Control (RBAC)
 - Policies & Gates

Multi-factor Authentication (planned)

4. DATA SECURITY

- Encrypted Sensitive Fields
- Audit Logging (all CRUD operations)
- Daily Encrypted Backups
- GDPR Compliance Ready

Security Best Practices: - All forms protected with CSRF token - User input sanitized & validated - Passwords never stored plain-text (bcrypt) - File uploads: type & size validation - API rate limiting: 60 requests/minute - Session timeout: 120 minutes

PERFORMANCE OPTIMIZATION

1. Frontend Optimization

ASSETS PIPELINE:

Source Files (CSS, JS, Images)

Laravel Mix (Asset compilation)

- Minify CSS
- Minify JS
- Image Opt

public/build/ (Optimized assets)

Techniques: - CSS/JS minification - Image lazy loading - WebP image format - Gzip compression - Browser caching (365 days for static)

2. Backend Optimization

Query Optimization:

```
// Bad: N+1 Problem
$members = Member::all();
foreach($members as $member) {
    echo $member->user->name; // N queries
}

// Good: Eager Loading
$members = Member::with('user')->get();
foreach($members as $member) {
    echo $member->user->name; // 2 queries only
}
```

Indexing: - All foreign keys indexed - Composite indexes for common queries - Unique constraints for business keys

3. Caching Strategy

```
// Configuration cache (production only)
php artisan config:cache
php artisan route:cache
php artisan view:cache

// Query result cache
Cache::remember('dashboard_stats', 600, function() {
    return [
        'total_members' => Member::count(),
        'total_savings' => Saving::sum('amount'),
        // ... expensive queries
    ];
});
```

SCALABILITY ARCHITECTURE

Current Setup (Single Server)

SINGLE VPS SERVER

Nginx + PHP-FPM + MySQL
RAM: 4GB
CPU: 2 cores
Storage: 50GB SSD

Capacity: ~100 concurrent users

Scalability Roadmap (Future)

Stage 1: Vertical Scaling - Upgrade VPS (4→8GB RAM, 2→4 CPU cores) - Capacity: ~500 concurrent users

Stage 2: Horizontal Scaling

Web Server Web Server Web Server
(Nginx) (Nginx) (Nginx)

Load
Balancer

Database
Master

Database
Replica

Stage 3: Microservices (Long-term) - Separate service for POS transactions - Separate service for reporting - Message queue (Redis/RabbitMQ) - API Gateway

DEPLOYMENT ARCHITECTURE

Development Environment

LARAGON (Windows)
- PHP 8.2
- MySQL 8.0
- Apache/Nginx
- Redis (optional)

Production Environment

VPS (Ubuntu 22.04 LTS)

Application Stack
Nginx 1.24
PHP 8.2 (FPM)
MySQL 8.0
Redis 7.0 (cache & sessions)
Supervisor (queue workers)

Security:
UFW Firewall
Fail2ban
SSL via Let's Encrypt

Backup:
Daily cron backup to Google Drive

CI/CD Pipeline (Git-based Deploy)

Local Dev

git push

GitHub/GitLab

```
git pull (on server)
```

Production Server

```
composer install  
php artisan migrate  
php artisan config:cache  
php artisan route:cache  
sudo systemctl reload php8.2-fpm
```

MONITORING & LOGGING

Application Monitoring

MONITORING STACK

1. Application Logs
storage/logs/laravel.log
2. Audit Logs
Database: audit_logs table
3. Error Tracking (Recommended)
Sentry / Bugsnag
4. Uptime Monitoring
UptimeRobot / Pingdom
5. Analytics
Google Analytics

Log Rotation:

```
# Laravel daily log rotation  
'daily' => [  
    'driver' => 'daily',  
    'path' => storage_path('logs/laravel.log'),  
    'level' => env('LOG_LEVEL', 'debug'),  
    'days' => 14,  
,
```

TECHNOLOGY STACK SUMMARY

Layer	Technology	Version
Backend	PHP	8.2+
Framework	Laravel	11.x
Database	MySQL	8.0+
Cache	File/Redis	7.0+

Layer	Technology	Version
Web Server	Nginx	1.24+
Frontend	Alpine.js	3.x
CSS	Tailwind CSS	3.x
PDF	DomPDF	2.x
Payments	Midtrans SDK	Latest
Version Control	Git	2.x
Deployment	Manual/Forge	-

SYSTEM REQUIREMENTS

Server Minimum Requirements:

- OS: Ubuntu 20.04+ / Debian 11+
- PHP: 8.2+
- MySQL: 8.0+ / MariaDB 10.6+
- RAM: 2GB minimum, 4GB recommended
- Storage: 50GB SSD
- Bandwidth: 100GB/month

PHP Extensions Required:

- OpenSSL
 - PDO (MySQL)
 - Mbstring
 - Tokenizer
 - XML
 - Ctype
 - JSON
 - BCMath
 - GD / Imagick
 - Zip
-

BACKUP & DISASTER RECOVERY

BACKUP ARCHITECTURE

Daily Backup (Automated – 02:00 AM)

1. Database Dump (SQL)
2. File System (storage/)
3. .env file

Encrypt with GPG

[Upload to Google Drive](#)

Retention Policy:

- Daily: 30 days
- Weekly: 3 months
- Monthly: 1 year

Recovery Time Objective (RTO): < 4 hours

Recovery Point Objective (RPO): < 24 hours

DOCUMENTATION & SUPPORT

Architecture Documentation: - System Architecture: ARCHITECTURE.md (this file) - Database Schema: DATABASE_SCHEMA.md - Features List: FEATURES.md - Deployment Guide: DEPLOYMENT.md - API Reference: API_DOCUMENTATION.md (if needed)

Technical Support: - Email: dev@kopkarskf.com - Issue Tracker: GitHub Issues (if open-source)

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