



ADVANCED DATABASES

LAB 1

SUBMITTED BY: Neha Singh

COURSE: BCA Batch-5

SUBMITTED TO: Prof. Shubham Kumar Dubey

Experiment 1: To understand the concepts of PL/SQL programming.

1. Write a PL/SQL code to accept the values of A, B & C display which is greater.

Ans: DECLARE

A NUMBER:=&A;

B NUMBER:=&B;

C NUMBER:=&C;

greatest NUMBER;

BEGIN

IF A>=B AND A>=C THEN greatest:=A;

ELSIF B>=A AND B>=C THEN greatest:=B;

ELSE greatest := C;

END IF;

DBMS_OUTPUT.PUT_LINE('the greatest number is' || greatest);

END;

Output:

```
SQL> DECLARE
      A NUMBER:=7;
      B NUMBER:=8;
      C NUMBER:=3;...
Show more...
```

```
the greatest number is8
```

```
PL/SQL procedure successfully completed.
```

```
Elapsed: 00:00:00.008
```

2. Using PL/SQL statements, create a simple loop that displays the message "Welcome to PL/SQL Programming" 20 times.

Ans .

BEGIN

FOR I IN 1..20 LOOP

DBMS_OUTPUT.PUT_LINE('WELCOME TO PL/SQL PROGRAMMING');

END LOOP;

END;

Output:

```
WELCOME TO PL/SQL PROGRAMMING
WELCOME TO PL/SQL PROGRAMMING
WELCOME TO PL/SQL PROGRAMMING
WELCOME TO PL/SQL PROGRAMMING
WELCOME TO PL/SQL PROGRAMMING
WELCOME TO PL/SQL PROGRAMMING
WELCOME TO PL/SQL PROGRAMMING
WELCOME TO PL/SQL PROGRAMMING
WELCOME TO PL/SQL PROGRAMMING
WELCOME TO PL/SQL PROGRAMMING
WELCOME TO PL/SQL PROGRAMMING
WELCOME TO PL/SQL PROGRAMMING
WELCOME TO PL/SQL PROGRAMMING
WELCOME TO PL/SQL PROGRAMMING
WELCOME TO PL/SQL PROGRAMMING
WELCOME TO PL/SQL PROGRAMMING
WELCOME TO PL/SQL PROGRAMMING
WELCOME TO PL/SQL PROGRAMMING
WELCOME TO PL/SQL PROGRAMMING
WELCOME TO PL/SQL PROGRAMMING
```

PL/SQL procedure successfully completed.

3. Write a PL/SQL code block to find the factorial of a number.

Ans. DECLARE

N NUMBER:=&N;

F NUMBER:=1;

BEGIN

FOR I IN 1..N LOOP

```

        F:=F*I;

    END LOOP;

    DBMS_OUTPUT.PUT_LINE

    ('FACTORIAL FOR THE NUMBER'|| N|| 'IS ' ||F);

END;

```

Output:

```

SQL> DECLARE
      N NUMBER:=5;
      F NUMBER:=1;
      BEGIN...
Show more...

FACTORIAL FOR THE NUMBER5IS 120

PL/SQL procedure successfully completed.

Elapsed: 00:00:00.006

```

4. Write a PL/SQL program to generate Fibonacci series.

Ans. DECLARE

```

n NUMBER := &n;
n1 NUMBER :=0;
n2 NUMBER :=1;
sum NUMBER;

BEGIN

    DBMS_OUTPUT.PUT_LINE(n1);
    DBMS_OUTPUT.PUT_LINE(n2);

```

```

FOR i IN 3..n LOOP

    sum:=n1+n2;

    n1:=n2;

    n2:=sum;

    DBMS_OUTPUT.PUT_LINE

        (sum);

END LOOP;

END;

```

Output:

```

SQL> DECLARE
      n NUMBER := 5;
      n1 NUMBER :=0;
      n2 NUMBER :=1;...
Show more...

```

```

0
1
1
2
3

```

```

PL/SQL procedure successfully completed.

```

5. Write a PL/SQL code to find the sum of the first N numbers.

Ans. DECLARE

```

      n  NUMBER := &n;

      sum NUMBER := 0;

BEGIN

      FOR i IN 1..n LOOP

```

```
        sum := sum + i;

END LOOP;

DBMS_OUTPUT.PUT_LINE('Sum of first ' || n || ' numbers is: ' || sum);

END;
```

Output:

```
SQL> DECLARE
      n    NUMBER := 5;
      sum  NUMBER := 0;
  BEGIN...
```

[Show more...](#)

```
Sum of first 5 numbers is: 15
```

```
PL/SQL procedure successfully completed.
```

```
Elapsed: 00:00:00.007
```