



ADVANCED DATABASES

LAB 1

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COURSE: BCA Batch-5

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Experiment 1: To understand the concepts of PL/SQL programming.

1. Write a PL/SQL code to accept the values of A, B & C display which is greater.

Ans:

```
DECLARE
  A NUMBER:=&A;
  B NUMBER:=&B;
  C NUMBER:=&C;
  greatest NUMBER;
BEGIN
  IF A>=B AND A>=C THEN greatest:=A;
  ELSIF B>=A AND B>=C THEN greatest:=B;
  ELSE greatest := C;
END IF;
DBMS_OUTPUT.PUT_LINE('the greatest number is'||greatest);
END;
```

Output:

```
SQL> DECLARE
      A NUMBER:=7;
      B NUMBER:=8;
      C NUMBER:=3;...
Show more...
```

```
the greatest number is8
```

```
PL/SQL procedure successfully completed.
```

```
Elapsed: 00:00:00.008
```

2. Using PL/SQL statements, create a simple loop that displays the message "Welcome to PL/SQL Programming" 20 times.

```
Ans.  
BEGIN  
    FOR I IN 1..20 LOOP  
        DBMS_OUTPUT.PUT_LINE('WELCOME TO PL/SQL PROGRAMMING');  
    END LOOP;  
END;
```

Output:

```
WELCOME TO PL/SQL PROGRAMMING  
WELCOME TO PL/SQL PROGRAMMING
```

PL/SQL procedure successfully completed.

3. Write a PL/SQL code block to find the factorial of a number.

Ans. DECLARE

```
    N NUMBER:=&N;
```

```
    F NUMBER:=1;
```

```
BEGIN
```

```
    FOR I IN 1..N LOOP
```

```
F:=F*I;  
END LOOP;  
  
DBMS_OUTPUT.PUT_LINE  
('FACTORIAL FOR THE NUMBER'|| N|| 'IS ' ||F);  
  
END;
```

Output:

```
SQL> DECLARE  
      N NUMBER:=5;  
      F NUMBER:=1;  
BEGIN...  
Show more...
```

```
FACTORIAL FOR THE NUMBER5IS 120
```

```
PL/SQL procedure successfully completed.
```

```
Elapsed: 00:00:00.006
```

4. Write a PL/SQL program to generate Fibonacci series.

Ans. DECLARE

```
n NUMBER := &n;  
n1 NUMBER :=0;  
n2 NUMBER :=1;  
sum NUMBER;  
  
BEGIN  
DBMS_OUTPUT.PUT_LINE(n1);  
DBMS_OUTPUT.PUT_LINE(n2);
```

```
FOR i IN 3..n LOOP
    sum:=n1+n2;
    n1:=n2;
    n2:=sum;
    DBMS_OUTPUT.PUT_LINE
        (sum);
END LOOP;
END;
```

Output:

```
SQL> DECLARE
      n NUMBER := 5;
      n1 NUMBER :=0;
      n2 NUMBER :=1;...
Show more...
```

```
0
1
1
2
3
```

```
PL/SQL procedure successfully completed.
```

5. Write a PL/SQL code to find the sum of the first N numbers.

Ans. DECLARE

```
n NUMBER := &n;
sum NUMBER := 0;
BEGIN
    FOR i IN 1..n LOOP
```

```
    sum := sum + i;  
END LOOP;  
  
DBMS_OUTPUT.PUT_LINE('Sum of first ' || n || ' numbers is: ' || sum);  
END;
```

Output:

```
SQL> DECLARE  
      n    NUMBER := 5;  
      sum NUMBER := 0;  
BEGIN...  
Show more...
```

```
Sum of first 5 numbers is: 15
```

```
PL/SQL procedure successfully completed.
```

```
Elapsed: 00:00:00.007
```