

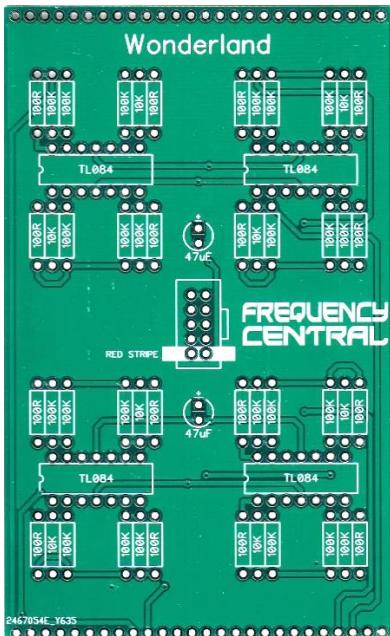
# FREQUENCY CENTRAL

Build documentation for:

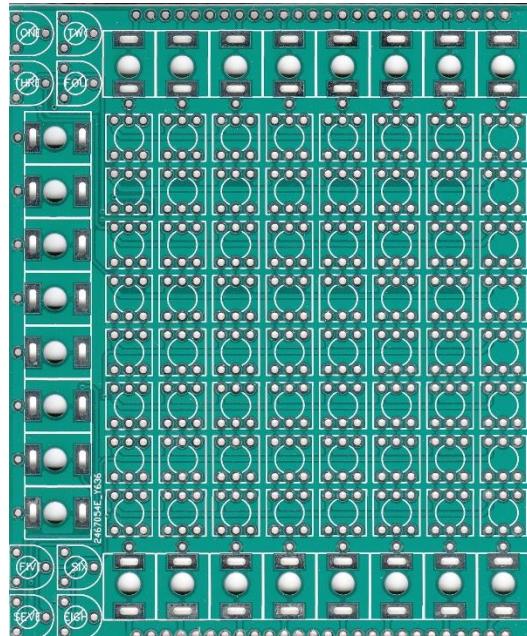
## WONDERLAND

8 x 8 patchbay/matrix mixer/switcher with normal and inverted outputs and micro-attenuators

Main PCB



Control PCB



Wonderland is an 8x8 patchbay/matrix mixer/switcher. It features:

- 8 inputs (1 through to 8), each with micro-attenuators (which can be set with a small screwdriver)
- 8 inverted outputs (A through to H) which are 180° out of phase with the inputs
- 8 normal outputs (A through to H) which are in phase with the inputs
- A switch matrix of 64 push on/push off switches

Any of the 8 inputs can be patched to any of the 8 outputs simply by pressing the corresponding switches. A patched signal will appear at both normal and inverted outputs simultaneously.

A single input can be patched to a single output. A single input can be patched to multiple outputs. Multiple inputs can be patched to a single output. Multiple inputs can be patched to multiple outputs.

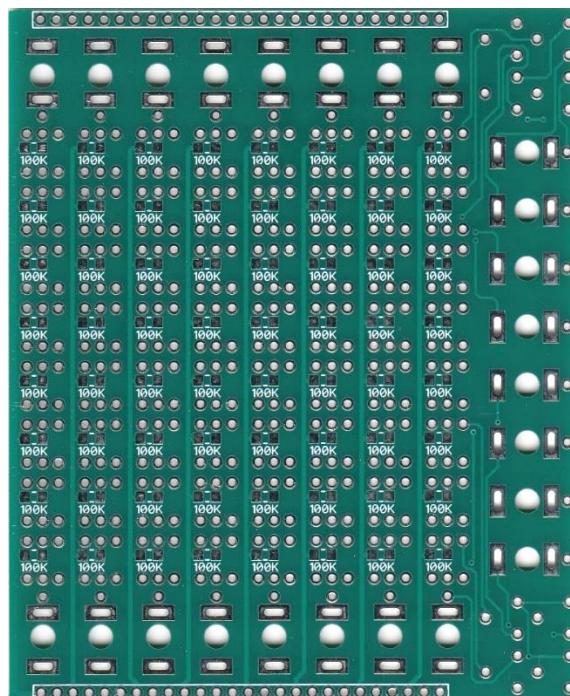
Each input features a micro-attenuator which can be set with a small screwdriver. This space saving feature allows you to reduce the volume of an incoming signal without having to resort to external attenuators. If you add many inputs to one output you will of course cause clipping (which may or may not be desirable!), the micro-attenuators are your on-board way around this. I find it useful to leave the micro-attenuators set to 50% (which is how they come pre-set at delivery). Of course, their size is a little bit of a compromise, but they are a useful feature nonetheless. Wonderland's sister module [Looking Glass](#) includes full size input attenuators as well as LED status indicators.

<u><b>Bill of Materials</b></u>			
<u><a href="#">1/4 watt metal film:</a></u> 100R x 16 10K x 8 100K x 24  <u><a href="#">1/8 W 1% 0805 SMD:</a></u> 100K x 64	<u><a href="#">47uF electrolytic x 2</a></u>  <u><a href="#">TL084 x 4</a></u>  <u><a href="#">14 pin socket x 4</a></u>	<u><a href="#">Push button x 64</a></u>  <u><a href="#">Button caps x 64</a></u>  <u><a href="#">100K trimmer x 8</a></u>  <u><a href="#">3.5mm socket x 24</a></u>  <u><a href="#">Male 40 pin header</a></u> <u><a href="#">Female 40 pin header</a></u> <u><a href="#">10 pin box header x 1</a></u>	

### Control PCB rear – the SMD resistors

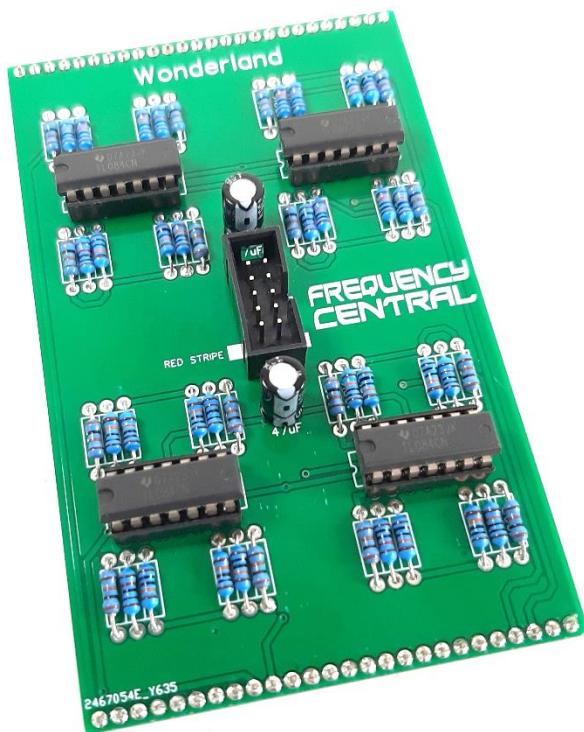
Wonderland uses 64 surface mount resistors on the rear of the Control PCB. This may sound intimidating if you haven't used SMD before, but it's quite easy really. We've even used larger 1206 pads to make it easier. We recommend that you use 0805 resistors. The combination of 1206 pads and 0805 resistors means that there is plenty of space to apply solder/heat around the resistor.

1. Lightly tin all SMD resistor pads on the PCB. This means that you should use your iron to heat each pad and apply a small amount of solder.
2. Pick up a 0805 resistor with tweezers and present it to the pads. While holding the resistor in place, heat the pad. This should hold the resistor in place. Now heat the other pad to complete the process of placing this resistor.
3. Sometimes it's worth retouching both pads just to make sure!



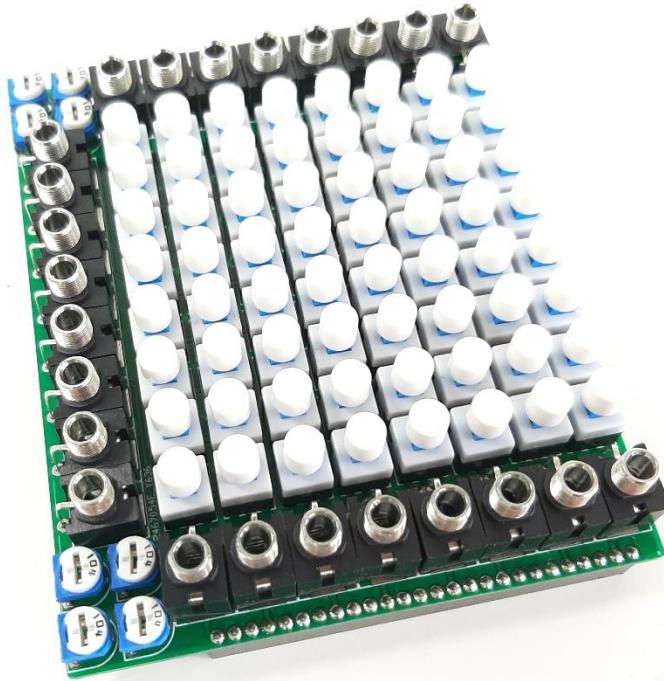
### **Main PCB front – the through hole components**

1. Solder all resistors - don't mix up the 100R and 100K
2. Solder all IC sockets
3. Solder the power header – if you're using box type, observe correct polarity
4. Solder all electrolytic capacitors
5. Cut male headers to size and solder them into place. Make sure that they stick out of the bottom of the PCB.



### **Control PCB assembly**

1. Solder the 8 x micro-attenuators (trimmers)
2. Place all 64 push buttons onto the PCB. Place a piece of card (or similar) over all 64 push buttons. Flip the whole lot over and solder the push buttons into place.
3. Place all sockets on the PCB, making sure the ground tabs line up with the PCB's ground pads, then place the panel over them. This will assure that the sockets are correctly positioned. Flip the whole lot over and solder the sockets into place.
4. Cut female headers to size and solder them into place. Make sure that they stick out of the bottom of the PCB.



Make sure that you plug the **Main PCB** into the **Pots 'n' sockets PCB** the right way around – Frequency Central logo should be the right way up.

Hey Eurokidz! Tired of patch cables? Then throw them all away\* and use our nifty Wonderland patchbay/matrix mixer/switcher instead!

\*Well, not all of them, obviously.

RDH 09/06/22

<http://www.frequencycentral.co.uk/>