

Pittsburgh Modular — Gamesystem

• [Manual PDF](#)

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Modulation & Creative Patching with the Pittsburgh Modular Game System

The Pittsburgh Modular Game System is an innovative and deep multi-sequencer module for eurorack, featuring six "game modes" that excel at both traditional and experimental sequencing. With its **joystick, buttons, and fully voltage-controllable interface**, the Game System stands out for external modulation. The following are some patching and modulation ideas targeting **distorted percussion, aggressive basslines, and atmospheric pads**.

1. General Patch Ideas for Modulation

Voltage Control Possibilities

Every Game/CV control (LEFT, RIGHT, UP, DOWN, BUTTON, MODE, RESET, CLOCK) can be triggered or modulated via CV/gate input. This makes it perfect for **CV/Gate automation**, LFOs, random sources, or triggers to push the sequencer in unexpected directions.

Joystick/Step Modulation

- Use a chaotic LFO or stepped random (e.g., *Wobblebug*, *Pam's New Workout*, *Turing Machine*) patched to the UP/DOWN/LEFT/RIGHT CV inputs to automatically navigate the Game System's matrix/steps.
 - Envelope generators or rhythmic gates can "press" BUTTON or MODE, toggling modes or filling in steps—great for *live algorithmic changes*.
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2. Distorted Percussive Sounds

Best "Game": DRUM SEQUENCER (GAME 3)

- **Patch Tips:**
- Patch the Drum Sequencer gates (Outputs 1-4) to a variety of percussion voices (classic drum modules, analog noise sources, or even envelopes keying VCAs).
- Mult or stack the *same* gate output to trigger several modules for layered percussion.
- Send your percussion voices through wavefolders, saturation, or distortion modules for aggressive, industrial tones.
- Modulate the **joystick/cursor position** via *random* or *clocked stepped CV* to create erratic, glitchy fills—like random drum rolls or unexpected accent patterns.
- Use MODE input (CV) to automate flipping green/red sequencers for dynamic, evolving rhythm structures.

Supercharged Patches: - Patch a CV sequencer or stepped random voltage into UP/DOWN or LEFT/RIGHT to make the Drum Sequencer continuously select different steps (auto-drum fill generator!). - Mult a *noisy* gate output to both a drum voice and a distortion/wavefolder's CV input for interactive overdrive. - Run a clock divider into RESET or MODE for shifting groove accents and live muting.

3. Crazy Dubstep/Drum & Bass Basslines

Best "Games": MUSIC SEQUENCER (GAME 2), PROBABILITY MACHINE (GAME 5), EUCLIDEAN RHYTHMS (GAME 6)

- **Patch Tips:**
- Music Sequencer: Sequence 32 steps of 1V/oct bass (with slew on the output, if desired, for slides/portamento). Outputs are quantized for precise tuning. Patch through LPG with envelope for punch.
- For movement, automate joystick left/right (step select) and up/down (pitch) with a slow or chaotic CV—basslines evolve in real-time!
- Hold Joystick Button for "last step" resets to create *odd-length sequences* and polyrhythms, perfect for D&B.
- Use Probability Machine: Patch gate outputs to bass voice envelopes. CV outs can FM or modulate bass harmonics for unexpected timbral variety.
- In Euclidean mode: Automate sequence length/beats via LFOs or random CV for shifting, skittering syncopated bass.

Supercharged Patches: - Sync the Game System clock to your master clock for tight grooves, then modulate the clock division via CV for drop/build effects. - Clock-sync CV LFO into the BUTTON input and random source into RIGHT/LEFT for evolving steps. - Use the Probability Machine's paired CV/gates for bass voice cutoff and amplitude—randomized snarling movement. - Patch a gate out to flip a waveshaper or distortion's mode in sync with bass pattern hits.

4. Haunting Atmospheric Pads

Best "Games": MUSIC SEQUENCER, EUCLIDEAN RHYTHMS, TIME TRAVELLER

- **Patch Tips:**
- Use CV outs for slow-moving pitch or filter number sequences on dual/four-voice oscillators with long envelope releases.

- Use external LFO or random source into UP/DOWN and LEFT/RIGHT for generative cursor motion—notes or chord changes all drift unpredictably.
- In Time Traveller mode, send random or slow periodic voltages into joystick CVs for shifting polyrhythmic clocks that gate VCAs, filters, or reverb processors.
- Euclidean mode: Program lush, polyphonic sustained chords or pulses, modulate beat count for evolving textures.
- Use RESET or MODE button CV for sudden, ghostly pattern morphs.
- Run CV and gate outs through delay and reverb for deep space.

Supercharged Patches: - Mult the same CV output across several detuned oscillators for thickening. - Use the Game System's random CV sources (like Meteor Shower or Probability Machine) as slow modulator signals for *ambient washes*. - Slowly randomize clock speed or division via CV for warbling effect.

5. Combining CV Inputs for Maximum Modulation

- Chain your control sources: Set up a sequential switch or logic module feeding random, LFO, and envelope signals to the Game System's control inputs. This gives *real-time or automated variation* across all game modes.
- Stack clock divisions, clock multipliers, and logic signals to the CLOCK input for complex, non-repetitive rhythmic foundations.

Example Patch Chain for Chaotic Bass-Drum Combo: - Use Probability Machine in *crazy* mode for main bassline pitch sequence (CV out), clocked at double-time. - Drum Sequencer triggers main drums—MODULATE its cursor via a triggered random CV, driven in sync with Probability Machine gates for reactive percussion. - Patch gate outs to trigger distortions and amplitude/fold parameters for *bass grows*.

Further Reading and Resources

- [Game System Manual PDF \(official\)](#)
- [Pittsburgh Modular Game System Official Page](#)

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