

```
In[75]:= Clear["Global`*"]
```

Defining the variables

G : graviational constant

M_{gc} : GC mass

M_{BH} : BH mass

μ : M_{BH} / M_{gc}

r : GC - centric radius

a : Plummer scale length

x : r / a

```
In[76]:= $Assumptions = {G > 0, M_gc > 0, μ > 0, r > 0, a > 0, x > 0}
```

```
Out[76]= {G > 0, M_gc > 0, μ > 0, r > 0, a > 0, x > 0}
```

GC (Plummer)

```
In[77]:= PhiPlummer[x_] := - \frac{G * M_{gc}}{a \sqrt{1 + x^2}};
```

PhiPlummer[x]

```
Out[78]= - \frac{G M_{gc}}{a \sqrt{1 + x^2}}
```

```
In[79]:= PlummerDensity[x_] := \frac{3 M_{gc}}{4 \Pi a^3} (1 + x^2)^{-5/2};
```

PlummerDensity[x]

```
Out[80]= \frac{3 M_{gc}}{4 a^3 \pi (1 + x^2)^{5/2}}
```

BH (Kepler)

The black hole is assumed to be at the center of the GC.

Therefore, its potential is given by:

```
In[81]:= PhiKepler[x_] := - \frac{G * μ * M_{gc}}{a * x}
```

PhiKepler[x]

```
Out[82]= - \frac{G μ M_{gc}}{a x}
```

Velocity Dispersion

Create the potential

```
In[83]:= Phi[x_] := PhiPlummer[x] + PhiKepler[x]
Phi[x]
```

$$\text{Out[84]} = -\frac{G M_{gc}}{a \sqrt{1+x^2}} - \frac{G \mu M_{gc}}{a x}$$

```
In[85]:= dPhi[x_] := D[Phi[x], x]
dPhi[x]
```

$$\text{Out[86]} = \frac{G x M_{gc}}{a (1+x^2)^{3/2}} + \frac{G \mu M_{gc}}{a x^2}$$

The number density is given only by the Plummer potential (except directly at 0)

```
In[87]:= v[x_] := PlummerDensity[x] / Mgc
```

```
In[88]:= v[x]
```

$$\text{Out[88]} = \frac{3}{4 a^3 \pi (1+x^2)^{5/2}}$$

Actually do it

```
In[89]:= sig2 = \frac{1}{v[x]} Integrate[v[xp] * dPhi[xp], {xp, x, Infinity}]
```

$$\text{Out[89]} = -\frac{1}{6 a x (1+x^2)} G \left(-6 \mu - 36 x^2 \mu - 70 x^4 \mu - 56 x^6 \mu - 16 x^8 \mu + \right. \\ \left. 48 x^3 \sqrt{1+x^2} \mu + 48 x^5 \sqrt{1+x^2} \mu + 16 x^7 \sqrt{1+x^2} \mu + x \sqrt{1+x^2} (-1 + 16 \mu) \right) M_{gc}$$