# Presentation template

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# Literate Haskell sample

```
-- 120

fact 0 = 1

fact n = n * fact (n - 1)
```

# Пример слайда с кириллицей

### Теорема Пифагора

Основная формулировка содержит алгебраические действия — в прямоугольном треугольнике, длины катетов которого равны a и b, а длина гипотенузы — c, выполнено соотношение:

$$a^2 + b^2 = c^2.$$

### Пример программы

```
# Вычисление факториала числа n
def fact(n):
   if (n==1 or n==0):
     return 1
   else:
     return n * fact(n - 1)
```

#### First column

 You can use all Markdown features and directly embed LATEX

- Markdown lists
- With beautiful math:  $x^n + y^n = z^n$
- And *easy* **Markdown** styles

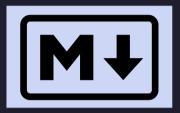
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- Beamer allows you to flexibly animate slides with \uncover<X> and \only<X>

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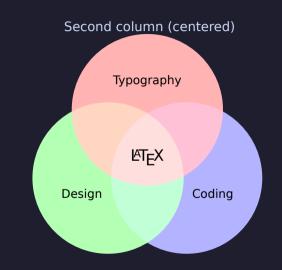
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- You can also use .png or .jpg but they usually look worse than .svg/.pdf
- Or you can dive deep into TikZ
- Links can also be embeded as QR codes into presentation with LATEX

### Second column (centered)



https://texample.net/tikz/examples/

#### Beamer macros

- \onslide<X> macro can be used inside of code listings to provide custom animations
- \setbeamercovered macro controls how the elements are displayed when they are supposed to be hidden
- In this example \setbeamercovered{transparent=40} makes elements dimmed instead of being hidden completely

```
# Factorial example
def factorial(n):
   if n < 2:
     return 1
   else:
    return n * factorial(n-1)</pre>
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### Conclusion

### Summary

- Pandoc = Markdown + ᡌT<sub>E</sub>X
- Please use this template and never open Google Slides PowerPoint ever again

