Языки разметки

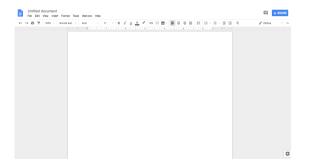
Инструментарий Современного Программиста

Иван Трепаков

NSU Sys.Pro

WYSIWYG vs WYSIWYM

What You See Is What You Get Microsoft Word, Google Docs



What You See Is What You Mean Markdown, LTEX, HTML



Google Docs

Markdown

Markdown

Полезные ресурсы

- Узнать Markdown за 60 секунд
- Markdown playground
- GitHub Flavored Markdown
- Pandoc User's Guide
- Presentation template



Документы и отчеты

- Pandoc
- Jupyter Notebook

Заметки

- vim
- Obsidian

Презентации

- pandoc + beamer
- Slidev
- reveal.js

Форматирование

- GitHub
- StackOverflow

Web-сайты

- GitHub pages
- Jekyll

Пример

\documentclass[12pt]{article}
\begin{document}

The well known Pythagorean theorem $x^2 + y^2 = z^2$ was proved to be invalid for other exponents. Meaning the next equation has no integer solutions:

$$[x^n + y^n = z^n]$$

 $\ensuremath{\mbox{\ensuremath{\mbox{end}}}} \ensuremath{\mbox{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\mbox{\ensuremath{\mbox{\ensuremath{\mbox{\ensuremath{\mbox{\ensuremath{\mbox{\ensuremath{\mbox{\ensuremath{\mbox{\ensuremath{\mbox{\ensuremath{\mbox{\ensuremath{\mbox{\ensuremath{\mbox{\ensuremath}\e$

The well known Pythagorean theorem $x^2+y^2=z^2$ was proved to be invalid for other exponents. Meaning the next equation has no integer solutions:

$$x^n + y^n = z^n$$

Полезные ресурсы

- Overleaf
- Узнать धТЕХ за 30 минут
- Russian template
- Beamer
- TikZ



Визуализация

Графы и диаграмы

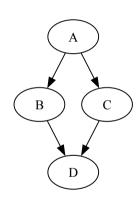
- Graphviz
- Gnuplot
- Mermaid
- Matplotlib
- TikZ

Graphviz

Пример

Полезные ресурсы

- Graphviz Documentation
- Graphviz Gallery
- Online-редактор



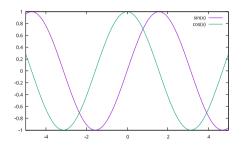
Gnuplot

Пример

```
$ gnuplot -p -e \
   "plot [-5:5] sin(x), cos(x)"
```

Полезные ресурсы

- Подробный туториал
- Gnuplot FAQ
- Галерея примеров



Q&A