1.	What is the output?	
	```int a[5] = {5, 1, 15, 20, 25};int i, j, m;i = ++a[1];j = a[1]++;m = a[i++];printf("%d, %d, %d", i, j, m);```	3, 2, 15
2.	What is the output?	
	```int arr[5], i=0;while(i<5) arr[i]=++i;for(i=0; i<5; i++) printf("%d, ", arr[i]);```	0, 1, 2, 3, 4,
3	What is the output?	16 4
	```float arr1[] = {12.4, 2.3, 4.5, 6.7};printf("%d\n",sizeof(arr1));printf("%d\n", sizeof(arr1)/sizeof(arr1[0]));```	
4	Fill in the blank in the following code fragment so that each element of the array is assigned twice the value of its index.	
	```int[] array = new int[10];// scan the arrayfor (int index=0; index < array.length; index++) { _____ }```	array[index] = 2*index;
5	What is the output?	**14**
	```int[] array = { 1, 4, 3, 6 };int what = 0 , index;for (index=0; index < 4; index++) { what = what + array[index] ; } printf("%d", what);```	
6	What is the output?	**1**
	```int[] array = { 1, 4, 3, 6, 8, 2, 5};int what = array[0], index;for (index=0; index < 7; index++) { if (array[index] < what) what = array[index]; }printf("%d", what);```	
7	Identify errors in the statements	
	int num[] = {0,0,0,0,0};	No error
	float numb[3][2] = {0,1,2,3,4,5};	No error
	int m[2,4] = {(0,0,0,0)(1,1,1,1)};	No ordinary brackets. It should be flower brackets.
	float res[0]=0;	Size cannot be 0