

Stairway to Scala - Flight 6

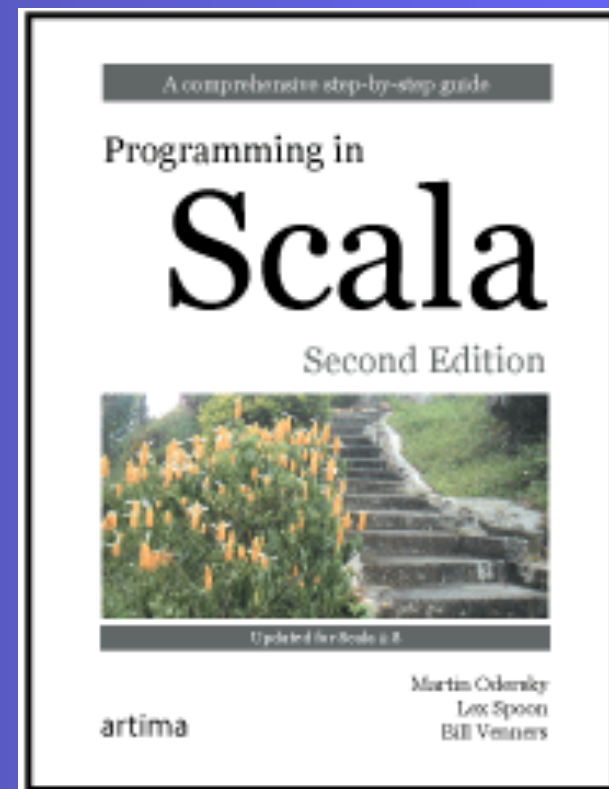
Control abstraction

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Flight 6 goal

Learn to create your own control abstractions, and how to curry functions along the way.

Simplifying client code

- Problem: does a list of numbers contain any negatives?

```
def containsNeg(nums: List[Int]): Boolean = {  
  var exists = false  
  for (num <- nums)  
    if (num < 0)  
      exists = true  
  exists  
}
```

```
def containsNeg(nums: List[Int]) = nums.exists(_ < 0)  
def containsLarge(nums : List[Int]) = nums.exists(_ > 100)
```

Printing current date to given file

```
def printCurrentDateToFile(file: File) {  
    val writer = new PrintWriter(file)  
    try {  
        writer.println(new java.util.Date)  
    } finally {  
        writer.close()  
    }  
}
```

But what about if we want to do something else with the file?

Your own control abstraction

```
def withPrintWriter(file: File, op: PrintWriter => Unit) {  
  val writer = new PrintWriter(file)  
  try {  
    op(writer)  
  } finally {  
    writer.close()  
  }  
}
```

```
withPrintWriter(new File("date.txt"),  
  writer => writer.println(new java.util.Date))
```

```
withPrintWriter(new File("product.txt"),  
  writer => { writer.print("2 times 3 is "); writer.print(2*3) })
```

Currying functions

```
scala> def plainOldSum(x: Int, y: Int) = x + y  
plainOldSum: (Int,Int)Int  
scala> plainOldSum(1, 2)  
res4: Int = 3
```

Can also be done like this:

```
scala> def curriedSum(x: Int)(y: Int) = x + y  
curriedSum: (Int)(Int)Int  
scala> curriedSum(1)(2)  
res5: Int = 3
```

What happens with currying?

```
scala> def first(x: Int) = (y: Int) => x + y  
first: (Int)(Int) => Int
```

```
scala> val second = first(1)  
second: (Int) => Int = <function>
```

```
scala> second(2)  
res6: Int = 3
```

```
scala> val onePlus = curriedSum(1)_  
onePlus: (Int) => Int = <function>
```

```
scala> onePlus(2)  
res7: Int = 3
```

Using currying in our control abstraction

```
def withPrintWriter(file: File)(op: PrintWriter => Unit) {  
    val writer = new PrintWriter(file)  
    try {  
        op(writer)  
    } finally {  
        writer.close()  
    }  
}
```

```
val file = new File("date.txt")  
withPrintWriter(file) {  
    writer => writer.println(new java.util.Date)  
}
```


By-name parameters

```
var assertionsEnabled = true  
def myAssert(predicate: () => Boolean) =  
  if (assertionsEnabled && !predicate())  
    throw new AssertionError
```

```
myAssert(() => 5 > 3)  
myAssert(5 > 3) // Won't work!
```

```
def byNameAssert(predicate: => Boolean) =  
  if (assertionsEnabled && !predicate)  
    throw new AssertionError
```

```
myAssert(5 > 3) // Works!
```