

# Credit Card Default

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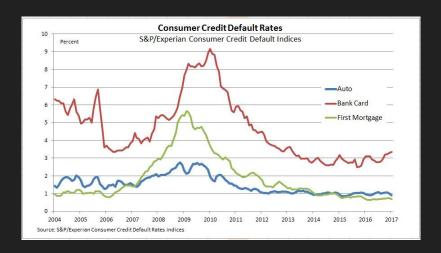
## Introduction

#### Goal:

 Predicting who is about to default on his/her credit card

#### Data:

- UCI Machine Learning Repository
- Number of Instances: 30,000
- Number of Attributes: 24



#### Predictors:

- o credit limit
- basic personal info
- past payments and bill statements info

#### Target Variable:

default payment next month

### **Processed Data**

Convert all categorical variables into dummy variables.

Transform all numerical features using Yeo-Johnson transformation.

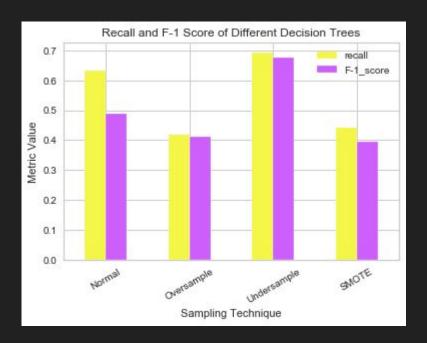
Scale all numerical features using Min-Max scaler.

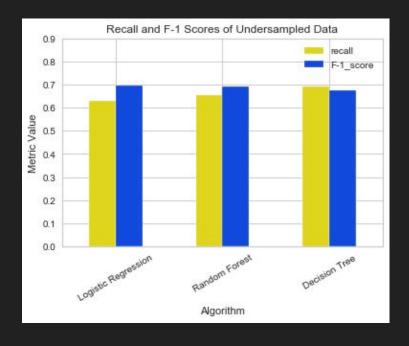
#### Final datasets:

- As-is
- Over-sampled
- Under-sampled
- SMOTE



# Models Comparison





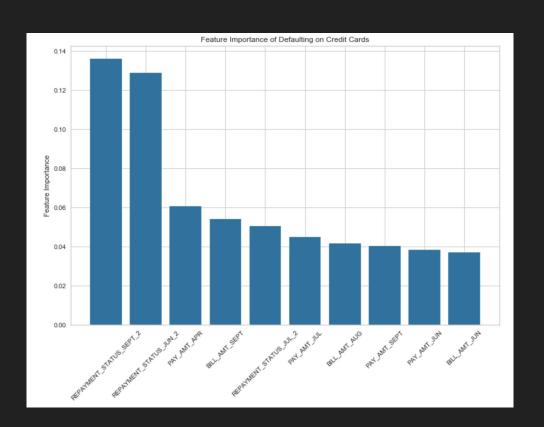
## **Best Model**

### Model:

- Decision Tree

#### Data:

- Under-sampled



### Conclusions

- Decision Tree on undersampled data yielded the best model, according to recall
- Being 2 months late on payments is a strong signal that a customer will default
- Bill amount also associated with default prediction

## Next Steps for Future Improvements

- Collect more (and relevant) features (IS\_EMPLOYED, SALARY, etc.)
- Collect more data
- Try more Machine Learning algorithms
- Try Anomaly Detection algorithms

# Questions?

# THANK YOU!

### Sources

- https://archive.ics.uci.edu/ml/datasets/default+of+credit+card+clients
- https://scikit-learn.org/stable/modules/generated/sklearn.preprocessing.PowerTransformer.html
- https://scikit-learn.org/stable/modules/generated/sklearn.preprocessing.MinMaxScaler.html
- https://machinelearningmastery.com/tactics-to-combat-imbalanced-classes-in-your-machine-learning-dataset/
- https://scikit-learn.org/stable/modules/generated/sklearn.linear\_model.LogisticRegression.html
- https://scikit-learn.org/stable/modules/generated/sklearn.tree.DecisionTreeClassifier.html
- https://scikit-learn.org/stable/modules/generated/sklearn.ensemble.RandomForestClassifier.html