

NTRES 6100:
Collaborative and Reproducible
Data Science in R

Why are we here?

What are we going to do?

Who are we?

Why are we here?

What are we going to do?

Who are we?

And then we'll get situated with R/RStudio

Where is everyone joining from?

- Add your approximate location to this map

<https://www.google.com/maps/d/edit?mid=1SKRmx71DIqrWtrI9ReXot3G1c9ns5ir4&ll=32.581211006634334%2C-92.41699249999999&z=5>

Reproducible/open science

"The practice of distributing all data, software source code, and tools required to reproduce the results discussed in a research publication"



1,500 scientists lift the lid on reproducibility

Survey sheds light on the 'crisis' rocking research.

Monya Baker

25 May 2016 | Corrected: 28 July 2016



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“More than 70% of researchers have tried and failed to reproduce another scientist's experiments, and more than half have failed to reproduce their own experiments”

Nature's survey of 1,576 researchers

Discuss in breakout rooms

- Is reproducibility the same as replicability?
- Why is there an increasing push towards open science now?
- Why should you adopt open science practices? Who will benefit and how?

Replication vs. Reproducibility

- **Replication:** the confirmation of results and conclusions from one study obtained independently in another (if a phenomenon is true, it should show up again and again)
- **But some studies can't be replicated:** too big, too costly, too time consuming, one time event, rare samples
- **Reproducibility:** minimum standard for assessing the value of scientific claims, particularly when full independent replication of a study is not feasible

Why may we sometimes fail to reproduce results in re-analysis of existing datasets?

- Please add ideas here <https://www.menti.com/qfd5zsincm>

Does this look familiar?

<input type="checkbox"/> Name	Date modified	Type
R Rscript_4_21_2016.R	5/1/2016 3:03 PM	R File
R Rscript_4_22_2016a.R	5/1/2016 3:03 PM	R File
R Rscript_4_22_2016b.R	5/1/2016 3:03 PM	R File
R Rscript_4_24_2016.R	5/1/2016 3:03 PM	R File
R Rscript_final.R	5/1/2016 3:03 PM	R File
R Rscript_final_final.R	5/1/2016 3:03 PM	R File
R Rscript_really_final.R	5/1/2016 3:03 PM	R File
R Rscript_really_really_final_final.R	5/1/2016 3:03 PM	R File

Who benefits from open science practices?

- YOU!
 - Future you will thank you
 - Increased research efficiency
- The scientific community
 - More transparency, easier to build off each other's work
- Society
 - More accurate science: errors are more likely to get detected

Tools for

better science in less time

Tools for

better science in less time

and with less pain

Who are we?

Nina Overgaard Therkildsen
(Instructor)



Nicolas Lou
(TA)



Let's get to know each other



Meet your classmates in our shared Google Slides



What do we have in common?

Let's get to know each other



Meet your classmates in our shared Google Slides



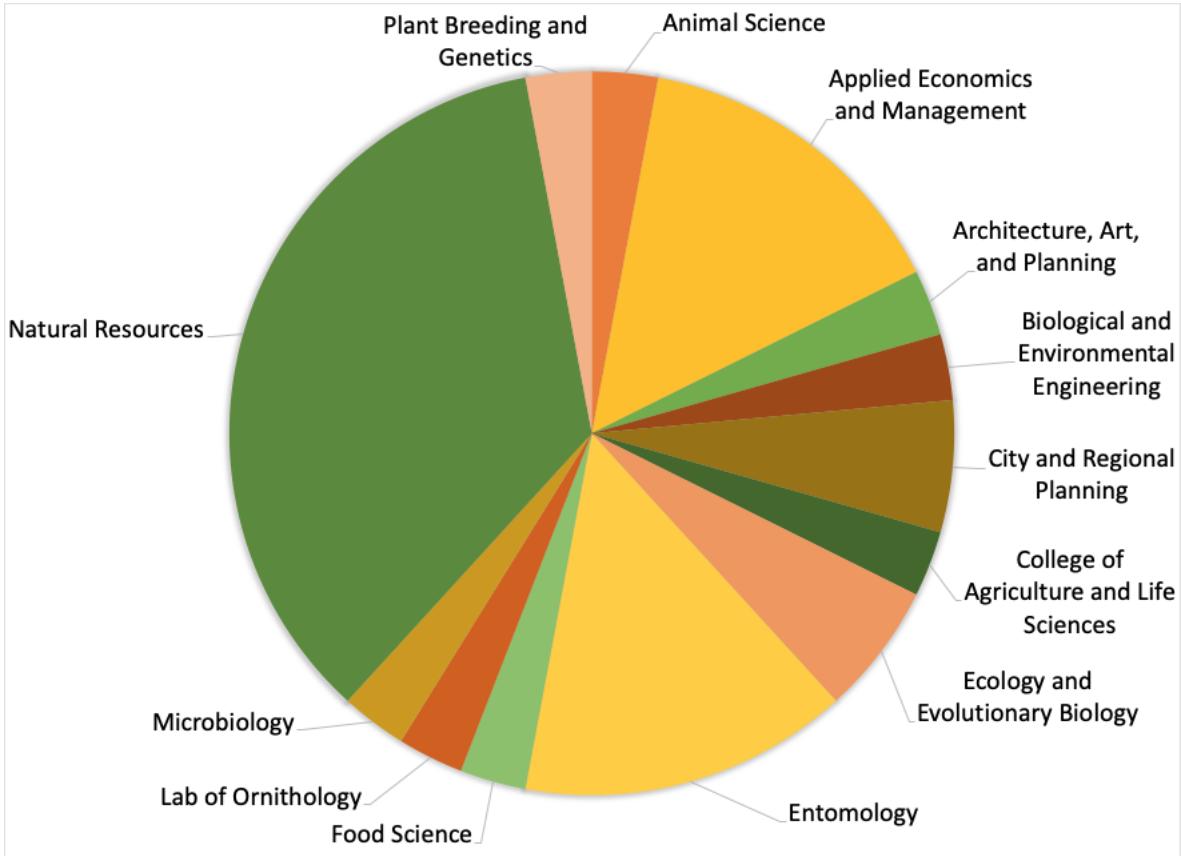
What do we have in common? <https://www.menti.com/rhk26vjte4>

Thanks for completing
the pre-course survey!

35 respondents

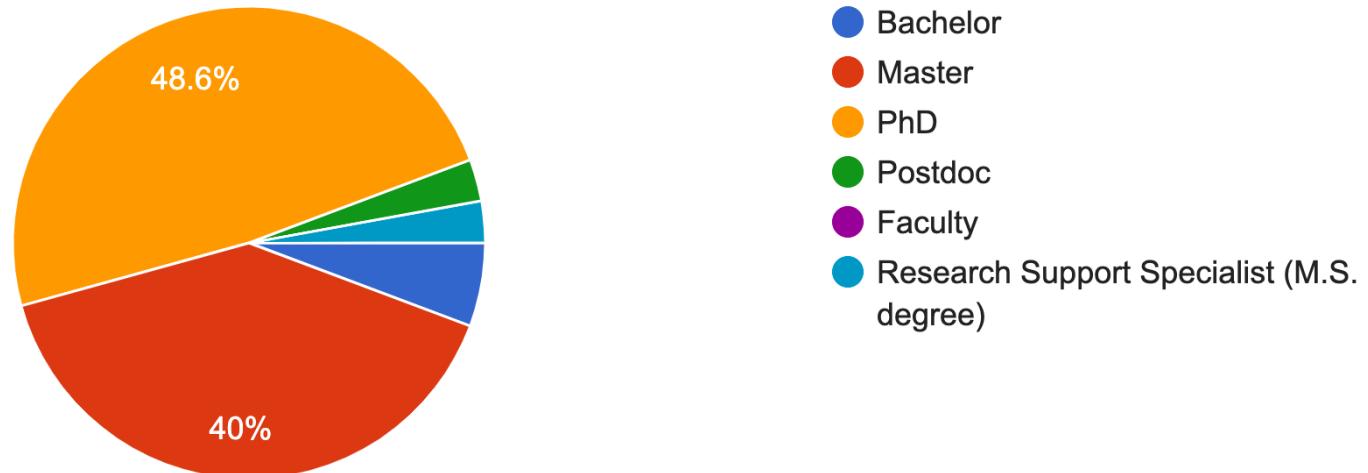
Departments

n = 34 respondents



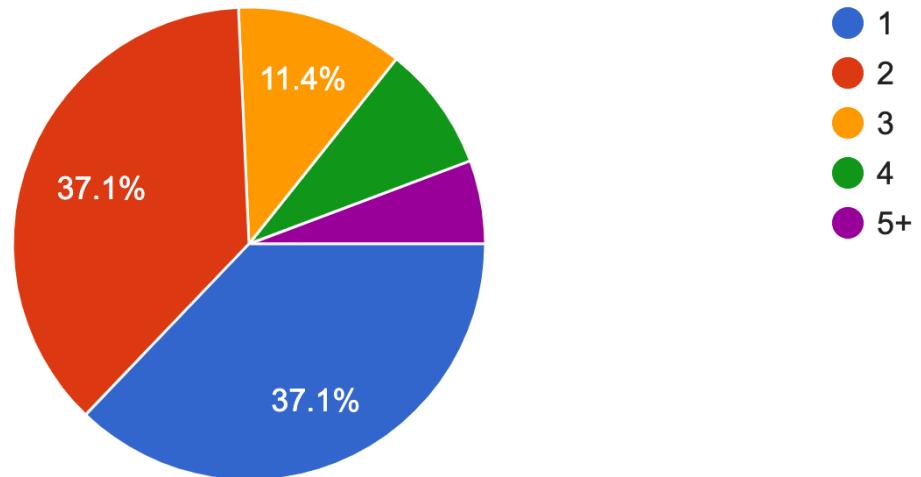
Degree program or position

35 responses

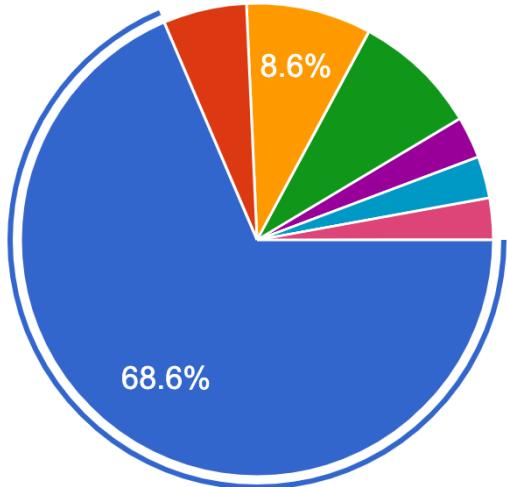


Year in your program/position

35 responses



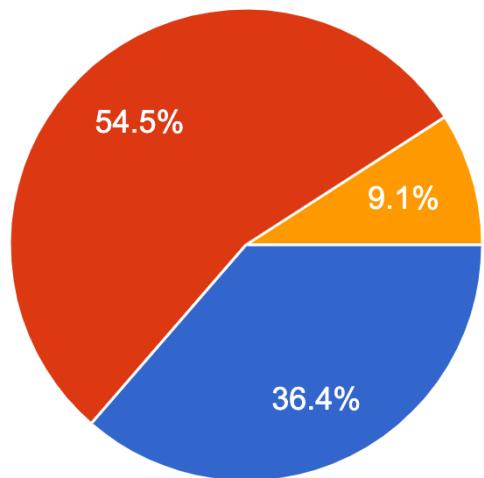
Participation in live classes



- I am available and plan to attend Monday and Wednesday meetings live
- I am unavailable to meet live and plan to follow asynchronously
- I plan to attend the Monday meetings live, but am not available for the Wednesday meetings
- I plan to attend the Wednesday meetings live, but am not available for the Monday meetings
- I am not available for live meetings Monday and Wednesday
- I will follow asynchronously. Some of the time
- I am available and plan to attend Monday and Wednesday meetings

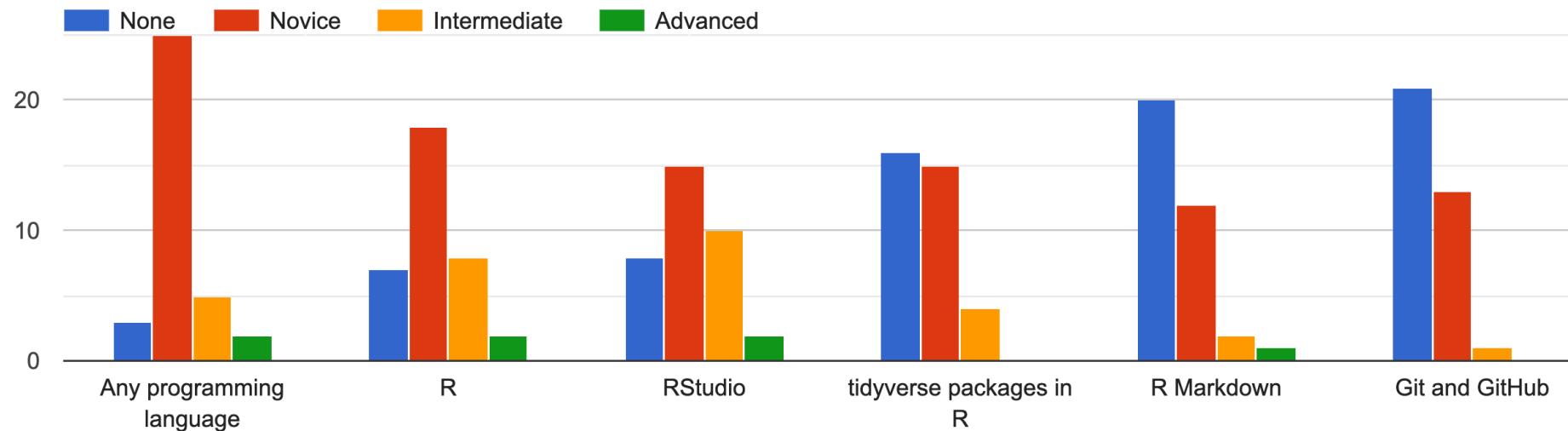
What is your preference for breakout rooms?

33 responses

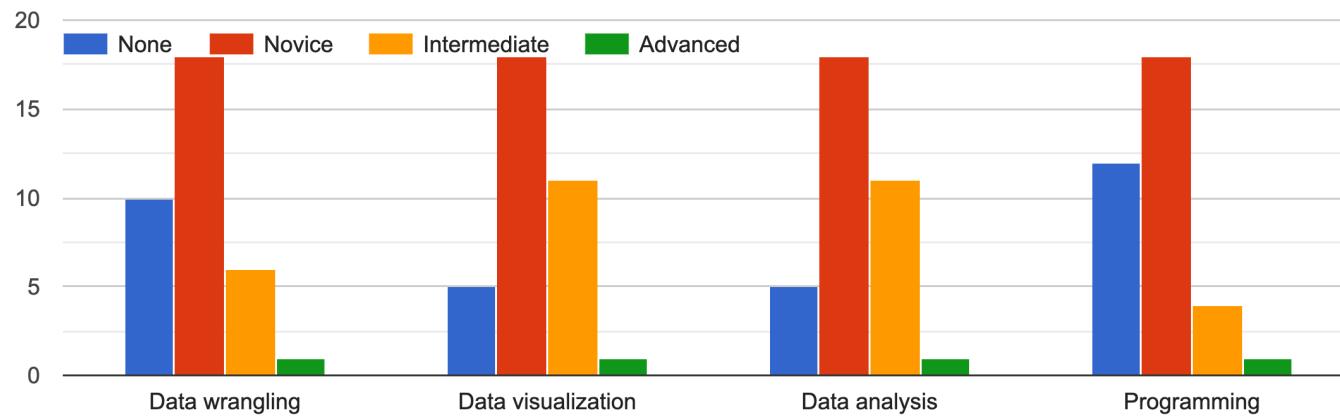


- I would prefer to be in a breakout room where people have their cameras on and actively work on exercises together
- I would prefer to be in a breakout room where everyone works on the exercise alone, but can ask others if they need help
- I would prefer to just work on exercises on my own and will probably not participate in group discussions in breakout rooms

Please describe your experience level with



How would you describe your experience level with performing the following tasks in R:



You are all welcome here!

Code of conduct

We are dedicated to providing a **welcoming** and **supportive** environment **for everyone**, regardless of background, identity and prior experience level.

Everyone in this course will be coming from a different place with different experiences and expectations.

We will not tolerate any form of language or behavior used to exclude, intimidate, or cause discomfort.

Tools for

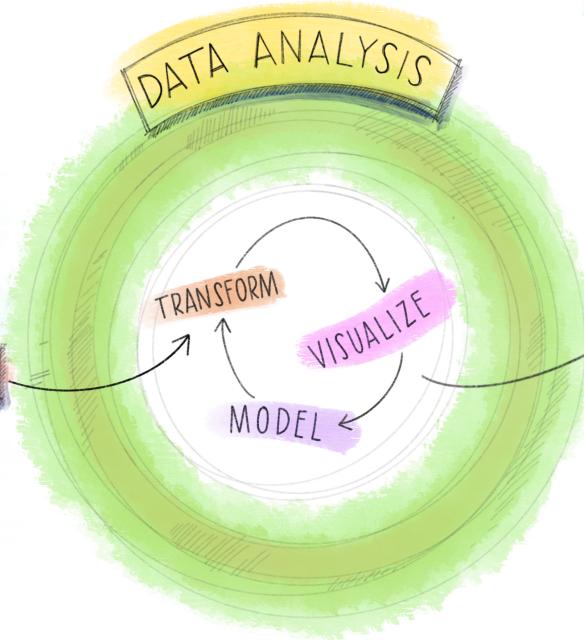
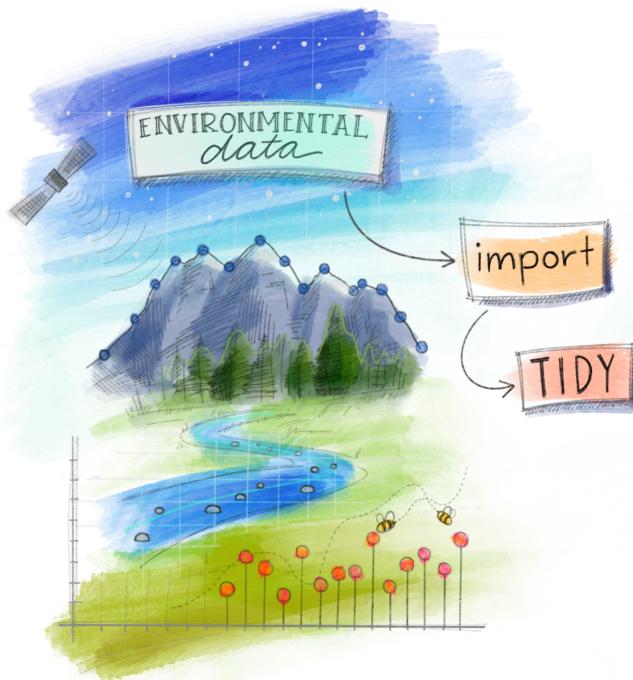
better science in less time

and with less pain

Data Science

Turning raw data into understanding, insight, and knowledge

Data Science



Learning outcomes

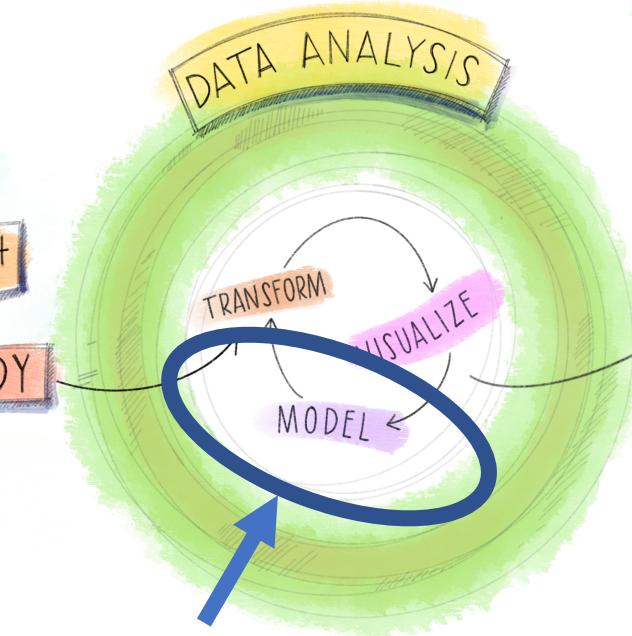
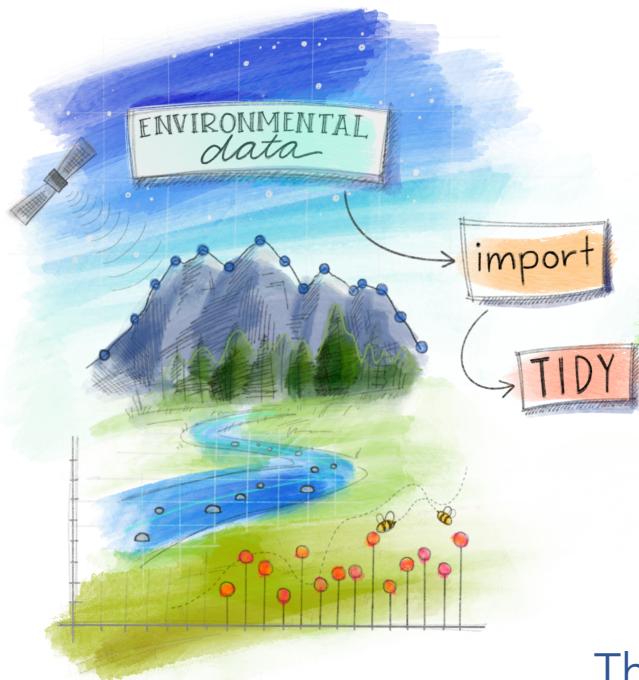
By the end of this course, students will be able to

- Describe strategies for ensuring that their data analysis is reproducible
- Demonstrate best practices for coding and project-oriented workflows in RStudio
- Import and clean messy data files using a variety of packages and functions in R
- Subset, reorganize, and merge diverse datasets in R
- Effectively explore and visualize patterns in complex datasets with ggplot in R
- Write simple functions/programs and data analysis pipelines in R
- Automate repeated analysis tasks in R
- Track the history of file changes (version control) and collaborate effectively on scripts with others with Git and GitHub
- Use R Markdown to combine text, equations, code, tables, and figures into reports, websites, and presentations

What we will **NOT** cover

- Statistics and hypothesis confirmation

Data Science



This you will bring
from elsewhere





For Big-Data Scientists, 'Janitor Work' Is Key Hurdle to Insights

By STEVE LOHR AUG. 17, 2014



... what data scientists call “data wrangling,”
“data munging” and “data janitor work” ...

Monica Rogati, Jawbone's vice president for data science, with Brian Wilt, a senior data scientist.

Peter DaSilva for The New York Times

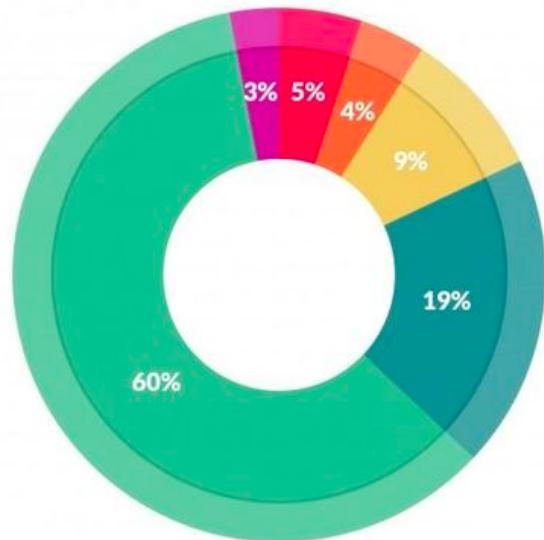
Data scientists spend 50 - 80% of their time mired in this more mundane labor of collecting and preparing unruly digital data, before it can be explored for useful nuggets.



Technology revolutions come in measured, sometimes foot-dragging steps.
The lab science and marketing enthusiasm tend to underestimate the

Survey of 80 data scientists

<https://www.forbes.com/sites/gilpress/2016/03/23/data-preparation-most-time-consuming-least-enjoyable-data-science-task-survey-says/#25167ec06f63>



What data scientists spend the most time doing

- *Building training sets: 3%*
- *Cleaning and organizing data: 60%*
- *Collecting data sets; 19%*
- *Mining data for patterns: 9%*
- *Refining algorithms: 4%*
- *Other: 5%*

Goals for data wrangling

- Understand how and why to tidy data and analyze tidy data, rather than making your analyses accommodate messy data
- Appreciate how there is a lot of decision-making involved with data analysis, and a lot of creativity
- Think ahead instead of only to get a single job done now
- Increase efficiency in your science and increase reproducibility
- Facilitate collaboration with others — especially Future You!

What we will **NOT** cover

- Statistics and hypothesis confirmation
- Modeling and simulation
- Big data

Big data

- Before we can handle big data, we need to handle small data
 - Tools can handle 100s Mb of data (up to 1–2Gb)
 - Many big data problems are small data problems in disguise
 - Subset, subsample, summary
 - Parallel analysis on multiple independent units?

What we will **NOT** cover

- Statistics and hypothesis confirmation
- Modeling and simulation
- Big data
- Any other programming languages than R

Why R?

- It's free, open source, and available on every major platform
- A massive set of packages for statistical modelling, machine learning, visualization, and importing and manipulating data
- Cutting edge tools
- Supportive and welcoming community
- Powerful tools for communicating your results

What we will **NOT** cover

- Statistics and hypothesis confirmation
- Modeling and simulation
- Big data
- Any other programming languages than R
- Non-rectangular data (e.g. images, sounds, trees, text) or domain-specific applications

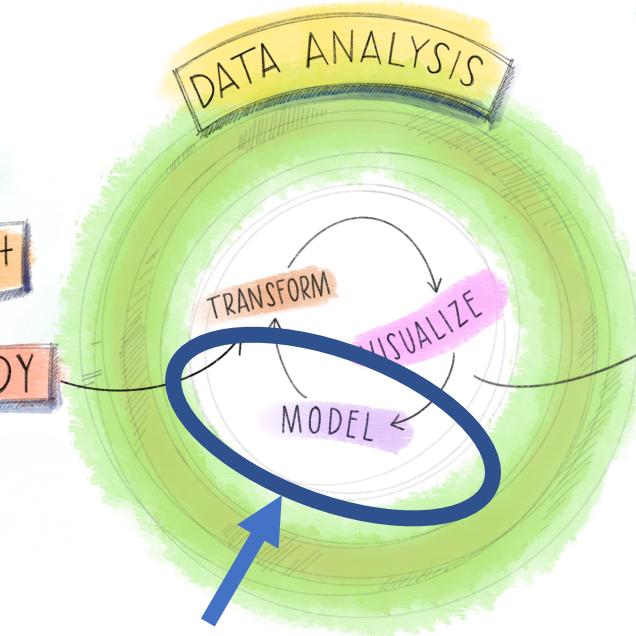
What we will **NOT** cover

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- Any other programming languages than R
- Non-rectangular data (e.g. images, sounds, trees, text) or domain-specific applications
- Base-R plotting and workflows (we will focus on the tidyverse)

The tidyverse

- An opinionated [collection of R packages](#) designed for data science
- All packages share an underlying design philosophy, grammar, and data structures

Data Science



This you will bring
from elsewhere



Import



Tidy

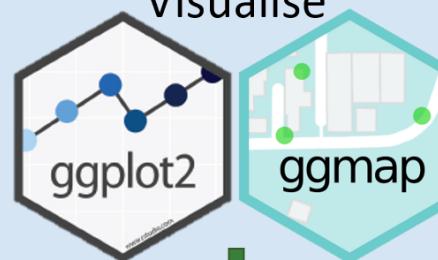


Transform



broom

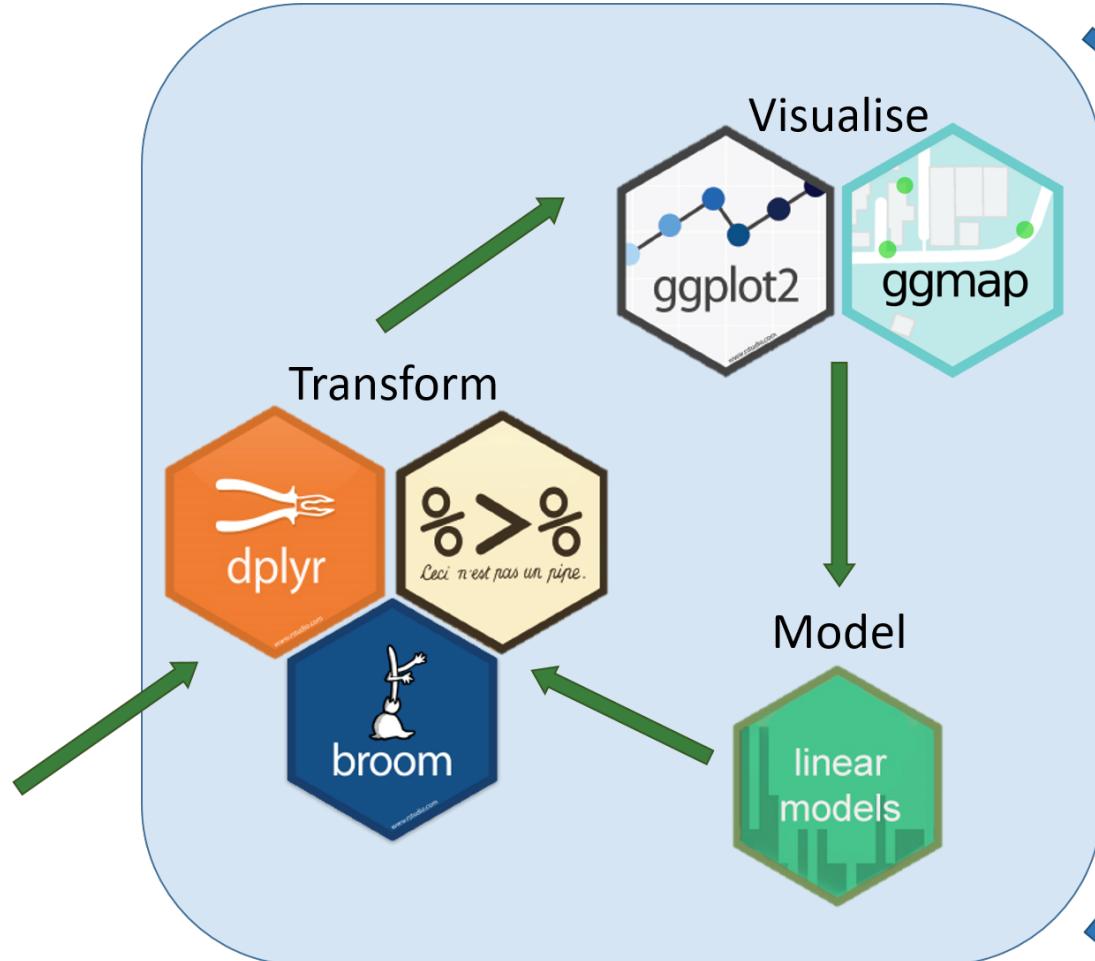
Visualise



Model



Communicate



The tidyverse

- An opinionated [collection of R packages](#) designed for data science
- All packages share an underlying design philosophy, grammar, and data structures
- More streamlined and intuitive syntax and workflow than base R packages for most applications*

*Some would dispute that and swear by base R. We are not claiming that the tidyverse is superior to base R in all respects, only that it provides a set of very powerful tools

What we will **NOT** cover

- Statistics and hypothesis confirmation
- Modeling and simulation
- Big data
- Any other programming languages than R
- Non-rectangular data (e.g. images, sounds, trees, text) or domain-specific applications
- Base-R plotting and workflows (we will focus on the tidyverse)

What we **WILL** cover

Coding with best
practices
(RStudio/tidyverse)

Collaborative book-
keeping
(Git/GitHub)

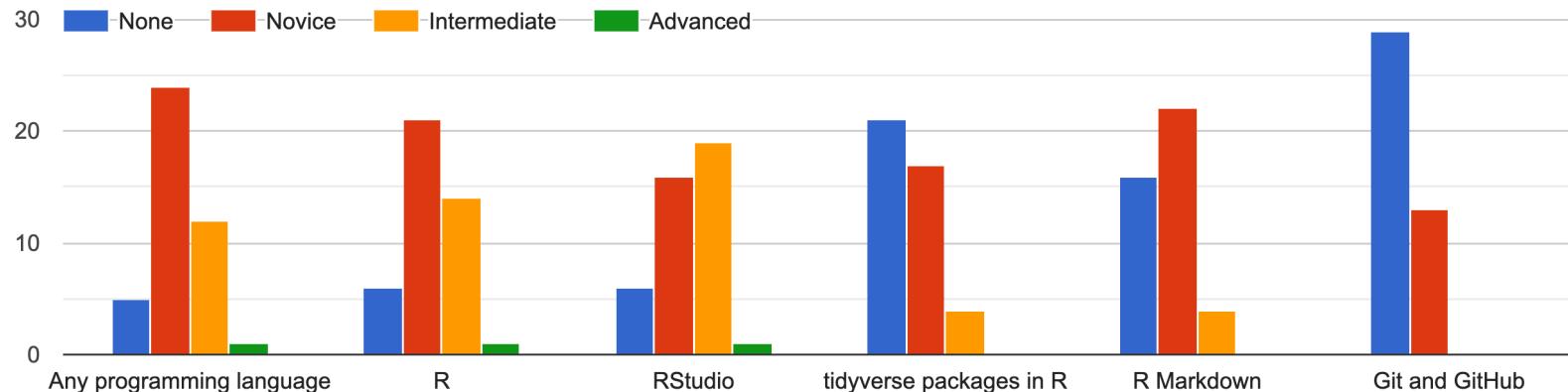
Reporting and
communicating
(RMarkdown/GitHub)

What we **WILL** cover

Coding with best practices
(RStudio/tidyverse)

Collaborative book-keeping
(Git/GitHub)

Reporting and communicating
(RMarkdown/GitHub)



Example RMarkdowns

Course schedule

- <https://nt246.github.io/NTRES-6100-data-science/syllabus.html>

Course format

- Two weekly lectures – Mondays and Wednesday 2.45-4.00pm
- Labs – Fridays 12:25-2:20pm
 - Exercises, reinforcement and expansion of lecture material, open-ended problem-solving
- Practice, practice, practice!

Lecture notes and assigned readings

- See course website <https://nt246.github.io/NTRES-6100-data-science/index.html>
- Please complete the required readings before each class
- Optional readings are listed to help you dive further into the material

Live lectures

- During lecture, please keep yourself muted unless you would like to ask a question
- Please DO ask questions! You may ask questions by using the raised hand function in Zoom or through the Zoom chat or course Slack workspace
- This is a safe space and no question is dumb or pointless!
- If you're comfortable, please keep your video on (or post a photo if you will not have video on)
- Lectures will mostly be live coding, so type along with me!

Breakout Rooms

For lessons where we will use breakout rooms, we will send out a survey via Slack prior to each class so you can indicate your breakout room preference for that day (due by noon). This will allow us to more efficiently form breakout groups and give you the opportunity to let us know if your preference changes or if you will be absent for a given live lecture.

- blue  I would prefer to be in a breakout room where people have their **cameras on and actively work on exercises together**
- red  I would prefer to be a breakout room where everyone works on the **exercise alone, but can ask others if they need help**
- black I would prefer to just work on exercises on my own and will probably **not participate in group discussions in breakout rooms**

Check the #logistics channel on Slack and respond to the message with an emoji circle
Blue will be your default if you don't respond for any given week

Lecture recordings

- Will be available on Canvas

Assignments

- Weekly problem sets
 - Assigned each Wednesday, due the following Wednesday at 10pm
 - Will submit on GitHub – more instructions to follow

Evaluation

- To pass this course you must:
 - Attend all lectures unless otherwise arranged (direct message Nicolas on Slack beforehand if you need to miss class)
 - Participate actively in class
 - Submit at least 8 of the 9 problem sets with demonstrated effort to complete all questions
 - Give a speed presentation (~2 mins) at the end of the course on how you are implementing something we have learned in your own work

We know the world is crazy right now

- Talk to us if you need special arrangements

Course communication

- All course communication will be via Slack and GitHub
(occasionally we may use Canvas announcement, but check Slack to stay up-to-date)
- Help answer each other's questions and post cool tips you come across
 - The more we engage, the more we learn. You learn by helping others
- No questions are stupid, so no one should feel bad about asking. But if you prefer to be anonymous, we have installed the Anonymity Bot in Slack. Just type /anon

Tips for using Slack effectively

- Add your full preferred name and a photo to your profile to make our workspace more personal
- Try to write your thoughts in a single direct message to minimize notifications
- Manage your notifications by turning on or scheduling Do Not Disturb
- Use channels and threads to keep the workspace organized
- Replace short follow-up messages with emoji reactions

More details here: <https://slack.com/blog/collaboration/etiquette-tips-in-slack>

Where to find things

- Course website: <https://nt246.github.io/NTRES-6100-data-science/index.html>
- Canvas page: <https://canvas.cornell.edu/courses/27864>
- Slack: https://join.slack.com/t/ntres6100sp21/shared_invite/zt-lu94u3tv-P9u3bSoe0_jkA3bmEGmvlg

Ongoing feedback

- Still getting used to the online format... So there is room for adjustment along the way
 - Ongoing input through the Slack 'feedback' channel
 - Regular quick check-ins
 - Feel free to use the "anonymity bot" on Slack
- If anyone has special accessibility concerns, please reach out

Check list

Have you:

- Gotten the current versions of R and RStudio working?
- Followed the instructions for installing Git and making a GitHub account?
- Joined the workspace on Slack (check that you have all the channels)
- Added a photo to your GitHub and Slack accounts?
(optional, but encouraged)

Introduction to R/RStudio

- RStudio IDE orientation
- Shortcuts and autocomplete
- Install and load packages
- Scripts
- Home directory and RStudio projects
- Change settings to not save workspace