Problem Set 1 (MACS 30250)

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```
In [1]:
```

```
import numpy as np
import pandas as pd
from scipy.stats import gaussian_kde
import timeit
import random
import multiprocessing
from sklearn.linear_model import LogisticRegression
from sklearn.model_selection import train_test_split
from dask import compute, delayed
import dask.multiprocessing
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
%matplotlib inline
from mpl_toolkits.mplot3d import Axes3D
import seaborn as sns
```

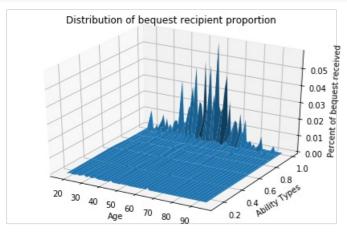
In [2]:

Question 1(a)

In [3]:

In [4]:

```
fig = plt.figure()
ax = fig.gca(projection='3d')
ax.plot_surface(age_mat, income_mat, bq_data)
ax.set_title('Distribution of bequest recipient proportion')
ax.set_xlabel('Age')
ax.set_ylabel('Ability Types')
ax.set_zlabel('Percent of bequest received')
plt.tight_layout()
```



Question 1(b)

```
In [5]:
```

```
df = pd.DataFrame(bq_data)
flat_df = pd.DataFrame()
df.columns = prcntl_midpts
df.index = age_vec
for r in df.index:
    for c in df.columns:
        flat_df = flat_df.append([[r, c, df.loc[r][c]]])
```

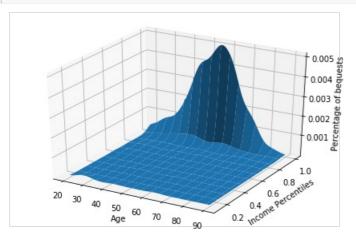
In [6]:

```
gen_df = pd.DataFrame()
flat_df.index = np.arange(0, 546)
flat_df.columns = ['age', 'percentile', 'p']
ind = np.random.choice(546, 1000, p = flat_df['p'])
gen_df = flat_df.iloc[ind][['age', 'percentile']]
```

In [8]:

In [9]:

```
fig = plt.figure()
ax = fig.gca(projection='3d')
ax.plot_surface(age_i, per_i, Z_scaled, rstride=5)
ax.set_xlabel("Age")
ax.set_ylabel("Income Percentiles")
ax.set_zlabel("Percentage of bequests")
np.vstack([item.ravel() for item in [age_i, per_i]])
plt.tight_layout()
```



I have chosen 0.25 as the bandwidth parameter by trial and error.

For the given data, bandwidth value of 0.25 gives a smooth curve without any sharp peaks or falls.

For other values, there was irregularity in the patterns observed for the given data.

--- L--J.

```
Z_scaled[43, 95]
Out[10]:
```

0.0025347721274959273

For given age = 61 and 6th lifetime income category, 90 to 99th percentile (midpoint = 95th percentile). The estimated density for bequest recipients is 0.0025.

Question 2(a)

```
In [11]:
```

In [12]:

```
df.head()
```

Out[12]:

	mpg	cylinders	displacement	horsepower	weight	acceleration	year	origin	name	mpg_high	orgn1	orgn2
0	18.0	8	307.0	130.0	3504	12.0	70	1	chevrolet chevelle malibu	0	1	0
1	15.0	8	350.0	165.0	3693	11.5	70	1	buick skylark 320	0	1	0
2	18.0	8	318.0	150.0	3436	11.0	70	1	plymouth satellite	0	1	0
3	16.0	8	304.0	150.0	3433	12.0	70	1	amc rebel sst	0	1	0
4	17.0	8	302.0	140.0	3449	10.5	70	1	ford torino	0	1	0

In [13]:

```
X = df[['cylinders', 'displacement', 'horsepower', 'weight', 'acceleration', 'year', 'orgn1', 'orgn1
2']]
y = df['mpg_high']
N bs = 100
MSE_vec_bs = np.zeros(N_bs)
 start_time = timeit.default_timer()
 for i in range(N bs):
                 random.seed(i)
                X_train, X_test, y_train, y_test = train_test_split(X, y, test_size=0.4)
                LogReq = LogisticRegression(solver='lbfgs', max iter=2000, n jobs=1)
                LogReg.fit(X train, y train)
                 y_pred = LogReg.predict(X_test)
                MSE\_vec\_bs[i] = ((y\_test - y\_pred) ** 2).mean()
MSE bs = MSE vec bs.mean()
elapsed time = timeit.default timer() - start time
print('Error rate = ', MSE bs)
print('Computation time = ', elapsed_time)
```

Error rate = 0.09643312101910828Computation time = 2.7722306379999964

The error rate is 0.1 approximately and the computation time is around 2.8 seconds (approx.)

Question 2(b)

```
In [14]:
X = df[['cylinders', 'displacement', 'horsepower', 'weight', 'acceleration', 'year', 'orgn1', 'orgn1
y = df['mpg_high']
N bs = 100
MSE vec bs = np.zeros(N bs)
start time = timeit.default timer()
def calc MSE(i, X, y, MSE vec bs):
           random.seed(i)
            X train, X test, y train, y test = train test split(X, y, test size=0.4)
            LogReg = LogisticRegression(solver='lbfgs', max_iter=2000, n_jobs=1)
            LogReg.fit(X_train, y_train)
             y_pred = LogReg.predict(X_test)
            MSE\_vec\_bs[i] = ((y\_test - y\_pred) ** 2).mean()
for i in range(N_bs):
            delayed(calc_MSE)(i, X, y, MSE_vec_bs)
num_cores = multiprocessing.cpu_count()
print('Number of cores are ', num cores)
results_par = compute(*MSE_vec_bs, scheduler=dask.multiprocessing.get, num_workers=num_cores)
elapsed_time = timeit.default_timer() - start_time
print('Error rate = ', MSE bs)
print('Computation time = ', elapsed time)
Number of cores are 8
Error rate = 0.09643312101910828
Computation time = 0.012039104999985284
```

The error rate is still 0.1 approximately but due to parallelization, the computation time significantly dropped from 2.8 seconds to 0.01 seconds.