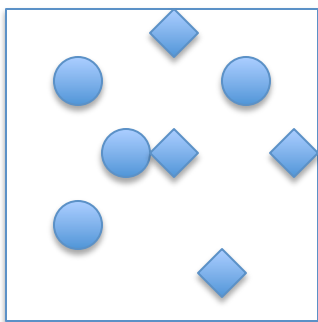
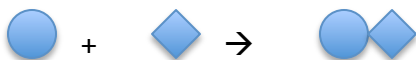
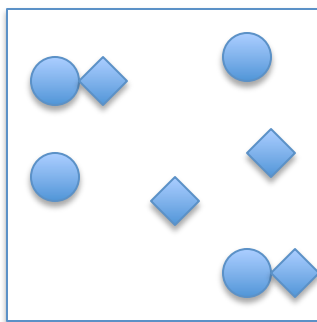


MC04 Practice

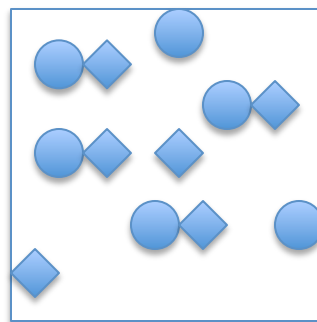
- If the starting concentration of water is 0.5 M in the reaction $\text{HCl} + \text{NaOH} \rightarrow \text{H}_2\text{O}$, what is the value of the equilibrium constant K ?
 - 1
 - 2
 - 0.25
 - 0.5
 - Not enough information
- Rank the following in terms of increasing equilibrium constant for the reaction



I



II



III

- Hydrogen gas reacts with oxygen to produce water vapor. If the equilibrium composition is defined by 4 waters, 3 oxygen molecules, and 3 hydrogen molecules, what is the equilibrium constant? Which reaction is favored, the forward or reverse?
- The equilibrium constant for the reaction $\text{N}_2\text{O}_4(\text{g}) \rightleftharpoons 2\text{NO}_2$ at 2°C is $K_c = 4.0$. If there are 9 moles of $\text{N}_2\text{O}_4(\text{g})$ how many moles of NO_2 are required to reach equilibrium at 2°C ?
- If a constant Q were calculated for the reaction $\text{HCl} \rightarrow \text{H}^+ + \text{Cl}^-$, in the same way as calculating K but before equilibrium is reached, would you expect it to be:
 - Equal to K
 - Less than K
 - Greater than K

Part 2

6. The following reaction was carried out in a 3.25 L reaction vessel at 1100 K:
 $\text{C(s)} + \text{H}_2\text{O(g)} \rightleftharpoons \text{CO(g)} + \text{H}_2\text{(g)}$
If during the course of the reaction, the vessel is found to contain 8.75 mol of C, 14.8 mol of H₂O, 3.10 mol of CO, and 10.60 mol of H₂, what is the reaction quotient Q ?
7. If the reaction from Question 6 has an equilibrium constant of 0.154:
- The reaction will proceed to the left to establish equilibrium
 - The reaction will proceed to the right to establish equilibrium
 - The reaction is at equilibrium
8. The value of K_c for the reaction $2 \text{AB(g)} + \text{B}_2\text{(g)} \rightleftharpoons 2 \text{AB}_2\text{(g)}$ must be less than the value of K_c for the reaction $2 \text{AB}_2\text{(g)} \rightleftharpoons 2 \text{AB(g)} + \text{B}_2\text{(g)}$
- True
 - False
9. Carbonyl fluoride, COF₂, is an important intermediate used in the production of fluorine-containing compounds. For instance, it is used to make the refrigerant carbon tetrafluoride, CF₄ via the reaction
 $2\text{COF}_2\text{(g)} \rightleftharpoons \text{CO}_2\text{(g)} + \text{CF}_4\text{(g)}, \quad K_c = 8.10$
If only COF₂ is present initially at a concentration of 2.00 M, what concentration of COF₂ remains at equilibrium?
10. When 9.2 g of frozen N₂O₄ is added to a 0.20 L reaction vessel and the vessel is heated to 400 K and allowed to come to equilibrium, the concentration of N₂O₄ is determined to be 0.057 M. Given this information, what is the value of K_c for the reaction below at 400 K?
 $\text{N}_2\text{O}_4\text{(g)} \rightleftharpoons 2 \text{NO}_2\text{(g)}$