Assignment 6

C-4.13 Suppose we are given two sequences A and B of *n* elements, possibly containing duplicates, on which a total order relation is defined. Describe an efficient algorithm for determining if A and B contain the same set of elements (possibly in different orders). What is the running time of this method?

R-5.4 Characterize each of the following recurrence equations using the master method (assuming that T(n) = c for n < d, for constant c > 0 and $d \ge 1$).

- a. $T(n) = 2T(n/2) + \log n$
- b. $T(n) = 8T(n/2) + n^2$
- c. $T(n) = 16T(n/2) + (n\log n)^4$
- d. T(n) = 7T(n/3) + n
- e. $T(n) = 9T(n/3) + (n^3 \log n)$