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## Answer to the Q. No. R-2.1:

Algorithm InsertBefore(p,e)
newNode<-createNewNode(e)
tmp<-p.prev
tmp.next <- newNode
newNode.next <- p
newNode.prev <- tmp
p.prev <- newNode

#### Algorithm InsertFirst(e)

newNode<-createNewNode(e)
tmp<-head.next
head.next<-newNode
newNode.next<-tmp
tmp.prev <- newNode
newNode.prev <- head

## Algorithm InsertLast(e)

newNode<-createNewNode(e)
tmp<-tail.prev
tail.prev <-newNode
newNode.prev<-tmp
tmp.next <- newNode
newNode.next <- tail</pre>

### Answer to the Q. No. C-2.1:

Algorithm FindMiddle(list)	
Input: list with odd number of nodes	
Output: middle position of list	
p<- list.first()	O(1)
q<- list.last()	O(1)
while p != q do	O(n)
p<-L.after(p)	O(n)
q<- list.before(q)	O(n)

return p	0(1)
	Running Time $T(n) = O(n)$

# Answer to the Q. No. C-2.2:

S1<-Empty Stack S2<-Empty Stack	
Algorithm Enqueue(val)  If size() = n - 1 Then  throw FullQueueException S1.push(val)	O(1) O(1) O(1) Running Time T(n) = O(1)
Algorithm Dequeue()	
If S2.isEmpty() tThen	0(1)
While !S1.isEmpty() Do	O(n)
S2.push(S1.pop())	O(n)
If !S2.isEmpty() Then	O(1)
return S2.pop()	O(1)
Else	
throw EmptyStackException	O(1)
	Running Time $T(n) = O(n)$

# Answer to the Q. No. C-2.3:

# Algorithm

q1<-Empty Queue

q2<-Empty Queue

42 · Empty Queue	
Algorithm Push(val)  If size() = n - 1 Then throw FullStackException q1.enqueue(val)	O(1) O(1) O(1)
	Running Time $T(n) = O(1)$
Algorithm Pop()  If q2.isEmpty() Then while !q1.isEmpty() q2.enqueue(q1.dequeue())  If !q2.isEmpty() Then q2.dequeue()  Else throw EmptyQueueException	O(1) O(n) O(n) O(1) O(1) O(1)
	Running Time $T(n) = O(n)$

### Answer to the Q. No. C-2.4:

## Algorithm Permutation(arry, start, end)

Input: Number of array arry, start and end is position of array

Output: array which contain all the permutation of array

If start = end Then	O(1)
print arry	O(1)
Else	O(1)
for j< start to end do	O(n)
Swap(arry[start], arry[j])	O(n)
Permutation(arry, start +1, end)	O(n!)
Swap(arry[start], arry[j])	O(n)
Algorithm Swap (a, b)	
temp < a	O(1)
a< b	O(1)
b <temp< td=""><td>O(1)</td></temp<>	O(1)
	Running time $T(n) = O(n!)$

## Answer to the Q. No. C-2.5:

# Algorithm InsertAtRankZero(obj)

# Algorithm RemoveAtRankZero()

If v.IsEmpty() Then throw EmptyException f<--(f+1) Mod n

# Algorithm InsertAtRankEnd(obj)

# Algorithm RemoveAtRankEnd()

If v.IsEmpty() Then throw EmptyException r<--(r-1+n) Mod n

# Algorithm ElemAtRank(rank)

Input: A **rank** for getting an element.

Output: An object.

f<--(f + rank) Mod n return v[f]