

Applications

**Transactions: Global Transactions** 

### **Local Transactions**

- So far we've only considered local transactions
  - Transactions that use a single transactional resource (database, message bus)

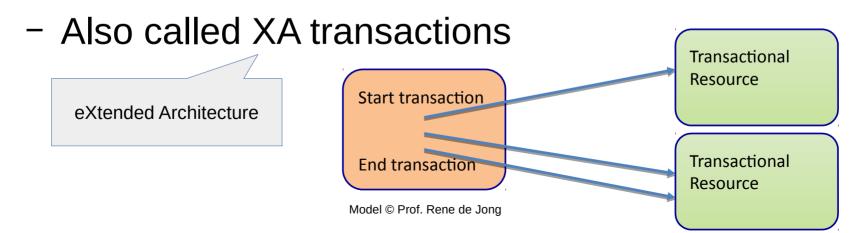


- These transactions are managed by the DB
  - Simple and Fast



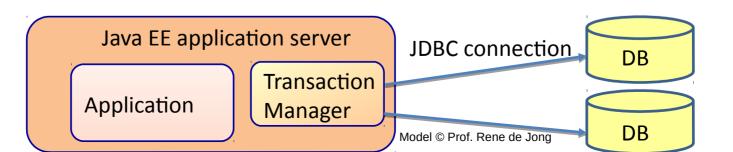
### **Global Transactions**

- Global Transactions are transactions that span multiple transactional resources
  - Such as databases or message busses
  - More common in enterprise applications



### **Transaction Manager**

- Global Transactions have to be managed on the application side (to coordinate resources)
  - Generally done by a Transaction Manager
    - Standard Java Transaction API (JTA) interface
    - Required part of Java EE application servers
    - Stand Alone JTA implementations also exist



# 2 Phase Commit (success)

Phase 1

1. Prepare to commit Resource

2. OK

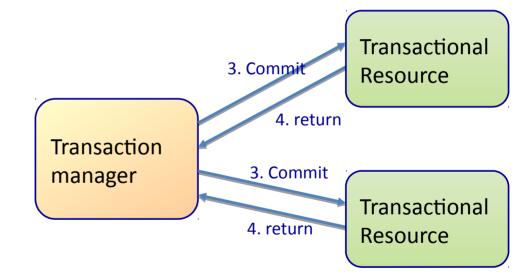
Transaction
manager

1 Prepare to commit
Transactional
Resource

2. OK

Transactional
Resource

Phase 2



## 2 Phase Commit (Failure)

Phase 1

1. Prepare to commit Resource

2. OK

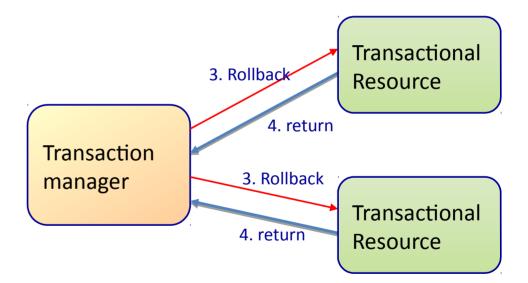
Transaction
manager

1. Prepare to commit Resource

Transactional
Resource

1. Prepare to commit Resource

Phase 2



### Characteristics of XA TX

- 2 Phase Commit
  - Does not guarantee that nothing will go wrong
  - Is slow multiple remote connections
- TX resources become dependent on each other
  - Need to keep locks until ALL resources finished
  - Again making things slower
- The price you pay for coordinating!