

Spring

Dependency Injection: Annotations

Annotation Config

 If you don't use component scan you have to tell Spring to look for DI annotations (in XML)

```
<context:annotation-config/>
<bean id="customerService" class="cs544.spring12.di.anno.CustomerService" />
<bean id="customerDao" class="cs544.spring12.di.anno.CustomerDao"/>
```

```
@Configuration
public class Config {
     @Bean
     public CustomerService customerService() {
          return new CustomerService();
     }
     @Bean
     public CustomerDao customerDao() {
          return new CustomerDao();
     }
}
```

Java Config automatically looks for annotations inside any bean it knows about

@Autowired

Tells Spring to autowire a property

```
package cs544.spring12.di.anno;
import org.springframework.beans.factory.annotation.Autowired;
import org.springframework.beans.factory.annotation.Qualifier;
import org.springframework.stereotype.Service;
@Service
public class CustomerService {
      @Autowired
      private ICustomerDao customerDao1;
      public void sayHello() {
            System.out.println("Hello");
```

Defaults to Autowiring by Type

3 possibilities

- There are 3 annotations you can use to specify dependency injection (all give the same result)
 - @Autowired (original spring annotation)
 - @Resource (JSR250 annotation / J2EE answer)
 - @Inject (JSR330 annotation related to CDI)

For a comparison see: https://www.sourceallies.com/2011/08/spring-injection-with-resource-and-autowired/

@Qualifier

 In order to specify a bean name you can use the @Qualifier annotation

```
package cs544.spring12.di.anno;
import org.springframework.beans.factory.annotation.Autowired;
import org.springframework.beans.factory.annotation.Qualifier;
import org.springframework.stereotype.Service;
@Service
@Qualifier("customerService")
public class CustomerService {
      @Autowired
      @Qualifier("customerDao")
      private ICustomerDao customerDao1;
      public void sayHello() {
            System.out.println("Hello");
```

Works to specify the id /name of a bean when declaring

Works to specify the id / name of a bean when injecting

Bean Lookup

- @Autowire and @Inject
 - 1) Matches by Type
 - 2) Restricts by Qualifiers
 - 3) Matches by Name
- @Resource(name="bean")
 - 1) Matches by Name
 - 2) Matches by Type
 - 3) Restricts by Qualifiers (ignored if match is found by name)

Property

- You can specify DI on a property
 - Spring uses reflection to inject

```
package cs544.spring12.di.anno;
import org.springframework.beans.factory.annotation.Autowired;
import org.springframework.beans.factory.annotation.Qualifier;
import org.springframework.stereotype.Service;
@Service
@Qualifier("customerService")
public class CustomerService {
      @Autowired
      @Qualifier("customerDao")
      private ICustomerDao customerDao1;
      public void sayHello() {
            System.out.println("Hello");
```

No setter or constructor needed to inject this property

Setter

Setter injection is used if the annotation is on a

setter method

```
package cs544.spring13.di.anno;
import org.springframework.beans.factory.annotation.Autowired;
import org.springframework.stereotype.Service;
@Service
public class CustomerService {
      private ICustomerDao customerDao;
     @Autowired
      public void setCustomerDao(ICustomerDao customerDao) {
            this.customerDao = customerDao;
      public void sayHello() {
            System.out.println("Hello");
```

Constructor

Constructor injection if the annotation is placed

on a constructor

```
package cs544.spring14.di.anno;
import org.springframework.beans.factory.annotation.Autowired;
import org.springframework.stereotype.Service;
@Service
public class CustomerService {
      private ICustomerDao customerDao;
      @Autowired
      public CustomerService(ICustomerDao customerDao) {
            this.customerDao = customerDao;
      public void sayHello() {
            System.out.println("Hello");
```