1. Custom Annotations. In this problem, you will use an expanded version of the custom annotation @BugReport discussed in the slides to create a small bug-reporting tool. The @BugReport annotation has been expanded for you to include two new elements:

```
@Retention(RetentionPolicy.RUNTIME)
@Target(ElementType.TYPE)
public @interface BugReport {
    String assignedTo() default "<unassigned>";
    int severity() default 0;
    String description() default "";
    String reportedBy() default "<unnamed>";
}
```

This annotation, together with start-up code for the reporting tool <code>BugReportGenerator</code> and a <code>Main class</code>, can be found in the package <code>lesson10.labs.prob2.bugreporter</code>. You will need to complete the code in the <code>BugReportGenerator</code>, according to the specifications below.

Instances of the annotation have been placed at the class level in each of the classes in the package <code>lesson10.labs.prob2.javapackage</code>, in order to indicate problems that need to be fixed in each of these classes, together with names of the individuals assigned to make the bugfixes. For instance:

```
@BugReport(assignedTo="Tom Jones", reportedBy="Corazza", description="computePerimeter incorrect")
public class Circle implements ClosedCurve {
    private double radius;
    public Circle(double radius) {
        this.radius = radius;
    }
    public double getRadius() {
        return radius;
    }
    public void setRadius(double radius) {
        this.radius = radius;
    }
    @Override
    public double computePerimeter() {
        return Math.PI * radius * radius;
    }
}
```

The method reportGenerator in the BugReportGenerator class should do the following:

- (1) Form a list of all classes in the package lesson10.labs.prob1.javapackage
- (2) For each class in the package, extract the bug report information supplied by the elements of the @BugReport annotation

- (3) Create a report that indicates the list of bugs (with detailed information) that is assigned to each bugfixer (format shown below)
- (4) Output the report to a file bug report.txt.

For (1), a method ClassFinder.find(PACKAGE_TO_SCAN) has been provided for you already; it extracts a list of Classes from a given package; the source for this method can be found in lesson10.labs.prob1.classfinder; it does not need to (and should not be) modified.

For (4), you will need to use a FileWriter (together with a PrintWriter) to output a file.

When your code is complete and the main method of Main is run, the output file bug report.txt should look like this:

```
Tom Jones
  reportedBy: Corazza
  classname: lesson10.labsolns.prob2.javapackage.Circle
 description: computePerimeter incorrect
 severity: 0
 reportedBy: Corazza
  classname: lesson10.labsolns.prob2.javapackage.ClosedCurve
 description:
 severity: 1
Joe Smith
 reportedBy: Corazza
  classname: lesson10.labsolns.prob2.javapackage.DataMiner
 description: Should use Logger
 severity: 1
 reportedBy: Corazza
 classname: lesson10.labsolns.prob2.javapackage.Rectangle
 description: computePerimeter incorrect
 severity: 2
```

2. In the package lesson10.labs.prob2, there is a class FixThis in which a stream map is called which accesses another method that throws an Exception. The code will not compile as it is written. Use one of the Java 8 exception-handling strategies to get the code to compile and run – create a new class FixThisSoln for this purpose. A (commented) main method is provided. Expected output for the first call to processList is

[not, too, big, yet]

However, the second call should throw a RuntimeException.

3. In the package lesson10.labs.prob3, there is a class GuestListPreJava8 which includes a method for extracting (in sorted order) from a list of invited guests (for a particular event) all those guests who have said they will attend the event, who are female, and who are not "illegal." The implementation has been done using pre-Java 8 techniques. Your job in this exercise is to rewrite the primary method printListOfExpectedFemaleGuests by creating a Stream pipleline and using filters and maps, as necessary. Checking whether a guest is

"illegal" involves a checked exception. You will need to use techniques discussed in the lecture to handle this. All the code you need has been provided for you; you only need to write code for the method printListOfExpectedFemaleGuests. Optionally, you may use the PredicateWithException functional interface that has been provided for you in working out your solution (similar to the use of FunctionWithException in the package lesson10.lecture.exceptions2); however, you are not required to solve the problem this way.

- 4. In the package lesson10.labs.prob4, there are classes Main and Employee. The main method in Main loads a list of Employees and then attempts to print, in sorted order, the full names of those Employees whose salary is greater than 100,000 and whose last name begins with any letter that comes after 'M' in the alphabet. This exercise asks you to refactor this processing step in the main method so that it can be unit tested, using the techniques mentioned in the Lesson. Do the following:
 - a. It is difficult to test an expression that simply prints to console. Move this processing step into two methods, asString(List), which does the same processing, but returns a String rather than printing to the console, and printEmps(List), which calls asString and then prints the string to the console. Replace the processing step in the main method with a call to printEmps.
 - b. Create two packages, soln1, soln2, where you will put the two different types of solutions you will develop for testing this code.
 - c. In soln1, create a JUnit Test class that tests the asString method. Make sure you test with a few Employee instances so that at least one Employee is excluded from the list and at least one is included in the list. This is an example of the Simple approach mentioned in the slides.
 - d. In soln2, refactor the asString method so that method references are used to call auxiliary methods, as in the Complex case described in the lecture. Create auxiliary methods salaryGreaterThan100000 (Employee e) and lastNameAfterM(Employee e) for this purpose. Then create a Test class in soln2 that tests these auxiliary methods, along with the fullName (Employee e) method. Does this approach provide a good test for the asString method?
 - 5. In the package there is a class Queue. Do the following:
 - a. Show that Queue is not threadsafe by setting up a multithreaded environment in which you create a race condition.
 - b. Modify Queue so that it is threadsafe, and verify in your test environment that you have been successful.