Class13

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```
counts <- read.csv("airway_scaledcounts.csv", row.names=1)
metadata <- read.csv("airway_metadata.csv")</pre>
```

head(counts)

	SRR1039508	SRR1039509	SRR1039512	SRR1039513	SRR1039516
ENSG0000000003	723	486	904	445	1170
ENSG0000000005	0	0	0	0	0
ENSG00000000419	467	523	616	371	582
ENSG00000000457	347	258	364	237	318
ENSG00000000460	96	81	73	66	118
ENSG00000000938	0	0	1	0	2
	SRR1039517	SRR1039520	SRR1039521		
ENSG0000000003	1097	806	604		
ENSG0000000005	0	0	0		
ENSG00000000419	781	417	509		
ENSG00000000457	447	330	324		
ENSG00000000460	94	102	74		
ENSG00000000938	0	0	0		

head(metadata)

```
id dex celltype geo_id
1 SRR1039508 control N61311 GSM1275862
2 SRR1039509 treated N61311 GSM1275863
3 SRR1039512 control N052611 GSM1275866
4 SRR1039513 treated N052611 GSM1275867
5 SRR1039516 control N080611 GSM1275870
6 SRR1039517 treated N080611 GSM1275871
```

Q1. How many genes are in this dataset?

38694 genes

Q2. How many 'control' cell lines?

```
table(metadata$dex)
```

```
control treated 4 4
```

Finding Control Mean

```
control.inds <-metadata$dex =="control"
control.countd <-counts[,control.inds]
control.mean2 <-apply(control.countd, 1, mean)</pre>
```

Finding Treated Mean

```
treated.inds <-metadata$dex =="treated"
treated.countd <-counts[,treated.inds]
treated.mean2 <-apply(treated.countd, 1, mean)</pre>
```

Mean Counts

```
meancounts2 <- data.frame(control.mean2, treated.mean2)
head(meancounts2)</pre>
```

	control.mean2	treated.mean2
ENSG0000000003	900.75	658.00
ENSG0000000005	0.00	0.00
ENSG00000000419	520.50	546.00
ENSG00000000457	339.75	316.50
ENSG00000000460	97.25	78.75
ENSG00000000938	0.75	0.00

Calculating mean counts/gene across samples

```
control <- metadata[metadata[,"dex"]=="control",]
control.counts <- counts[ ,control$id]
control.mean <- rowSums( control.counts )/4
head(control.mean)</pre>
```

```
ENSG00000000003 ENSG0000000005 ENSG00000000419 ENSG00000000457 ENSG00000000460
900.75 0.00 520.50 339.75 97.25
ENSG00000000938
0.75
```

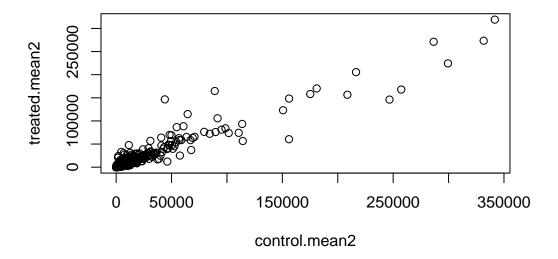
- Q3. How would you make the above code in either approach more robust? Is there a function that could help here?
- Q4. Follow the same procedure for the treated samples (i.e. calculate the mean per gene across drug treated samples and assign to a labeled vector called treated mean)

```
treated <- metadata[metadata[,"dex"]=="treated",]
treated.counts <- counts[ ,treated$id]
treated.mean <- rowSums( treated.counts )/4
head(treated.mean)</pre>
```

```
ENSG00000000003 ENSG0000000005 ENSG00000000419 ENSG00000000457 ENSG000000000460 658.00 0.00 546.00 316.50 78.75 ENSG00000000938 0.00
```

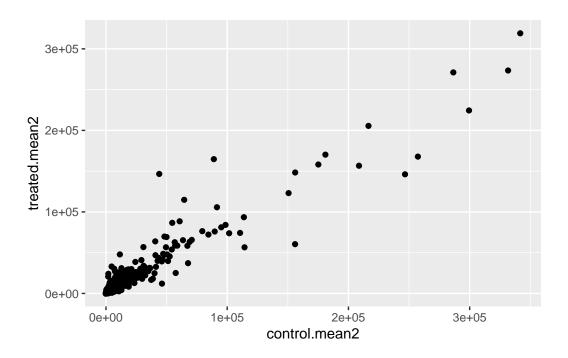
Q5a. Scatterplot of Mean Treated v Control Saples

```
plot(meancounts2)
```



Q5b. Using ggplot2

```
library(ggplot2)
ggplot() + aes(control.mean2, treated.mean2) +
   geom_point()
```



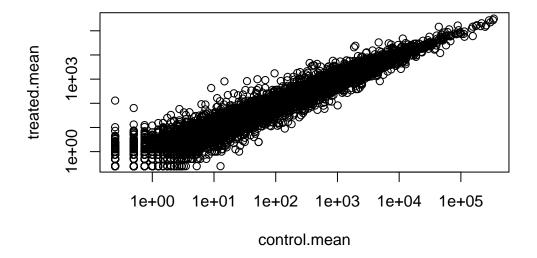
Q6. Plotting axes on log scale

Meancounts

```
meancounts <- data.frame(control.mean, treated.mean)
plot(meancounts, log="xy")</pre>
```

Warning in xy.coords(x, y, xlabel, ylabel, log): 15032 x values <= 0 omitted from logarithmic plot

Warning in xy.coords(x, y, xlabel, ylabel, log): 15281 y values <= 0 omitted from logarithmic plot



rule of thumb: "fold-change" of either +/-2 is where we start to pay attention

log2(40/10)

[1] 2

Lets calculate the log2(fold-change) and add it to our "mean.counts" df

meancounts\$log2fc <- log2(meancounts\$treated.mean/meancounts\$control.mean)
head(meancounts)</pre>

log2fc	treated.mean	control.mean	
-0.45303916	658.00	900.75	ENSG0000000003
NaN	0.00	0.00	ENSG0000000005
0.06900279	546.00	520.50	ENSG00000000419
-0.10226805	316.50	339.75	ENSG00000000457
-0.30441833	78.75	97.25	ENSG00000000460
-Inf	0.00	0.75	ENSG00000000938

Filtering Unusable Data

```
zero.vals <- which(meancounts[,1:2]==0, arr.ind=TRUE)

to.rm <- unique(zero.vals[,1])
mycounts <- meancounts[-to.rm,]
head(mycounts)</pre>
```

	control.mean	${\tt treated.mean}$	log2fc
ENSG0000000003	900.75	658.00	-0.45303916
ENSG00000000419	520.50	546.00	0.06900279
ENSG00000000457	339.75	316.50	-0.10226805
ENSG00000000460	97.25	78.75	-0.30441833
ENSG00000000971	5219.00	6687.50	0.35769358
ENSG0000001036	2327.00	1785.75	-0.38194109

Q7. What is the purpose of the arr.ind argument in which() function above? Why would we then take the first column of the output and need to call the unique() function?

The arr.ind=TRUE argument will clause which() to return both the row and column indices (i.e. positions) where there are TRUE values. In this case this will tell us which genes (rows) and samples (columns) have zero counts. We are going to ignore any genes that have zero counts in any sample so we just focus on the row answer. Calling unique() will ensure we don't count any row twice if it has zero entries in both samples.

How many genes left after filtering?

```
nrow(mycounts)
```

[1] 21817

Q8. How many genes upregulated upon drug treatment at $+2 \log 2$ -fold-change?

```
up.ind <- sum(mycounts$log2fc > 2)
up.ind
```

[1] 250

Q9. How many genes downregulated upon drug treatment at -2 log2-fold-change?

```
down.ind <- sum(mycounts$log2fc < -2)
down.ind

[1] 367

need to perform t-test and get p-value using DESeq Analysis

#|message: false
suppressPackageStartupMessages(library(DESeq2))

Warning: package 'matrixStats' was built under R version 4.4.2

library(DESeq2)</pre>
```

Formatting for DESeq

```
dds <- DESeqDataSetFromMatrix(countData = counts, colData = metadata, design = ~dex)
converting counts to integer mode

Warning in DESeqDataSet(se, design = design, ignoreRank): some variables in design formula are characters, converting to factors</pre>
```

Running dds in DESeq()

```
dds<-DESeq(dds)

estimating size factors

estimating dispersions

gene-wise dispersion estimates</pre>
```

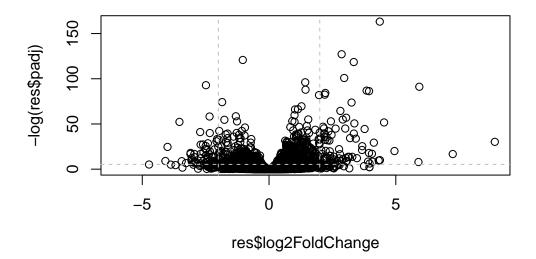
```
mean-dispersion relationship
final dispersion estimates
fitting model and testing
```

Results() Function:

```
res <- results(dds)
head(res)
log2 fold change (MLE): dex treated vs control
Wald test p-value: dex treated vs control
DataFrame with 6 rows and 6 columns
                 baseMean log2FoldChange
                                            lfcSE
                                                               pvalue
                                                       stat
                <numeric>
                              <numeric> <numeric> <numeric> <numeric>
ENSG00000000003 747.194195
                              -0.3507030 0.168246 -2.084470 0.0371175
ENSG0000000005
                 0.000000
                                               NA
                                                         NA
                          0.2061078 0.101059 2.039475 0.0414026
ENSG00000000419 520.134160
ENSG00000000457 322.664844
                             0.0245269 0.145145 0.168982 0.8658106
ENSG00000000460 87.682625
                             -0.1471420 0.257007 -0.572521 0.5669691
ENSG00000000938
                             -1.7322890 3.493601 -0.495846 0.6200029
                 0.319167
                    padj
               <numeric>
ENSG00000000003 0.163035
ENSG0000000005
ENSG00000000419 0.176032
ENSG00000000457 0.961694
ENSG00000000460 0.815849
ENSG00000000938
                      NA
```

Common Overall Results Figure. Plot Fold-Change vs p-Value

```
plot(res$log2FoldChange,-log(res$padj))
abline(v=c(-2,+2),col="grey", lty=2)
abline(h=-log(0.005), col="grey",lty=2)
```



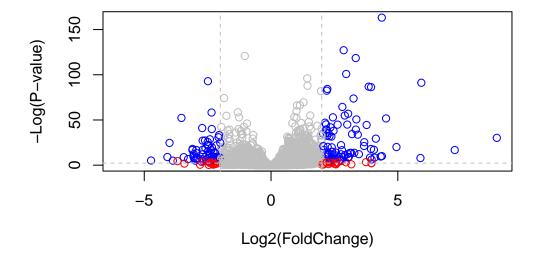
Adding Color

```
# Setup our custom point color vector
mycols <- rep("gray", nrow(res))
mycols[ abs(res$log2FoldChange) > 2 ] <- "red"

inds <- (res$padj < 0.01) & (abs(res$log2FoldChange) > 2 )
mycols[ inds ] <- "blue"

# Volcano plot with custom colors
plot( res$log2FoldChange, -log(res$padj),
    col=mycols, ylab="-Log(P-value)", xlab="Log2(FoldChange)" )

# Cut-off lines
abline(v=c(-2,2), col="gray", lty=2)
abline(h=-log(0.1), col="gray", lty=2)</pre>
```



Save Results

```
write.csv(res, file="class13results.csv")
```

Q10. Do you trust these results? Why or why not?

All of our analysis has been done based on fold change. However, fold change can be large (e.g. »two-fold up- or down-regulation) without being statistically significant (e.g. based on p-values). We have not done anything yet to determine whether the differences we are seeing are significant. These results in their current form are likely to be very misleading.

Need to translate our gene identifiers" ENSG000..." into gene names that are more readily interpretable using *annotationDbi*

```
library(AnnotationDbi)
library(org.Hs.eg.db)
```

columns(org.Hs.eg.db)

```
[1] "ACCNUM"
                    "ALIAS"
                                   "ENSEMBL"
                                                   "ENSEMBLPROT"
                                                                  "ENSEMBLTRANS"
[6] "ENTREZID"
                    "ENZYME"
                                   "EVIDENCE"
                                                   "EVIDENCEALL"
                                                                  "GENENAME"
[11] "GENETYPE"
                    "GO"
                                   "GOALL"
                                                   "IPI"
                                                                  "MAP"
[16] "OMIM"
                                   "ONTOLOGYALL"
                                                                  "PFAM"
                    "ONTOLOGY"
                                                  "PATH"
[21] "PMID"
                    "PROSITE"
                                   "REFSEQ"
                                                   "SYMBOL"
                                                                  "UCSCKG"
[26] "UNIPROT"
```

using *mapIds()* function to map my identifiers from diffrent databases. I will go between "ENSEMBL" and "SYMBOL" (and then after "GENAME")

'select()' returned 1:many mapping between keys and columns

head(res)

```
log2 fold change (MLE): dex treated vs control
Wald test p-value: dex treated vs control
DataFrame with 6 rows and 7 columns
                baseMean log2FoldChange
                                          lfcSE
                                                    stat
                                                            pvalue
               <numeric>
                             <numeric> <numeric> <numeric> <numeric>
ENSG00000000003 747.194195
                            -0.3507030 0.168246 -2.084470 0.0371175
ENSG00000000005
                0.000000
                                                      NA
ENSG00000000419 520.134160
                             ENSG00000000457 322.664844
                            0.0245269 0.145145 0.168982 0.8658106
ENSG00000000460 87.682625
                            -0.1471420 0.257007 -0.572521 0.5669691
ENSG00000000938
                0.319167
                            -1.7322890 3.493601 -0.495846 0.6200029
                            symbol
                   padj
              <numeric> <character>
ENSG00000000000 0.163035
                            TSPAN6
ENSG00000000005
                              TNMD
```

ENSG00000000419	0.176032	DPM1
ENSG00000000457	0.961694	SCYL3
ENSG00000000460	0.815849	FIRRM
ENSG00000000938	NA	FGR

Q11. Run the mapIds() function two more times to add the Entrez ID and UniProt accession and GENENAME as new columns called resentrez, resuniprot and res\$genename.

Add "GENENAME"

```
res$genename <- mapIds(org.Hs.eg.db,
    keys = rownames(res),
    keytype = "ENSEMBL",
    column = "GENENAME")</pre>
```

'select()' returned 1:many mapping between keys and columns

```
head(res)
```

```
log2 fold change (MLE): dex treated vs control
Wald test p-value: dex treated vs control
DataFrame with 6 rows and 8 columns
                  baseMean log2FoldChange
                                               lfcSE
                                                                  pvalue
                                                          stat
                                <numeric> <numeric> <numeric> <numeric>
                 <numeric>
                                -0.3507030
                                           0.168246 -2.084470 0.0371175
ENSG00000000003 747.194195
ENSG00000000005
                  0.000000
                                       NA
                                                  NA
                                                            NA
ENSG00000000419 520.134160
                                0.2061078
                                           0.101059
                                                      2.039475 0.0414026
ENSG00000000457 322.664844
                                0.0245269
                                           0.145145 0.168982 0.8658106
ENSG00000000460 87.682625
                               -0.1471420
                                           0.257007 -0.572521 0.5669691
ENSG00000000938
                               -1.7322890 3.493601 -0.495846 0.6200029
                  0.319167
                               symbol
                                                     genename
                     padj
                <numeric> <character>
                                                  <character>
                 0.163035
                               TSPAN6
ENSG00000000003
                                                tetraspanin 6
ENSG00000000005
                       NΑ
                                 TNMD
                                                  tenomodulin
ENSG00000000419
                 0.176032
                                 DPM1 dolichyl-phosphate m..
ENSG0000000457
                 0.961694
                                SCYL3 SCY1 like pseudokina...
                 0.815849
ENSG00000000460
                                FIRRM FIGNL1 interacting r..
ENSG00000000938
                                  FGR FGR proto-oncogene, ...
                       NA
```

Add "ENTREZID"

```
res$entrezid <- mapIds(org.Hs.eg.db,
    keys = rownames(res),
    keytype = "ENSEMBL",
    column = "ENTREZID")</pre>
```

'select()' returned 1:many mapping between keys and columns

```
head(res)
```

```
log2 fold change (MLE): dex treated vs control
Wald test p-value: dex treated vs control
DataFrame with 6 rows and 9 columns
                 baseMean log2FoldChange
                                           lfcSE
                                                              pvalue
                                                      stat
                <numeric>
                              <numeric> <numeric> <numeric> <numeric>
                             -0.3507030 0.168246 -2.084470 0.0371175
ENSG00000000003 747.194195
ENSG00000000005
                 0.000000
                                              NΑ
                                                        NA
                              ENSG00000000419 520.134160
ENSG00000000457 322.664844
                              0.0245269 0.145145 0.168982 0.8658106
ENSG00000000460 87.682625
                             -0.1471420 0.257007 -0.572521 0.5669691
                             -1.7322890 3.493601 -0.495846 0.6200029
ENSG00000000938
                 0.319167
                    padj
                             symbol
                                                 genename
                                                             entrezid
               <numeric> <character>
                                              <character> <character>
ENSG00000000000 0.163035
                             TSPAN6
                                            tetraspanin 6
                                                                7105
ENSG00000000005
                     NA
                              TNMD
                                              tenomodulin
                                                                64102
ENSG00000000419 0.176032
                              DPM1 dolichyl-phosphate m..
                                                               8813
ENSG00000000457 0.961694
                              SCYL3 SCY1 like pseudokina..
                                                               57147
ENSG00000000460 0.815849
                              FIRRM FIGNL1 interacting r..
                                                               55732
ENSG00000000938
                                FGR FGR proto-oncogene, ..
                                                                2268
                     NA
```

Saving Annotated Results

```
write.csv(res, file="results_annotated.csv")
```

Pathway Analysis using gage to look for KEGG pathways in our genes of interest

```
#|message: false
library(pathview)
```

Pathview is an open source software package distributed under GNU General Public License version 3 (GPLv3). Details of GPLv3 is available at http://www.gnu.org/licenses/gpl-3.0.html. Particullary, users are required to formally cite the original Pathview paper (not just mention it) in publications or products. For details, do citation("pathview") within R.

The pathview downloads and uses KEGG data. Non-academic uses may require a KEGG license agreement (details at http://www.kegg.jp/kegg/legal.html).

```
library(gage)
```

```
library(gageData)
data(kegg.sets.hs)
```

gage wants "vector of importance." For RNASeq daa like we have this is our log2FC values

```
foldchanges = res$log2FoldChange
names(foldchanges) = res$entrezid
head(foldchanges)
```

```
7105 64102 8813 57147 55732 2268 -0.35070302 NA 0.20610777 0.02452695 -0.14714205 -1.73228897
```

gage pathway analysis

```
keggres = gage(foldchanges, gsets=kegg.sets.hs)
attributes(keggres)
```

\$names

[1] "greater" "less" "stats"

head(keggres\$less,3)

```
p.geomean stat.mean p.val
hsa05332 Graft-versus-host disease 0.0004250461 -3.473346 0.0004250461
hsa04940 Type I diabetes mellitus 0.0017820293 -3.002352 0.0017820293
hsa05310 Asthma 0.0020045888 -3.009050 0.0020045888
q.val set.size exp1
hsa05332 Graft-versus-host disease 0.09053483 40 0.0004250461
hsa04940 Type I diabetes mellitus 0.14232581 42 0.0017820293
hsa05310 Asthma 0.14232581 29 0.0020045888
```

Using Pathview() to look at highlighter KEGG Pathways. "hsa05310 Asthma"

```
pathview(gene.data=foldchanges, pathway.id="hsa05310")
```

'select()' returned 1:1 mapping between keys and columns

Info: Working in directory C:/Users/Owner/Desktop/School/UCSD Q1 2024/BIMM143/Class13

Info: Writing image file hsa05310.pathview.png

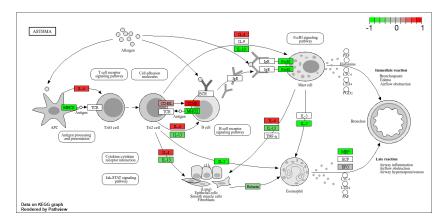


Figure 1: Asthma pathway w my DEGs