

42 Evals[Back to all evaluation sheets](#)**Points earned****0**

CPP Module 02

You should evaluate **1** student in this team

Introduction

Please follow the rules below:

- ✓ Remain polite, courteous, respectful and constructive throughout the evaluation process. The well-being of the community depends on it.
- ✓ Identify with the student or group whose work is evaluated the possible dysfunctions in their project. Take the time to discuss and debate the problems that may have been identified.
- ✓ You must consider that there might be some differences in how your peers might have understood the project's instructions and the scope of its functionalities. Always keep an open mind and grade them as honestly as possible. The pedagogy is useful only and only if the peer-evaluation is done seriously.

Guidelines

Please follow the guidelines below:

- ✓ Only grade the work that was turned in the Git repository of the evaluated student or group.
- ✓ Double-check that the Git repository belongs to the student and that the project is the one expected. Also, check that 'git clone' is used to clone the repository.
- ✓ Check carefully that no malicious aliases was used to evaluate something that is not the content of the official repository.
- ✓ To avoid any surprises and if applicable, review together any scripts used to facilitate the grading (scripts for testing or automation).
- ✓ If you have not completed the assignment you are going to evaluate, you have to read the entire subject prior to starting the evaluation process.
- ✓ Use the available flags to report an empty repository, a non-functioning program, a Norm error, cheating, and so forth.

Points earned**0**

In these cases, the evaluation process ends and the final grade is 0, or -42 in case of cheating. However, except for cheating, student are strongly encouraged to review together the work that was turned in, in order to identify any mistakes that shouldn't be repeated in the future.

- ✓ You should never have to edit any file except the configuration file if it exists. If you want to edit a file, take the time to explicit the reasons with the evaluated student and make sure both of you are okay with this.
- ✓ You must also verify the absence of memory leaks. Any memory allocated on the heap must be properly freed before the end of execution.

You are allowed to use any of the different tools available on the computer, such as leaks, valgrind, or e_fence. In case of memory leaks, tick the appropriate flag.

Attachments

Please download the attachments below:

**Points earned****0**

Mandatory Part

Preliminary tests

If a case of cheating is suspected, the grading and evaluation will immediately be terminated. To report it, select the 'Cheat' flag. Be careful to use it calmly, cautiously, and with discernment.

Prerequisites

The code must compile with C++ and the flags `-Wall -Wextra -Werror`.

As a reminder, this project must follow the C++98 standard. Therefore, C++11 (or other standards) functions and containers are NOT expected.

Do not grade the exercise if you find:

- ✓ A function implemented in a header file (except for template functions).
- ✓ A Makefile that compiles without the required flags and/or with anything other than C++.

Select the 'Forbidden function' flag if you encounter:

- ✓ The use of a "C" function (`*alloc`, `*printf`, `free`).
- ✓ The use of a function forbidden in the project.
- ✓ The use of `"using namespace <ns_name>"` or the keyword `"friend"`.
- ✓ The use of an external library or features specific to versions later than C++98."

Yes

No

Exercise 00: My First Canonical Class

Points earned**0**

This exercise introduces the concept of a canonical class.
exercise: fixed-point numbers.

Makefile

There is a Makefile that compiles using the appropriate flags.

Yes

No

Accessors

Accessors

The Fixed class (or another class) must have accessors for the raw value:

```
```cpp
```

```
int getRawBits(void) const;
```

```
void setRawBits(int const raw);
```

```
、
```

Are these members present and functional?"

Yes

No

## Canonical Class

Canonical Class

A canonical class must have at least:

- ☒ A default constructor
- ☒ A destructor
- ☒ A copy constructor
- ☒ An assignment operator

Are these elements present and functional?

Yes

No

**Points earned**

**0**

## Exercise 01: First Steps Toward a Useful Class

The previous exercise was a good first step. However, the class was of little use since it could only represent the value 0.0.

**\*Makefile\***

There is a Makefile that compiles using the appropriate flags.

Yes

No

## Constructor via Floating Point

## Constructor via Floating Point

Is it possible to construct an instance from a floating-point number?

Yes

No

Points earned

0

## `<<` Operator

`<<` Operator

Is there a `<<` operator, and is it functional?

Yes

No

## Fixed-Point to Integer

Fixed-Point to Integer

The class must include a member function `int toInt(void) const;`

that converts a fixed-point number to an integer.

Is it present and functional?

Yes

No

## Fixed-Point to Float

## Fixed-Point to Float

The class must include a member function `float toFloat()` that converts a fixed-point number to a float.

Is it present and functional?

**Points earned**

**0**

Yes

No

## Construction with an `int`

Construction with an `int`

Is it possible to instantiate the class using the constructor that takes an `int` ?

Yes

No

## Exercise 02: Now We Can Talk

This exercise adds comparison and arithmetic operators to the class.

**\*Makefile\***

There is a Makefile that compiles using the appropriate flags.

Yes

No

## Comparison Operators

### Comparison Operators

Are the six comparison operators ( `>` , `<` , `>=` , `<=` , `==` , `!=` ) present and functional?

**Points earned**  
**0**

Yes

No

## Arithmetic Operators

### Arithmetic Operators

Are the four arithmetic operators ( `+` , `-` , `*` , and `/` ) present and functional?

(If a division by zero occurs, it is acceptable for the program to crash.)

Yes

No

## Other Operators

### Other Operators

Are the four increment and decrement operators (pre-increment, post-increment, pre-decrement, and post-decrement) present and functional?

Yes

No



## Overloading of Public Static Member Functions

Overloading of Public Static Member Functions

Finally, check that the static member functions `min()` are implemented and functional.

**Points earned**  
**0**

Yes

No

## Exercise 03: BSP

This exercise should demonstrate how easy it is to implement complex algorithms once the basics are functioning as expected.

**\*Makefile\***

There is a Makefile that compiles using the appropriate flags.

Yes

No

## Point Class

Point Class

There is a `Point` class that has two attributes (`x` and `y`) of type `Fixed` `const`.

It also has a constructor that takes two floats and initializes `x` and `y` with these values.

Yes

No

**Points earned****0**

## **`bsp` Function**

**`bsp` Function**

There is a function `bsp()` with the following prototype:

```
```cpp
```

```
bool bsp(Point const a, Point const b, Point const c, Point const point);
```

```
,
```

The function returns `True` if the point is inside the triangle defined by the vertices `a`, `b`, and `c`. Otherwise, it returns `False`.

Yes

No

Bonus Part

Main and Tests

Main and Tests

There is a `main` function to test that the `bsp()` function works as described above. Run several tests to ensure that the return value is correct.

Yes

No

Points earned
0

Ratings

OK

Outstanding

Empty Work

Incomplete Work

Invalid Compilation

Cheat

Crash

Concerning Situations

Leaks

Forbidden Functions

Cannot Support/Explain code