





Topic Model Kernel: An Empirical Study Towards Probabilistically Reduced Features For Classification

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- 2. Support Vector Machine
- 3. Topic Model Feature
- 4. Topic Model Kernel for Classification
- 5. Experiments
- 6. Question & Answer





1. Introduction

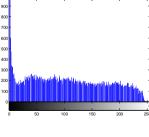
Classification.

The low-level features may not able to semantically represent the data well.

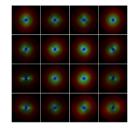
Low-level representation (high-dimensional feature)



High-level representation (low-dimensional feature)



Color Histogram



GIST

RBM Neuron Network Topic Models

. . .





1. Introduction

Classification.

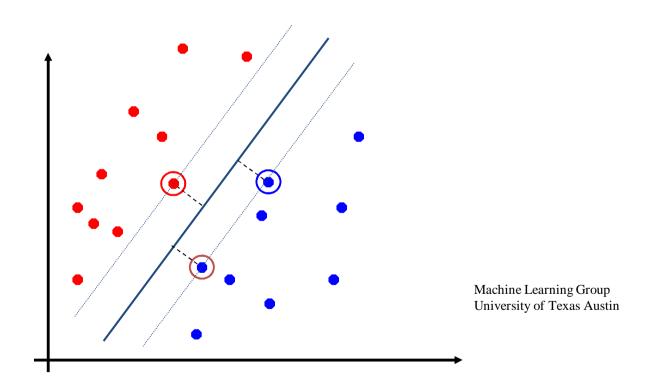
- The low-level features may not able to semantically represent the data well.
- The integrated classification framework:
 - (1) discovering the "high-level" features (e.g. topic models)
 - (2) do classification with supervised learning method (e.g. SVM, ...).
- We propose the Topic Model Kernel (TMK) for SVM classification with the topic model feature.





2. Support Vector Machine

- Supervised learning technique.
- Finding the line that maximizes the margin between classes.







3. Topic Model

discovering the main "topics" from collections of "documents"

"documents"

Applications

- Summarization
- > Classification
- > Information retrieval





3. Example of Topics learned by Topic Model

sky sea water rocks sand beach

door window balcony person walking building poster plants



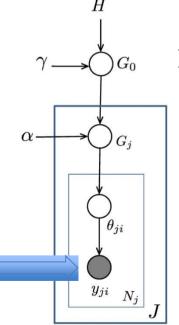


Topic Models

Parametric: Latent Dirichlet Allocation (LDA), TOT, sLDA... Nonparametric: Hierarchical Dirichlet Process (HDP), CDDP...

Hierarchical Dirichlet Processes





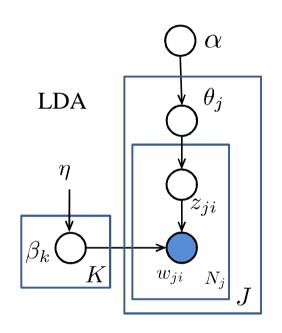
Dirichlet Process

Automatically identify number of topic

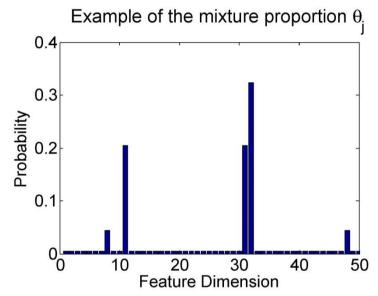




Topic Model Feature



Reduced from original dimension of 65,483 to 50



Topic model feature, high-level representation, follows Multinomial distribution.

Topic model features are condensed in low dimension, they are more semantically informative and discriminative for classification





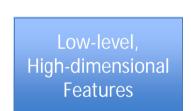
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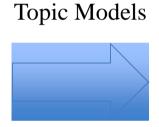
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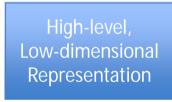


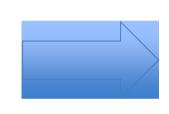


Classification with Topic Model Feature









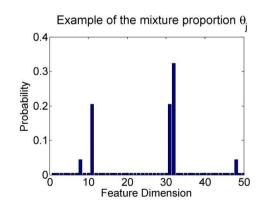
SVM

Document Classification

Unsupervised Learning

Supervised Learning









4. Topic Model Kernel

P and Q are two probabilistic distributions (e.g. Multinomial, Gaussian).

Kullback-Leibler (KL) Divergence

$$D_{KL}(P \parallel Q) = \sum_{i} P(i) \ln \frac{P(i)}{Q(i)}$$

Is not a metric

Jensen-Shanon (JS) Divergence

$$D_{JS}(P,Q) = \pi D_{KL}(P \parallel M) + (1 - \pi) D_{KL}(Q \parallel M)$$

$$M = \frac{1}{2}(P + Q)$$

JS squared root is a metric for two probability distributions. (D. Endres, J. Schindelin, 2003) It is negative definite on $R_+ \times R_+$ (Topsoe, 2003)





4. Topic Model Kernel

X and Y are two (non-negative) feature vectors.(e.g Topic Model Feature)

$$K_{TM}(X,Y) = \exp\left\{-\frac{1}{\sigma^2} \times D_{JS}(X,Y)\right\}$$
$$= \exp\left\{-\frac{1}{\sigma^2} \times \left[\frac{1}{2} \sum_{i} X(i) \ln \frac{X(i)}{M(i)} + \frac{1}{2} \sum_{i} Y(i) \ln \frac{Y(i)}{M(i)}\right]\right\}$$

It satisfied a positive semi definite condition to be a kernel.

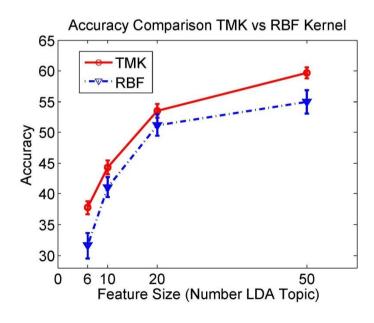


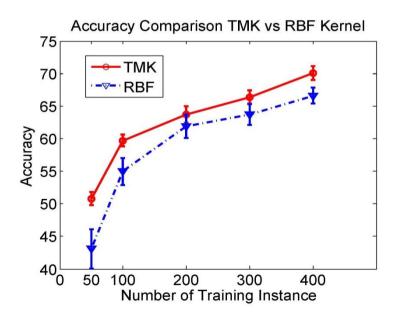


5. Experimental Results

Livejournal corpus: classify communities 8758 posts in 65,483-dimension raw feature using LDA...

8758 posts in k-dimension (e.g 6,10,20,50...)









5. Experimental Results on Topic Model Features

Dataset	TMK	RBF	Linear	Polynomial	Sigmoid
Livejournal	58.1 (2.1)	54.9 (4.9)	54.4 (5.2)	52.6 (6.6)	51.8 (5.1)
Reuter21578	81.3 (0.2)	79.0 (0.5)	78.2 (0.1)	77.9 (0.1)	77.4 (0.4)
LabelMe	72.3 (1.9)	70.8 (1.9)	71.5 (1.8)	62.7 (4.2)	69.8 (1.6)





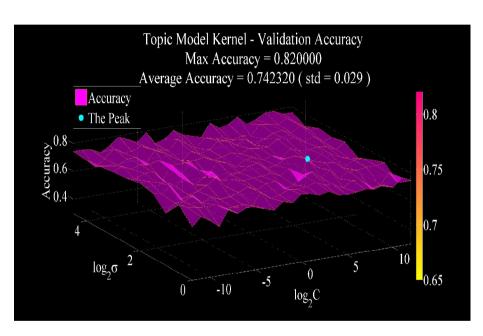
5. Experimental Results on Generic Features

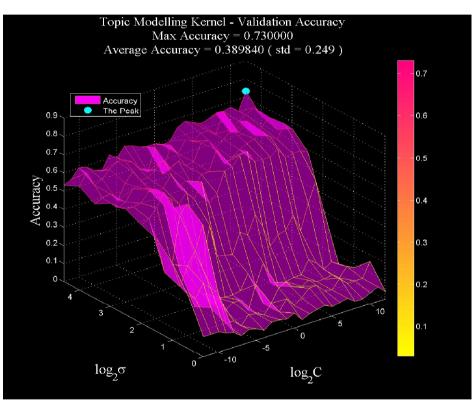
Dataset	TMK	RBF	Linear	Polynomial	Sigmoid
MNIST (at default parameter)	88.4(0.9)	82.2(1.9)	91.3(0.5)	83.7(2.6)	79.6(3.4)
MNIST (at optimal parameter by cross-validation)	90.8(2.25)	89.3(2.5)	89.8(2.7)	88.7(2.9)	85.8(2.7)





5. Experimental Results





Excellent performance Robust on topic model features (LabelMe)

Very good performance but not stable on generic feature (MNIST)





- ❖ Document classification with two steps:
 - 1. Topic Models for extracting low-dimentional feature.
 - 2. Do classification by SVM with Topic Model Kernel.
- *TMK is superior on Topic Model feature, comparable on other types of feature.

TMK Matlab code is available at author website. prada-research.net/~tienvu/code





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