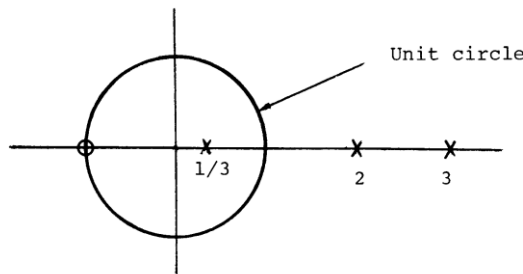
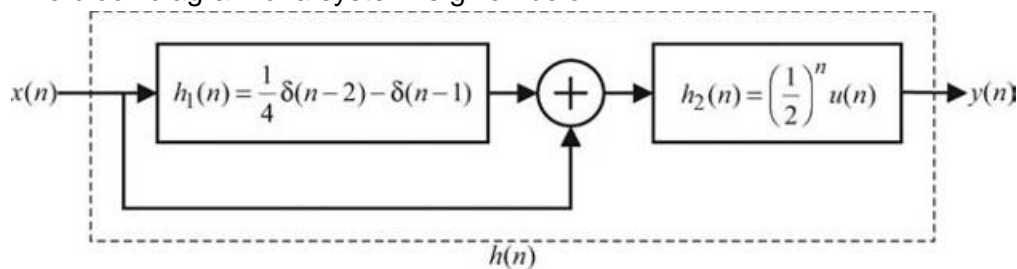


1. If $X(z) = \frac{1}{1+0.5z^{-1}}$; $|z| \geq 0.5$, then find the Z-transform of the following signals.
 - a. $y_1[n] = x[3-n] + x[n-3]$
 - b. $y_2[n] = (\frac{1}{2})^n x[n-2]$
 - c. $y_4[n] = x[n-2] * x[2-n]$
 - d. Derive the Z-transform of $n x[n]$ and use it to find the Z-transform of the signal $y_3[n] = (1+n+n^2)x[n]$, where $X(z)$ is as given above.
2. A signal $x[n] = (\frac{1}{2})^n u[n]$ has a Z-transform $X(z)$. Then find the signals with the following Z-transforms.
 - a. $Y_1(z) = z X(\frac{1}{z})$
 - b. $Y_2(z) = (\frac{z-1}{z})X(z)$
 - c. $Y_3(z) = X(z) X(\frac{1}{z})$
 - d. $Y_4(z) = z^2 \frac{dX(z)}{dz}$
3. $X(z)$ has a zero at origin, and poles at $z = 3$ and $\frac{1}{3}$. If $x[n]$ is known to be a double-sided signal find $X(z)$, its ROC, and its inverse $x[n]$. Can you generalize this result?
4. The pole-zero locations of a system is as shown below.



- a. If the system function $H(z)$ is known to converge for $|z| = 1$ find the ROC and state if $h[n]$ is left/right/double sided.
 - b. It is unknown if $H(z)$ converges for $|z| = 1$. How many different ROCs are possible, in this case? Pick one, if any, that results in (i) a stable and causal system, (ii) a stable but not causal and (iii) a causal but unstable system.
5. The block diagram of a system is given below.



- a. Find the impulse response $h[n]$ for the overall system using Z-transforms.
- b. Locate the poles and zeros of $H(z)$ and based on their location state if this system is stable and / or causal.
- c. What is the signal processing function performed by this system?