CS 33: Introduction to Computer Organization

TA: Aalisha Dalal

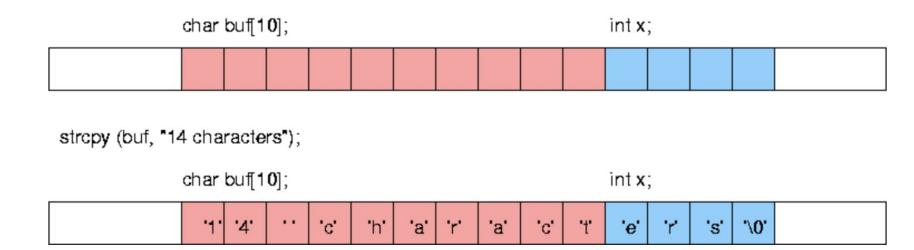
LA: Jonathan Myong

Office Hours: Friday, 9:30-11:30AM

Outline

- Buffer Overflow/ Attacks
- Practice Problems for Midterm
- Worksheet problem

Buffer Overflow - Example



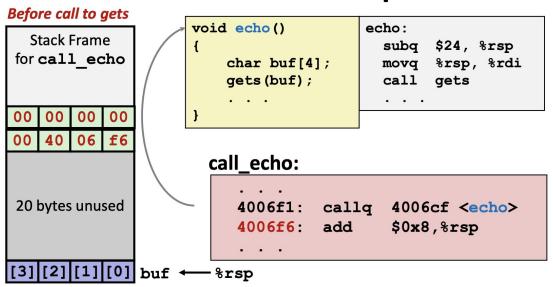
Buffer Overflow

```
/* Get string from stdin */
char *gets(char *dest)
    int c = getchar();
    char *p = dest;
    while (c != EOF && c != '\n') {
        *p++ = c;
        c = getchar();
    *p = ' \ 0';
    return dest;
```

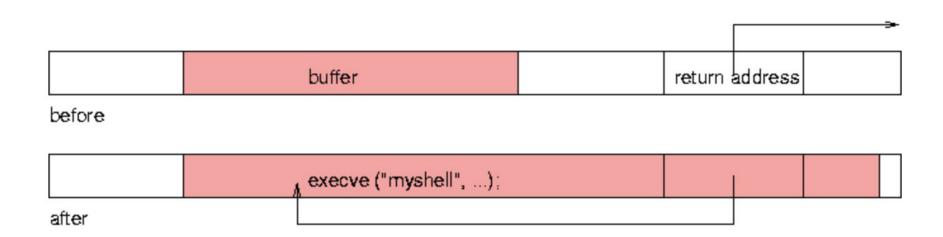
Is there any issue that you see with this function? How can it be exploited?

Security Breaches - Buffer Overflow (I)

Buffer Overflow Stack Example

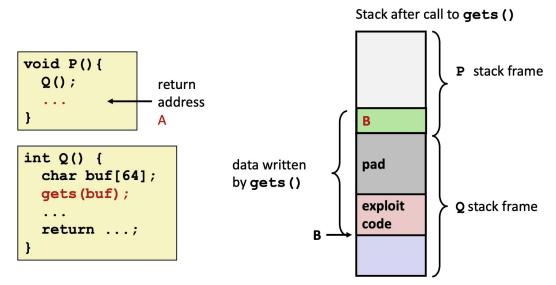


Security Breaches - Buffer Overflow (II)



Security Breaches - Buffer Overflow (II)

Code Injection Attacks



- Input string contains byte representation of executable code
- Overwrite return address A with address of buffer B
- When Q executes ret, will jump to exploit code

How can we prevent such attacks?

- Library routines that *limit string lengths* fgets, strncpy functions
- **Randomized offset** for function stack allocation
- Mark the stack as **non-executable code segment**
- **Stack canaries** placed after the buffer

```
int array[10] = \{0, 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9\};
```

Suppose that the compiler has placed the variable array in the %ecx register. How do you move the value at array [3] into the %eax register? Assume that %ebx is 3.

- (a) leal 12(%ecx), %eax
- (b) leal (%ecx, %ebx, 4), %eax
- (c) movl (%ecx, %ebx, 4), %eax
- (d) movl 8(%ecx, %ebx, 2), %eax
- (e) leal 4(%ecx, %ebx, 1), %eax

```
mystery1:
   pushl %ebp
    movl %esp, %ebp
    subl $8, %esp
    cmpl $0, 8(%ebp)
    jne .L2
    movl $1, -4(%ebp)
    jmp .L3
.L2:
    movl 8(%ebp), %eax
    shrl %eax
   movl %eax, (%esp)
    call mystery1
    addl $1, %eax
    movl %eax, -4(%ebp)
.L3:
    movl -4 (%ebp), %eax
    leave
    ret
```

```
unsigned mystery1(unsigned n) {
    if(_____)
        return 1;
    else
        return 1 + mystery1(_____);
}
```

void foo(struct my_struct *st) {

st->a = 'e';

```
st->d[0] = NULL;
    st->c = 0x213;
    printf("%1ld %p %hhu\n", st->b, &st->f, st->e[1]);
Dump of assembler code for function foo:
0 \times 00000000000004004 = 4 < +0 > :
                               sub
                                       $0x8,%rsp
                                       $0x65,____(%rdi)
0x00000000004004e8 <+4>:
                               movb
0 \times 0000000000004004eb <+7>:
                                       $0x0,____(%rdi)
                               mova
                                       $0x213,____(%rdi)
0 \times 0000000000004004f3 < +15>:
                               movw
0 \times 0000000000004004f9 <+21>:
                               movzbl _____(%rdi), %ecx
0 \times 0000000000004004fd <+25>:
                                       _____(%rdi),%rdx
                               lea
0 \times 000000000000400501 < +29 > :
                                        (%rdi),%rsi
                               mov
0 \times 000000000000400505 < +33 > :
                                       $0x40062c, %edi
                               mov
0 \times 00000000000040050a < +38 > :
                                       $0x0, %eax
                               mov
0 \times 00000000000040050f < +43>:
                                       0x4003e0 <printf@plt>
                               calla
0 \times 000000000000000514 < +48 > :
                               add
                                        $0x8, %rsp
0x0000000000400518 <+52>:
                                reta
```

struct my_struct {
 char a;
 long long b;
 short c;
 float *d[2];
 unsigned char e[3];
 float f;
}

How would the layout look like?

```
gdb) disassemble transform
                                                 0x080483d0 <+0>:
                                                                           push
                                                                                   %ebp
                                                 0 \times 080483d1 < +1>:
                                                                                   %esp, %ebp
                                                                           mov
                                                 0x080483d3 <+3>:
                                                                                   0x8(%ebp), %edx
                                                                           mov
                                                 0 \times 080483d6 < +6>:
                                                                                   $0x0, %eax
                                                                           mov
                                                 0x080483db < +11>:
unsigned transform(unsigned n)
                                                                           test
                                                                                   %edx, %edx
                                                 0 \times 080483 dd < +13>:
                                                                           jе
                                                                                   0x80483ec <transform+28>
   int b, m;
                                                 0x080483df < +15>:
                                                                                   $0x1,%dl
                                                                           test
                                                 0 \times 080483e2 < +18>:
                                                                           jе
                                                                                   0x80483e8 < transform + 24 >
                                                 0x080483e4 < +20>:
                                                                           lea
                                                                                   0x1(%eax, %eax, 1), %eax
                                                 0x080483e8 < +24>:
                                                                           shr
                                                                                   %edx
      if (b == 0) {
                                                 0x080483ea <+26>:
                                                                           jne
                                                                                   0x80483df <transform+15>
                                                 0x080483ec < +28>:
                                                                                   %ebp
                                                                           pop
                                                 0x080483ed <+29>:
                                                                           ret
   return m;
```

Worksheet

https://tinyurl.com/cs33-endgame