

svg-reader

0.3

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# Chapter 1

## Hierarchical Index

### 1.1 Class Hierarchy

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## Chapter 2

# Class Index

### 2.1 Class List

Here are the classes, structs, unions and interfaces with brief descriptions:

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<a href="#">Ell</a>	Represents an ellipse in 2D space . . . . .	11
<a href="#">Gradient</a>	A class that represents a gradient . . . . .	15
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<a href="#">Line</a>	Represents a line in 2D space . . . . .	24
<a href="#">LinearGradient</a>	A class that represents a linear gradient . . . . .	28
<a href="#">Parser</a>	To manipulate and parse an SVG file . . . . .	30
<a href="#">Path</a>	Represents a path element in 2D space . . . . .	50
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## Chapter 3

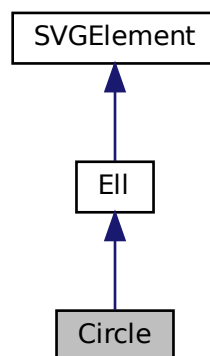
# Class Documentation

### 3.1 Circle Class Reference

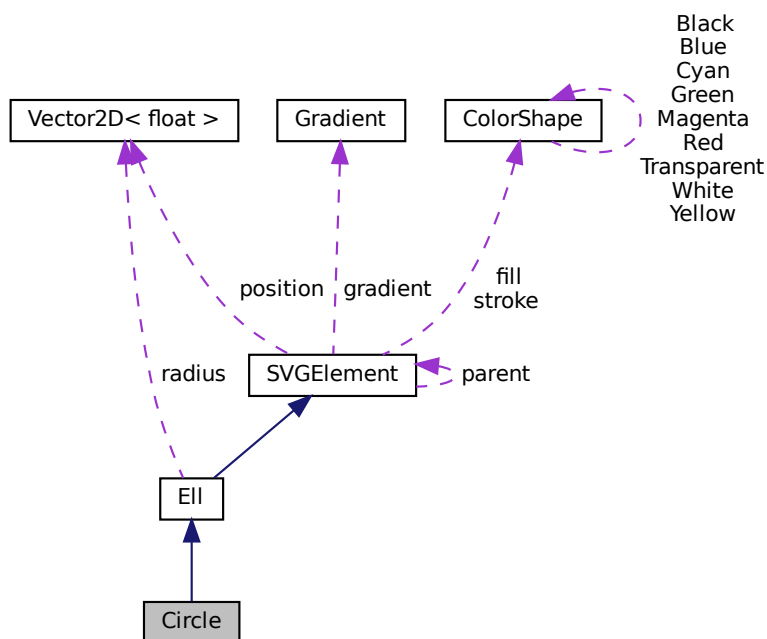
Represents a circle in 2D space.

```
#include <Circle.hpp>
```

Inheritance diagram for Circle:



Collaboration diagram for Circle:



## Public Member Functions

- **Circle** (float **radius**, const **Vector2Df** &center, **ColorShape** fill, **ColorShape** stroke, float **stroke\_width**)  
Constructs a **Circle** object.
- std::string **getClass** () const override  
Gets the type of the shape.

## Additional Inherited Members

### 3.1.1 Detailed Description

Represents a circle in 2D space.

The **Circle** class is derived from the Ellipse class and defines a circle with a specified radius, center, fill color, stroke color, and stroke thickness.

Definition at line 13 of file Circle.hpp.

### 3.1.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation



### 3.1.2.1 Circle()

```
Circle::Circle (
    float radius,
    const Vector2Df & center,
    ColorShape fill,
    ColorShape stroke,
    float stroke_width )
```

Constructs a [Circle](#) object.

#### Parameters

<i>radius</i>	The radius of the circle.
<i>center</i>	The center of the circle.
<i>fill</i>	Fill color of the circle.
<i>stroke</i>	Outline color of the circle.
<i>stroke_width</i>	Thickness of the circle outline.

Definition at line 3 of file Circle.cpp.

```
5      : Ell(Vector2Df(radius, radius), center, fill, stroke, stroke_width) {}
```

## 3.1.3 Member Function Documentation

### 3.1.3.1 getClass()

```
std::string Circle::getClass ( ) const [override], [virtual]
```

Gets the type of the shape.

#### Returns

The string "Circle".

Implements [SVGElement](#).

Definition at line 7 of file Circle.cpp.

```
7 { return "Circle"; }
```

The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

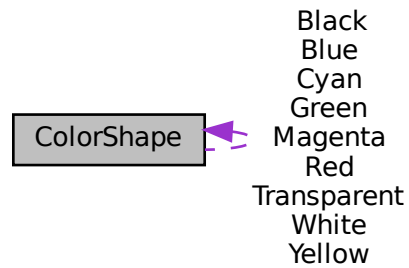
- src/graphics/Circle.hpp
- src/graphics/Circle.cpp

## 3.2 ColorShape Class Reference

Utility class for manipulating RGBA ColorShapes.

```
#include <ColorShape.hpp>
```

Collaboration diagram for ColorShape:



### Public Member Functions

- [ColorShape](#) ()  
*Default constructor.*
- [ColorShape](#) (int red, int green, int blue, int alpha=255)  
*Construct the [ColorShape](#) from its 4 RGBA components.*
- [ColorShape](#) (int color)  
*Construct the color from 32-bit unsigned integer.*

### Public Attributes

- int [r](#)  
*Red component.*
- int [g](#)  
*Green component.*
- int [b](#)  
*Blue component.*
- int [a](#)  
*Alpha (opacity) component.*

## Static Public Attributes

- static const [ColorShape Black](#)  
*Black predefined color.*
- static const [ColorShape White](#)  
*White predefined color.*
- static const [ColorShape Red](#)  
*Red predefined color.*
- static const [ColorShape Green](#)  
*Green predefined color.*
- static const [ColorShape Blue](#)  
*Blue predefined color.*
- static const [ColorShape Yellow](#)  
*Yellow predefined color.*
- static const [ColorShape Magenta](#)  
*Magenta predefined color.*
- static const [ColorShape Cyan](#)  
*Cyan predefined color.*
- static const [ColorShape Transparent](#)  
*Transparent (black) predefined color.*

## Friends

- `std::ostream & operator<< (std::ostream &os, const ColorShape &color)`  
*Prints the color.*

### 3.2.1 Detailed Description

Utility class for manipulating RGBA ColorShapes.

Definition at line 11 of file `ColorShape.hpp`.

### 3.2.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

#### 3.2.2.1 `ColorShape()` [1/3]

```
ColorShape::ColorShape ( )
```

Default constructor.

Constructs an opaque black [ColorShape](#). It is equivalent to `ColorShape(0, 0, 0, 255)`.

Definition at line 14 of file `ColorShape.cpp`.

```
14 : r(0), g(0), b(0), a(255) {}
```

#### 3.2.2.2 `ColorShape()` [2/3]

```
ColorShape::ColorShape (
    int red,
    int green,
    int blue,
    int alpha = 255 )
```

Construct the [ColorShape](#) from its 4 RGBA components.

## Parameters

<i>red</i>	Red component (in the range [0, 255])
<i>green</i>	Green component (in the range [0, 255])
<i>blue</i>	Blue component (in the range [0, 255])
<i>alpha</i>	Alpha (opacity) component (in the range [0, 255])

Definition at line 16 of file ColorShape.cpp.

```

17     : r(red), g(green), b(blue), a(alpha) {
18     r = std::clamp(r, 0, 255);
19     g = std::clamp(g, 0, 255);
20     b = std::clamp(b, 0, 255);
21     a = std::clamp(a, 0, 255);
22 }
```

### 3.2.2.3 ColorShape() [3/3]

```

ColorShape::ColorShape (
    int color ) [explicit]
```

Construct the color from 32-bit unsigned integer.

## Parameters

<i>color</i>	Number containing the RGBA components (in that order)
--------------	---

Definition at line 24 of file ColorShape.cpp.

```

25     : r(static_cast< int >((color & 0xff000000) >> 24)),
26     g(static_cast< int >((color & 0x00ff0000) >> 16)),
27     b((color & 0x0000ff00) >> 8), a((color & 0x000000ff) >> 0) {}
```

## 3.2.3 Friends And Related Function Documentation

### 3.2.3.1 operator<<

```

std::ostream& operator<< (
    std::ostream & os,
    const ColorShape & color ) [friend]
```

Prints the color.

## Parameters

<i>os</i>	output stream
<i>color</i>	color to be printed

**Returns**

output stream

**Note**

This function is used for printing the color.

Definition at line 29 of file ColorShape.cpp.

```
29  
30     os << "Color(" << color.r << ", " << color.g << ", " << color.b << ", "  
31         << color.a << ")";  
32     return os;  
33 }
```

The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

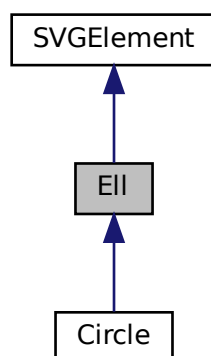
- src/graphics/ColorShape.hpp
- src/graphics/ColorShape.cpp

## 3.3 Ell Class Reference

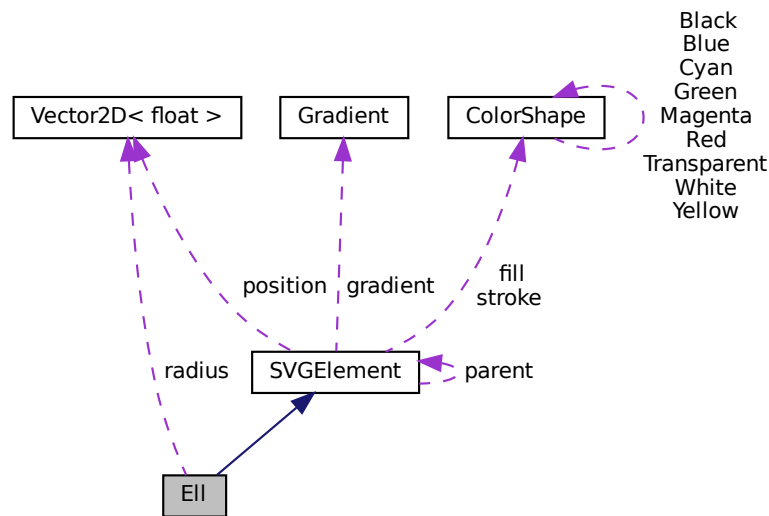
Represents an ellipse in 2D space.

```
#include <Ellipse.hpp>
```

Inheritance diagram for Ell:



Collaboration diagram for Ell:



## Public Member Functions

- **Ell** (const [Vector2Df](#) &radius, const [Vector2Df](#) &center, [ColorShape](#) fill, [ColorShape](#) stroke, float stroke\_width)  
*Constructs an Ellipse object.*
- std::string **getClass** () const override  
*Gets the type of the shape.*
- void **setRadius** (const [Vector2Df](#) &radius)  
*Sets the radius of the ellipse.*
- [Vector2Df](#) **getRadius** () const  
*Gets the radius of the ellipse.*
- [Vector2Df](#) **getMinBound** () const override  
*Gets the minimum bounding box of the shape.*
- [Vector2Df](#) **getMaxBound** () const override  
*Gets the maximum bounding box of the shape.*
- void **printData** () const override  
*Prints the data of the shape.*

## Private Attributes

- [Vector2Df](#) radius  
*Radii of the ellipse in the x and y directions.*

## Additional Inherited Members

### 3.3.1 Detailed Description

Represents an ellipse in 2D space.

The Ellipse class is derived from the [SVGElement](#) class and defines an ellipse with a variable radius in the x and y directions.

Definition at line 12 of file Ellipse.hpp.

## 3.3.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

### 3.3.2.1 Ell()

```
Ell::Ell (
    const Vector2Df & radius,
    const Vector2Df & center,
    ColorShape fill,
    ColorShape stroke,
    float stroke_width )
```

Constructs an Ellipse object.

#### Parameters

<i>radius</i>	The radii of the ellipse in the x and y directions.
<i>center</i>	The center of the ellipse.
<i>fill</i>	Fill color of the ellipse.
<i>stroke</i>	Outline color of the ellipse.
<i>stroke_width</i>	Thickness of the ellipse outline.

Definition at line 5 of file Ellipse.cpp.

```
7 : SVGElement(fill, stroke, stroke_thickness, center), radius(radius) {}
```

## 3.3.3 Member Function Documentation

### 3.3.3.1 getClass()

```
std::string Ell::getClass ( ) const [override], [virtual]
```

Gets the type of the shape.

#### Returns

The string "Ellipse".

#### Note

This function is used for determining the type of the shape.

Implements [SVGElement](#).

Definition at line 9 of file Ellipse.cpp.

```
9 { return "Ellipse"; }
```

### 3.3.3.2 getMaxBound()

```
Vector2Df Ell::getMaxBound ( ) const [override], [virtual]
```

Gets the maximum bounding box of the shape.

#### Returns

The maximum bounding box of the shape.

Reimplemented from [SVGElement](#).

Definition at line 20 of file Ellipse.cpp.

```
20 {
21     return Vector2Df(getPosition().x + getRadius().x,
22                     getPosition().y + getRadius().y);
23 }
```

### 3.3.3.3 getMinBound()

```
Vector2Df Ell::getMinBound ( ) const [override], [virtual]
```

Gets the minimum bounding box of the shape.

#### Returns

The minimum bounding box of the shape.

Reimplemented from [SVGElement](#).

Definition at line 15 of file Ellipse.cpp.

```
15 {
16     return Vector2Df(getPosition().x - getRadius().x,
17                     getPosition().y - getRadius().y);
18 }
```

### 3.3.3.4 getRadius()

```
Vector2Df Ell::getRadius ( ) const
```

Gets the radius of the ellipse.

#### Returns

The radius of the ellipse.

Definition at line 13 of file Ellipse.cpp.

```
13 { return radius; }
```



### 3.3.3.5 printData()

```
void Ell::printData ( ) const [override], [virtual]
```

Prints the data of the shape.

#### Note

This function is used for debugging purposes.

Reimplemented from [SVGElement](#).

Definition at line 25 of file `Ellipse.cpp`.

```
25 {
26     SVGElement::printData();
27     std::cout << "Radius: " << getRadius().x << " " << getRadius().y
28               << std::endl;
29 }
```

### 3.3.3.6 setRadius()

```
void Ell::setRadius (
    const Vector2Df & radius )
```

Sets the radius of the ellipse.

#### Parameters

<i>radius</i>	The new radius of the ellipse.
---------------	--------------------------------

Definition at line 11 of file `Ellipse.cpp`.

```
11 { this->radius = radius; }
```

The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

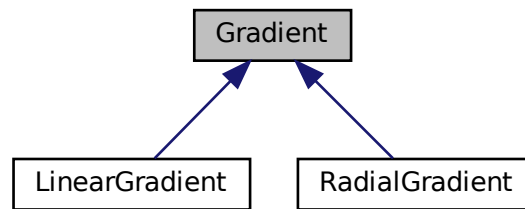
- `src/graphics/Ellipse.hpp`
- `src/graphics/Ellipse.cpp`

## 3.4 Gradient Class Reference

A class that represents a gradient.

```
#include <Gradient.hpp>
```

Inheritance diagram for Gradient:



## Public Member Functions

- `Gradient (std::vector< Stop > stops, std::pair< Vector2Df, Vector2Df > points, std::string units)`  
Constructs a *Gradient* object.
- `virtual ~Gradient ()=default`  
Destructs a *Gradient* object.
- `virtual std::string getClass () const =0`  
Gets the type of the gradient.
- `std::vector< Stop > getStops () const`  
Gets the stops of the gradient.
- `std::pair< Vector2Df, Vector2Df > getPoints () const`  
Gets the start and end points of the gradient.
- `void setUnits (std::string units)`  
Gets the units of the gradient.
- `std::string getUnits () const`  
Gets the units of the gradient.
- `void setTransforms (std::vector< std::string > transforms)`  
Gets the transforms of the gradient.
- `std::vector< std::string > getTransforms () const`  
Gets the transforms of the gradient.
- `void addStop (Stop stop)`  
Adds a stop to the gradient.

## Private Attributes

- `std::vector< Stop > stops`  
Stops of the gradient.
- `std::pair< Vector2Df, Vector2Df > points`  
Start and end points of the gradient.
- `std::string units`  
Units of the gradient.
- `std::vector< std::string > transforms`  
Transforms of the gradient.

### 3.4.1 Detailed Description

A class that represents a gradient.

The [Gradient](#) class is an abstract class that represents a gradient. It contains a vector of [Stop](#) objects that represent the stops of the gradient. It also contains a pair of [Vector2D](#) objects that represent the start and end points of the gradient.

Definition at line 18 of file Gradient.hpp.

### 3.4.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

#### 3.4.2.1 Gradient()

```
Gradient::Gradient (
    std::vector< Stop > stops,
    std::pair< Vector2Df, Vector2Df > points,
    std::string units )
```

Constructs a [Gradient](#) object.

##### Parameters

<i>stops</i>	The stops of the gradient.
<i>points</i>	The start and end points of the gradient.
<i>units</i>	The units of the gradient.

Definition at line 3 of file Gradient.cpp.

```
5 : stops(stops), points(points), units(units) {}
```

### 3.4.3 Member Function Documentation

#### 3.4.3.1 addStop()

```
void Gradient::addStop (
    Stop stop )
```

Adds a stop to the gradient.

##### Parameters

<i>stop</i>	The stop to be added to the gradient.
-------------	---------------------------------------

Definition at line 23 of file Gradient.cpp.

```
23 { stops.push_back(stop); }
```

#### 3.4.3.2 getClass()

```
virtual std::string Gradient::getClass ( ) const [pure virtual]
```

Gets the type of the gradient.

##### Returns

The string that represents the type of the gradient.

Implemented in [RadialGradient](#), and [LinearGradient](#).

#### 3.4.3.3 getPoints()

```
std::pair< Vector2Df, Vector2Df > Gradient::getPoints ( ) const
```

Gets the start and end points of the gradient.

##### Returns

The start and end points of the gradient.

Definition at line 9 of file Gradient.cpp.

```
9 { return points; }
```

#### 3.4.3.4 getStops()

```
std::vector< Stop > Gradient::getStops ( ) const
```

Gets the stops of the gradient.

##### Returns

The stops of the gradient.

Definition at line 7 of file Gradient.cpp.

```
7 { return stops; }
```

### 3.4.3.5 getTransforms()

```
std::vector< std::string > Gradient::getTransforms ( ) const
```

Gets the transforms of the gradient.

#### Returns

The transforms of the gradient.

Definition at line 19 of file Gradient.cpp.

```
19 {  
20     return transforms;  
21 }
```

### 3.4.3.6 getUnits()

```
std::string Gradient::getUnits ( ) const
```

Gets the units of the gradient.

#### Returns

The units of the gradient.

Definition at line 13 of file Gradient.cpp.

```
13 { return units; }
```

### 3.4.3.7 setTransforms()

```
void Gradient::setTransforms (  
    std::vector< std::string > transforms )
```

Gets the transforms of the gradient.

#### Returns

The transforms of the gradient.

Definition at line 15 of file Gradient.cpp.

```
15 {  
16     this->transforms = transforms;  
17 }
```

### 3.4.3.8 setUnits()

```
void Gradient::setUnits (
    std::string units )
```

Gets the units of the gradient.

#### Returns

The units of the gradient.

Definition at line 11 of file Gradient.cpp.

```
11 { this->units = units; }
```

The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

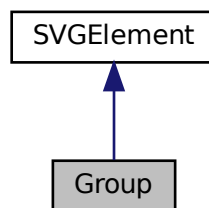
- src/graphics/Gradient.hpp
- src/graphics/Gradient.cpp

## 3.5 Group Class Reference

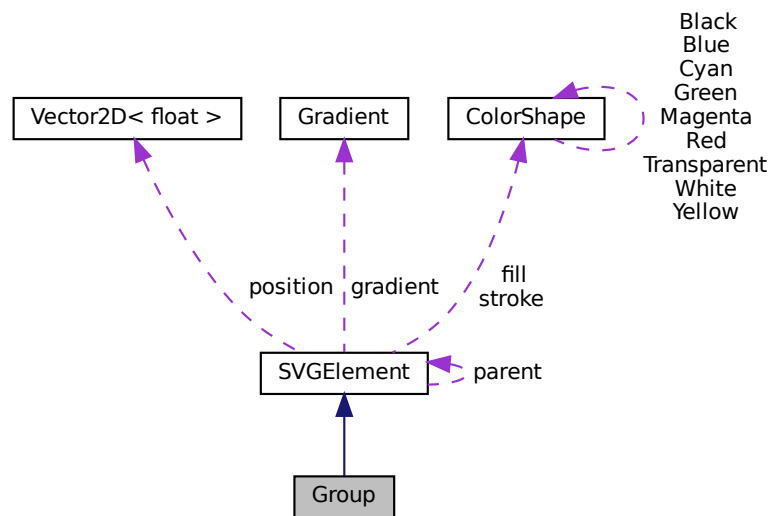
A composite class that contains a vector of shape pointers (polymorphic).

```
#include <Group.hpp>
```

Inheritance diagram for Group:



Collaboration diagram for Group:



## Public Member Functions

- **Group** ()  
Constructs a **Group** object.
- **Group** (Attributes **attributes**)  
Constructs a **Group** object.
- **~Group** ()  
Destructs a **Group** object.
- **std::string getClass** () const override  
Gets the type of the shape.
- Attributes **getAttributes** () const  
Gets the attributes of the shape.
- **void addElement** (**SVGElement** \*shape) override  
Adds a shape to the composite group.
- **std::vector< SVGElement \* > getElements** () const  
Gets the vector of shapes in the composite group.
- **void printData** () const override  
Prints the data of the shape.

## Private Attributes

- **std::vector< SVGElement \* > shapes**  
Vector of shapes in the group.
- Attributes **attributes**  
Attributes of the group.

## Additional Inherited Members

### 3.5.1 Detailed Description

A composite class that contains a vector of shape pointers (polymorphic).

The [Group](#) class is derived from the [SVGElement](#) class and defines a group of SVGElements. The [Group](#) class is a composite class that contains a vector of [SVGElement](#) pointers (polymorphic). The [Group](#) class is used to group SVGElements together.

Definition at line 20 of file Group.hpp.

### 3.5.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

#### 3.5.2.1 Group()

```
Group::Group (
    Attributes attributes )
```

Constructs a [Group](#) object.

Parameters

<i>attributes</i>	The attributes of the group.
-------------------	------------------------------

Definition at line 5 of file Group.cpp.

```
5 : attributes(attributes) {}
```

### 3.5.3 Member Function Documentation

#### 3.5.3.1 addElement()

```
void Group::addElement (
    SVGElement * shape ) [override], [virtual]
```

Adds a shape to the composite group.

Parameters

<i>shape</i>	The shape to be added to the composite group.
--------------	---

Reimplemented from [SVGElement](#).



Definition at line 17 of file Group.cpp.

```
17 {  
18     shapes.push_back(shape);  
19     shape->setParent(this);  
20 }
```

### 3.5.3.2 getAttributes()

```
Attributes Group::getAttributes ( ) const
```

Gets the attributes of the shape.

#### Note

This function uses rapidXML to parse the SVG file and get the attributes of the shape.

#### Returns

The attributes of the shape that parsed from the SVG file.

Definition at line 15 of file Group.cpp.

```
15 { return attributes; }
```

### 3.5.3.3 getClass()

```
std::string Group::getClass ( ) const [override], [virtual]
```

Gets the type of the shape.

#### Returns

The string that represents the type of the shape.

Implements [SVGElement](#).

Definition at line 13 of file Group.cpp.

```
13 { return "Group"; }
```

### 3.5.3.4 getElements()

```
std::vector< SVGElement * > Group::getElements ( ) const
```

Gets the vector of shapes in the composite group.

#### Returns

The vector of shapes in the composite group.

Definition at line 22 of file Group.cpp.

```
22 { return shapes; }
```

### 3.5.3.5 printData()

```
void Group::printData ( ) const [override], [virtual]
```

Prints the data of the shape.

#### Note

This function is used for debugging purposes.

Reimplemented from [SVGElement](#).

Definition at line 24 of file Group.cpp.

```
24     {  
25         std::cout << "Group: " << std::endl;  
26         for (auto shape : shapes) {  
27             std::cout << "    ";  
28             shape->printData();  
29             std::cout << std::endl;  
30         }  
31     }
```

The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

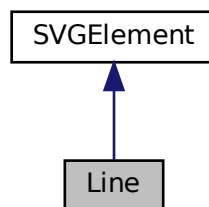
- src/graphics/Group.hpp
- src/graphics/Group.cpp

## 3.6 Line Class Reference

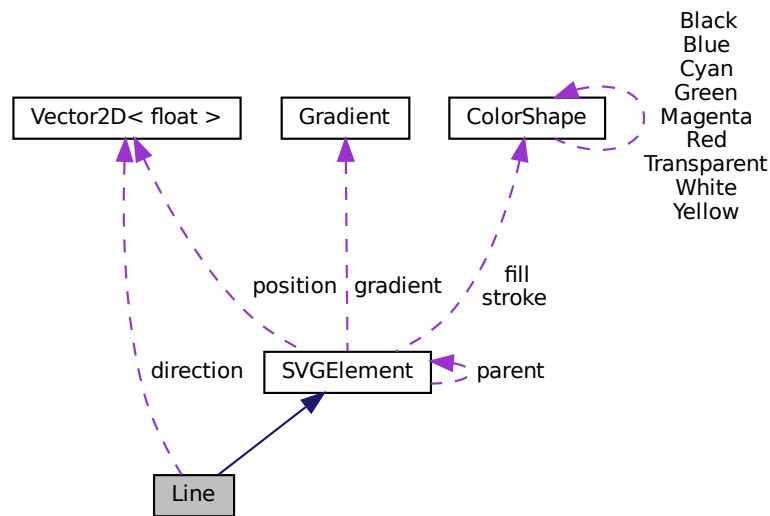
Represents a line in 2D space.

```
#include <Line.hpp>
```

Inheritance diagram for Line:



Collaboration diagram for Line:



## Public Member Functions

- [Line](#) (const [Vector2Df](#) &point1, const [Vector2Df](#) &point2, [ColorShape](#) stroke, float stroke\_width)  
*Constructs a [Line](#) object.*
- std::string [getClass](#) () const override  
*Gets the type of the shape.*
- void [setDirection](#) (const [Vector2Df](#) &direction)  
*Sets the direction of the line.*
- [Vector2Df](#) [getDirection](#) () const  
*Gets the direction of the line.*
- float [getLength](#) () const  
*Gets the length of the line.*

## Private Attributes

- [Vector2Df](#) direction  
*Direction of the line.*

## Additional Inherited Members

### 3.6.1 Detailed Description

Represents a line in 2D space.

The [Line](#) class is derived from the [SVGElement](#) class and defines a line segment with a specified direction and thickness.

Definition at line 12 of file Line.hpp.

## 3.6.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

### 3.6.2.1 Line()

```
Line::Line (
    const Vector2Df & point1,
    const Vector2Df & point2,
    ColorShape stroke,
    float stroke_width )
```

Constructs a [Line](#) object.

#### Parameters

<i>point1</i>	The starting point of the line.
<i>point2</i>	The ending point of the line.
<i>stroke</i>	The color of the line (default is sf::Color::White).
<i>stroke_width</i>	The thickness of the line (default is 1.0).

Definition at line 5 of file Line.cpp.

```
7 : SVGElement(ColorShape::Transparent, stroke, stroke_width, point1),
8   direction(point2) {}
```

## 3.6.3 Member Function Documentation

### 3.6.3.1 getClass()

```
std::string Line::getClass ( ) const [override], [virtual]
```

Gets the type of the shape.

#### Returns

The string "Line".

Implements [SVGElement](#).

Definition at line 10 of file Line.cpp.

```
10 { return "Line"; }
```

### 3.6.3.2 getDirection()

```
Vector2Df Line::getDirection ( ) const
```

Gets the direction of the line.

#### Returns

The direction of the line.

Definition at line 16 of file Line.cpp.

```
16 { return direction; }
```

### 3.6.3.3 getLength()

```
float Line::getLength ( ) const
```

Gets the length of the line.

#### Returns

The length of the line.

Definition at line 18 of file Line.cpp.

```
18 {  
19     return std::sqrt(direction.x * direction.x + direction.y * direction.y);  
20 }
```

### 3.6.3.4 setDirection()

```
void Line::setDirection (  
    const Vector2Df & direction )
```

Sets the direction of the line.

#### Parameters

<i>direction</i>	The new direction of the line.
------------------	--------------------------------

Definition at line 12 of file Line.cpp.

```
12 {  
13     this->direction = direction;  
14 }
```

The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

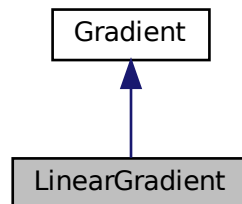
- src/graphics/Line.hpp
- src/graphics/Line.cpp

## 3.7 LinearGradient Class Reference

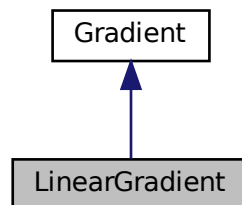
A class that represents a linear gradient.

```
#include <LinearGradient.hpp>
```

Inheritance diagram for LinearGradient:



Collaboration diagram for LinearGradient:



### Public Member Functions

- `LinearGradient` (`std::vector< Stop > stops`, `std::pair< Vector2Df, Vector2Df > points`, `std::string units`)  
*Constructs a [LinearGradient](#) object.*
- `std::string getClass ()` const override  
*Gets the type of the gradient.*

### 3.7.1 Detailed Description

A class that represents a linear gradient.

The `LinearGradient` class is derived from the `Gradient` class and represents a linear gradient. It contains a vector of `Stop` objects that represent the the stops of the gradient. It also contains a pair of `Vector2D` objects that represent the start and end points of the gradient.

Definition at line 14 of file `LinearGradient.hpp`.

## 3.7.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

### 3.7.2.1 LinearGradient()

```
LinearGradient::LinearGradient (
    std::vector< Stop > stops,
    std::pair< Vector2Df, Vector2Df > points,
    std::string units )
```

Constructs a [LinearGradient](#) object.

#### Parameters

<i>stops</i>	The stops of the gradient.
<i>points</i>	The start and end points of the gradient.
<i>units</i>	The units of the gradient.

Definition at line 3 of file LinearGradient.cpp.

```
6 : Gradient(stops, points, units) {}
```

## 3.7.3 Member Function Documentation

### 3.7.3.1 getClass()

```
std::string LinearGradient::getClass ( ) const [override], [virtual]
```

Gets the type of the gradient.

#### Returns

The string "LinearGradient".

#### Note

This function is used for determining the type of the gradient.

Implements [Gradient](#).

Definition at line 8 of file LinearGradient.cpp.

```
8 { return "LinearGradient"; }
```

The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

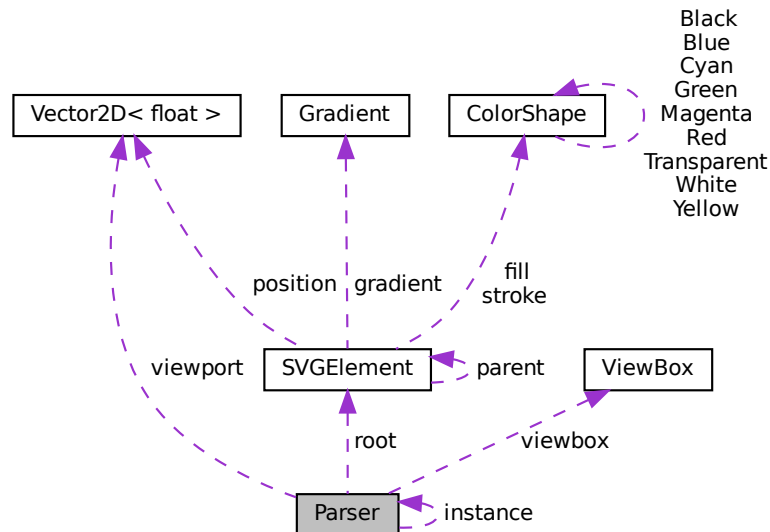
- src/graphics/LinearGradient.hpp
- src/graphics/LinearGradient.cpp

## 3.8 Parser Class Reference

To manipulate and parse an SVG file.

```
#include <Parser.hpp>
```

Collaboration diagram for Parser:



### Public Member Functions

- **Parser** (const **Parser** &)=delete  
*Deleted copy constructor to enforce the singleton pattern.*
- **~Parser** ()  
*Destructor for the **Parser** class.*
- **Group** \* **getRoot** ()  
*Gets the root of the tree of **SVGElements**.*
- void **printShapesData** ()  
*Prints the data of the shapes.*
- **ViewBox** **getViewBox** () const  
*Gets the viewbox of the SVG file.*
- **Vector2Df** **getViewPort** () const  
*Gets the viewport of the SVG file.*

### Static Public Member Functions

- static **Parser** \* **getInstance** (const std::string &file\_name)  
*Gets the singleton instance of the **Parser** class.*



## Private Member Functions

- [Parser](#) (const std::string &file\_name)  
*Construct a new [Parser](#) object.*
- [SVGElement](#) \* [parseElements](#) (std::string file\_name)  
*Parses the SVG file and creates a tree of [SVGElements](#).*
- std::string [getAttribute](#) (rapidxml::xml\_node<> \*node, std::string name)  
*Gets the attributes of a node.*
- float [getFloatAttribute](#) (rapidxml::xml\_node<> \*node, std::string name)  
*Gets the floating point attributes of a node.*
- std::vector< [Stop](#) > [getGradientStops](#) (rapidxml::xml\_node<> \*node)  
*Gets the gradient stops of a node.*
- void [GetGradients](#) (rapidxml::xml\_node<> \*node)  
*Gets the gradients of a node.*
- [Gradient](#) \* [parseGradient](#) (std::string id)  
*Gets the gradient of a node.*
- [ColorShape](#) [parseColor](#) (rapidxml::xml\_node<> \*node, std::string color, std::string &id)  
*Gets the color attributes of a node.*
- std::vector< [Vector2Df](#) > [parsePoints](#) (rapidxml::xml\_node<> \*node)  
*Gets the points of the element.*
- std::vector< [PathPoint](#) > [parsePathPoints](#) (rapidxml::xml\_node<> \*node)  
*Gets the points of the path element.*
- std::vector< std::string > [getTransformOrder](#) (rapidxml::xml\_node<> \*node)  
*Gets the transform order of the element.*
- [Line](#) \* [parseLine](#) (rapidxml::xml\_node<> \*node, const [ColorShape](#) &stroke\_color, float stroke\_width)  
*Parses the line element.*
- [Rect](#) \* [parseRect](#) (rapidxml::xml\_node<> \*node, const [ColorShape](#) &fill\_color, const [ColorShape](#) &stroke\_color, float stroke\_width)  
*Parses the rect element.*
- class [Polyline](#) \* [parsePolyline](#) (rapidxml::xml\_node<> \*node, const [ColorShape](#) &fill\_color, const [ColorShape](#) &stroke\_color, float stroke\_width)  
*Parses the polyline element.*
- class [Polygon](#) \* [parsePolygon](#) (rapidxml::xml\_node<> \*node, const [ColorShape](#) &fill\_color, const [ColorShape](#) &stroke\_color, float stroke\_width)  
*Parses the polygon element.*
- [Circle](#) \* [parseCircle](#) (rapidxml::xml\_node<> \*node, const [ColorShape](#) &fill\_color, const [ColorShape](#) &stroke\_color, float stroke\_width)  
*Parses the circle element.*
- class [EII](#) \* [parseEllipse](#) (rapidxml::xml\_node<> \*node, const [ColorShape](#) &fill\_color, const [ColorShape](#) &stroke\_color, float stroke\_width)  
*Parses the ellipse element.*
- [Path](#) \* [parsePath](#) (rapidxml::xml\_node<> \*node, const [ColorShape](#) &fill\_color, const [ColorShape](#) &stroke\_color, float stroke\_width)  
*Parses the path element.*
- [Text](#) \* [parseText](#) (rapidxml::xml\_node<> \*node, const [ColorShape](#) &fill\_color, const [ColorShape](#) &stroke\_color, float stroke\_width)  
*Parses the text element.*
- [SVGElement](#) \* [parseShape](#) (rapidxml::xml\_node<> \*node)  
*Parses the group of elements.*

## Private Attributes

- [SVGElement](#) \* [root](#)  
*The root of the SVG file.*
- `std::map< std::string, Gradient * >` [gradients](#)
- [ViewBox](#) [viewbox](#)  
*The viewbox of the SVG file.*
- [Vector2Df](#) [viewport](#)  
*The viewport of the SVG file.*

## Static Private Attributes

- static [Parser](#) \* [instance](#) = nullptr  
*The instance of the [Parser](#).*

### 3.8.1 Detailed Description

To manipulate and parse an SVG file.

The [Parser](#) class is a singleton class that is used to parse an SVG file and create a tree of SVGElements.

Definition at line 24 of file Parser.hpp.

### 3.8.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

#### 3.8.2.1 Parser()

```
Parser::Parser (
    const std::string & file_name ) [private]
```

Construct a new [Parser](#) object.

#### Parameters

<i>file_name</i>	The name of the file to be parsed.
------------------	------------------------------------

Definition at line 179 of file Parser.cpp.

```
179 {
180     root = parseElements(file_name);
181 }
```

### 3.8.3 Member Function Documentation

### 3.8.3.1 getAttribute()

```
std::string Parser::getAttribute (
    rapidxml::xml_node<> * node,
    std::string name ) [private]
```

Gets the attributes of a node.

#### Parameters

<i>node</i>	The node to be parsed.
<i>name</i>	The name of tag to be parsed.

#### Returns

The attributes of the node.

Definition at line 328 of file Parser.cpp.

```
328 {
329     if (name == "text") return removeExtraSpaces(node->value());
330     std::string result;
331     if (node->first_attribute(name.c_str()) == NULL) {
332         if (name == "fill" || name == "stop-color")
333             result = "black";
334         else if (name == "stroke" || name == "transform" || name == "rotate" ||
335                 name == "font-style")
336             result = "none";
337         else if (name == "text-anchor")
338             result = "start";
339         else if (name == "fill-rule")
340             result = "nonzero";
341         else if (name == "gradientUnits")
342             result = "objectBoundingBox";
343     } else {
344         result = node->first_attribute(name.c_str())->value();
345     }
346     return result;
347 }
```

### 3.8.3.2 getFloatAttribute()

```
float Parser::getFloatAttribute (
    rapidxml::xml_node<> * node,
    std::string name ) [private]
```

Gets the floating point attributes of a node.

#### Parameters

<i>node</i>	The node to be parsed.
<i>name</i>	The name of tag to be parsed.

#### Returns

The floating point attributes of the node.

Definition at line 351 of file Parser.cpp.

```

351                                     {
352     float result;
353     if (node->first_attribute(name.c_str()) == NULL) {
354         if (std::string(node->name()).find("Gradient") != std::string::npos) {
355             // Handle gradient-specific attribute default values
356             if (name == "x1" || name == "y1" || name == "fr")
357                 result = 0;
358             else if (name == "cx" || name == "cy")
359                 result = name == "cx" ? 0.5 * this->viewbox.getWidth()
360                     : 0.5 * this->viewbox.getHeight();
361             else if (name == "r") {
362                 result = sqrt((pow(this->viewbox.getWidth(), 2) +
363                     pow(this->viewbox.getHeight(), 2)) /
364                     2) /
365                     2;
366             } else if (name == "fx" || name == "fy")
367                 result = name == "fx" ? getFloatAttribute(node, "cx")
368                     : getFloatAttribute(node, "cy");
369             else
370                 result = name == "x2" ? this->viewbox.getWidth()
371                     : this->viewbox.getHeight();
372         } else {
373             // Handle default float attribute values for other elements
374             if (name == "stroke-width" || name == "stroke-opacity" ||
375                 name == "fill-opacity" || name == "opacity" ||
376                 name == "stop-opacity")
377                 result = 1;
378             else
379                 result = 0;
380         }
381     } else {
382         if (name == "width" || name == "height") {
383             // Handle width and height attributes with percentage or point units
384             std::string value = node->first_attribute(name.c_str())->value();
385             if (value.find("%") != std::string::npos) {
386                 result = std::stof(value.substr(0, value.find("%"))) *
387                     this->viewbox.getWidth() / 100;
388             } else if (value.find("pt") != std::string::npos) {
389                 result = std::stof(value.substr(0, value.find("pt"))) * 1.33;
390             } else {
391                 result = std::stof(value);
392             }
393         } else
394             result = std::stof(node->first_attribute(name.c_str())->value());
395     }
396     return result;
397 }

```

### 3.8.3.3 GetGradients()

```

void Parser::GetGradients (
    rapidxml::xml_node<> * node ) [private]

```

Gets the gradients of a node.

#### Parameters

<i>node</i>	The node to be parsed.
-------------	------------------------

Definition at line 473 of file Parser.cpp.

```

473                                     {
474     rapidxml::xml_node<> *gradient_node = node->first_node();
475     while (gradient_node) {
476         if (std::string(gradient_node->name()).find("Gradient") !=
477             std::string::npos) {
478             Gradient *gradient;
479             std::string id = getAttribute(gradient_node, "id");
480             std::string units = getAttribute(gradient_node, "gradientUnits");
481             std::vector< Stop > stops = getGradientStops(gradient_node);
482             std::string href = getAttribute(gradient_node, "xlink:href");
483             int pos = href.find("#");
484             if (pos != std::string::npos) {
485                 href = href.substr(pos + 1);

```

```

486     }
487     if (std::string(gradient_node->name()).find("linear") !=
488         std::string::npos) {
489         float x1 = getFloatAttribute(gradient_node, "x1");
490         float y1 = getFloatAttribute(gradient_node, "y1");
491         float x2 = getFloatAttribute(gradient_node, "x2");
492         float y2 = getFloatAttribute(gradient_node, "y2");
493         std::pair< Vector2Df, Vector2Df > points = {{x1, y1}, {x2, y2}};
494         gradient = new LinearGradient(stops, points, units);
495         if (this->gradients.find(id) == this->gradients.end())
496             this->gradients[id] = gradient;
497     } else if (std::string(gradient_node->name()).find("radial") !=
498         std::string::npos) {
499         float cx = getFloatAttribute(gradient_node, "cx");
500         float cy = getFloatAttribute(gradient_node, "cy");
501         float fx = getFloatAttribute(gradient_node, "fx");
502         float fy = getFloatAttribute(gradient_node, "fy");
503         float r = getFloatAttribute(gradient_node, "r");
504         float fr = getFloatAttribute(gradient_node, "fr");
505         std::pair< Vector2Df, Vector2Df > points = {{cx, cy}, {fx, fy}};
506         Vector2Df radius(r, fr);
507         gradient = new RadialGradient(stops, points, radius, units);
508         if (this->gradients.find(id) == this->gradients.end())
509             this->gradients[id] = gradient;
510     }
511     if (href != "") {
512         for (auto stop : parseGradient(href)->getStops()) {
513             gradient->addStop(stop);
514         }
515     }
516     if (gradient != NULL)
517         gradient->setTransforms(getTransformOrder(gradient_node));
518 }
519 gradient_node = gradient_node->next_sibling();
520 }
521 }

```

### 3.8.3.4 getGradientStops()

```

std::vector< Stop > Parser::getGradientStops (
    rapidxml::xml_node<> * node ) [private]

```

Gets the gradient stops of a node.

#### Parameters

<i>node</i>	The node to be parsed.
-------------	------------------------

#### Returns

The gradient stops of the node.

Definition at line 456 of file Parser.cpp.

```

456     {
457         std::vector< Stop > stops;
458         rapidxml::xml_node<> *stop_node = node->first_node();
459         while (stop_node) {
460             if (std::string(stop_node->name()) == "stop") {
461                 std::string id = "";
462                 ColorShape color = parseColor(stop_node, "stop-color", id);
463                 float offset = getFloatAttribute(stop_node, "offset");
464                 if (offset > 1) offset /= 100;
465                 stops.push_back(Stop(color, offset));
466             }
467             stop_node = stop_node->next_sibling();
468         }
469         return stops;
470     }

```

### 3.8.3.5 getInstance()

```
Parser * Parser::getInstance (
    const std::string & file_name ) [static]
```

Gets the singleton instance of the [Parser](#) class.

#### Parameters

<i>file_name</i>	The name of the file to be parsed.
------------------	------------------------------------

#### Returns

The singleton instance of the [Parser](#) class.

Definition at line 171 of file Parser.cpp.

```
171                                     {
172     if (instance == nullptr) {
173         instance = new Parser(file_name);
174     }
175     return instance;
176 }
```

### 3.8.3.6 getRoot()

```
Group * Parser::getRoot ( )
```

Gets the root of the tree of SVGElements.

#### Returns

The root of the tree of SVGElements.

Definition at line 184 of file Parser.cpp.

```
184 { return dynamic_cast< Group * >(root); }
```

### 3.8.3.7 getTransformOrder()

```
std::vector< std::string > Parser::getTransformOrder (
    rapidxml::xml_node<> * node ) [private]
```

Gets the transform order of the element.

#### Parameters

<i>node</i>	The node to be parsed.
-------------	------------------------

**Returns**

The transform order of the element

Definition at line 694 of file Parser.cpp.

```

695     {
696         std::string transform_tag;
697         if (std::string(node->name()).find("Gradient") != std::string::npos) {
698             transform_tag = getAttribute(node, "gradientTransform");
699         } else {
700             transform_tag = getAttribute(node, "transform");
701         }
702
703         std::vector< std::string > order;
704         std::stringstream ss(transform_tag);
705         std::string type;
706         while (ss >> type) {
707             if (type.find("translate") != std::string::npos ||
708                 type.find("scale") != std::string::npos ||
709                 type.find("rotate") != std::string::npos ||
710                 type.find("matrix") != std::string::npos) {
711                 while (type.find("(") == std::string::npos) {
712                     std::string temp;
713                     ss >> temp;
714                     type += " " + temp;
715                 }
716                 std::string temp = type.substr(0, type.find("(") + 1);
717                 temp.erase(std::remove(temp.begin(), temp.end(), ' '), temp.end());
718                 type.erase(0, type.find("(") + 1);
719                 type = temp + type;
720                 order.push_back(type);
721             }
722         }
723         return order;
724     }

```

**3.8.3.8 getViewBox()**

`ViewBox` Parser::getViewBox ( ) const

Gets the viewBox of the SVG file.

**Returns**

The viewBox of the SVG file.

Definition at line 911 of file Parser.cpp.

```

911 { return viewBox; }

```

**3.8.3.9 getViewPort()**

`Vector2Df` Parser::getViewPort ( ) const

Gets the viewport of the SVG file.

**Returns**

The viewport of the SVG file.

Definition at line 914 of file Parser.cpp.

```

914 { return viewport; }

```

### 3.8.3.10 parseCircle()

```
Circle * Parser::parseCircle (
    rapidxml::xml_node<> * node,
    const ColorShape & fill_color,
    const ColorShape & stroke_color,
    float stroke_width ) [private]
```

Parses the circle element.

#### Parameters

<i>node</i>	The node to be parsed.
<i>fill_color</i>	The color of the fill
<i>stroke_color</i>	The color of the stroke
<i>stroke_width</i>	The width of the stroke

#### Returns

The circle element

Definition at line 799 of file Parser.cpp.

```
802 {
803     float cx = getFloatAttribute(node, "cx");
804     float cy = getFloatAttribute(node, "cy");
805     float radius = getFloatAttribute(node, "r");
806     Circle *shape = new Circle(radius, Vector2Df(cx, cy), fill_color,
807                               stroke_color, stroke_width);
808     return shape;
809 }
```

### 3.8.3.11 parseColor()

```
ColorShape Parser::parseColor (
    rapidxml::xml_node<> * node,
    std::string color,
    std::string & id ) [private]
```

Gets the color attributes of a node.

#### Parameters

<i>node</i>	The node to be parsed.
<i>color</i>	The name of the color tag to be parsed.
<i>id</i>	The id to check if the color is a reference.

#### Returns

The color attributes of the node.

Definition at line 400 of file Parser.cpp.

```
401 {
```



```

402     std::string color = getAttribute(node, name);
403     color.erase(std::remove(color.begin(), color.end(), ' '), color.end());
404     if (color.find("url") == std::string::npos) {
405         for (auto &c : color) c = tolower(c);
406     }
407     if (color == "none")
408         return ColorShape::Transparent;
409     else {
410         ColorShape result;
411         if (color.find("url") != std::string::npos) {
412             // Handle gradient color reference
413             if (color.find("'") != std::string::npos) {
414                 id = color.substr(color.find("'") + 1);
415                 id.erase(id.find("'"));
416                 id.erase(id.find("#"), 1);
417             } else {
418                 id = color.substr(color.find("#") + 1);
419                 id.erase(id.find(")"));
420             }
421             result = ColorShape::Transparent;
422         } else if (color.find("#") != std::string::npos) {
423             // Handle hex color representation
424             result = getHexColor(color);
425         } else if (color.find("rgb") != std::string::npos) {
426             // Handle RGB color representation
427             result = getRgbColor(color);
428         } else {
429             // Handle predefined color names
430             auto color_code = color_map.find(color);
431             if (color_code == color_map.end()) {
432                 std::cout << "Color " << color << " not found" << std::endl;
433                 exit(-1);
434             }
435             result = color_code->second;
436         }
437         if (name == "stop-color")
438             result.a = result.a * getFloatAttribute(node, "stop-opacity");
439         else
440             result.a = result.a * getFloatAttribute(node, name + "-opacity") *
441                 getFloatAttribute(node, "opacity");
442         return result;
443     }
444 }

```

### 3.8.3.12 parseElements()

```

SVGElement * Parser::parseElements (
    std::string file_name ) [private]

```

Parses the SVG file and creates a tree of SVGElements.

#### Parameters

<i>file_name</i>	The name of the file to be parsed.
------------------	------------------------------------

#### Returns

The root of the tree of SVGElements.

Definition at line 198 of file Parser.cpp.

```

198                                     {
199     rapidxml::xml_document<> doc;
200     std::ifstream file(file_name);
201     std::vector< char > buffer((std::istreambuf_iterator< char >(file)),
202                               std::istreambuf_iterator< char >());
203     buffer.push_back('\0');
204     doc.parse< 0 >(&buffer[0]);
205
206     rapidxml::xml_node<> *svg = doc.first_node();
207     viewport.x = getFloatAttribute(svg, "width");

```

```

208 viewport.y = getFloatAttribute(svg, "height");
209 std::string viewBox = getAttribute(svg, "viewBox");
210 if (viewbox != "") {
211     std::stringstream ss(viewbox);
212     float x, y, w, h;
213     ss >> x >> y >> w >> h;
214     this->viewbox = ViewBox(x, y, w, h);
215 }
216 rapidxml::xml_node<> *node = svg->first_node();
217 rapidxml::xml_node<> *prev = NULL;
218
219 SVGElement *root = new Group();
220 SVGElement *current = root;
221
222 // Parse SVG elements
223 while (node) {
224     if (std::string(node->name()) == "defs") {
225         // Parse gradients
226         GetGradients(node);
227         prev = node;
228         node = node->next_sibling();
229     } else if (std::string(node->name()) == "g") {
230         // Parse Group attributes
231         Group *group = dynamic_cast< Group * >(current);
232         for (auto group_attribute : group->getAttributes()) {
233             bool found = false;
234             for (auto attribute = node->first_attribute(); attribute;
235                  attribute = attribute->next_attribute()) {
236                 if (std::string(attribute->name()) ==
237                     group_attribute.first) {
238                     if (group_attribute.first == "opacity") {
239                         // Adjust opacity if already present in the group
240                         // and node
241                         std::string opacity = std::to_string(
242                             std::stof(attribute->value()) *
243                             std::stof(group_attribute.second));
244                         char *value = doc.allocate_string(opacity.c_str());
245                         attribute->value(value);
246                     }
247                     found = true;
248                     break;
249                 }
250             }
251
252             if (!found && group_attribute.first != "transform") {
253                 // Add missing attributes from the group to the node
254                 char *name =
255                     doc.allocate_string(group_attribute.first.c_str());
256                 char *value =
257                     doc.allocate_string(group_attribute.second.c_str());
258                 rapidxml::xml_attribute<> *new_attribute =
259                     doc.allocate_attribute(name, value);
260                 node->append_attribute(new_attribute);
261             }
262         }
263
264         Group *new_group = new Group(xmlToString(node->first_attribute()));
265         new_group->setTransforms(getTransformOrder(node));
266         current->addElement(new_group);
267         current = new_group;
268         prev = node;
269         node = node->first_node();
270     } else {
271         // Parse Shape attributes and add to current group
272         Group *group = dynamic_cast< Group * >(current);
273
274         for (auto group_attribute : group->getAttributes()) {
275             bool found = false;
276             for (auto attribute = node->first_attribute(); attribute;
277                  attribute = attribute->next_attribute()) {
278                 if (std::string(attribute->name()) ==
279                     group_attribute.first) {
280                     if (group_attribute.first == "opacity") {
281                         std::string opacity = std::to_string(
282                             std::stof(attribute->value()) *
283                             std::stof(group_attribute.second));
284                         char *value = doc.allocate_string(opacity.c_str());
285                         attribute->value(value);
286                     }
287                     found = true;
288                     break;
289                 }
290             }
291
292             if (!found && group_attribute.first != "transform") {
293                 char *name =
294                     doc.allocate_string(group_attribute.first.c_str());

```

```

295         char *value =
296             doc.allocate_string(group_attribute.second.c_str());
297         rapidxml::xml_attribute<> *new_attribute =
298             doc.allocate_attribute(name, value);
299         node->append_attribute(new_attribute);
300     }
301 }
302
303 SVGElement *shape = parseShape(node);
304 if (shape != NULL) current->addElement(shape);
305 prev = node;
306 node = node->next_sibling();
307 }
308
309 if (node == NULL && current != root) {
310     while (prev->parent()->next_sibling() == NULL) {
311         current = current->getParent();
312         prev = prev->parent();
313         if (prev == svg) {
314             break;
315         }
316     }
317     if (prev == svg) {
318         break;
319     }
320     current = current->getParent();
321     node = prev->parent()->next_sibling();
322 }
323 }
324 return root;
325 }

```

### 3.8.3.13 parseEllipse()

```

E11 * Parser::parseEllipse (
    rapidxml::xml_node<> * node,
    const ColorShape & fill_color,
    const ColorShape & stroke_color,
    float stroke_width ) [private]

```

Parses the ellipse element.

#### Parameters

<i>node</i>	The node to be parsed.
<i>fill_color</i>	The color of the fill
<i>stroke_color</i>	The color of the stroke
<i>stroke_width</i>	The width of the stroke

#### Returns

The ellipse element

Definition at line 812 of file Parser.cpp.

```

814 {
815     float radius_x = getFloatAttribute(node, "rx");
816     float radius_y = getFloatAttribute(node, "ry");
817     float cx = getFloatAttribute(node, "cx");
818     float cy = getFloatAttribute(node, "cy");
819     E11 *shape = new E11(Vector2Df(radius_x, radius_y), Vector2Df(cx, cy),
820         fill_color, stroke_color, stroke_width);
821     return shape;
822 }

```

### 3.8.3.14 parseGradient()

```
Gradient * Parser::parseGradient (
    std::string id ) [private]
```

Gets the gradient of a node.

#### Parameters

<i>id</i>	The id of the gradient to be parsed.
-----------	--------------------------------------

#### Returns

The gradient of the node.

Definition at line 447 of file Parser.cpp.

```
447                                     {
448     if (gradients.find(id) == gradients.end()) {
449         std::cout << "Gradient " << id << " not found" << std::endl;
450         exit(-1);
451     }
452     return gradients.at(id);
453 }
```

### 3.8.3.15 parseLine()

```
Line * Parser::parseLine (
    rapidxml::xml_node<> * node,
    const ColorShape & stroke_color,
    float stroke_width ) [private]
```

Parses the line element.

#### Parameters

<i>node</i>	The node to be parsed.
<i>stroke_color</i>	The color of the stroke
<i>stroke_width</i>	The width of the stroke

#### Returns

The line element

Definition at line 774 of file Parser.cpp.

```
775                                     {
776     Line *shape = new Line(
777         Vector2Df(getFloatAttribute(node, "x1"), getFloatAttribute(node, "y1")),
778         Vector2Df(getFloatAttribute(node, "x2"), getFloatAttribute(node, "y2")),
779         stroke_color, stroke_width);
780     return shape;
781 }
```

### 3.8.3.16 parsePath()

```
Path * Parser::parsePath (
    rapidxml::xml_node<> * node,
    const ColorShape & fill_color,
    const ColorShape & stroke_color,
    float stroke_width ) [private]
```

Parses the path element.

#### Parameters

<i>node</i>	The node to be parsed.
<i>fill_color</i>	The color of the fill
<i>stroke_color</i>	The color of the stroke
<i>stroke_width</i>	The width of the stroke

#### Returns

The path element

Definition at line 884 of file Parser.cpp.

```
886 {
887     Path *shape = new Path(fill_color, stroke_color, stroke_width);
888     std::vector< PathPoint > points = parsePathPoints(node);
889     for (auto point : points) {
890         shape->addPoint(point);
891     }
892     std::string fill_rule = getAttribute(node, "fill-rule");
893     fill_rule.erase(std::remove(fill_rule.begin(), fill_rule.end(), ' '),
894                    fill_rule.end());
895     shape->setFillRule(fill_rule);
896     return shape;
897 }
```

### 3.8.3.17 parsePathPoints()

```
std::vector< PathPoint > Parser::parsePathPoints (
    rapidxml::xml_node<> * node ) [private]
```

Gets the points of the path element.

#### Parameters

<i>node</i>	The node to be parsed.
-------------	------------------------

#### Returns

The points of the path element

Definition at line 541 of file Parser.cpp.

```
541 {
542     std::vector< PathPoint > points;
543     std::string path_string = getAttribute(node, "d");
```

```

544
545 // Pre-processing the raw path string
546 formatSvgPathString(path_string);
547
548 // Tokenizing the path string using stringstream
549 std::stringstream ss(path_string);
550 std::string element;
551 PathPoint pPoint{{0, 0}, 'M'}; // Default starting point and command
552 while (ss > element) {
553     if (std::isalpha(element[0])) {
554         pPoint.tc = element[0];
555         if (tolower(pPoint.tc) == 'm' || tolower(pPoint.tc) == 'l' ||
556             tolower(pPoint.tc) == 'c' || tolower(pPoint.tc) == 's' ||
557             tolower(pPoint.tc) == 'q' || tolower(pPoint.tc) == 't')
558             ss >> pPoint.point.x >> pPoint.point.y;
559         else if (tolower(pPoint.tc) == 'h') {
560             ss >> pPoint.point.x;
561             pPoint.point.y = 0;
562         } else if (tolower(pPoint.tc) == 'v') {
563             ss >> pPoint.point.y;
564             pPoint.point.x = 0;
565         } else if (tolower(pPoint.tc) == 'a') {
566             ss >> pPoint.radius.x >> pPoint.radius.y;
567             ss >> pPoint.x_axis_rotation;
568             ss >> pPoint.large_arc_flag >> pPoint.sweep_flag;
569             ss >> pPoint.point.x >> pPoint.point.y;
570         }
571     } else {
572         if (tolower(pPoint.tc) == 'm' || tolower(pPoint.tc) == 'l' ||
573             tolower(pPoint.tc) == 'c' || tolower(pPoint.tc) == 's' ||
574             tolower(pPoint.tc) == 'q' || tolower(pPoint.tc) == 't') {
575             if (tolower(pPoint.tc) == 'm') pPoint.tc = 'L';
576             pPoint.point.x = std::stof(element);
577             ss >> pPoint.point.y;
578         } else if (tolower(pPoint.tc) == 'h') {
579             pPoint.point.x = std::stof(element);
580             pPoint.point.y = 0;
581         } else if (tolower(pPoint.tc) == 'v') {
582             pPoint.point.y = std::stof(element);
583             pPoint.point.x = 0;
584         } else if (tolower(pPoint.tc) == 'a') {
585             pPoint.radius.x = std::stof(element);
586             ss >> pPoint.radius.y;
587             ss >> pPoint.x_axis_rotation;
588             ss >> pPoint.large_arc_flag >> pPoint.sweep_flag;
589             ss >> pPoint.point.x >> pPoint.point.y;
590         }
591     }
592     points.push_back(pPoint);
593 }
594
595 std::vector< PathPoint > handle_points;
596
597 // Processing and transforming raw path points
598 Vector2Df first_point{0, 0}, cur_point{0, 0};
599 int n = points.size();
600 for (int i = 0; i < n; i++) {
601     if (tolower(points[i].tc) == 'm') {
602         first_point = points[i].point;
603         if (points[i].tc == 'm') {
604             first_point.x = cur_point.x + points[i].point.x;
605             first_point.y = cur_point.y + points[i].point.y;
606         }
607         cur_point = first_point;
608         handle_points.push_back({first_point, 'm'});
609     } else if (tolower(points[i].tc) == 'l' ||
610                tolower(points[i].tc) == 't') {
611         Vector2Df end_point{cur_point.x + points[i].point.x,
612                             cur_point.y + points[i].point.y};
613         if (points[i].tc == 'L' || points[i].tc == 'T')
614             end_point = points[i].point;
615         cur_point = end_point;
616         char TC = tolower(points[i].tc);
617         handle_points.push_back({end_point, TC});
618     } else if (tolower(points[i].tc) == 'h') {
619         Vector2Df end_point{cur_point.x + points[i].point.x, cur_point.y};
620         if (points[i].tc == 'H')
621             end_point = Vector2Df(points[i].point.x, cur_point.y);
622         cur_point = end_point;
623         handle_points.push_back({end_point, 'h'});
624     } else if (tolower(points[i].tc) == 'v') {
625         Vector2Df end_point{cur_point.x, cur_point.y + points[i].point.y};
626         if (points[i].tc == 'V')
627             end_point = Vector2Df(cur_point.x, points[i].point.y);
628     }
629 }
630

```

```

631         cur_point = end_point;
632         handle_points.push_back({end_point, 'v'});
633
634     } else if (tolower(points[i].tc) == 'c') {
635         if (i + 2 < n) {
636             Vector2Df control_point1 =
637                 Vector2Df{cur_point.x + points[i].point.x,
638                     cur_point.y + points[i].point.y};
639             Vector2Df control_point2 =
640                 Vector2Df{cur_point.x + points[i + 1].point.x,
641                     cur_point.y + points[i + 1].point.y};
642             Vector2Df control_point3 =
643                 Vector2Df{cur_point.x + points[i + 2].point.x,
644                     cur_point.y + points[i + 2].point.y};
645             if (points[i].tc == 'C') {
646                 control_point1 = points[i].point;
647                 control_point2 = points[i + 1].point;
648                 control_point3 = points[i + 2].point;
649             }
650             i += 2;
651             cur_point = control_point3;
652             handle_points.push_back({control_point1, 'c'});
653             handle_points.push_back({control_point2, 'c'});
654             handle_points.push_back({control_point3, 'c'});
655         }
656     } else if (tolower(points[i].tc) == 'z') {
657         cur_point = first_point;
658         handle_points.push_back({first_point, 'z'});
659
660     } else if (tolower(points[i].tc) == 's' ||
661         tolower(points[i].tc) == 'q') {
662         if (i + 1 < n) {
663             Vector2Df control_point1 =
664                 Vector2Df{cur_point.x + points[i].point.x,
665                     cur_point.y + points[i].point.y};
666             Vector2Df control_point2 =
667                 Vector2Df{cur_point.x + points[i + 1].point.x,
668                     cur_point.y + points[i + 1].point.y};
669             if (points[i].tc == 'S' || points[i].tc == 'Q') {
670                 control_point1 = points[i].point;
671                 control_point2 = points[i + 1].point;
672             }
673             i += 1;
674             cur_point = control_point2;
675             char TC = tolower(points[i].tc);
676             handle_points.push_back({control_point1, TC});
677             handle_points.push_back({control_point2, TC});
678         }
679
680     } else if (tolower(points[i].tc) == 'a') {
681         Vector2Df end_point{cur_point.x + points[i].point.x,
682             cur_point.y + points[i].point.y};
683         if (points[i].tc == 'A') end_point = points[i].point;
684         handle_points.push_back(
685             {end_point, 'a', points[i].radius, points[i].x_axis_rotation,
686                 points[i].large_arc_flag, points[i].sweep_flag});
687         cur_point = end_point;
688     }
689 }
690 return handle_points;
691 }

```

### 3.8.3.18 parsePoints()

```

std::vector< Vector2Df > Parser::parsePoints (
    rapidxml::xml_node<> * node ) [private]

```

Gets the points of the element.

#### Parameters

<i>node</i>	The node to be parsed.
-------------	------------------------

**Returns**

The points of the element

Definition at line 524 of file Parser.cpp.

```

524                                     {
525     std::vector< Vector2Df > points;
526     std::string points_string = getAttribute(node, "points");
527
528     std::stringstream ss(points_string);
529     float x, y;
530
531     while (ss >> x) {
532         if (ss.peek() == ',') ss.ignore();
533         ss >> y;
534         points.push_back(Vector2Df(x, y));
535     }
536
537     return points;
538 }
```

**3.8.3.19 parsePolygon()**

```

Polygon * Parser::parsePolygon (
    rapidxml::xml_node<> * node,
    const ColorShape & fill_color,
    const ColorShape & stroke_color,
    float stroke_width ) [private]
```

Parses the polygon element.

**Parameters**

<i>node</i>	The node to be parsed.
<i>fill_color</i>	The color of the fill
<i>stroke_color</i>	The color of the stroke
<i>stroke_width</i>	The width of the stroke

**Returns**

The polygon element

Definition at line 825 of file Parser.cpp.

```

828                                     {
829     Polygon *shape = new Polygon(fill_color, stroke_color, stroke_width);
830     std::vector< Vector2Df > points = parsePoints(node);
831     for (auto point : points) {
832         shape->addPoint(point);
833     }
834     std::string fill_rule = getAttribute(node, "fill-rule");
835     fill_rule.erase(std::remove(fill_rule.begin(), fill_rule.end(), ' '),
836                    fill_rule.end());
837     shape->setFillRule(fill_rule);
838     return shape;
839 }
```



### 3.8.3.20 parsePolyline()

```
Plyline * Parser::parsePolyline (
    rapidxml::xml_node<> * node,
    const ColorShape & fill_color,
    const ColorShape & stroke_color,
    float stroke_width ) [private]
```

Parses the polyline element.

#### Parameters

<i>node</i>	The node to be parsed.
<i>fill_color</i>	The color of the fill
<i>stroke_color</i>	The color of the stroke
<i>stroke_width</i>	The width of the stroke

#### Returns

The polyline element

Definition at line 842 of file Parser.cpp.

```
845     {
846         Plyline *shape = new Plyline(fill_color, stroke_color, stroke_width);
847         std::vector< Vector2Df > points = parsePoints(node);
848         for (auto point : points) {
849             shape->addPoint(point);
850         }
851         std::string fill_rule = getAttribute(node, "fill-rule");
852         fill_rule.erase(std::remove(fill_rule.begin(), fill_rule.end(), ' '),
853             fill_rule.end());
854         shape->setFillRule(fill_rule);
855         return shape;
856     }
```

### 3.8.3.21 parseRect()

```
Rect * Parser::parseRect (
    rapidxml::xml_node<> * node,
    const ColorShape & fill_color,
    const ColorShape & stroke_color,
    float stroke_width ) [private]
```

Parses the rect element.

#### Parameters

<i>node</i>	The node to be parsed.
<i>fill_color</i>	The color of the fill
<i>stroke_color</i>	The color of the stroke
<i>stroke_width</i>	The width of the stroke

**Returns**

The rect element

Definition at line 784 of file Parser.cpp.

```

786                                     {
787     float x = getFloatAttribute(node, "x");
788     float y = getFloatAttribute(node, "y");
789     float rx = getFloatAttribute(node, "rx");
790     float ry = getFloatAttribute(node, "ry");
791     Rect *shape =
792         new Rect(getFloatAttribute(node, "width"),
793                 getFloatAttribute(node, "height"), Vector2Df(x, y),
794                 Vector2Df(rx, ry), fill_color, stroke_color, stroke_width);
795     return shape;
796 }
```

**3.8.3.22 parseShape()**

```

SVGElement * Parser::parseShape (
    rapidxml::xml_node<> * node ) [private]
```

Parses the group of elements.

**Parameters**

<i>node</i>	The node to be parsed.
-------------	------------------------

**Returns**

The group of elements

Definition at line 727 of file Parser.cpp.

```

727                                     {
728     SVGElement *shape = NULL;
729     std::string type = node->name();
730     std::string id = "";
731     ColorShape stroke_color = parseColor(node, "stroke", id);
732     ColorShape fill_color = parseColor(node, "fill", id);
733     float stroke_width = getFloatAttribute(node, "stroke-width");
734     // Determine the type of SVG element and create the corresponding object
735     if (type == "line") {
736         shape = parseLine(node, stroke_color, stroke_width);
737     } else if (type == "rect") {
738         shape = parseRect(node, fill_color, stroke_color, stroke_width);
739     } else if (type == "circle") {
740         shape = parseCircle(node, fill_color, stroke_color, stroke_width);
741     } else if (type == "ellipse") {
742         shape = parseEllipse(node, fill_color, stroke_color, stroke_width);
743     } else if (type == "polygon") {
744         shape = parsePolygon(node, fill_color, stroke_color, stroke_width);
745     } else if (type == "polyline") {
746         shape = parsePolyline(node, fill_color, stroke_color, stroke_width);
747     } else if (type == "path") {
748         shape = parsePath(node, fill_color, stroke_color, stroke_width);
749     } else if (type == "text") {
750         shape = parseText(node, fill_color, stroke_color, stroke_width);
751     }
752
753     // Apply transformations and gradient if applicable
754     if (shape != NULL) {
755         if (type == "text") {
756             float dx = getFloatAttribute(node, "dx");
757             float dy = getFloatAttribute(node, "dy");
758             std::string transform = "translate(" + std::to_string(dx) + " " +
759                                     std::to_string(dy) + ")";
760             std::vector< std::string > transform_order =
```

```

761         getTransformOrder(node);
762         transform_order.push_back(transform);
763         shape->setTransforms(transform_order);
764     } else
765         shape->setTransforms(getTransformOrder(node));
766     if (id != "") {
767         shape->setGradient(parseGradient(id));
768     }
769 }
770 return shape;
771 }

```

### 3.8.3.23 parseText()

```

Text * Parser::parseText (
    rapidxml::xml_node<> * node,
    const ColorShape & fill_color,
    const ColorShape & stroke_color,
    float stroke_width ) [private]

```

Parses the text element.

#### Parameters

<i>node</i>	The node to be parsed.
<i>fill_color</i>	The color of the fill
<i>stroke_color</i>	The color of the stroke
<i>stroke_width</i>	The width of the stroke

#### Returns

The text element

Definition at line 859 of file Parser.cpp.

```

861 {
862     float x = getFloatAttribute(node, "x");
863     float y = getFloatAttribute(node, "y");
864     float font_size = getFloatAttribute(node, "font-size");
865     std::string text = getAttribute(node, "text");
866
867     Text *shape =
868         new Text(Vector2Df(x - (font_size * 6.6 / 40),
869             y - font_size + (font_size * 4.4 / 40)),
870             text, font_size, fill_color, stroke_color, stroke_width);
871
872     std::string anchor = getAttribute(node, "text-anchor");
873     anchor.erase(std::remove(anchor.begin(), anchor.end(), ' '), anchor.end());
874     shape->setAnchor(anchor);
875
876     std::string style = getAttribute(node, "font-style");
877     style.erase(std::remove(style.begin(), style.end(), ' '), style.end());
878     shape->setFontStyle(style);
879
880     return shape;
881 }

```

### 3.8.3.24 printShapesData()

```
void Parser::printShapesData ( )
```

Prints the data of the shapes.

**Note**

This function is used for debugging.

Definition at line 908 of file Parser.cpp.

```
908 { root->printData(); }
```

### 3.8.4 Member Data Documentation

#### 3.8.4.1 gradients

```
std::map< std::string, Gradient* > Parser::gradients [private]
```

The gradients of the SVG file.

Definition at line 279 of file Parser.hpp.

The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

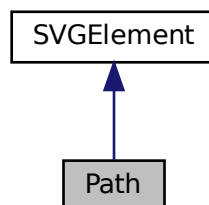
- src/Parser.hpp
- src/Parser.cpp

## 3.9 Path Class Reference

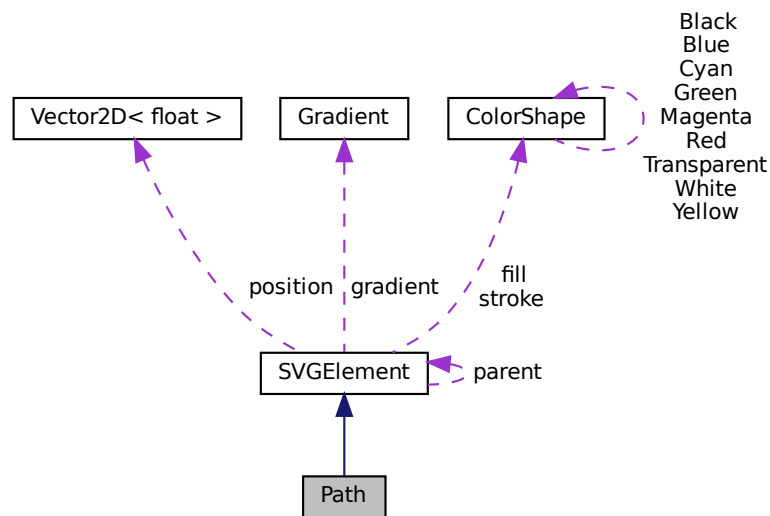
Represents a path element in 2D space.

```
#include <Path.hpp>
```

Inheritance diagram for Path:



Collaboration diagram for Path:



## Public Member Functions

- `Path` (const `ColorShape` &fill, const `ColorShape` &stroke, float stroke\_width)  
Constructs a `Path` object.
- `std::string getClass ()` const override  
Gets the type of the shape.
- `void addPoint (PathPoint point)`  
Adds a point to the path.
- `std::vector< PathPoint > getPoints ()` const  
Gets the vector of points in the path.
- `void setFillRule (std::string fill_rule)`  
Sets the fill rule of the path.
- `std::string getFillRule ()` const  
Gets the current fill rule of the path.
- `void printData ()` const override  
Prints the data of the shape.

## Private Attributes

- `std::vector< PathPoint > points`  
Vector of points in the path.
- `std::string fill_rule`  
Fill rule of the path.

## Additional Inherited Members

### 3.9.1 Detailed Description

Represents a path element in 2D space.

The [Path](#) class is derived from the [SVGElement](#) class and represents a path element in 2D space. The [Path](#) class is used to draw lines, curves, arcs, and other shapes. The [Path](#) class contains a vector of [PathPoints](#) that represent the points in the path.

Definition at line 28 of file [Path.hpp](#).

### 3.9.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

#### 3.9.2.1 Path()

```
Path::Path (
    const ColorShape & fill,
    const ColorShape & stroke,
    float stroke_width )
```

Constructs a [Path](#) object.

##### Parameters

<i>fill</i>	Fill color of the path.
<i>stroke</i>	Outline color of the path.
<i>stroke_width</i>	Thickness of the path outline.

Definition at line 3 of file [Path.cpp](#).

```
4      : SVGElement(fill, stroke, stroke_width) {}
```

### 3.9.3 Member Function Documentation

#### 3.9.3.1 addPoint()

```
void Path::addPoint (
    PathPoint point )
```

Adds a point to the path.

## Parameters

<i>point</i>	The point to be added to the path.
--------------	------------------------------------

## Note

This function is used for adding points to the path.

Definition at line 8 of file Path.cpp.

```
8 { points.push_back(point); }
```

### 3.9.3.2 getClass()

```
std::string Path::getClass ( ) const [override], [virtual]
```

Gets the type of the shape.

## Returns

The string "Path".

Implements [SVGElement](#).

Definition at line 6 of file Path.cpp.

```
6 { return "Path"; }
```

### 3.9.3.3 getFillRule()

```
std::string Path::getFillRule ( ) const
```

Gets the current fill rule of the path.

## Returns

The current fill rule of the path.

## Note

The fill rule can be either "nonzero" or "evenodd".

The default fill rule is "nonzero".

Definition at line 14 of file Path.cpp.

```
14 { return fill_rule; }
```

#### 3.9.3.4 getPoints()

```
std::vector< PathPoint > Path::getPoints ( ) const
```

Gets the vector of points in the path.

##### Returns

The vector of points in the path.

Definition at line 10 of file Path.cpp.

```
10 { return points; }
```

#### 3.9.3.5 printData()

```
void Path::printData ( ) const [override], [virtual]
```

Prints the data of the shape.

##### Note

This function is used for debugging purposes.

Reimplemented from [SVGElement](#).

Definition at line 16 of file Path.cpp.

```
16 {  
17     SVGElement::printData();  
18     std::cout << "Points: ";  
19     for (auto point : points) {  
20         std::cout << point.tc << " " << point.point.x << " " << point.point.y  
21             << " ";  
22     }  
23 }
```

#### 3.9.3.6 setFillRule()

```
void Path::setFillRule (  
    std::string fill_rule )
```

Sets the fill rule of the path.

##### Parameters

<i>fill_rule</i>	The new fill rule of the path.
------------------	--------------------------------



## Note

This function is used for setting the fill rule of the path.  
The fill rule can be either "nonzero" or "evenodd".

Definition at line 12 of file Path.cpp.

```
12 { this->fill_rule = fill_rule; }
```

The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

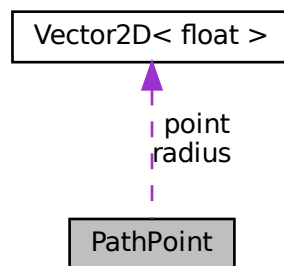
- src/graphics/Path.hpp
- src/graphics/Path.cpp

## 3.10 PathPoint Struct Reference

A struct that contains a point and a type of point.

```
#include <Path.hpp>
```

Collaboration diagram for PathPoint:



### Public Attributes

- `Vector2Df point`  
*Point in 2D space.*
- `char tc`  
*Type of point.*
- `Vector2Df radius {0, 0}`  
*Radius of the arc.*
- `float x_axis_rotation = 0.f`  
*Rotation of the arc.*
- `bool large_arc_flag = false`  
*Flag for large arc.*
- `bool sweep_flag = false`  
*Flag for sweep.*

### 3.10.1 Detailed Description

A struct that contains a point and a type of point.

Definition at line 10 of file Path.hpp.

The documentation for this struct was generated from the following file:

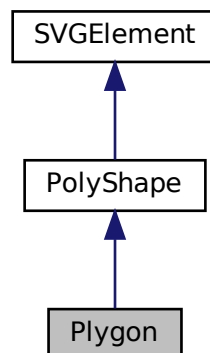
- src/graphics/Path.hpp

## 3.11 Plygon Class Reference

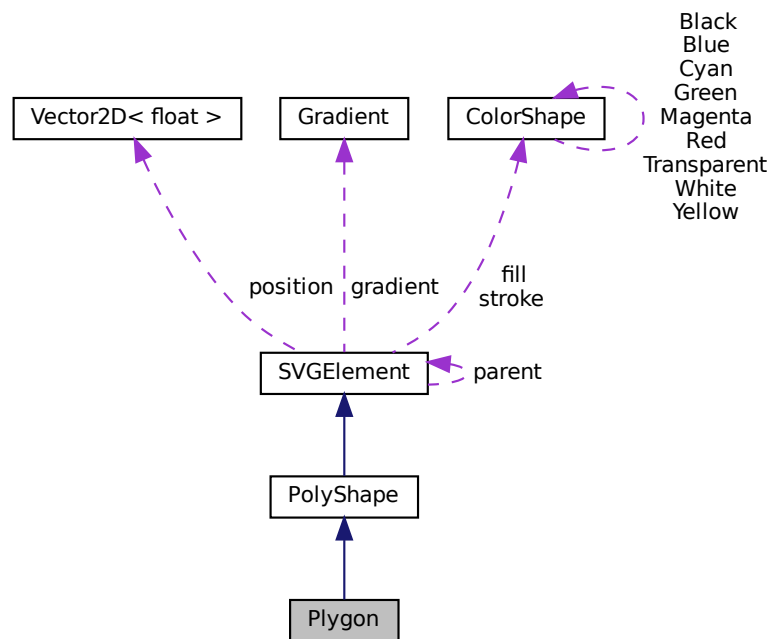
Represents a polygon in 2D space.

```
#include <Polygon.hpp>
```

Inheritance diagram for Plygon:



Collaboration diagram for Plygon:



## Public Member Functions

- **Plygon** (**ColorShape** fill, **ColorShape** stroke, float stroke\_width)  
*Constructs a Polygon object.*
- std::string **getClass** () const override  
*Gets the type of the shape.*

## Additional Inherited Members

### 3.11.1 Detailed Description

Represents a polygon in 2D space.

The Polygon class is derived from the **PolyShape** class and defines a polygon with a variable number of vertices.

Definition at line 12 of file Polygon.hpp.

### 3.11.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

### 3.11.2.1 Polygon()

```
Polygon::Polygon (
    ColorShape fill,
    ColorShape stroke,
    float stroke_width )
```

Constructs a Polygon object.

## Parameters

<i>fill</i>	Fill color of the polygon (default is sf::Color::Transparent).
<i>stroke</i>	Outline color of the polygon (default is sf::Color::White).
<i>stroke_width</i>	Thickness of the polygon outline (default is 0).

Definition at line 3 of file Polygon.cpp.

```
4 : PolyShape(fill, stroke, stroke_width) {}
```

### 3.11.3 Member Function Documentation

#### 3.11.3.1 getClass()

```
std::string Plygon::getClass ( ) const [override], [virtual]
```

Gets the type of the shape.

## Returns

The string "Polygon".

Implements [PolyShape](#).

Definition at line 6 of file Polygon.cpp.

```
6 { return "Polygon"; }
```

The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

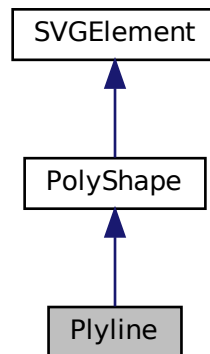
- src/graphics/Polygon.hpp
- src/graphics/Polygon.cpp

## 3.12 Plyline Class Reference

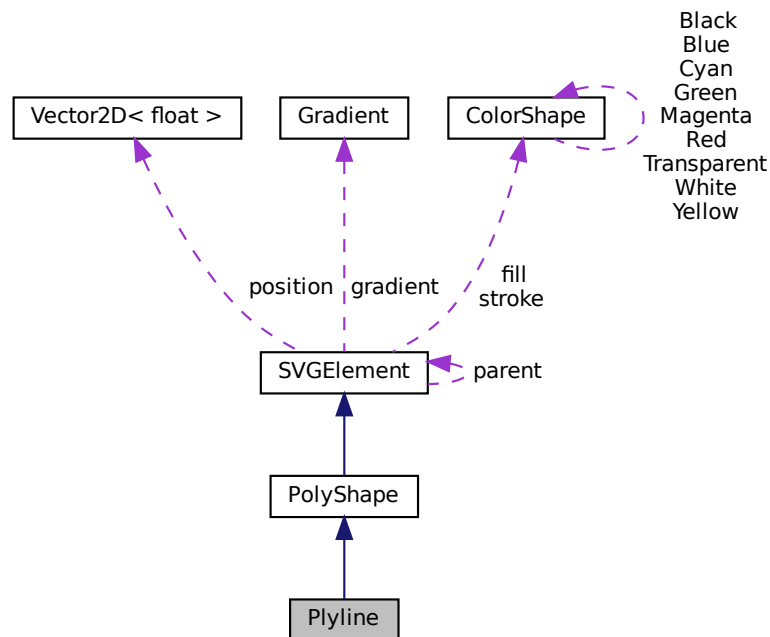
Represents a polyline in 2D space.

```
#include <Polyline.hpp>
```

Inheritance diagram for Plyline:



Collaboration diagram for Plyline:



## Public Member Functions

- **Plyline** (const [ColorShape](#) &fill, const [ColorShape](#) &stroke, float stroke\_width)  
*Constructs a Polyline object.*
- std::string [getClass](#) () const override  
*Gets the type of the shape.*

## Additional Inherited Members

### 3.12.1 Detailed Description

Represents a polyline in 2D space.

The Polyline class is derived from the [PolyShape](#) class and defines a polyline with a variable number of vertices.

Definition at line 12 of file Polyline.hpp.

### 3.12.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

#### 3.12.2.1 Polyline()

```
Polyline::Polyline (
    const ColorShape & fill,
    const ColorShape & stroke,
    float stroke_width )
```

Constructs a Polyline object.

##### Parameters

<i>stroke_width</i>	The stroke width of the polyline (default is 0).
<i>stroke</i>	The stroke color of the polyline (default is sf::Color::White).
<i>fill</i>	The fill color of the polyline (default is sf::Color::Transparent).

Definition at line 3 of file Polyline.cpp.

```
5      : PolyShape(fill, stroke, stroke_width) {}
```

### 3.12.3 Member Function Documentation

#### 3.12.3.1 getClass()

```
std::string Polyline::getClass ( ) const [override], [virtual]
```

Gets the type of the shape.

**Returns**

The string "Polyline".

Implements [PolyShape](#).

Definition at line 7 of file Polyline.cpp.

```
7 { return "Polyline"; }
```

The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

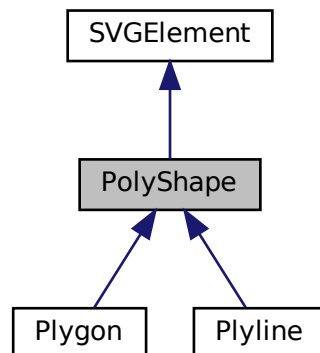
- src/graphics/Polyline.hpp
- src/graphics/Polyline.cpp

### 3.13 PolyShape Class Reference

Abstract base class for polygon and polyline shapes in 2D space.

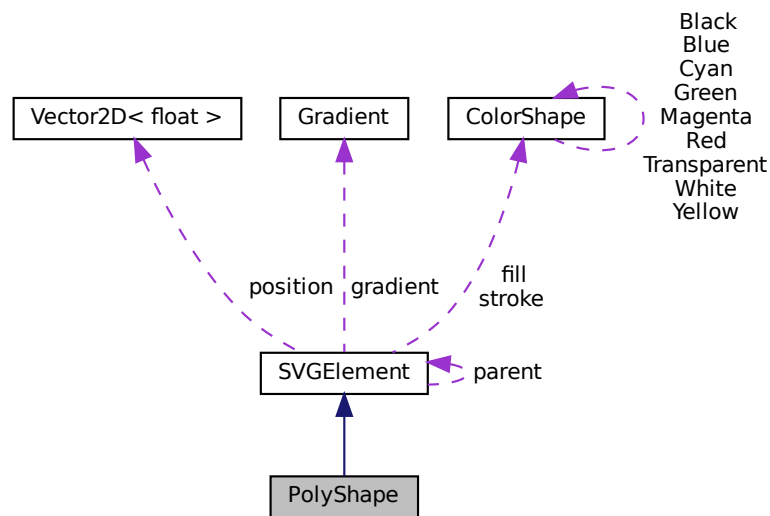
```
#include <PolyShape.hpp>
```

Inheritance diagram for PolyShape:





Collaboration diagram for PolyShape:



## Public Member Functions

- `std::string getClass () const =0`  
*Gets the type of the shape.*
- `virtual void addPoint (const Vector2Df &point)`  
*Adds a vertex to the shape.*
- `const std::vector< Vector2Df > &getPoints () const`  
*Gets the total number of vertices representing the shape.*
- `void setFillRule (std::string fill_rule)`  
*Sets the fill rule of the polyshape.*
- `std::string getFillRule () const`  
*Gets the fill rule of the polyshape.*
- `Vector2Df getMinBound () const override`  
*Gets the minimum bounding box of the shape.*
- `Vector2Df getMaxBound () const override`  
*Gets the maximum bounding box of the shape.*
- `void printData () const override`  
*Prints the data of the shape.*

## Protected Member Functions

- `PolyShape (const ColorShape &fill, const ColorShape &stroke, float stroke_width)`  
*Constructs a PolyShape object.*

## Protected Attributes

- `std::vector< Vector2Df > points`  
*Vertices of the polyshape.*
- `std::string fill_rule`  
*Fill rule of the polyshape.*

### 3.13.1 Detailed Description

Abstract base class for polygon and polyline shapes in 2D space.

The [PolyShape](#) class is derived from the [SVGElement](#) class and defines a common interface for polyline and polygon shapes.

Definition at line 12 of file PolyShape.hpp.

### 3.13.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

#### 3.13.2.1 PolyShape()

```
PolyShape::PolyShape (
    const ColorShape & fill,
    const ColorShape & stroke,
    float stroke_width ) [protected]
```

Constructs a [PolyShape](#) object.

#### Parameters

<i>fill</i>	Fill color of the polyshape (default is <code>sf::Color::Transparent</code> ).
<i>stroke</i>	Outline color of the polyshape (default is <code>sf::Color::White</code> ).
<i>stroke_width</i>	Thickness of the polyshape outline (default is 0).

Definition at line 3 of file PolyShape.cpp.

```
5 : SVGElement(fill, stroke, stroke_width) {}
```

### 3.13.3 Member Function Documentation

#### 3.13.3.1 addPoint()

```
void PolyShape::addPoint (
    const Vector2Df & point ) [virtual]
```

Adds a vertex to the shape.

## Parameters

<i>point</i>	The position of the vertex to be added.
--------------	---

Definition at line 7 of file PolyShape.cpp.

```
7 { points.push_back(point); }
```

## 3.13.3.2 getClass()

```
std::string PolyShape::getClass ( ) const [pure virtual]
```

Gets the type of the shape.

## Note

This function is pure virtual and must be implemented by derived classes.

Implements [SVGElement](#).

Implemented in [Plyline](#), and [Polygon](#).

## 3.13.3.3 getFillRule()

```
std::string PolyShape::getFillRule ( ) const
```

Gets the fill rule of the polyshape.

## Returns

The fill rule of the polyshape.

Definition at line 15 of file PolyShape.cpp.

```
15 { return fill\_rule; }
```

## 3.13.3.4 getMaxBound()

```
Vector2Df PolyShape::getMaxBound ( ) const [override], [virtual]
```

Gets the maximum bounding box of the shape.

## Returns

The maximum bounding box of the shape.

Reimplemented from [SVGElement](#).

Definition at line 27 of file PolyShape.cpp.

```
27 {
28     float max_x = points[0].x;
29     float max_y = points[0].y;
30     for (auto& point : points) {
31         max_x = std::max(max_x, point.x);
32         max_y = std::max(max_y, point.y);
33     }
34     return Vector2Df(max_x, max_y);
35 }
```

### 3.13.3.5 getMinBound()

```
Vector2Df PolyShape::getMinBound ( ) const [override], [virtual]
```

Gets the minimum bounding box of the shape.

#### Returns

The minimum bounding box of the shape.

Reimplemented from [SVGElement](#).

Definition at line 17 of file PolyShape.cpp.

```
17 {
18     float min_x = points[0].x;
19     float min_y = points[0].y;
20     for (auto& point : points) {
21         min_x = std::min(min_x, point.x);
22         min_y = std::min(min_y, point.y);
23     }
24     return Vector2Df(min_x, min_y);
25 }
```

### 3.13.3.6 getPoints()

```
const std::vector< Vector2Df > & PolyShape::getPoints ( ) const
```

Gets the total number of vertices representing the shape.

#### Returns

The number of vertices representing the shape.

Definition at line 9 of file PolyShape.cpp.

```
9 { return points; }
```

### 3.13.3.7 printData()

```
void PolyShape::printData ( ) const [override], [virtual]
```

Prints the data of the shape.

#### Note

This function is used for debugging purposes.

Reimplemented from [SVGElement](#).

Definition at line 37 of file PolyShape.cpp.

```
37 {
38     SVGElement::printData();
39     std::cout << "Points: ";
40     for (auto& point : getPoints()) {
41         std::cout << point.x << ", " << point.y << " ";
42     }
43     std::cout << std::endl;
44 }
```

### 3.13.3.8 setFillRule()

```
void PolyShape::setFillRule (
    std::string fill_rule )
```

Sets the fill rule of the polyshape.

## Parameters

<i>fill_rule</i>	The new fill rule of the polyshape.
------------------	-------------------------------------

Definition at line 11 of file PolyShape.cpp.

```
11                                     {  
12     this->fill_rule = fill_rule;  
13 }
```

The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

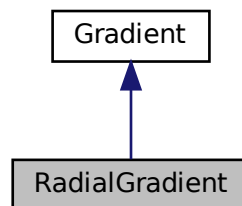
- src/graphics/PolyShape.hpp
- src/graphics/PolyShape.cpp

## 3.14 RadialGradient Class Reference

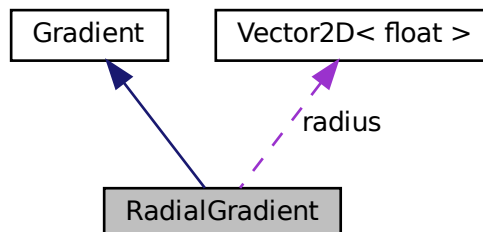
A class that represents a radial gradient.

```
#include <RadialGradient.hpp>
```

Inheritance diagram for RadialGradient:



Collaboration diagram for RadialGradient:



## Public Member Functions

- [RadialGradient](#) (std::vector< [Stop](#) > stops, std::pair< [Vector2Df](#), [Vector2Df](#) > points, [Vector2Df](#) radius, std::string units)  
Constructs a [RadialGradient](#) object.
- std::string [getClass](#) () const override  
Gets the type of the gradient.
- [Vector2Df](#) [getRadius](#) () const  
Gets the radius of the gradient.

## Private Attributes

- [Vector2Df](#) radius  
The radius of the gradient.

### 3.14.1 Detailed Description

A class that represents a radial gradient.

The [RadialGradient](#) class is derived from the [Gradient](#) class and represents a radial gradient. It contains a vector of [Stop](#) objects that represent the stops of the gradient. It also contains a pair of [Vector2D](#) objects that represent the start and end points of the gradient.

Definition at line 14 of file [RadialGradient.hpp](#).

### 3.14.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

#### 3.14.2.1 RadialGradient()

```
RadialGradient::RadialGradient (
    std::vector< Stop > stops,
    std::pair< Vector2Df, Vector2Df > points,
    Vector2Df radius,
    std::string units )
```

Constructs a [RadialGradient](#) object.

#### Parameters

<i>stops</i>	The stops of the gradient.
<i>points</i>	The start and end points of the gradient.
<i>radius</i>	The radius of the gradient.
<i>units</i>	The units of the gradient.

Definition at line 3 of file [RadialGradient.cpp](#).

```
6      : Gradient(stops, points, units) {  
7      this->radius = radius;  
8  }
```

### 3.14.3 Member Function Documentation

#### 3.14.3.1 getClass()

```
std::string RadialGradient::getClass ( ) const  [override], [virtual]
```

Gets the type of the gradient.

##### Returns

The string "RadialGradient".

##### Note

This function is used for determining the type of the gradient.

Implements [Gradient](#).

Definition at line 10 of file RadialGradient.cpp.

```
10 { return "RadialGradient"; }
```

#### 3.14.3.2 getRadius()

```
Vector2Df RadialGradient::getRadius ( ) const
```

Gets the radius of the gradient.

##### Returns

The radius of the gradient.

Definition at line 12 of file RadialGradient.cpp.

```
12 { return radius; }
```

The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

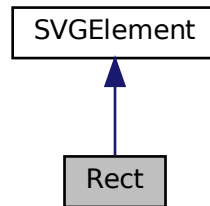
- src/graphics/RadialGradient.hpp
- src/graphics/RadialGradient.cpp

### 3.15 Rect Class Reference

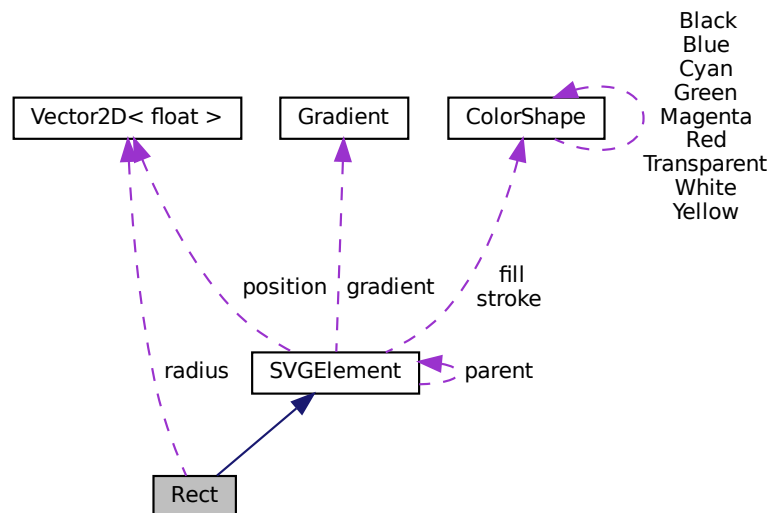
Represents a rectangle in 2D space.

```
#include <Rect.hpp>
```

Inheritance diagram for Rect:



Collaboration diagram for Rect:



#### Public Member Functions

- **Rect** (float **width**, float **height**, **Vector2Df** **position**, **Vector2Df** **radius**, const **ColorShape** &**fill**, const **ColorShape** &**stroke**, float **stroke\_width**)  
*Constructs a **Rect** object.*
- std::string **getClass** () const override



- Gets the type of the shape.*
- void [setWidth](#) (float [width](#))  
*Sets the width of the rectangle.*
- float [getWidth](#) () const  
*Gets the width of the rectangle.*
- void [setHeight](#) (float [height](#))  
*Sets the height of the rectangle.*
- float [getHeight](#) () const  
*Gets the height of the rectangle.*
- void [setRadius](#) (const [Vector2Df](#) &[radius](#))  
*Sets the radii of the rectangle.*
- [Vector2Df](#) [getRadius](#) () const  
*Gets the radii of the rectangle.*
- void [printData](#) () const override  
*Prints the data of the rectangle.*

## Private Attributes

- float [width](#)  
*Width of the rectangle.*
- float [height](#)  
*Height of the rectangle.*
- [Vector2Df](#) [radius](#)  
*Radii of the rectangle in the x and y directions.*

## Additional Inherited Members

### 3.15.1 Detailed Description

Represents a rectangle in 2D space.

The [Rect](#) class is derived from the [SVGElement](#) class and defines a rectangle with a specified width, height, position, fill color, stroke color, and stroke thickness.

Definition at line 13 of file Rect.hpp.

### 3.15.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

#### 3.15.2.1 Rect()

```
Rect::Rect (
    float width,
    float height,
    Vector2Df position,
    Vector2Df radius,
    const ColorShape & fill,
    const ColorShape & stroke,
    float stroke_width )
```

Constructs a [Rect](#) object.

**Parameters**

<i>width</i>	The width of the rectangle.
<i>height</i>	The height of the rectangle.
<i>position</i>	The position of the rectangle.
<i>radius</i>	The radii of the rectangle in the x and y directions.
<i>fill</i>	Fill color of the rectangle.
<i>stroke</i>	Outline color of the rectangle.
<i>stroke_width</i>	Thickness of the rectangle outline.

Definition at line 3 of file Rect.cpp.

```
5 : SVGElement(fill, stroke, stroke_width, position), width(width),  
6   height(height), radius(radius) {}
```

### 3.15.3 Member Function Documentation

#### 3.15.3.1 getClass()

```
std::string Rect::getClass ( ) const [override], [virtual]
```

Gets the type of the shape.

**Returns**

The string "Rect".

Implements [SVGElement](#).

Definition at line 8 of file Rect.cpp.

```
8 { return "Rect"; }
```

#### 3.15.3.2 getHeight()

```
float Rect::getHeight ( ) const
```

Gets the height of the rectangle.

**Returns**

The height of the rectangle.

Definition at line 16 of file Rect.cpp.

```
16 { return height; }
```

### 3.15.3.3 getRadius()

```
Vector2Df Rect::getRadius ( ) const
```

Gets the radii of the rectangle.

#### Returns

The radii of the rectangle.

Definition at line 20 of file Rect.cpp.

```
20 { return radius; }
```

### 3.15.3.4 getWidth()

```
float Rect::getWidth ( ) const
```

Gets the width of the rectangle.

#### Returns

The width of the rectangle.

Definition at line 12 of file Rect.cpp.

```
12 { return width; }
```

### 3.15.3.5 printData()

```
void Rect::printData ( ) const [override], [virtual]
```

Prints the data of the rectangle.

#### Note

This function is used for debugging purposes.

Reimplemented from [SVGElement](#).

Definition at line 22 of file Rect.cpp.

```
22 {
23     SVGElement::printData();
24     std::cout << "Width: " << getWidth() << std::endl;
25     std::cout << "Height: " << getHeight() << std::endl;
26     std::cout << "Radius: " << getRadius().x << " " << getRadius().y
27         << std::endl;
28 }
```

### 3.15.3.6 setHeight()

```
void Rect::setHeight (
    float height )
```

Sets the height of the rectangle.

**Parameters**

<i>height</i>	The new height of the rectangle.
---------------	----------------------------------

Definition at line 14 of file Rect.cpp.

```
14 { this->height = height; }
```

**3.15.3.7 setRadius()**

```
void Rect::setRadius (
    const Vector2Df & radius )
```

Sets the radii of the rectangle.

**Parameters**

<i>radius</i>	The new radii of the rectangle.
---------------	---------------------------------

Definition at line 18 of file Rect.cpp.

```
18 { this->radius = radius; }
```

**3.15.3.8 setWidth()**

```
void Rect::setWidth (
    float width )
```

Sets the width of the rectangle.

**Parameters**

<i>width</i>	The new width of the rectangle.
--------------	---------------------------------

Definition at line 10 of file Rect.cpp.

```
10 { this->width = width; }
```

The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

- src/graphics/Rect.hpp
- src/graphics/Rect.cpp

**3.16 Renderer Class Reference**

Singleton class responsible for rendering shapes using GDI+.

```
#include <Renderer.hpp>
```

Collaboration diagram for `Renderer`:



## Public Member Functions

- `Renderer` (const `Renderer` &)=delete  
*Deleted copy constructor to enforce the singleton pattern.*
- void `operator=` (const `Renderer` &)=delete  
*Deleted copy assignment operator to enforce the singleton pattern.*
- void `draw` (Gdiplus::Graphics &graphics, `Group` \*group) const  
*Draws a shape using Gdiplus::Graphics based on its type.*

## Static Public Member Functions

- static `Renderer` \* `getInstance` ()  
*Gets the singleton instance of the `Renderer` class.*

## Private Member Functions

- void `applyTransform` (std::vector< std::string > transform\_order, Gdiplus::Graphics &graphics) const  
*Utility function to apply a series of transformations to the graphics context.*
- void `drawLine` (Gdiplus::Graphics &graphics, `Line` \*line) const  
*Draws a line shape using Gdiplus::Graphics.*
- void `drawRectangle` (Gdiplus::Graphics &graphics, `Rect` \*rectangle) const  
*Draws a rectangle shape using Gdiplus::Graphics.*
- void `drawCircle` (Gdiplus::Graphics &graphics, `Circle` \*circle) const  
*Draws a circle shape using Gdiplus::Graphics.*
- void `drawEllipse` (Gdiplus::Graphics &graphics, `Ell` \*ellipse) const  
*Draws an ellipse shape using Gdiplus::Graphics.*
- void `drawPolygon` (Gdiplus::Graphics &graphics, `Polygon` \*polygon) const  
*Draws a polygon shape using Gdiplus::Graphics.*
- void `drawText` (Gdiplus::Graphics &graphics, `Text` \*text) const  
*Draws text using Gdiplus::Graphics.*
- void `drawPolyline` (Gdiplus::Graphics &graphics, `Polyline` \*polyline) const  
*Draws a polyline shape using Gdiplus::Graphics.*
- void `drawPath` (Gdiplus::Graphics &graphics, `Path` \*path) const  
*Draws a path shape using Gdiplus::Graphics.*
- Gdiplus::Brush \* `getBrush` (SVGElement \*shape, Gdiplus::RectF bound) const  
*Gets the Gdiplus::brush object for the shape fill.*

- void [applyTransformsOnBrush](#) (std::vector< std::string > transform\_order, Gdiplus::LinearGradientBrush \*&brush) const  
Utility function to apply a series of transformations to the brush object.
- void [applyTransformsOnBrush](#) (std::vector< std::string > transform\_order, Gdiplus::PathGradientBrush \*&brush) const  
Utility function to apply a series of transformations to the brush object.
- [Renderer](#) ()  
Private constructor for the [Renderer](#) class.

## Static Private Attributes

- static [Renderer](#) \* [instance](#) = nullptr  
Singleton instance of the [Renderer](#) class.

### 3.16.1 Detailed Description

Singleton class responsible for rendering shapes using GDI+.

The [Renderer](#) class provides a singleton instance for drawing SVGElement-based shapes using Gdiplus::Graphics. It supports various shapes such as lines, rectangles, circles, ellipses, text, polygons, polylines, and paths. The shapes are drawn in a polymorphic manner using the draw function, which takes a Gdiplus::Graphics context and an [SVGElement](#). The draw function dynamically determines the type of the shape and invokes the corresponding draw method to render the shape with all necessary details. The detailed information for each shape is obtained from an SVG file and processed through the draw function in a polymorphic way.

Definition at line 24 of file [Renderer.hpp](#).

### 3.16.2 Member Function Documentation

#### 3.16.2.1 [applyTransform\(\)](#)

```
void Renderer::applyTransform (
    std::vector< std::string > transform_order,
    Gdiplus::Graphics & graphics ) const [private]
```

Utility function to apply a series of transformations to the graphics context.

#### Parameters

<i>transform_order</i>	The order in which transformations should be applied.
<i>graphics</i>	The Gdiplus::Graphics context to apply transformations to.

Definition at line 55 of file [Renderer.cpp](#).

```
56
57     for (auto type : transform_order) {
58         if (type.find("translate") != std::string::npos) {
59             float trans_x = getTranslate(type).first,
```

```

60         trans_y = getTranslate(type).second;
61         graphics.TranslateTransform(trans_x, trans_y);
62     } else if (type.find("rotate") != std::string::npos) {
63         float degree = getRotate(type);
64         graphics.RotateTransform(degree);
65     } else if (type.find("scale") != std::string::npos) {
66         if (type.find(",") != std::string::npos) {
67             float scale_x = getScaleXY(type).first,
68                 scale_y = getScaleXY(type).second;
69             graphics.ScaleTransform(scale_x, scale_y);
70         } else {
71             float scale = getScale(type);
72             graphics.ScaleTransform(scale, scale);
73         }
74     }
75 }
76 }

```

### 3.16.2.2 applyTransformsOnBrush() [1/2]

```

void Renderer::applyTransformsOnBrush (
    std::vector< std::string > transform_order,
    Gdiplus::LinearGradientBrush *amp; brush ) const [private]

```

Utility function to apply a series of transformations to the brush object.

#### Parameters

<i>transform_order</i>	The order in which transformations should be applied.
<i>brush</i>	The Gdiplus::LinearGradientBrush object for the shape fill.

Definition at line 791 of file Renderer.cpp.

```

793     {
794         for (auto type : transform_order) {
795             if (type.find("translate") != std::string::npos) {
796                 // Apply translation transformation
797                 float trans_x = getTranslate(type).first,
798                     trans_y = getTranslate(type).second;
799                 brush->TranslateTransform(trans_x, trans_y);
800             } else if (type.find("rotate") != std::string::npos) {
801                 // Apply rotation transformation
802                 float degree = getRotate(type);
803                 brush->RotateTranform(degree);
804             } else if (type.find("scale") != std::string::npos) {
805                 // Apply scaling transformation
806                 if (type.find(",") != std::string::npos) {
807                     float scale_x = getScaleXY(type).first,
808                         scale_y = getScaleXY(type).second;
809                     brush->ScaleTransform(scale_x, scale_y);
810                 } else {
811                     float scale = getScale(type);
812                     brush->ScaleTransform(scale, scale);
813                 }
814             } else if (type.find("matrix") != std::string::npos) {
815                 // Apply matrix transformation
816                 float a = 0, b = 0, c = 0, d = 0, e = 0, f = 0;
817                 if (type.find(",") != std::string::npos) {
818                     type.erase(std::remove(type.begin(), type.end(), ','),
819                                type.end());
820                 }
821                 sscanf(type.c_str(), "matrix(%f %f %f %f %f %f)", &a, &b, &c, &d,
822                        &e, &f);
823                 Gdiplus::Matrix matrix(a, b, c, d, e, f);
824                 brush->SetTransform(&matrix);
825             }
826         }
827     }

```

### 3.16.2.3 applyTransformsOnBrush() [2/2]

```
void Renderer::applyTransformsOnBrush (
    std::vector< std::string > transform_order,
    Gdiplus::PathGradientBrush *amp; brush ) const [private]
```

Utility function to apply a series of transformations to the brush object.

#### Parameters

<i>transform_order</i>	The order in which transformations should be applied.
<i>brush</i>	The Gdiplus::PathGradientBrush object for the shape fill.

Definition at line 830 of file Renderer.cpp.

```
832                                     {
833     for (auto type : transform_order) {
834         if (type.find("translate") != std::string::npos) {
835             float trans_x = getTranslate(type).first,
836                 trans_y = getTranslate(type).second;
837             brush->TranslateTransform(trans_x, trans_y);
838         } else if (type.find("rotate") != std::string::npos) {
839             float degree = getRotate(type);
840             brush->RotateTransform(degree);
841         } else if (type.find("scale") != std::string::npos) {
842             if (type.find(",") != std::string::npos) {
843                 float scale_x = getScaleXY(type).first,
844                     scale_y = getScaleXY(type).second;
845                 brush->ScaleTransform(scale_x, scale_y);
846             } else {
847                 float scale = getScale(type);
848                 brush->ScaleTransform(scale, scale);
849             }
850         } else if (type.find("matrix") != std::string::npos) {
851             float a = 0, b = 0, c = 0, d = 0, e = 0, f = 0;
852             if (type.find(",") != std::string::npos) {
853                 type.erase(std::remove(type.begin(), type.end(), ','),
854                             type.end());
855             }
856             sscanf(type.c_str(), "matrix(%f %f %f %f %f %f)", &a, &b, &c, &d,
857                     &e, &f);
858             Gdiplus::Matrix matrix(a, b, c, d, e, f);
859             brush->SetTransform(&matrix);
860         }
861     }
862 }
```

### 3.16.2.4 draw()

```
void Renderer::draw (
    Gdiplus::Graphics & graphics,
    Group * group ) const
```

Draws a shape using Gdiplus::Graphics based on its type.

#### Parameters

<i>graphics</i>	The Gdiplus::Graphics context for drawing.
<i>shape</i>	The <a href="#">SVGElement</a> representing the shape to be drawn.

Definition at line 79 of file Renderer.cpp.

```
79
```

```
{
```



```

80     for (auto shape : group->getElements()) {
81         // Store the original transformation matrix
82         Gdiplus::Matrix original;
83         graphics.GetTransform(&original);
84
85         // Apply the transformations for the current shape
86         applyTransform(shape->getTransforms(), graphics);
87
88         // Draw the specific shape based on its class
89         if (shape->getClass() == "Group") {
90             Group* group = dynamic_cast< Group* >(shape);
91             draw(graphics, group);
92         } else if (shape->getClass() == "Polyline") {
93             Plyline* polyline = dynamic_cast< Plyline* >(shape);
94             drawPolyline(graphics, polyline);
95         } else if (shape->getClass() == "Text") {
96             Text* text = dynamic_cast< Text* >(shape);
97             drawText(graphics, text);
98         } else if (shape->getClass() == "Rect") {
99             Rect* rectangle = dynamic_cast< Rect* >(shape);
100             drawRectangle(graphics, rectangle);
101         } else if (shape->getClass() == "Circle") {
102             Circle* circle = dynamic_cast< Circle* >(shape);
103             drawCircle(graphics, circle);
104         } else if (shape->getClass() == "Ellipse") {
105             Ell* ellipse = dynamic_cast< Ell* >(shape);
106             drawEllipse(graphics, ellipse);
107         } else if (shape->getClass() == "Line") {
108             Line* line = dynamic_cast< Line* >(shape);
109             drawLine(graphics, line);
110         } else if (shape->getClass() == "Polygon") {
111             Plygon* polygon = dynamic_cast< Plygon* >(shape);
112             drawPolygon(graphics, polygon);
113         } else if (shape->getClass() == "Path") {
114             Path* path = dynamic_cast< Path* >(shape);
115             drawPath(graphics, path);
116         }
117         graphics.SetTransform(&original);
118     }
119 }

```

### 3.16.2.5 drawCircle()

```

void Renderer::drawCircle (
    Gdiplus::Graphics & graphics,
    Circle * circle ) const [private]

```

Draws a circle shape using Gdiplus::Graphics.

#### Parameters

<i>graphics</i>	The Gdiplus::Graphics context for drawing.
<i>circle</i>	The <a href="#">Circle</a> object representing the circle to be drawn.

Definition at line 192 of file `Renderer.cpp`.

```

192
193     ColorShape outline_color = circle->getOutlineColor();
194     Gdiplus::Pen circle_outline(
195         Gdiplus::Color(outline_color.a, outline_color.r, outline_color.g,
196             outline_color.b),
197         circle->getOutlineThickness());
198
199     // Create a bounding rectangle for the circle
200     Vector2Df min_bound = circle->getMinBound();
201     Vector2Df max_bound = circle->getMaxBound();
202     Gdiplus::RectF bound(min_bound.x, min_bound.y, max_bound.x - min_bound.x,
203         max_bound.y - min_bound.y);
204     Gdiplus::Brush* circle_fill = getBrush(circle, bound);
205
206     // Check if the circle has a gradient fill
207     if (Gdiplus::PathGradientBrush* brush =

```

```

208         dynamic_cast< Gdiplus::PathGradientBrush* >(circle_fill)) {
209         ColorShape color = circle->getGradient()->getStops().back().getColor();
210         Gdiplus::SolidBrush corner_fill(
211             Gdiplus::Color(color.a, color.r, color.g, color.b));
212         graphics.FillEllipse(
213             &corner_fill, circle->getPosition().x - circle->getRadius().x,
214             circle->getPosition().y - circle->getRadius().y,
215             circle->getRadius().x * 2, circle->getRadius().y * 2);
216     }
217
218     graphics.FillEllipse(circle_fill,
219         circle->getPosition().x - circle->getRadius().x,
220         circle->getPosition().y - circle->getRadius().y,
221         circle->getRadius().x * 2, circle->getRadius().y * 2);
222     graphics.DrawEllipse(&circle_outline,
223         circle->getPosition().x - circle->getRadius().x,
224         circle->getPosition().y - circle->getRadius().y,
225         circle->getRadius().x * 2, circle->getRadius().x * 2);
226
227     delete circle_fill;
228 }

```

### 3.16.2.6 drawEllipse()

```

void Renderer::drawEllipse (
    Gdiplus::Graphics & graphics,
    Ell * ellipse ) const [private]

```

Draws an ellipse shape using Gdiplus::Graphics.

#### Parameters

<i>graphics</i>	The Gdiplus::Graphics context for drawing.
<i>ellipse</i>	The <a href="#">Ell</a> object representing the ellipse to be drawn.

Definition at line 231 of file `Renderer.cpp`.

```

231
232     ColorShape outline_color = ellipse->getOutlineColor();
233
234     Gdiplus::Pen ellipse_outline(
235         Gdiplus::Color(outline_color.a, outline_color.r, outline_color.g,
236             outline_color.b),
237         ellipse->getOutlineThickness());
238
239     // Create a bounding rectangle for the ellipse
240     Vector2Df min_bound = ellipse->getMinBound();
241     Vector2Df max_bound = ellipse->getMaxBound();
242     Gdiplus::RectF bound(min_bound.x, min_bound.y, max_bound.x - min_bound.x,
243         max_bound.y - min_bound.y);
244     Gdiplus::Brush* ellipse_fill = getBrush(ellipse, bound);
245
246     if (Gdiplus::PathGradientBrush* brush =
247         dynamic_cast< Gdiplus::PathGradientBrush* >(ellipse_fill)) {
248         ColorShape color = ellipse->getGradient()->getStops().back().getColor();
249         Gdiplus::SolidBrush corner_fill(
250             Gdiplus::Color(color.a, color.r, color.g, color.b));
251         graphics.FillEllipse(
252             &corner_fill, ellipse->getPosition().x - ellipse->getRadius().x,
253             ellipse->getPosition().y - ellipse->getRadius().y,
254             ellipse->getRadius().x * 2, ellipse->getRadius().y * 2);
255     }
256
257     graphics.FillEllipse(
258         ellipse_fill, ellipse->getPosition().x - ellipse->getRadius().x,
259         ellipse->getPosition().y - ellipse->getRadius().y,
260         ellipse->getRadius().x * 2, ellipse->getRadius().y * 2);
261     graphics.DrawEllipse(
262         &ellipse_outline, ellipse->getPosition().x - ellipse->getRadius().x,
263         ellipse->getPosition().y - ellipse->getRadius().y,
264         ellipse->getRadius().x * 2, ellipse->getRadius().y * 2);
265

```

```

266     delete ellipse_fill;
267 }

```

### 3.16.2.7 drawLine()

```

void Renderer::drawLine (
    Gdiplus::Graphics & graphics,
    Line * line ) const [private]

```

Draws a line shape using Gdiplus::Graphics.

#### Parameters

<i>graphics</i>	The Gdiplus::Graphics context for drawing.
<i>line</i>	The <a href="#">Line</a> object representing the line to be drawn.

Definition at line 122 of file `Renderer.cpp`.

```

122
123     // Extract color and thickness information from the Line object
124     ColorShape color = line->getOutlineColor();
125     Gdiplus::Pen linePen(Gdiplus::Color(color.a, color.r, color.g, color.b),
126                          line->getOutlineThickness());
127     // Extract start and end points from the Line object
128     Gdiplus::PointF startPoint(line->getPosition().x, line->getPosition().y);
129     Gdiplus::PointF endPoint(line->getDirection().x, line->getDirection().y);
130     graphics.DrawLine(&linePen, startPoint, endPoint);
131 }

```

### 3.16.2.8 drawPath()

```

void Renderer::drawPath (
    Gdiplus::Graphics & graphics,
    Path * path ) const [private]

```

Draws a path shape using Gdiplus::Graphics.

#### Parameters

<i>graphics</i>	The Gdiplus::Graphics context for drawing.
<i>path</i>	The <a href="#">Path</a> object representing the path to be drawn.

Definition at line 438 of file `Renderer.cpp`.

```

438
439     ColorShape outline_color = path->getOutlineColor();
440     Gdiplus::Pen path_outline(Gdiplus::Color(outline_color.a, outline_color.r,
441                                              outline_color.g, outline_color.b),
442                              path->getOutlineThickness());
443
444     // Fill the path by rules
445     Gdiplus::FillMode fill_mode;
446     if (path->getFillRule() == "evenodd") {
447         fill_mode = Gdiplus::FillModeAlternate;
448     } else if (path->getFillRule() == "nonzero") {
449         fill_mode = Gdiplus::FillModeWinding;
450     }

```

```

451     Gdiplus::GraphicsPath gdi_path(fill_mode);
452
453     const std::vector< PathPoint >& points = path->getPoints();
454     int n = points.size();
455     Vector2Df first_point{0, 0}, cur_point{0, 0};
456
457     // Construct the path
458     for (int i = 0; i < n; ++i) {
459         if (points[i].tc == 'm') {
460             // If the command is m, then start a new figure
461             first_point = points[i].point;
462             gdi_path.StartFigure();
463             cur_point = first_point;
464         } else if (points[i].tc == 'l' || points[i].tc == 'h' ||
465             points[i].tc == 'v') {
466             // If the command is l, h, or v, then add a line to the path
467             gdi_path.AddLine(cur_point.x, cur_point.y, points[i].point.x,
468                 points[i].point.y);
469             cur_point = points[i].point;
470         } else if (points[i].tc == 'c') {
471             // If the command is c, then add a bezier curve to the path
472             if (i + 2 < n) {
473                 Vector2Df control_point1 = points[i].point;
474                 Vector2Df control_point2 = points[i + 1].point;
475                 Vector2Df control_point3 = points[i + 2].point;
476                 gdi_path.AddBezier(cur_point.x, cur_point.y, control_point1.x,
477                     control_point1.y, control_point2.x,
478                     control_point2.y, control_point3.x,
479                     control_point3.y);
480                 i += 2;
481                 cur_point = control_point3;
482             }
483         } else if (points[i].tc == 'z') {
484             // If the command is z, then close the figure
485             gdi_path.CloseFigure();
486             cur_point = first_point;
487         } else if (points[i].tc == 's') {
488             // If the command is s, then add a bezier curve to the path
489             if (i + 1 < n) {
490                 // Calculate the first control point
491                 Vector2Df auto_control_point;
492                 if (i > 0 &&
493                     (points[i - 1].tc == 'c' || points[i - 1].tc == 's')) {
494                     auto_control_point.x =
495                         cur_point.x * 2 - points[i - 2].point.x;
496                     auto_control_point.y =
497                         cur_point.y * 2 - points[i - 2].point.y;
498                 } else {
499                     auto_control_point = cur_point;
500                 }
501                 // Calculate the rest control points
502                 Vector2Df control_point2 = points[i].point;
503                 Vector2Df control_point3 = points[i + 1].point;
504                 gdi_path.AddBezier(cur_point.x, cur_point.y,
505                     auto_control_point.x, auto_control_point.y,
506                     control_point2.x, control_point2.y,
507                     control_point3.x, control_point3.y);
508                 i += 1;
509                 cur_point = control_point3;
510             }
511         } else if (points[i].tc == 'q') {
512             // If the command is q, then add a quadratic bezier curve to the
513             if (i + 1 < n) {
514                 // Calculate the control point and its end point
515                 Vector2Df control_point = points[i].point;
516                 Vector2Df end_point = points[i + 1].point;
517
518                 // Add the curve to the path
519                 Gdiplus::PointF q_points[3];
520                 q_points[0] = Gdiplus::PointF{cur_point.x, cur_point.y};
521                 q_points[1] = Gdiplus::PointF{control_point.x, control_point.y};
522                 q_points[2] = Gdiplus::PointF{end_point.x, end_point.y};
523                 gdi_path.AddCurve(q_points, 3);
524                 cur_point = points[i + 1].point;
525                 i += 1;
526             }
527         } else if (points[i].tc == 't') {
528             // Calculate reflection control point
529             Vector2Df auto_control_point;
530             if (i > 0 && (points[i - 1].tc == 'q' || points[i - 1].tc == 't')) {
531                 // If the previous point is a quadratic bezier or a smooth
532                 // quadratic bezier,
533                 // calculate the reflection control point using the reflection
534                 // formula
535                 auto_control_point.x = cur_point.x * 2 - points[i - 2].point.x;
536                 auto_control_point.y = cur_point.y * 2 - points[i - 2].point.y;
537             } else {

```

```

538         // Otherwise, use the current point as the control point
539         auto_control_point = cur_point;
540     }
541     Vector2Df end_point = points[i].point;
542     Gdiplus::PointF t_points[3];
543     t_points[0] = Gdiplus::PointF{cur_point.x, cur_point.y};
544     t_points[1] =
545         Gdiplus::PointF{auto_control_point.x, auto_control_point.y};
546     t_points[2] = Gdiplus::PointF{end_point.x, end_point.y};
547     // Add the cubic bezier curve to the path
548     gdi_path.AddCurve(t_points, 3);
549     cur_point = points[i].point;
550 } else if (points[i].tc == 'a') {
551     float rx = points[i].radius.x;
552     float ry = points[i].radius.y;
553     // If either radius is zero, treat it as a line segment
554     if (rx == 0 || ry == 0) {
555         gdi_path.AddLine(cur_point.x, cur_point.y, points[i].point.x,
556             points[i].point.y);
557         cur_point = points[i].point;
558         continue;
559     }
560     if (rx < 0) {
561         rx = std::fabs(rx);
562     }
563     if (ry < 0) {
564         ry = std::fabs(ry);
565     }
566
567     float x_axis_rotation = points[i].x_axis_rotation;
568     bool large_arc_flag = points[i].large_arc_flag;
569     bool sweep_flag = points[i].sweep_flag;
570     Vector2Df end_point{points[i].point.x, points[i].point.y};
571     // Calculate angles and points for the elliptical arc
572     float angle = x_axis_rotation * acos(-1) / 180.0;
573     float cosAngle = cos(angle);
574     float sinAngle = sin(angle);
575
576     Vector2Df point1;
577     float X = (cur_point.x - end_point.x) / 2.0;
578     float Y = (cur_point.y - end_point.y) / 2.0;
579     point1.x = (cosAngle * cosAngle + sinAngle * sinAngle) * X;
580     point1.y = (cosAngle * cosAngle + sinAngle * sinAngle) * Y;
581     // Correction of out-of-range radii
582     float radii_check = (point1.x * point1.x) / (rx * rx) +
583         (point1.y * point1.y) / (ry * ry);
584     if (radii_check > 1.0) {
585         rx = std::sqrt(radii_check) * rx;
586         ry = std::sqrt(radii_check) * ry;
587     }
588
589     float sign = (large_arc_flag == sweep_flag ? -1.0 : 1.0);
590     Vector2Df point2;
591     float numo = (rx * rx) * (ry * ry) -
592         (rx * rx) * (point1.y * point1.y) -
593         (ry * ry) * (point1.x * point1.x);
594     float deno = (rx * rx) * (point1.y * point1.y) +
595         (ry * ry) * (point1.x * point1.x);
596
597     if (numo < 0) {
598         numo = std::fabs(numo);
599     }
600
601     point2.x = sign * std::sqrt(numo / deno) * ((rx * point1.y) / ry);
602     point2.y = sign * std::sqrt(numo / deno) * ((-ry * point1.x) / rx);
603
604     Vector2Df center;
605     X = (cur_point.x + end_point.x) / 2.0;
606     Y = (cur_point.y + end_point.y) / 2.0;
607     center.x =
608         (cosAngle * cosAngle + sinAngle * sinAngle) * point2.x + X;
609     center.y =
610         (cosAngle * cosAngle + sinAngle * sinAngle) * point2.y + Y;
611
612     float start_angle =
613         atan2((point1.y - point2.y) / ry, (point1.x - point2.x) / rx);
614     float end_angle =
615         atan2((-point1.y - point2.y) / ry, (-point1.x - point2.x) / rx);
616
617     float delta_angle = end_angle - start_angle;
618
619     if (sweep_flag && delta_angle < 0) {
620         delta_angle += 2.0 * acos(-1);
621     } else if (!sweep_flag && delta_angle > 0) {
622         delta_angle -= 2.0 * acos(-1);
623     }
624

```

```

625         float start_angle_degree =
626             std::fmod((start_angle * 180.0) / acos(-1), 360);
627         float delta_angle_degree =
628             std::fmod((delta_angle * 180.0) / acos(-1), 360);
629         // Add the elliptical arc to the path
630         gdi_path.AddArc(center.x - rx, center.y - ry, 2.0 * rx, 2.0 * ry,
631             start_angle_degree, delta_angle_degree);
632
633         cur_point = end_point;
634     }
635 }
636
637 Gdiplus::RectF bound;
638 gdi_path.GetBounds(&bound);
639 Gdiplus::Brush* path_fill = getBrush(path, bound);
640 Gdiplus::Region region(&gdi_path);
641
642 if (Gdiplus::PathGradientBrush* brush =
643     dynamic_cast< Gdiplus::PathGradientBrush* >(path_fill)) {
644     ColorShape color = path->getGradient()->getStops().back().getColor();
645     Gdiplus::SolidBrush corner_fill(
646         Gdiplus::Color(color.a, color.r, color.g, color.b));
647
648     if (path->getGradient()->getUnits() == "userSpaceOnUse") {
649         float cx = path->getGradient()->getPoints().first.x;
650         float cy = path->getGradient()->getPoints().first.y;
651         float r = dynamic_cast< RadialGradient* >(path->getGradient())
652             ->getRadius()
653             .x;
654         Gdiplus::GraphicsPath fill_path(fill_mode);
655         fill_path.AddEllipse(cx - r, cy - r, 2 * r, 2 * r);
656
657         for (auto type : path->getGradient()->getTransforms()) {
658             if (type.find("matrix") != std::string::npos) {
659                 float a = 0, b = 0, c = 0, d = 0, e = 0, f = 0;
660                 if (type.find(",") != std::string::npos) {
661                     type.erase(std::remove(type.begin(), type.end(), ','),
662                         type.end());
663                 }
664                 sscanf(type.c_str(), "matrix(%f %f %f %f %f %f)", &a, &b,
665                     &c, &d, &e, &f);
666                 Gdiplus::Matrix matrix(a, b, c, d, e, f);
667                 fill_path.Transform(&matrix);
668             }
669         }
670         region.Exclude(&fill_path);
671     }
672     graphics.FillRegion(&corner_fill, &region);
673 }
674
675 graphics.FillPath(path_fill, &gdi_path);
676 graphics.DrawPath(&path_outline, &gdi_path);
677
678 delete path_fill;
679 }

```

### 3.16.2.9 drawPolygon()

```

void Renderer::drawPolygon (
    Gdiplus::Graphics & graphics,
    Polygon * polygon ) const [private]

```

Draws a polygon shape using Gdiplus::Graphics.

#### Parameters

<i>graphics</i>	The Gdiplus::Graphics context for drawing.
<i>polygon</i>	The <a href="#">Polygon</a> object representing the polygon to be drawn.

Definition at line 270 of file `Renderer.cpp`.

270

{

```

271     ColorShape outline_color = polygon->getOutlineColor();
272     Gdiplus::Pen polygon_outline(
273         Gdiplus::Color(outline_color.a, outline_color.r, outline_color.g,
274             outline_color.b),
275         polygon->getOutlineThickness());
276
277     // Extract vertices and create an array of Gdiplus::PointF
278     Gdiplus::PointF* points = new Gdiplus::PointF[polygon->getPoints().size()];
279     int idx = 0;
280     const std::vector< Vector2Df >& vertices = polygon->getPoints();
281     for (const Vector2Df vertex : vertices) {
282         points[idx++] = Gdiplus::PointF(vertex.x, vertex.y);
283     }
284
285     // Determine the fill mode based on the polygon's fill rule
286     Gdiplus::FillMode fill_mode;
287     if (polygon->getFillRule() == "evenodd") {
288         fill_mode = Gdiplus::FillModeAlternate;
289     } else if (polygon->getFillRule() == "nonzero") {
290         fill_mode = Gdiplus::FillModeWinding;
291     }
292
293     // Create a bounding rectangle for the polygon
294     Vector2Df min_bound = polygon->getMinBound();
295     Vector2Df max_bound = polygon->getMaxBound();
296     Gdiplus::RectF bound(min_bound.x, min_bound.y, max_bound.x - min_bound.x,
297         max_bound.y - min_bound.y);
298     // Get the fill brush for the polygon
299     Gdiplus::Brush* polygon_fill = getBrush(polygon, bound);
300
301     // If the fill brush is a gradient, fill the polygon with a corner color
302     if (Gdiplus::PathGradientBrush* brush =
303         dynamic_cast< Gdiplus::PathGradientBrush* >(polygon_fill)) {
304         ColorShape color = polygon->getGradient()->getStops().back().getColor();
305         Gdiplus::SolidBrush corner_fill(
306             Gdiplus::Color(color.a, color.r, color.g, color.b));
307         graphics.FillPolygon(&corner_fill, points, idx, fill_mode);
308     }
309
310     graphics.FillPolygon(polygon_fill, points, idx, fill_mode);
311     graphics.DrawPolygon(&polygon_outline, points, idx);
312
313     delete[] points;
314     delete polygon_fill;
315 }

```

### 3.16.2.10 drawPolyline()

```

void Renderer::drawPolyline (
    Gdiplus::Graphics & graphics,
    Plyline * polyline ) const [private]

```

Draws a polyline shape using Gdiplus::Graphics.

#### Parameters

<i>graphics</i>	The Gdiplus::Graphics context for drawing.
<i>polyline</i>	The <a href="#">Plyline</a> object representing the polyline to be drawn.

Definition at line 385 of file Renderer.cpp.

```

386     {
387         ColorShape outline_color = polyline->getOutlineColor();
388         Gdiplus::Pen polyline_outline(
389             Gdiplus::Color(outline_color.a, outline_color.r, outline_color.g,
390                 outline_color.b),
391             polyline->getOutlineThickness());
392
393         // Determine the fill mode based on the polyline's fill rule
394         Gdiplus::FillMode fill_mode;
395         if (polyline->getFillRule() == "evenodd") {
396             fill_mode = Gdiplus::FillModeAlternate;

```

```

397     } else if (polyline->getFillRule() == "nonzero") {
398         fill_mode = Gdiplus::FillModeWinding;
399     }
400
401     Gdiplus::GraphicsPath path(fill_mode);
402     const std::vector< Vector2Df >& points = polyline->getPoints();
403     if (points.size() < 2) {
404         return;
405     }
406
407     path.StartFigure();
408     path.AddLine(points[0].x, points[0].y, points[1].x, points[1].y);
409     for (size_t i = 2; i < points.size(); ++i) {
410         path.AddLine(points[i - 1].x, points[i - 1].y, points[i].x,
411                     points[i].y);
412     }
413
414     // Create a bounding rectangle for the polyline
415     Vector2Df min_bound = polyline->getMinBound();
416     Vector2Df max_bound = polyline->getMaxBound();
417     Gdiplus::RectF bound(min_bound.x, min_bound.y, max_bound.x - min_bound.x,
418                         max_bound.y - min_bound.y);
419     Gdiplus::Brush* polyline_fill = getBrush(polyline, bound);
420
421     // If the fill brush is a gradient, fill the polyline with a corner color
422     if (Gdiplus::PathGradientBrush* brush =
423         dynamic_cast< Gdiplus::PathGradientBrush* >(polyline_fill)) {
424         ColorShape color =
425             polyline->getGradient()->getStops().back().getColor();
426         Gdiplus::SolidBrush corner_fill(
427             Gdiplus::Color(color.a, color.r, color.g, color.b));
428         graphics.FillPath(&corner_fill, &path);
429     }
430
431     graphics.FillPath(polyline_fill, &path);
432     graphics.DrawPath(&polyline_outline, &path);
433
434     delete polyline_fill;
435 }

```

### 3.16.2.11 drawRectangle()

```

void Renderer::drawRectangle (
    Gdiplus::Graphics & graphics,
    Rect * rectangle ) const [private]

```

Draws a rectangle shape using Gdiplus::Graphics.

#### Parameters

<i>graphics</i>	The Gdiplus::Graphics context for drawing.
<i>rectangle</i>	The <a href="#">Rect</a> object representing the rectangle to be drawn.

Definition at line 134 of file Renderer.cpp.

```

135     {
136         float x = rectangle->getPosition().x;
137         float y = rectangle->getPosition().y;
138         float width = rectangle->getWidth();
139         float height = rectangle->getHeight();
140         ColorShape outline_color = rectangle->getOutlineColor();
141
142         // Create a pen for the rectangle outline
143         Gdiplus::Pen rect_outline(Gdiplus::Color(outline_color.a, outline_color.r,
144                                                    outline_color.g, outline_color.b),
145                                   rectangle->getOutlineThickness());
146         Gdiplus::RectF bound(x, y, width, height);
147         Gdiplus::Brush* rect_fill = getBrush(rectangle, bound);
148
149         // Check if the rectangle has rounded corners
150         if (rectangle->getRadius().x != 0 || rectangle->getRadius().y != 0) {
151             float dx = rectangle->getRadius().x * 2;

```



```

152         float dy = rectangle->getRadius().y * 2;
153
154         // Create a GraphicsPath for drawing rounded rectangles
155         Gdiplus::GraphicsPath path;
156         path.AddArc(x, y, dx, dy, 180, 90);
157         path.AddArc(x + width - dx, y, dx, dy, 270, 90);
158         path.AddArc(x + width - dx, y + height - dy, dx, dy, 0, 90);
159         path.AddArc(x, y + height - dy, dx, dy, 90, 90);
160         path.CloseFigure();
161         // Fill and draw the rounded rectangle
162         if (Gdiplus::PathGradientBrush* brush =
163             dynamic_cast< Gdiplus::PathGradientBrush* >(rect_fill)) {
164             ColorShape color =
165                 rectangle->getGradient()->getStops().back().getColor();
166             Gdiplus::SolidBrush corner_fill(
167                 Gdiplus::Color(color.a, color.r, color.g, color.b));
168             graphics.FillPath(&corner_fill, &path);
169         }
170
171         graphics.FillPath(rect_fill, &path);
172         graphics.DrawPath(&rect_outline, &path);
173     } else {
174         // Fill and draw the regular rectangle
175         if (Gdiplus::PathGradientBrush* brush =
176             dynamic_cast< Gdiplus::PathGradientBrush* >(rect_fill)) {
177             ColorShape color =
178                 rectangle->getGradient()->getStops().back().getColor();
179             Gdiplus::SolidBrush corner_fill(
180                 Gdiplus::Color(color.a, color.r, color.g, color.b));
181             graphics.FillRectangle(&corner_fill, x, y, width, height);
182         }
183
184         graphics.FillRectangle(rect_fill, x, y, width, height);
185         graphics.DrawRectangle(&rect_outline, x, y, width, height);
186     }
187
188     delete rect_fill;
189 }

```

### 3.16.2.12 drawText()

```

void Renderer::drawText (
    Gdiplus::Graphics & graphics,
    Text * text ) const [private]

```

Draws text using Gdiplus::Graphics.

#### Parameters

<i>graphics</i>	The Gdiplus::Graphics context for drawing.
<i>text</i>	The <a href="#">Text</a> object representing the text to be drawn.

Definition at line 318 of file `Renderer.cpp`.

```

318
319     ColorShape outline_color = text->getOutlineColor();
320     graphics.SetTextRenderingHint(Gdiplus::TextRenderingHintAntiAliasGridFit);
321
322     Gdiplus::Pen text_outline(Gdiplus::Color(outline_color.a, outline_color.r,
323                                             outline_color.g, outline_color.b),
324                             text->getOutlineThickness());
325
326     // Set the font family for the text
327     Gdiplus::FontFamily font_family(L"Times New Roman");
328
329     // Set the position for the text
330     Gdiplus::PointF position(text->getPosition().x, text->getPosition().y);
331     Gdiplus::GraphicsPath path;
332
333     // Convert the content to wide string for GDI+
334     std::wstring_convert< std::codecvt_utf8_utf16< wchar_t > > converter;
335     std::wstring wide_content = converter.from_bytes(text->getContent());

```

```

336
337 // Set text alignment based on anchor position
338 Gdiplus::StringFormat string_format;
339 if (text->getAnchor() == "middle") {
340     string_format.SetAlignment(Gdiplus::StringAlignmentCenter);
341     position.X += 7;
342 } else if (text->getAnchor() == "end") {
343     string_format.SetAlignment(Gdiplus::StringAlignmentFar);
344     position.X += 14;
345 } else {
346     string_format.SetAlignment(Gdiplus::StringAlignmentNear);
347 }
348
349 // Set font style based on text style
350 Gdiplus::FontStyle font_style = Gdiplus::FontStyleRegular;
351 if (text->getFontStyle() == "italic" || text->getFontStyle() == "oblique") {
352     font_style = Gdiplus::FontStyleItalic;
353     position.Y -= 1;
354 }
355
356 path.AddString(wide_content.c_str(), wide_content.size(), &font_family,
357               font_style, text->getFontSize(), position, &string_format);
358 Gdiplus::RectF bound;
359 path.GetBounds(&bound);
360 Gdiplus::Brush* text_fill = getBrush(text, bound);
361
362 // If the fill brush is a gradient, fill the text with a corner color
363 if (Gdiplus::PathGradientBrush* brush =
364     dynamic_cast< Gdiplus::PathGradientBrush* >(text_fill)) {
365     ColorShape color = text->getGradient()->getStops().back().getColor();
366     Gdiplus::SolidBrush corner_fill(
367         Gdiplus::Color(color.a, color.r, color.g, color.b));
368     graphics.FillPath(&corner_fill, &path);
369 }
370
371 graphics.FillPath(text_fill, &path);
372 if (text->getOutlineColor().a != 0 &&
373     text->getOutlineColor().a == text->getFillColor().a) {
374     text_outline.SetColor(Gdiplus::Color(255, 255, 255, 255));
375     graphics.DrawPath(&text_outline, &path);
376     text_outline.SetColor(Gdiplus::Color(outline_color.a, outline_color.r,
377                                           outline_color.g, outline_color.b));
378 }
379 graphics.DrawPath(&text_outline, &path);
380
381 delete text_fill;
382 }

```

### 3.16.2.13 getBrush()

```

Gdiplus::Brush * Renderer::getBrush (
    SVGElement * shape,
    Gdiplus::RectF bound ) const [private]

```

Gets the Gdiplus::brush object for the shape fill.

#### Parameters

<i>shape</i>	The <a href="#">SVGElement</a> representing the shape.
<i>bound</i>	The bounding box of the shape.

#### Returns

The Gdiplus::brush object for the shape fill.

Definition at line 683 of file `Renderer.cpp`.

```

684
685     Gradient* gradient = shape->getGradient();

```

```

686     if (gradient != NULL) {
687         std::pair< Vector2Df, Vector2Df > points = gradient->getPoints();
688         std::vector< Stop > stops = gradient->getStops();
689         int stop_size = stops.size() + 2;
690         Gdiplus::Color* colors = new Gdiplus::Color[stop_size];
691         float* offsets = new float[stop_size];
692
693         if (gradient->getClass() == "LinearGradient") {
694             // Brush linear gradient
695             if (gradient->getUnits() == "objectBoundingBox") {
696                 points.first.x = bound.X;
697                 points.first.y = bound.Y;
698                 points.second.x = bound.X + bound.Width;
699                 points.second.y = bound.Y + bound.Height;
700             }
701
702             // Set the center color
703             offsets[0] = 0;
704             offsets[stop_size - 1] = 1;
705             colors[0] =
706                 Gdiplus::Color(stops[0].getColor().a, stops[0].getColor().r,
707                               stops[0].getColor().g, stops[0].getColor().b);
708             colors[stop_size - 1] =
709                 Gdiplus::Color(stops[stop_size - 3].getColor().a,
710                               stops[stop_size - 3].getColor().r,
711                               stops[stop_size - 3].getColor().g,
712                               stops[stop_size - 3].getColor().b);
713
714             // Reverse the order of the stops
715             for (size_t i = 1; i < stop_size - 1; ++i) {
716                 colors[i] = Gdiplus::Color(
717                     stops[i - 1].getColor().a, stops[i - 1].getColor().r,
718                     stops[i - 1].getColor().g, stops[i - 1].getColor().b);
719                 offsets[i] = stops[i - 1].getOffset();
720             }
721
722             // Create the brush of linear gradient
723             Gdiplus::LinearGradientBrush* fill =
724                 new Gdiplus::LinearGradientBrush(
725                     Gdiplus::PointF(points.first.x, points.first.y),
726                     Gdiplus::PointF(points.second.x, points.second.y),
727                     colors[0], colors[stop_size - 1]);
728             fill->SetWrapMode(Gdiplus::WrapModeTileFlipX);
729             fill->SetInterpolationColors(colors, offsets, stop_size);
730             applyTransformsOnBrush(gradient->getTransforms(), fill);
731
732             delete[] colors;
733             delete[] offsets;
734             return fill;
735         } else if (gradient->getClass() == "RadialGradient") {
736             // Brush radial gradient
737             RadialGradient* radial_gradient =
738                 dynamic_cast< RadialGradient* >(gradient);
739             Vector2Df radius = radial_gradient->getRadius();
740
741             // If the gradient is in userSpaceOnUse, the radius is the distance
742             if (gradient->getUnits() == "userSpaceOnUse") {
743                 bound.X = points.first.x - radius.x;
744                 bound.Y = points.first.y - radius.x;
745                 bound.Width = radius.x * 2;
746                 bound.Height = radius.x * 2;
747             }
748
749             Gdiplus::GraphicsPath path;
750             path.AddEllipse(bound);
751             Gdiplus::PathGradientBrush* fill =
752                 new Gdiplus::PathGradientBrush(&path);
753
754             // Set the center color
755             offsets[0] = 0;
756             offsets[stop_size - 1] = 1;
757             colors[0] = Gdiplus::Color(stops[stop_size - 3].getColor().a,
758                                       stops[stop_size - 3].getColor().r,
759                                       stops[stop_size - 3].getColor().g,
760                                       stops[stop_size - 3].getColor().b);
761             colors[stop_size - 1] =
762                 Gdiplus::Color(stops[0].getColor().a, stops[0].getColor().r,
763                               stops[0].getColor().g, stops[0].getColor().b);
764
765             // Reverse the order of the stops
766             for (size_t i = 1; i < stop_size - 1; ++i) {
767                 colors[i] =
768                     Gdiplus::Color(stops[stop_size - 2 - i].getColor().a,
769                                   stops[stop_size - 2 - i].getColor().r,
770                                   stops[stop_size - 2 - i].getColor().g,
771                                   stops[stop_size - 2 - i].getColor().b);
772                 offsets[i] = 1 - stops[stop_size - 2 - i].getOffset();

```

```

773         }
774
775         fill->SetInterpolationColors(colors, offsets, stop_size);
776         applyTransformsOnBrush(gradient->getTransforms(), fill);
777         delete[] colors;
778         delete[] offsets;
779         return fill;
780     }
781     } else {
782         ColorShape color = shape->getFillColor();
783         Gdiplus::SolidBrush* fill = new Gdiplus::SolidBrush(
784             Gdiplus::Color(color.a, color.r, color.g, color.b));
785         return fill;
786     }
787     return nullptr;
788 }

```

### 3.16.2.14 getInstance()

```
Renderer * Renderer::getInstance ( ) [static]
```

Gets the singleton instance of the [Renderer](#) class.

#### Returns

The singleton instance of the [Renderer](#) class.

Definition at line 11 of file `Renderer.cpp`.

```

11     {
12         if (instance == nullptr) {
13             instance = new Renderer();
14         }
15         return instance;
16     }

```

The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

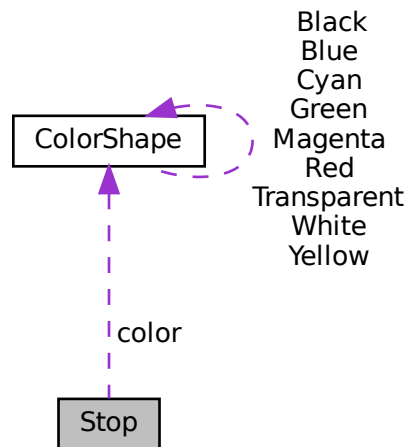
- `src/Renderer.hpp`
- `src/Renderer.cpp`

## 3.17 Stop Class Reference

A class that represents a stop.

```
#include <Stop.hpp>
```

Collaboration diagram for Stop:



## Public Member Functions

- [Stop](#) (const [ColorShape](#) &[color](#), float [offset](#))  
*Constructs a [Stop](#) object.*
- [ColorShape](#) [getColor](#) () const  
*Gets the color of the stop.*
- float [getOffset](#) () const  
*Gets the offset of the stop.*

## Private Attributes

- [ColorShape](#) [color](#)  
*The color of the stop.*
- float [offset](#)  
*The offset of the stop.*

### 3.17.1 Detailed Description

A class that represents a stop.

The [Stop](#) class represents a stop. It contains a color and an offset.

Definition at line 11 of file Stop.hpp.

### 3.17.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

### 3.17.2.1 Stop()

```
Stop::Stop (
    const ColorShape & color,
    float offset )
```

Constructs a [Stop](#) object.

#### Parameters

<i>color</i>	The color of the stop.
<i>offset</i>	The offset of the stop.

Definition at line 3 of file Stop.cpp.

```
4 : color(color), offset(offset) {}
```

## 3.17.3 Member Function Documentation

### 3.17.3.1 getColor()

```
ColorShape Stop::getColor ( ) const
```

Gets the color of the stop.

#### Returns

The color of the stop.

Definition at line 6 of file Stop.cpp.

```
6 { return color; }
```

### 3.17.3.2 getOffset()

```
float Stop::getOffset ( ) const
```

Gets the offset of the stop.

#### Returns

The offset of the stop.

Definition at line 8 of file Stop.cpp.

```
8 { return offset; }
```

The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

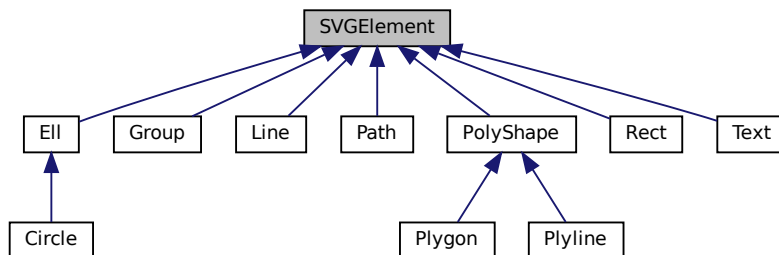
- src/graphics/Stop.hpp
- src/graphics/Stop.cpp

## 3.18 SVGElement Class Reference

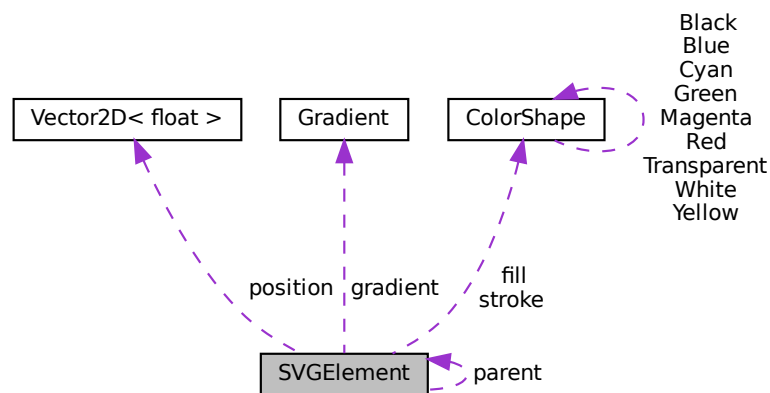
Represents an element in an SVG file.

```
#include <SVGElement.hpp>
```

Inheritance diagram for SVGElement:



Collaboration diagram for SVGElement:



### Public Member Functions

- virtual `~SVGElement()` = default  
*Virtual constructor.*
- virtual `std::string getClass()` const = 0  
*Gets the type of the shape.*
- void `setFillColor` (const `ColorShape` &color)  
*Sets the fill color of the shape.*
- void `setOutlineColor` (const `ColorShape` &color)  
*Sets the outline color of the shape.*

- void [setOutlineThickness](#) (float thickness)  
*Sets the outline thickness of the shape.*
- void [setPosition](#) (float x, float y)  
*Sets the position of the shape.*
- void [setPosition](#) (const [Vector2Df](#) &position)  
*Sets the position of the shape.*
- const [ColorShape](#) & [getFillColor](#) () const  
*Gets the fill color of the shape.*
- const [ColorShape](#) & [getOutlineColor](#) () const  
*Gets the outline color of the shape.*
- float [getOutlineThickness](#) () const  
*Gets the outline thickness of the shape.*
- [Vector2Df](#) [getPosition](#) () const  
*Get the current position of the shape.*
- virtual [Vector2Df](#) [getMinBound](#) () const  
*Gets the minimum bound of the shape.*
- virtual [Vector2Df](#) [getMaxBound](#) () const  
*Gets the maximum bound of the shape.*
- virtual void [printData](#) () const  
*Prints the data of the shape.*
- void [setTransforms](#) (const std::vector< std::string > &transforms)  
*Sets the transformations of the shape.*
- std::vector< std::string > [getTransforms](#) () const  
*Gets the transformations of the shape.*
- void [setParent](#) ([SVGElement](#) \*parent)  
*Parent pointer setter to make the composite design pattern.*
- [SVGElement](#) \* [getParent](#) () const  
*Parent pointer getter.*
- void [setGradient](#) ([Gradient](#) \*gradient)  
*Sets the gradient of the shape.*
- [Gradient](#) \* [getGradient](#) () const  
*Gets the gradient of the shape.*
- virtual void [addElement](#) ([SVGElement](#) \*element)  
*Adds a shape to the composite group.*

## Protected Member Functions

- [SVGElement](#) ()  
*Constructs a Shape object.*
- [SVGElement](#) (const [ColorShape](#) &fill, const [ColorShape](#) &stroke, float stroke\_width)  
*Constructs a Shape object.*
- [SVGElement](#) (const [ColorShape](#) &fill, const [ColorShape](#) &stroke, float stroke\_width, const [Vector2Df](#) &position)  
*Constructs a Shape object.*

## Protected Attributes

- [SVGElement](#) \* parent  
*Pointer to the group that contains the shape.*



## Private Attributes

- [ColorShape fill](#)  
*Fill color.*
- [ColorShape stroke](#)  
*Outline color.*
- float [stroke\\_width](#)  
*Thickness of the shape's outline.*
- [Vector2Df position](#)  
*Position of the shape.*
- `std::vector< std::string >` [transforms](#)  
*List of transformations.*
- [Gradient \\*](#) [gradient](#)  
*Pointer to the gradient that contains the shape.*

### 3.18.1 Detailed Description

Represents an element in an SVG file.

#### Note

This class is abstract and cannot be instantiated.

This class is applied Abstract Factory design pattern and used as interface for other shapes.

This class is applied Composite design pattern and used as base class for other shapes.

Definition at line 18 of file SVGElement.hpp.

### 3.18.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

#### 3.18.2.1 SVGElement() [1/3]

```
SVGElement::SVGElement ( ) [protected]
```

Constructs a Shape object.

#### Note

This constructor is protected because Shape is an abstract class that cannot be instantiated.

Definition at line 5 of file SVGElement.cpp.

```
6 : fill(ColorShape::Black), stroke(ColorShape::Transparent), stroke_width(1),
7   gradient(NULL) {}
```

#### 3.18.2.2 SVGElement() [2/3]

```
SVGElement::SVGElement (
    const ColorShape & fill,
    const ColorShape & stroke,
    float stroke_width ) [protected]
```

Constructs a Shape object.

**Parameters**

<i>fill</i>	The fill color of the shape
<i>stroke</i>	The outline color of the shape
<i>stroke_width</i>	The outline thickness of the shape

**Note**

This constructor is protected because Shape is an abstract class that cannot be instantiated.

Definition at line 9 of file SVGElement.cpp.

```
11      : fill(fill), stroke(stroke), stroke_width(stroke_width), gradient(NULL) {}
```

**3.18.2.3 SVGElement() [3/3]**

```
SVGElement::SVGElement (
    const ColorShape & fill,
    const ColorShape & stroke,
    float stroke_width,
    const Vector2Df & position ) [protected]
```

Constructs a Shape object.

**Parameters**

<i>fill</i>	The fill color of the shape
<i>stroke</i>	The outline color of the shape
<i>stroke_width</i>	The outline thickness of the shape
<i>position</i>	The position of the shape

**Note**

This constructor is protected because Shape is an abstract class that cannot be instantiated.

Definition at line 13 of file SVGElement.cpp.

```
15      : fill(fill), stroke(stroke), stroke_width(stroke_width),
16        position(position), gradient(NULL) {}
```

**3.18.3 Member Function Documentation****3.18.3.1 addElement()**

```
void SVGElement::addElement (
    SVGElement * element ) [virtual]
```

Adds a shape to the composite group.

## Parameters

<i>element</i>	The shape to be added to the composite group.
----------------	---

## Note

This function is used for composite design pattern

This function is virtual and can be overridden by derived classes.

Reimplemented in [Group](#).

Definition at line 83 of file SVGElement.cpp.

```
83 {}
```

### 3.18.3.2 getClass()

```
virtual std::string SVGElement::getClass ( ) const [pure virtual]
```

Gets the type of the shape.

## Returns

The type of the shape

## Note

This function is used for determining the type of the shape.

This function is pure virtual and must be implemented by derived classes.

Implemented in [Text](#), [Rect](#), [Polyline](#), [Polygon](#), [Path](#), [Line](#), [Group](#), [Ell](#), [Circle](#), and [PolyShape](#).

### 3.18.3.3 getFillColor()

```
const ColorShape & SVGElement::getFillColor ( ) const
```

Gets the fill color of the shape.

## Returns

The fill color of the shape.

## Note

The default fill color is white.

Definition at line 20 of file SVGElement.cpp.

```
20 { return fill; }
```

### 3.18.3.4 `getGradient()`

```
Gradient * SVGElement::getGradient ( ) const
```

Gets the gradient of the shape.

#### Returns

The gradient of the shape.

#### Note

The default gradient of the shape is NULL.

Definition at line 81 of file SVGElement.cpp.

```
81 { return gradient; }
```

### 3.18.3.5 `getMaxBound()`

```
Vector2Df SVGElement::getMaxBound ( ) const [virtual]
```

Gets the maximum bound of the shape.

#### Returns

The maximum bound of the shape.

Reimplemented in [PolyShape](#), and [EII](#).

Definition at line 45 of file SVGElement.cpp.

```
45 { return Vector2Df(); }
```

### 3.18.3.6 `getMinBound()`

```
Vector2Df SVGElement::getMinBound ( ) const [virtual]
```

Gets the minimum bound of the shape.

#### Returns

The minimum bound of the shape.

Reimplemented in [PolyShape](#), and [EII](#).

Definition at line 43 of file SVGElement.cpp.

```
43 { return Vector2Df(); }
```

### 3.18.3.7 getOutlineColor()

```
const ColorShape & SVGElement::getOutlineColor ( ) const
```

Gets the outline color of the shape.

#### Returns

The outline color of the shape.

#### Note

The default outline color is white.

Definition at line 24 of file SVGElement.cpp.

```
24 { return stroke; }
```

### 3.18.3.8 getOutlineThickness()

```
float SVGElement::getOutlineThickness ( ) const
```

Gets the outline thickness of the shape.

#### Returns

The outline thickness of the shape.

#### Note

The default outline thickness is 0.

Definition at line 30 of file SVGElement.cpp.

```
30 { return stroke_width; }
```

### 3.18.3.9 getParent()

```
SVGElement * SVGElement::getParent ( ) const
```

Parent pointer getter.

#### Returns

The parent pointer

#### Note

This function is used for composite design pattern

Definition at line 77 of file SVGElement.cpp.

```
77 { return parent; }
```

### 3.18.3.10 getPosition()

```
Vector2Df SVGElement::getPosition ( ) const
```

Get the current position of the shape.

#### Returns

The current position of the shape

#### Note

The default position of the shape is (0, 0).

Definition at line 41 of file SVGElement.cpp.

```
41 { return position; }
```

### 3.18.3.11 getTransforms()

```
std::vector< std::string > SVGElement::getTransforms ( ) const
```

Gets the transformations of the shape.

#### Returns

The transformations of the shape.

#### Note

The default transformations of the shape is empty.

The transformations can be either "translate", "rotate", "scale",

Definition at line 71 of file SVGElement.cpp.

```
71                                     {  
72     return transforms;  
73 }
```

### 3.18.3.12 printData()

```
void SVGElement::printData ( ) const [virtual]
```

Prints the data of the shape.

#### Note

This function is used for debugging purposes.

This function is virtual and can be overridden by derived classes.

Reimplemented in [Text](#), [Rect](#), [PolyShape](#), [Path](#), [Group](#), and [Ell](#).

Definition at line 47 of file SVGElement.cpp.

```
47     {
48         std::cout << "Shape: " << getClass() << std::endl;
49         std::cout << "Fill: " << getFillColor() << std::endl;
50         std::cout << "Stroke: " << getOutlineColor() << std::endl;
51         std::cout << "Stroke width: " << getOutlineThickness() << std::endl;
52         std::cout << "Position: " << getPosition().x << " " << getPosition().y
53             << std::endl;
54         std::cout << "Transforms: ";
55         for (auto transform : transforms) {
56             std::cout << transform << " ";
57         }
58         std::cout << std::endl;
59         if (gradient != NULL)
60             std::cout << "Gradient: " << gradient->getClass() << " "
61                 << gradient->getPoints().first.x << " "
62                 << gradient->getPoints().first.y << " "
63                 << gradient->getPoints().second.x << " "
64                 << gradient->getPoints().second.y << std::endl;
65     }
```

### 3.18.3.13 setFillColor()

```
void SVGElement::setFillColor (
    const ColorShape & color )
```

Sets the fill color of the shape.

#### Parameters

<i>color</i>	The new fill color of the shape.
--------------	----------------------------------

Definition at line 18 of file SVGElement.cpp.

```
18 { fill = color; }
```

### 3.18.3.14 setGradient()

```
void SVGElement::setGradient (
    Gradient * gradient )
```

Sets the gradient of the shape.

## Parameters

<i>gradient</i>	The new gradient of the shape.
-----------------	--------------------------------

## Note

The default gradient of the shape is NULL.

Definition at line 79 of file SVGElement.cpp.

```
79 { this->gradient = gradient; }
```

### 3.18.3.15 setOutlineColor()

```
void SVGElement::setOutlineColor (
    const ColorShape & color )
```

Sets the outline color of the shape.

## Parameters

<i>color</i>	The new outline color of the shape.
--------------	-------------------------------------

Definition at line 22 of file SVGElement.cpp.

```
22 { stroke = color; }
```

### 3.18.3.16 setOutlineThickness()

```
void SVGElement::setOutlineThickness (
    float thickness )
```

Sets the outline thickness of the shape.

## Parameters

<i>thickness</i>	The new outline thickness of the shape.
------------------	---

## Note

If the thickness is negative, the outline will be inside the shape. If the thickness is positive, the outline will be outside the shape. If the thickness is zero, no outline will be drawn.

The default outline thickness is 0.

The outline thickness cannot be greater than the radius of the shape.

Definition at line 26 of file SVGElement.cpp.

```
26
```

```
{
```



```

27     stroke_width = thickness;
28 }

```

### 3.18.3.17 setParent()

```

void SVGElement::setParent (
    SVGElement * parent )

```

Parent pointer setter to make the composite design pattern.

#### Parameters

<i>parent</i>	The parent pointer
---------------	--------------------

#### Note

This function is used for composite design pattern

Definition at line 75 of file SVGElement.cpp.

```

75 { this->parent = parent; }

```

### 3.18.3.18 setPosition() [1/2]

```

void SVGElement::setPosition (
    const Vector2Df & position )

```

Sets the position of the shape.

#### Parameters

<i>position</i>	The new position of the shape (Vector2f is a typedef of coordination vector)
-----------------	--

#### Note

The default position of the shape is (0, 0).

The position of the shape is relative to its origin.

Definition at line 37 of file SVGElement.cpp.

```

37                                     {
38     setPosition(position.x, position.y);
39 }

```

### 3.18.3.19 setPosition() [2/2]

```
void SVGElement::setPosition (
    float x,
    float y )
```

Sets the position of the shape.

#### Parameters

<i>x</i>	The x coordinate of the new position
<i>y</i>	The y coordinate of the new position

#### Note

The default position of the shape is (0, 0).

The position of the shape is relative to its origin.

Definition at line 32 of file SVGElement.cpp.

```
32 {
33     position.x = x;
34     position.y = y;
35 }
```

### 3.18.3.20 setTransforms()

```
void SVGElement::setTransforms (
    const std::vector< std::string > & transforms )
```

Sets the transformations of the shape.

#### Parameters

<i>transforms</i>	The new transformations of the shape.
-------------------	---------------------------------------

#### Note

The default transformations of the shape is empty.

The transformations can be either "translate", "rotate", "scale",

Definition at line 67 of file SVGElement.cpp.

```
67 {
68     this->transforms = transforms;
69 }
```

The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

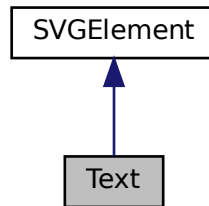
- src/graphics/SVGElement.hpp
- src/graphics/SVGElement.cpp

## 3.19 Text Class Reference

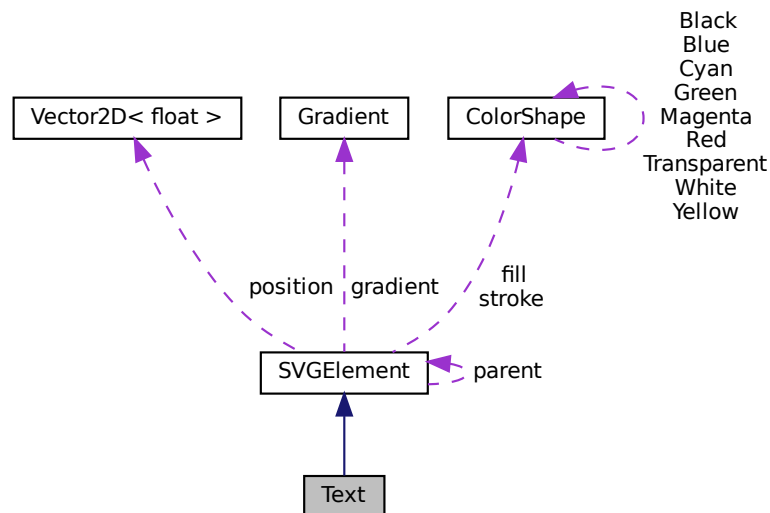
Represents text in 2D space.

```
#include <Text.hpp>
```

Inheritance diagram for Text:



Collaboration diagram for Text:



### Public Member Functions

- `Text` (`Vector2Df` pos, `std::string` text, float `font_size`, const `ColorShape` &fill, const `ColorShape` &stroke, float `stroke_width`)  
Constructs a `Text` object.
- `std::string getClass ()` const override

- Gets the type of the shape.*
- void [setContent](#) (std::string [content](#))  
*Sets the string of the text.*
- std::string [getContent](#) () const  
*Gets the string of the text.*
- void [setFontSize](#) (float [font\\_size](#))  
*Sets the font size of the text.*
- float [getFontSize](#) () const  
*Gets the font size of the text.*
- void [setAnchor](#) (std::string [anchor](#))  
*Sets the anchor of the text.*
- std::string [getAnchor](#) () const  
*Gets the anchor of the text.*
- void [setFontStyle](#) (std::string [style](#))  
*Sets the style of the text.*
- std::string [getFontStyle](#) () const  
*Gets the style of the text.*
- void [printData](#) () const override  
*Prints the data of the text.*

## Private Attributes

- std::string [content](#)  
*Text element.*
- float [font\\_size](#)  
*Font size of the text.*
- std::string [anchor](#)  
*Anchor of the text.*
- std::string [style](#)  
*Style of the text.*

## Additional Inherited Members

### 3.19.1 Detailed Description

Represents text in 2D space.

The [Text](#) class is derived from the [SVGElement](#) class and defines a text element with a specified position, string, fill color, and font size.

Definition at line 12 of file Text.hpp.

### 3.19.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

### 3.19.2.1 Text()

```
Text::Text (
    Vector2Df pos,
    std::string text,
    float font_size,
    const ColorShape & fill,
    const ColorShape & stroke,
    float stroke_width )
```

Constructs a [Text](#) object.

#### Parameters

<i>pos</i>	The position of the text.
<i>text</i>	The string of the text.
<i>fill</i>	The fill color of the text
<i>font_size</i>	The font size of the text (default is 1).

Definition at line 3 of file Text.cpp.

```
5      : SVGElement(fill, stroke, stroke_width, pos), content(text),
6      font_size(font_size) {}
```

## 3.19.3 Member Function Documentation

### 3.19.3.1 getAnchor()

```
std::string Text::getAnchor ( ) const
```

Gets the anchor of the text.

#### Returns

The anchor of the text.

Definition at line 20 of file Text.cpp.

```
20 { return anchor; }
```

### 3.19.3.2 getClass()

```
std::string Text::getClass ( ) const [override], [virtual]
```

Gets the type of the shape.

#### Returns

The string "Text".

Implements [SVGElement](#).

Definition at line 8 of file Text.cpp.

```
8 { return "Text"; }
```

### 3.19.3.3 getContent()

```
std::string Text::getContent ( ) const
```

Gets the string of the text.

#### Returns

The string of the text.

Definition at line 16 of file Text.cpp.

```
16 { return content; }
```

### 3.19.3.4 getFontSize()

```
float Text::getFontSize ( ) const
```

Gets the font size of the text.

#### Returns

The font size of the text.

Definition at line 12 of file Text.cpp.

```
12 { return font_size; }
```

### 3.19.3.5 getFontStyle()

```
std::string Text::getFontStyle ( ) const
```

Gets the style of the text.

#### Returns

The style of the text.

Definition at line 24 of file Text.cpp.

```
24 { return style; }
```

### 3.19.3.6 setAnchor()

```
void Text::setAnchor (
    std::string anchor )
```

Sets the anchor of the text.

**Parameters**

<i>anchor</i>	The new anchor of the text.
---------------	-----------------------------

Definition at line 18 of file Text.cpp.

```
18 { this->anchor = anchor; }
```

**3.19.3.7 setContent()**

```
void Text::setContent (
    std::string content )
```

Sets the string of the text.

**Parameters**

<i>content</i>	The new string of the text.
----------------	-----------------------------

Definition at line 14 of file Text.cpp.

```
14 { this->content = content; }
```

**3.19.3.8 setFontSize()**

```
void Text::setFontSize (
    float font_size )
```

Sets the font size of the text.

**Parameters**

<i>font_size</i>	The new font size of the text.
------------------	--------------------------------

Definition at line 10 of file Text.cpp.

```
10 { this->font_size = font_size; }
```

**3.19.3.9 setFontStyle()**

```
void Text::setFontStyle (
    std::string style )
```

Sets the style of the text.

## Parameters

<i>style</i>	The new style of the text.
--------------	----------------------------

Definition at line 22 of file Text.cpp.

```
22 { this->style = font_style; }
```

The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

- src/graphics/Text.hpp
- src/graphics/Text.cpp

## 3.20 Vector2D< T > Class Template Reference

Utility template class for manipulating 2-dimensional vectors.

```
#include <Vector2D.hpp>
```

### Public Member Functions

- [Vector2D](#) ()  
*Default constructor.*
- [Vector2D](#) (T X, T Y)  
*Construct the vector from its coordinates.*
- `template<typename U >`  
[Vector2D](#) (const [Vector2D](#)< U > &vector)  
*Construct the vector from another type of vector.*

### Public Attributes

- T [x](#)  
*X coordinate of the vector.*
- T [y](#)  
*Y coordinate of the vector.*

#### 3.20.1 Detailed Description

```
template<typename T>
class Vector2D< T >
```

Utility template class for manipulating 2-dimensional vectors.

[Vector2D](#) is a simple class that defines a mathematical vector with two coordinates (x and y). It can be used to represent anything that has two dimensions: a size, a point, a velocity, etc.

The template parameter T is the type of the coordinates. It can be any type that supports arithmetic operations (+, -, /, \*) and comparisons (==, !=), for example int or float.

Definition at line 17 of file Vector2D.hpp.



## 3.20.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

### 3.20.2.1 Vector2D() [1/3]

```
template<typename T >
Vector2D< T >::Vector2D [inline]
```

Default constructor.

Creates a Vector2(0, 0).

Definition at line 197 of file Vector2D.hpp.

```
197 : x(0), y(0) {}
```

### 3.20.2.2 Vector2D() [2/3]

```
template<typename T >
Vector2D< T >::Vector2D (
    T X,
    T Y ) [inline]
```

Construct the vector from its coordinates.

Parameters

<i>X</i>	X coordinate
<i>Y</i>	Y coordinate

Definition at line 200 of file Vector2D.hpp.

```
200 : x(X), y(Y) {}
```

### 3.20.2.3 Vector2D() [3/3]

```
template<typename T >
template<typename U >
Vector2D< T >::Vector2D (
    const Vector2D< U > & vector ) [inline], [explicit]
```

Construct the vector from another type of vector.

This constructor doesn't replace the copy constructor, it's called only when  $U \neq T$ . A call to this constructor will fail to compile if  $U$  is not convertible to  $T$ .

Definition at line 204 of file Vector2D.hpp.

```
205 : x(static_cast< T >(vector.x)), y(static_cast< T >(vector.y)) {}
```

The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

- src/graphics/Vector2D.hpp

## 3.21 viewBox Class Reference

A [viewBox](#) is a rectangle that defines the area of the SVG canvas that should be visible to the user.

```
#include <viewBox.hpp>
```

### Public Member Functions

- [viewBox](#) ()  
*Default constructor.*
- [viewBox](#) (float X, float Y, float W, float H)  
*Construct the [viewBox](#) from its coordinates.*
- float [getX](#) () const  
*Get the X coordinate of the [viewBox](#).*
- float [getY](#) () const  
*Get the Y coordinate of the [viewBox](#).*
- float [getWidth](#) () const  
*Get the width of the [viewBox](#).*
- float [getHeight](#) () const  
*Get the height of the [viewBox](#).*

### Private Attributes

- float [x](#)  
*X coordinate of the [viewBox](#).*
- float [y](#)  
*Y coordinate of the [viewBox](#).*
- float [w](#)  
*Width of the [viewBox](#).*
- float [h](#)  
*Height of the [viewBox](#).*

#### 3.21.1 Detailed Description

A [viewBox](#) is a rectangle that defines the area of the SVG canvas that should be visible to the user.

The [viewBox](#) is defined by its X and Y coordinates, its width and its height.

Definition at line 10 of file [viewBox.hpp](#).

#### 3.21.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

### 3.21.2.1 ViewBox() [1/2]

```
ViewBox::ViewBox ( )
```

Default constructor.

Creates a [ViewBox\(0, 0, 0, 0\)](#).

Definition at line 3 of file ViewBox.cpp.

```
3 : x(0), y(0), w(0), h(0) {}
```

### 3.21.2.2 ViewBox() [2/2]

```
ViewBox::ViewBox (
    float X,
    float Y,
    float W,
    float H )
```

Construct the [ViewBox](#) from its coordinates.

#### Parameters

<i>X</i>	X coordinate
<i>Y</i>	Y coordinate
<i>W</i>	Width
<i>H</i>	Height

Definition at line 5 of file ViewBox.cpp.

```
5 : x(X), y(Y), w(W), h(H) {}
```

## 3.21.3 Member Function Documentation

### 3.21.3.1 getHeight()

```
float ViewBox::getHeight ( ) const
```

Get the height of the [ViewBox](#).

#### Returns

Height of the [ViewBox](#)

Definition at line 13 of file ViewBox.cpp.

```
13 { return h; }
```

### 3.21.3.2 getWidth()

```
float ViewBox::getWidth ( ) const
```

Get the width of the [ViewBox](#).

#### Returns

Width of the [ViewBox](#)

Definition at line 11 of file ViewBox.cpp.

```
11 { return w; }
```

### 3.21.3.3 getX()

```
float ViewBox::getX ( ) const
```

Get the X coordinate of the [ViewBox](#).

#### Returns

X coordinate of the [ViewBox](#)

Definition at line 7 of file ViewBox.cpp.

```
7 { return x; }
```

### 3.21.3.4 getY()

```
float ViewBox::getY ( ) const
```

Get the Y coordinate of the [ViewBox](#).

#### Returns

Y coordinate of the [ViewBox](#)

Definition at line 9 of file ViewBox.cpp.

```
9 { return y; }
```

The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

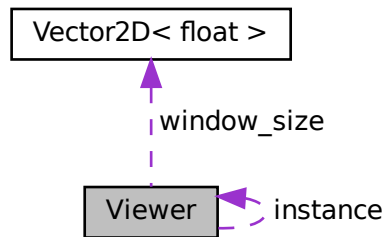
- src/graphics/ViewBox.hpp
- src/graphics/ViewBox.cpp

## 3.22 Viewer Class Reference

Represents a viewer for rendering and interacting with a scene.

```
#include <Viewer.hpp>
```

Collaboration diagram for Viewer:



### Public Member Functions

- [~Viewer](#) ()  
*Destructor for the [Viewer](#) class.*
- void [handleMouseEvent](#) (UINT message, WPARAM wParam, LPARAM lParam)  
*Handles mouse events, such as wheel, move, left button down, and left button up.*
- void [handleKeyEvent](#) (WPARAM wParam)  
*Handles keyboard events.*
- void [getWindowSize](#) (HWND hWnd) const  
*Get the current window size.*

### Static Public Member Functions

- static [Viewer](#) \* [getInstance](#) ()  
*Gets the singleton instance of the [Viewer](#) class.*

### Public Attributes

- float [offset\\_x](#)  
*X-coordinate offset of the viewer.*
- float [offset\\_y](#)  
*Y-coordinate offset of the viewer.*
- float [zoom\\_factor](#)  
*Zoom factor for scaling the view.*
- float [rotate\\_angle](#)  
*Rotation angle of the view.*
- bool [needs\\_repaint](#)
- [Vector2Df](#) [window\\_size](#)  
*Size of the window.*

## Private Member Functions

- [Viewer](#) ()  
*Private constructor for the [Viewer](#) class.*
- [Viewer](#) (const [Viewer](#) &)=delete  
*Copy constructor for the [Viewer](#) class (deleted to enforce singleton pattern).*
- void [operator=](#) (const [Viewer](#) &)=delete  
*Copy assignment operator for the [Viewer](#) class (deleted to enforce singleton pattern).*
- void [handleMouseWheel](#) (WPARAM wParam)  
*Handles the mouse wheel event for zooming.*
- void [handleMouseMove](#) (LPARAM lParam)  
*Handles the mouse move event for panning.*
- void [handleLeftButtonDown](#) (LPARAM lParam)  
*Handles the left button down event for initiating dragging.*
- void [handleLeftButtonUp](#) ()  
*Handles the left button up event for ending dragging.*
- void [handleKeyDown](#) (WPARAM wParam)  
*Handles the key down event for rotating.*

## Private Attributes

- bool [is\\_dragging](#)  
*Flag indicating whether the mouse is being dragged.*
- POINT [last\\_mouse\\_pos](#)  
*Last recorded mouse position.*

## Static Private Attributes

- static [Viewer](#) \* [instance](#) = nullptr  
*Singleton instance of the [Viewer](#) class.*

### 3.22.1 Detailed Description

Represents a viewer for rendering and interacting with a scene.

The viewer supports the following interactions:

- Rotation: Press 'Q' to rotate the view counterclockwise and 'E' to rotate clockwise.
- Zooming: Use the scroll wheel to zoom in and out of the scene.
- Translation: Click and drag the left mouse button to translate the view.

Definition at line 16 of file Viewer.hpp.

### 3.22.2 Member Function Documentation

### 3.22.2.1 getInstance()

```
Viewer * Viewer::getInstance ( ) [static]
```

Gets the singleton instance of the [Viewer](#) class.

#### Returns

The singleton instance of the [Viewer](#) class.

Definition at line 4 of file [Viewer.cpp](#).

```
4      {
5      if (!instance) {
6          instance = new Viewer();
7      }
8      return instance;
9  }
```

### 3.22.2.2 getWindowSize()

```
void Viewer::getWindowSize (
    HWND hWnd ) const
```

Get the current window size.

#### Parameters

<i>hWnd</i>	The handle to the window.
-------------	---------------------------

Definition at line 103 of file [Viewer.cpp](#).

```
103      {
104      RECT rect;
105      GetClientRect(hWnd, &rect);
106      instance->window_size.x = static_cast< float >(rect.right - rect.left);
107      instance->window_size.y = static_cast< float >(rect.bottom - rect.top);
108  }
```

### 3.22.2.3 handleKeyDown()

```
void Viewer::handleKeyDown (
    WPARAM wParam ) [private]
```

Handles the key down event for rotating.

#### Parameters

<i>wParam</i>	The WPARAM parameter of the message.
---------------	--------------------------------------

Definition at line 90 of file [Viewer.cpp](#).

```
90      {
```

```

91     char key = static_cast< char >(wParam);
92     switch (tolower(key)) {
93         case 'q':
94             rotate_angle -= 1.0f;
95             break;
96
97         case 'e':
98             rotate_angle += 1.0f;
99             break;
100     }
101 }

```

### 3.22.2.4 handleKeyEvent()

```

void Viewer::handleKeyEvent (
    WPARAM wParam )

```

Handles keyboard events.

#### Parameters

<i>wParam</i>	The WPARAM parameter of the message.
---------------	--------------------------------------

Definition at line 47 of file Viewer.cpp.

```

47 { handleKeyDown(wParam); }

```

### 3.22.2.5 handleLeftButtonDown()

```

void Viewer::handleLeftButtonDown (
    LPARAM lParam ) [private]

```

Handles the left button down event for initiating dragging.

#### Parameters

<i>lParam</i>	The LPARAM parameter of the message.
---------------	--------------------------------------

Definition at line 74 of file Viewer.cpp.

```

74     {
75         is_dragging = true;
76         last_mouse_pos.x = static_cast< int >(LOWORD(lParam));
77         last_mouse_pos.y = static_cast< int >(HIWORD(lParam));
78         SetCapture(GetActiveWindow());
79     }

```

### 3.22.2.6 handleMouseEvent()

```

void Viewer::handleMouseEvent (
    UINT message,

```



```
WPARAM wParam,  
LPARAM lParam )
```

Handles mouse events, such as wheel, move, left button down, and left button up.

#### Parameters

<i>message</i>	The Windows message identifier.
<i>wParam</i>	The WPARAM parameter of the message.
<i>lParam</i>	The LPARAM parameter of the message.

Definition at line 26 of file Viewer.cpp.

```
26  
27     switch (message) {  
28         case WM_MOUSEWHEEL:  
29             handleMouseWheel(wParam);  
30             break;  
31  
32         case WM_MOUSEMOVE:  
33             if (wParam & MK_LBUTTON) {  
34                 handleMouseMove(lParam);  
35             }  
36  
37         case WM_LBUTTONDOWN:  
38             handleLeftButtonDown(lParam);  
39             break;  
40  
41         case WM_LBUTTONUP:  
42             handleLeftButtonUp();  
43             break;  
44     }  
45 }
```

#### 3.22.2.7 handleMouseMove()

```
void Viewer::handleMouseMove (  
    LPARAM lParam ) [private]
```

Handles the mouse move event for panning.

#### Parameters

<i>lParam</i>	The LPARAM parameter of the message.
---------------	--------------------------------------

Definition at line 59 of file Viewer.cpp.

```
59  
60     if (is_dragging) {  
61         int x = static_cast< int >(LOWORD(lParam));  
62         int y = static_cast< int >(HIWORD(lParam));  
63  
64         if (x != last_mouse_pos.x || y != last_mouse_pos.y) {  
65             offset_x += (x - last_mouse_pos.x) * zoom_factor;  
66             offset_y += (y - last_mouse_pos.y) * zoom_factor;  
67             last_mouse_pos.x = x;  
68             last_mouse_pos.y = y;  
69             needs_repaint = true;  
70         }  
71     }  
72 }
```

### 3.22.2.8 handleMouseWheel()

```
void Viewer::handleMouseWheel (
    WPARAM wParam ) [private]
```

Handles the mouse wheel event for zooming.

#### Parameters

<i>wParam</i>	The WPARAM parameter of the message.
---------------	--------------------------------------

Definition at line 49 of file Viewer.cpp.

```
49
50     if (GET_WHEEL_DELTA_WPARAM(wParam) > 0) {
51         zoom_factor *= 1.1f;
52         needs_repaint = true;
53     } else {
54         zoom_factor /= 1.1f;
55         needs_repaint = true;
56     }
57 }
```

## 3.22.3 Member Data Documentation

### 3.22.3.1 needs\_repaint

```
bool Viewer::needs_repaint
```

Flag indicating whether the view needs to be repainted

Definition at line 22 of file Viewer.hpp.

The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

- src/Viewer.hpp
- src/Viewer.cpp

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