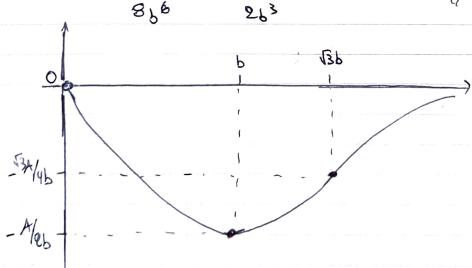
$$(b^2 + x^2)^2 = \frac{A(b^2 + x^2) + 2Ax^2}{(b^2 + x^2)^2} = \frac{A(x^2 - b^2)}{(b^2 + x^2)^2}$$

$$F(x) = -U'(x) = \frac{A(b^2 - x^2)^2}{(b^2 + x^2)^2}$$

$$U''(x) = \frac{2A_x(b^2 + x^2)^2 - A(x^2 - b^2) - 2(b^2 + x^2)^2 2x}{(b^2 + x^2)^4} = \frac{2A_x(b^2 + x^2)^2 - A(x^2 - b^2) - 2(b^2 + x^2)^2}{(b^2 + x^2)^4} = \frac{2A_x(b^2 + x^2)^2 - A(x^2 - b^2) - 2(b^2 + x^2)^2}{(b^2 + x^2)^4} = \frac{2A_x(b^2 + x^2)^2 - A(x^2 - b^2) - 2(b^2 + x^2)^2}{(b^2 + x^2)^4} = \frac{2A_x(b^2 + x^2)^2 - A(x^2 - b^2) - 2(b^2 + x^2)^2}{(b^2 + x^2)^4} = \frac{2A_x(b^2 + x^2)^2 - A(x^2 - b^2) - 2(b^2 + x^2)^2}{(b^2 + x^2)^4} = \frac{2A_x(b^2 + x^2)^2 - A(x^2 - b^2) - 2(b^2 + x^2)^2}{(b^2 + x^2)^4} = \frac{2A_x(b^2 + x^2)^2 - A(x^2 - b^2) - 2(b^2 + x^2)^2}{(b^2 + x^2)^4} = \frac{2A_x(b^2 + x^2)^2 - A(x^2 - b^2) - 2(b^2 + x^2)^2}{(b^2 + x^2)^4} = \frac{2A_x(b^2 + x^2)^2 - A(x^2 - b^2) - 2(b^2 + x^2)^2}{(b^2 + x^2)^4} = \frac{2A_x(b^2 + x^2)^2 - A(x^2 - b^2) - 2(b^2 + x^2)^2}{(b^2 + x^2)^4} = \frac{2A_x(b^2 + x^2)^2 - A(x^2 - b^2) - 2(b^2 + x^2)^2}{(b^2 + x^2)^4} = \frac{2A_x(b^2 + x^2)^2 - A(x^2 - b^2) - 2(b^2 + x^2)^2}{(b^2 + x^2)^4} = \frac{2A_x(b^2 + x^2)^2 - A(x^2 - b^2)^2}{(b^2 + x^2)^4} = \frac{2A_x(b^2 + x^2)^2 - A(x^2 - b^2) - 2(b^2 + x^2)^2}{(b^2 + x^2)^4} = \frac{2A_x(b^2 + x^2)^2}{(b^2 + x^2)^2} = \frac{2A_x(b^$$

$$= \frac{9A_{\times}(3b^{2}-x^{2})}{(b^{2}+x^{2})^{3}}$$

$$V''(b) = \frac{2Ab \cdot 2b^2}{8b^6} = \frac{A}{2b^3} = 0 \Rightarrow n \mid \sigma o \rho o o n \mid \epsilon \mid vai \in \tau \circ \tau \circ \partial n'$$



$$F(x) = \frac{F(b)}{0!} + \frac{F'(b)}{1!} (x-b) + \frac{F''(b)}{2!} (x-b)^2 + \dots \approx \frac{F(b)}{0!} + \frac{F'(b)}{1!} (x-b) = 0$$

$$= 0 - \frac{A}{2b^3} \times = -\frac{A}{2b^3} \times \frac{F''(b)}{2!} (x-b)^2 + \dots \approx \frac{F(b)}{0!} + \frac{F'(b)}{1!} (x-b) = 0$$

Av 
$$f_{rel} = -kx$$
  $\int c_0 \text{ origin } \underbrace{k \in A_{\epsilon i}}_{e_0} \text{ appovision } \underbrace{caddvanon}_{e_0} \text{ probability}_{e_0}$ 

$$F(x) \approx -\frac{A}{2b^3} \times \int \frac{k}{2b^3} = \int \frac{A}{w_0} = \underbrace{k}_{e_0} = \underbrace{k}_$$

$$V = |V_{max}| = |V_{max}| = |V_{b}| = A \Rightarrow \frac{1}{2b} = V_{b} = A \Rightarrow V_{b} = A \Rightarrow$$

8) 
$$V_{max} = A_{ordoos} \cdot W = A_{ord} \cdot \sqrt{\frac{E}{m}} \Rightarrow \frac{V_{kp}}{2} = A_{ord} \cdot \sqrt{\frac{E}{m}} \Rightarrow \frac{1}{2} \cdot \sqrt{\frac{A}{mb}} = A_{ord} \cdot \sqrt{\frac{E}{m}} \Rightarrow \frac{1}{2} \cdot \frac{A}{mb} = A_{ord} \cdot \sqrt{\frac{E}{m}} \Rightarrow \frac{1}{2} \cdot \frac{A}{mb} = A_{ord} \cdot \sqrt{\frac{E}{m}} \Rightarrow \frac{1}{2} \cdot \frac{A}{mb} = A_{ord} \cdot \sqrt{\frac{E}{m}} \Rightarrow \frac{1}{2} \cdot \sqrt{\frac{A}{mb}} = A_{ord} \cdot \sqrt{\frac{E}{mb}} \Rightarrow \frac{1}{2} \cdot \sqrt{\frac{A}{mb}} \Rightarrow \frac{1}{$$

$$\frac{A_{0}\lambda^{2} = A}{\frac{4b \times A}{9b^{3}}} = \frac{A \cdot 2b^{3}}{\frac{4b \cdot A}{9b^{3}}} = \frac{b^{2}}{\frac{4b \cdot A}{9b^{3}}} = \frac{A_{0}\lambda = b}{\frac{5}{12}}$$

B) 
$$U'(r) = -GM_{Am} \left[ \frac{1}{r^2} + \frac{4}{(9RA-r)^2} \right]$$

$$U'(r)=0 = 0 = \frac{1}{r^2} + \frac{4}{(9R_4-r)^2} = \frac{1}{r} = \frac{9}{9R_4-r} = 3R_4$$

$$U''(r) = -GM_{Am} \left[ \frac{2}{r^3} + \frac{8}{(9R_{A}-r)^3} \right] = -\frac{2GM_{Am}}{r^3} \left[ \frac{1}{r^3} + \frac{6}{(9R_{A}-r)^3} \right] = 0$$

yia vide  $r > 0$ . Apa:

$$V_A = -\frac{4GM_{Am}}{R_A} - \frac{GM_{Am}}{8R_A} + \frac{GM_{Am}}{R_A} + \frac{GM_{Am}}{2R_A} =$$

$$L_{A} = -\frac{3GM_{Am}}{R_{A}} + \frac{3GM_{Am}}{8R_{A}} = \frac{-21GM_{Am}}{8R_{A}}$$

6	A 905  101 TET TOI  CLOSE   GEX  11	spi fica	Oton OITaxuv	ser or	px 1100 Eal & 1781	7017ay	SVOGEVO 01 BPaso	volueva	(4E	r=304
- al	Cape 66a	6 thy	501 pd	yEla 2	ou A	r kai	rn (	JE ON	1	
						7 2 2				
		-			3 7 7 7		. ,			
				12			*,			
		-				. "				
							-			
										- i
	`								1	
		,								•
						,		,		
							P. 3			
					1		• 11 · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			
								1	, ,	

3) a) 
$$\hat{\nabla} \times \hat{f} = 0$$
  $\Leftrightarrow$   $\begin{vmatrix} \hat{x} & \hat{y} & \hat{z} \\ \frac{1}{2} \sqrt{\theta_{x}} & \frac{9}{\theta_{y}} & \frac{9}{\theta_{z}} \\ F_{x} & F_{y} & F_{z} \end{vmatrix} = 0$   $\Leftrightarrow$   $\begin{vmatrix} \frac{1}{2} \sqrt{\theta_{x}} & \frac{9}{\theta_{y}} \\ F_{x} & F_{z} \end{vmatrix} + 2 \begin{vmatrix} \frac{1}{2} \sqrt{\theta_{x}} & \frac{9}{\theta_{y}} \\ F_{x} & F_{y} \end{vmatrix} = 0$   $\Leftrightarrow$   $\begin{vmatrix} \frac{1}{2} \sqrt{\theta_{x}} & \frac{9}{\theta_{y}} \\ \frac{1}{2} \sqrt{\theta_{x}} & \frac{9}{\theta_{y}} \end{vmatrix} = 0$   $\Leftrightarrow$   $\begin{vmatrix} \frac{1}{2} \sqrt{\theta_{x}} & \frac{1}{2} \sqrt{\theta_{x}} \\ \frac{1}{2} \sqrt{\theta_{x}} & \frac{1}{2} \sqrt{\theta_{x}} \end{vmatrix} = 0$   $\Leftrightarrow$   $\begin{vmatrix} \frac{1}{2} \sqrt{\theta_{x}} & \frac{1}{2} \sqrt{\theta_{x}} \\ \frac{1}{2} \sqrt{\theta_{x}} & \frac{1}{2} \sqrt{\theta_{x}} \end{vmatrix} = 0$   $\Leftrightarrow$   $\begin{vmatrix} \frac{1}{2} \sqrt{\theta_{x}} & \frac{1}{2} \sqrt{\theta_{x}} \\ \frac{1}{2} \sqrt{\theta_{x}} & \frac{1}{2} \sqrt{\theta_{x}} \end{vmatrix} = 0$   $\Leftrightarrow$   $\begin{vmatrix} \frac{1}{2} \sqrt{\theta_{x}} & \frac{1}{2} \sqrt{\theta_{x}} \\ \frac{1}{2} \sqrt{\theta_{x}} & \frac{1}{2} \sqrt{\theta_{x}} \end{vmatrix} = 0$   $\Leftrightarrow$   $\begin{vmatrix} \frac{1}{2} \sqrt{\theta_{x}} & \frac{1}{2} \sqrt{\theta_{x}} \\ \frac{1}{2} \sqrt{\theta_{x}} & \frac{1}{2} \sqrt{\theta_{x}} \end{vmatrix} = 0$   $\Leftrightarrow$   $\begin{vmatrix} \frac{1}{2} \sqrt{\theta_{x}} & \frac{1}{2} \sqrt{\theta_{x}} \\ \frac{1}{2} \sqrt{\theta_{x}} & \frac{1}{2} \sqrt{\theta_{x}} \end{vmatrix} = 0$   $\Leftrightarrow$   $\begin{vmatrix} \frac{1}{2} \sqrt{\theta_{x}} & \frac{1}{2} \sqrt{\theta_{x}} \\ \frac{1}{2} \sqrt{\theta_{x}} & \frac{1}{2} \sqrt{\theta_{x}} \end{vmatrix} = 0$   $\Leftrightarrow$   $\begin{vmatrix} \frac{1}{2} \sqrt{\theta_{x}} & \frac{1}{2} \sqrt{\theta_{x}} \\ \frac{1}{2} \sqrt{\theta_{x}} & \frac{1}{2} \sqrt{\theta_{x}} \end{vmatrix} = 0$   $\Leftrightarrow$   $\begin{vmatrix} \frac{1}{2} \sqrt{\theta_{x}} & \frac{1}{2} \sqrt{\theta_{x}} \\ \frac{1}{2} \sqrt{\theta_{x}} & \frac{1}{2} \sqrt{\theta_{x}} \end{vmatrix} = 0$   $\Leftrightarrow$   $\begin{vmatrix} \frac{1}{2} \sqrt{\theta_{x}} & \frac{1}{2} \sqrt{\theta_{x}} \\ \frac{1}{2} \sqrt{\theta_{x}} & \frac{1}{2} \sqrt{\theta_{x}} \end{vmatrix} = 0$   $\Leftrightarrow$   $\begin{vmatrix} \frac{1}{2} \sqrt{\theta_{x}} & \frac{1}{2} \sqrt{\theta_{x}} \\ \frac{1}{2} \sqrt{\theta_{x}} & \frac{1}{2} \sqrt{\theta_{x}} \end{vmatrix} = 0$   $\Leftrightarrow$   $\begin{vmatrix} \frac{1}{2} \sqrt{\theta_{x}} & \frac{1}{2} \sqrt{\theta_{x}} \\ \frac{1}{2} \sqrt{\theta_{x}} & \frac{1}{2} \sqrt{\theta_{x}} \end{vmatrix} = 0$   $\Leftrightarrow$   $\begin{vmatrix} \frac{1}{2} \sqrt{\theta_{x}} & \frac{1}{2} \sqrt{\theta_{x}} \\ \frac{1}{2} \sqrt{\theta_{x}} & \frac{1}{2} \sqrt{\theta_{x}} \end{vmatrix} = 0$   $\Leftrightarrow$   $\begin{vmatrix} \frac{1}{2} \sqrt{\theta_{x}} & \frac{1}{2} \sqrt{\theta_{x}} \\ \frac{1}{2} \sqrt{\theta_{x}} & \frac{1}{2} \sqrt{\theta_{x}} \end{vmatrix} = 0$   $\Leftrightarrow$   $\begin{vmatrix} \frac{1}{2} \sqrt{\theta_{x}} & \frac{1}{2} \sqrt{\theta_{x}} \\ \frac{1}{2} \sqrt{\theta_{x}} & \frac{1}{2} \sqrt{\theta_{x}} \end{vmatrix} = 0$   $\Leftrightarrow$   $\begin{vmatrix} \frac{1}{2} \sqrt{\theta_{x}} & \frac{1}{2} \sqrt{\theta_{x}} \\ \frac{1}{2} \sqrt{\theta_{x}} & \frac{1}{2} \sqrt{\theta_{x}} \end{vmatrix} = 0$   $\Leftrightarrow$   $\begin{vmatrix} \frac{1}{2} \sqrt{\theta_{x}} & \frac{1}{2} \sqrt{\theta_{x}} \\ \frac{1}{2} \sqrt{\theta_{x}} & \frac{1}{2} \sqrt{\theta_{x}} \end{vmatrix} = 0$   $\Leftrightarrow$   $\begin{vmatrix} \frac{1}{2} \sqrt{\theta_{x}} & \frac{1}{2} \sqrt{\theta_{x}} \\ \frac{1}{2} \sqrt{\theta_{x}} & \frac{1}{2} \sqrt{\theta_{x}} \end{vmatrix} = 0$   $\Leftrightarrow$   $\begin{vmatrix} \frac{1}{2} \sqrt{\theta_{x}} & \frac{1}{2} \sqrt{\theta_{x}} \\ \frac{1}{2} \sqrt{\theta_{x}} & \frac{1}{2} \sqrt{\theta_{x}} \end{vmatrix} = 0$   $\Leftrightarrow$   $\begin{vmatrix} \frac{1}{2} \sqrt{\theta_{x}} & \frac{1}{2} \sqrt{\theta_{x}} \\ \frac{1}{2$ 

$$\begin{array}{l} \beta) \quad F_{x} = -\theta U = +A_{x} + \beta_{y} \\ \theta_{x} \\ U(\rho) = +\frac{A}{2} x^{2} + \beta_{xy} + c_{1} \\ (1) \\ F_{y} = -\theta U = \beta_{x} + \beta_{y} + c_{1} \\ \theta_{y} \\ \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{l} F_{y} = -\theta U = \beta_{x} + \beta_{y} + c_{1} \\ \theta_{y} \\ \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{l} (1) \quad (1) \quad (2) = \beta_{x} + \beta_{y} + \beta_{y} + c_{1} \\ \theta_{y} \\ \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{l} (1) \quad (2) = \beta_{x} + \beta_{y} \\ \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{l} (1) \quad (2) = \beta_{x} + \beta_{y} + \beta_{$$

$$A\Delta ME(O\rightarrow B) = k_O + U_O = k_B + U_D \Rightarrow k_B - k_O = U_O - U_B \xrightarrow{ap_S \otimes MKE}$$

$$\Delta W_2 = C - \frac{A}{2} - \frac{B}{2} - \frac{D}{2} - C = -\frac{A}{2} - \frac{B}{2} - \frac{D}{2}$$

$$B_{2}$$
 Av A(1,-1) can B(1,1)  
ADME (A >B):  $K_{4} + U_{4} = K_{B} + U_{B} \Rightarrow K_{B} - K_{A} = U_{A} - U_{B} \xrightarrow{Q_{A} \in MKE}$ 

$$\Delta W = U_A - U_B = A - B + D + C - A + B - D - C = 0 I$$

Eneld n Strapn elval Stampleton, SEV napolyte outre Katavadulver Épyo, enopewos to ouvodité épyo nou napolythie / katavadulon te elval ave Edotnzo ms dia goopin kal 1'00 pe 0.

And to epwlanga (
$$\beta$$
) rat agod ( $O(0)=0$  [O(0,0)]:  
 $V(0)=C=0\Rightarrow$   
 $V(P)=\frac{A\times^2}{2}+B\times y+\frac{Dy^2}{2}$ , [Acx, ys]

Av An Jeon Ma t=0 kul  $\Gamma$  n Jeon Thr 671 pm' nou to m pedre 520 tedos tou teptato kukliou teste:

ADME(A > T).  $VA + VA = kr + V_T = s$   $mgR + VM = \frac{1}{2} mv_T^2 + \frac{1}{2} m$ 

 $A \angle O(4 \rightarrow \Gamma)$ .  $P_A = P_{\Gamma} \Rightarrow O = m_{V\Gamma} - M_{V} \Rightarrow V = \frac{m}{M} V_{\Gamma} \qquad (1)$ 

And  $(1)(2) : mgR = \frac{1}{2}mV_{-}^{2} + \frac{1}{2}Mm^{2}V_{-}^{2} = \frac{1}{2}R^{2}$   $2gR = V_{-}^{2}\left(1 + \frac{m}{M}\right) \Rightarrow V_{-}^{2} = \frac{2gRm}{1 + \frac{m}{M}}$ 

Av M -> too:

lim Vr = lim 2g R

M->too Valor Va

Av  $M \rightarrow 0$ :  $\lim_{M \rightarrow 0} V_{7} = \lim_{M \rightarrow 0} \sqrt{\frac{2_{0} R M}{g_{1+m'}}} = O_{m}$ 

Av M=m: Vr= JgR ms

(5) a) 
$$U(r) = 9U_0 (1 - e^{-a(r-r_0)}) (-e^{-a(r-r_0)}) (-a) = 9$$

$$U'(r) = 9aU_0 e^{-a(r-r_0)} (1 - e^{-a(r-r_0)})$$

$$U'(r) = 0 \Leftrightarrow v = r_0$$

$$U''(r) = -9a^2U_0 e^{-a(r-r_0)} (1 - 9e^{-a(r-r_0)})$$

$$U''(r) = 0 \Leftrightarrow v = \frac{\ln 9}{a} + r_0$$

$$V''(r) = 0 \Leftrightarrow v = \frac{\ln 9}{a} + r_0$$

$$V''(r) = 0 \Leftrightarrow v = \frac{\ln 9}{a} + r_0$$

γ) Το σώμα θα αποκτήσει μέριστη δκινητική ενεργεία δταν αποκτήσει ελαχιστη δυναμική ενεργεία δηλοδή Umin = -Vo, rmin=ro. Apa:

(5) (overgeta)  
y) 
$$A\Delta ME$$
:  $Vapx + Uapx = Veet + Utet = 3$   
 $-U_0 + U_0 (1 - e^{-avg_0})^2 = V_{max} - U_0 = 3$   
 $V_{max} = \sqrt{\frac{2U_0}{m}} (1 - e^{-avg_0}) m/s$ 

$$δ$$
) Aró  $mv$  χραφική παραίδταση συμπραίνουμε  $nω$  για  $v=v_0-ln2$ 
το άτομο φτάνει στο του (με  $(J(v)\approx 0. Enομένω)$  η απαιτουίμενη απόσταση είναι  $d=v_0-ln2$ 

$$6)a \times (0) = A \Rightarrow A = x_0$$

$$x'(t) = y(t) = B e^{-yt} + (A+Bt) e^{-yt} (-y) \Rightarrow$$

$$y(0) = B - Ay \Rightarrow B = y_0 + y_0$$

$$\beta) \times (t_0) = 0 \Rightarrow A + B t_0 = 0 \Leftrightarrow t_0 = -A = -x_0 \Leftrightarrow B = V_0 + y \times_0$$

$$t_0 = -x_0 \qquad = 1 \qquad x = u_0 \qquad t_0 = 1$$

$$-2w_0x_0 + y_0 \qquad -y + 2w_0 \qquad w_0$$

Enoquenos apos βρηκαμε μια χρονική στιγμη τέτοια ωστε x(+)=0. Αρα το σύσπημα διέρχεται από πν θέση ισορροπίας μια μ. δνο ρορά.

$$V(t) = Be^{-yt} + (A+Bt) e^{-yt} \xrightarrow{B=V_0 + w_0 \times 0}$$

$$V(t) = (V_0 + w_0 \times 0) e^{-w_0 t} + (\chi_0 + (V_0 + w_0 \times 0) t) e^{-w_0 t}$$

$$V(t_0) = (v_0 + w_0 \times 0) e^{-\frac{1}{2}} - (x_0 + (v_0 + w_0 \times 0) / e^{-\frac{1}{2}} - w_0)$$

$$\Rightarrow V(t_0) = -2\omega_0 x_0 + \omega_0 x_0 \qquad (2x_0 + \frac{v_0}{\omega_0}) = 0$$

$$e \qquad \qquad e \qquad \qquad e \rightarrow \omega_0$$

$$V(to) = -uo xo - (2xo - \frac{ouo xo}{uo}) - V(to) = -uo xo$$

$$e \qquad e$$

$$y)y' = \frac{y}{2m} - \frac{\sqrt{5m}}{4m} = \frac{\sqrt{5}}{4m}$$
,  $\omega' = \sqrt{4m} - \sqrt{155}$ 

$$\frac{f=\omega}{2n} = \frac{\sqrt{15}}{8n \text{ fm}}$$

$$Q = \frac{\omega}{4\sqrt{m}} = \frac{\sqrt{15}}{\sqrt{15}}$$

$$\frac{2}{\sqrt{15}} = \frac{\sqrt{15}}{\sqrt{15}}$$