Βιομπχαυιμή Ηλευτρονιμή (Αυτωνόπουλος)

N. Kirchhoff eqaphojnal se stippiaies à oxi se everges tiples

Συντελεστής 16χύος: η = P

Ларабыхра 1

· Fra Petobou:

Pdc(t) = idc(t) · Udc(t)

$$P = \frac{1}{T} \int_{0}^{T} idc(t) \cdot Vac(t) dt = 10 \cdot \frac{1}{T} \int_{0}^{T} Vac(t) dt = 10 \cdot \frac{1}{2} \cdot \frac$$

•
$$I_{ac,ems} = \sqrt{\frac{1}{T}} \int_{0}^{T} i^{2}(t)dt = \sqrt{\frac{1}{T}} \int_{0}^{T} I_{dc}^{2} dt = 10 \text{ A}$$

(èxeι άρτια δυμμετρία)

Avanuey Fourier 670 $v \neq p$. nanyo: $b_n = 0$ τ_{12} $a_n = \frac{1}{\tau_{14}} \int_{0}^{\infty} f(t) \cos(n\omega t) d\omega t \Rightarrow$

$$= \frac{4}{2n} \left[\int_{0}^{\pi/2} 10\cos(n\omega t) d\omega t + \int_{0}^{\pi/2} (-10)\cos(n\omega t) d\omega t \right]$$

$$= \frac{2}{n} \left[\frac{10}{n} \left[\frac{\sin wt}{n} \right]^{\frac{n}{2}} - \frac{10}{n} \left[\frac{\sin wt}{n} \right]^{\frac{n}{2}} \right] = \frac{20}{n} \left[\frac{\sin nn}{n} - \frac{\sin(nn)}{n} \right] + \sin(nn)$$

$$= \frac{4.10 \sin(n\eta)}{n} \Longrightarrow \begin{cases} a_{n} = 0, & n \text{ aption} \end{cases}$$

$$|a_{n}| = \frac{4.10}{\pi n}, & n \text{ repitto}$$

$$i_{ac(t)} = f(t) = 4.10 cos \omega t - 4.10 cos(3\omega t) + 4.10 cos(5\omega t) - ...$$

$$\frac{n}{n \cdot 3} \frac{n.3}{n \cdot 5} \frac{1}{ac_{11}RMS} = \frac{4.10}{n\sqrt{2}}$$

$$Q_i = V_{ac,RMS} \cdot I_{acj,RMS} \cdot sing_i = 0$$

$$S = V_{ac,RMS} \cdot I_{acj,RMS} = 380 \text{ V} \cdot 10 \text{ A} \Rightarrow S = 3800 \text{ VA}$$

$$\Sigma T: \lambda = P = 3.49 = 0.9 \neq \cos\phi_1$$

$$D = \sqrt{S^2 - P^2} = \sqrt{3.8^2 - 3.42^2} = 1.66 \text{ kVA}$$

ιεχύς παραμόρφωσης

Παράδειγμα 2

$$v(\omega t) = 42 \cos \omega t + 5 \cos(3\omega t - 20^{\circ}) + 9 \cos(7\omega t + 47^{\circ})$$

 $i(\omega t) = 5 \cos(\omega t - \frac{n}{6}) + 2 \cos(5\omega t - \frac{2n}{3})$

$$V_{RMS} = \sqrt{\left(\frac{42}{\sqrt{2}}\right)^2 + \left(\frac{5}{\sqrt{2}}\right)^2 + \left(\frac{9}{\sqrt{2}}\right)^2 + \left(\frac{9}{\sqrt{2}}\right)^2$$

IRMS =
$$\sqrt{\left(\frac{5}{12}\right)^2 + \left(\frac{2}{\sqrt{2}}\right)^2} = 3.8A$$

$$P = U_{1,RMS} \cdot i_{1,RMS} \cdot \cos \varphi_1 = \frac{42 \cdot 5}{\sqrt{2}} \cdot \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2} = 90.9 \text{ W}$$
 (+ U3,RMS · i3,RMS · COS φ_3)
$$\lambda = \frac{P}{S} = \frac{90.9}{116.3} = 0.78$$
 Leav uniperar autoi

$$Q = U_{1,RMS} \cdot L_{1,RMS} \cdot sinq_1 = \frac{42}{12} \cdot \frac{5}{12} \cdot \frac{1}{2} = 52.5 \text{ VAr}$$

Δίοδος Ιδχύος Dempoine on eine isaviues, on efercionne inv raison raturation Vy id, is H AC nym GTEAVES TI PENHA; Δεν ζέρω · Αν τοι ετοι×τ' κ είναι γραμμινά, ρεύμα Ας · μη γραμμινά, εκθε οχι απαρούτητα Ας Vs(wt)= 12 Vs sinwt TIMU Va Va = $\frac{1}{T}$ $\sqrt{2}$ $\sqrt{2}$ $\sqrt{2}$ sinwtdwt = $\frac{1}{2n}$ $\sqrt{2}$ $\sqrt{2}$ $\sqrt{3}$ sinwtdwt = $\frac{1}{2n}$ $\sqrt{2}$ $\sqrt{2}$ $\sqrt{3}$ $\sqrt{$ Mè64 TIHU Va $V_S = 380V$ Is, RMS = ? [[[]]] Id, RMS = Is, RMS = Vd, RMS $V_{d,RMS} = \sqrt{\frac{1}{2n}} \int (\sqrt{2} V_S \sin \omega t)^2 d\omega t = \sqrt{(\sqrt{2} V_S)^2} \int \sin^2 \omega t d\omega t =$ $= \sqrt{2} V_S \sqrt{\frac{1}{2n}} \sqrt{\frac{1}{2}} \left[\frac{\omega t - \frac{1}{2} \sin 2\omega t}{2} \right]_0^n = \sqrt{2} V_S \sqrt{\frac{1}{2}} \sqrt{\frac{$

 $\widehat{L}_{S,RMS} = \sqrt{2} V_S \qquad \qquad \overline{V}_d = \sqrt{2} V_S$



