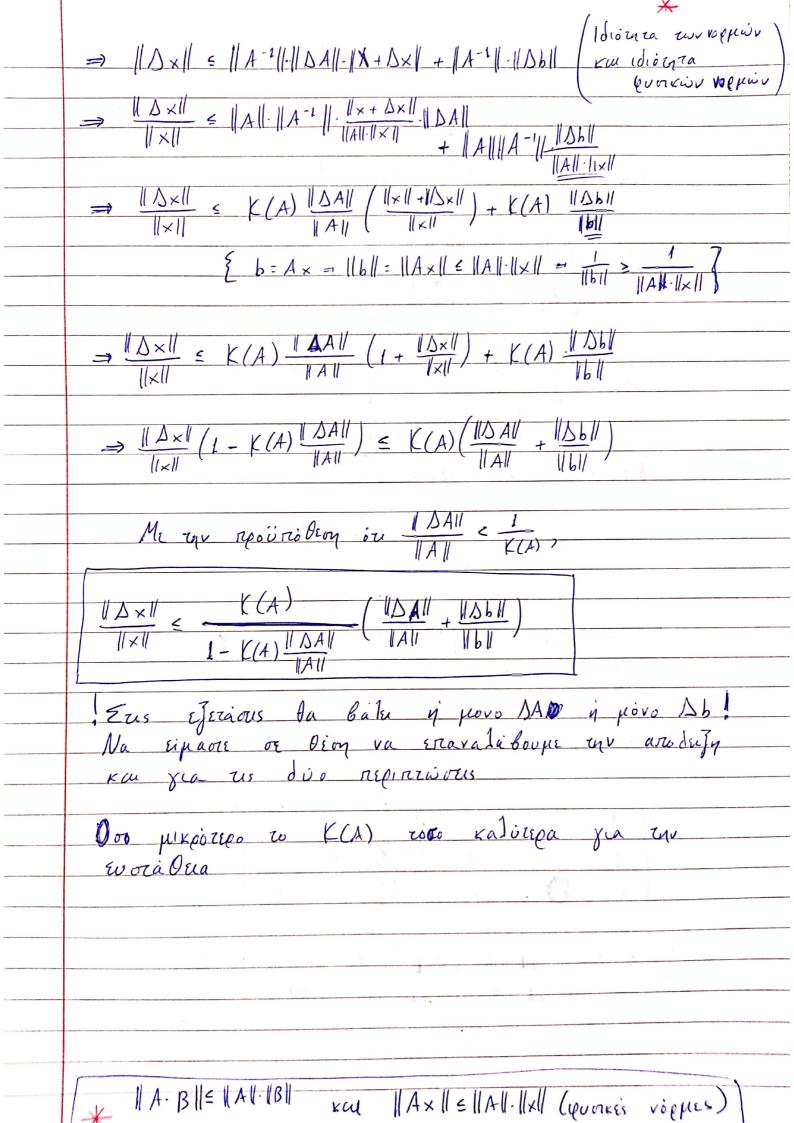
Reparent 8/4/22 10" Dialiti: Colitors 5 Sciktors Kuzáoraons Evós Rivaka A K(A) = \(\rho(A) = \cond(A) : \|A\| \dagger \|A^{-1}\| για κάποια φυσική νόρμα Repoparis (A)= ||A||.||A-1|| > ||A.A-1|| = ||I|| = 1 yeari oroladyrote quorky volpe tou I $||I|| = \sup_{\substack{\mathbf{x} \in \mathbb{R}^n \\ \mathbf{x} \neq \mathbf{0}}} \frac{||I \cdot \mathbf{x}||}{||\mathbf{x}||} = \sup_{\substack{\mathbf{x} \in \mathbb{R}^n \\ \mathbf{x} \neq \mathbf{0}}} \frac{||\mathbf{x}||}{||\mathbf{x}||} = \sup_{\substack{\mathbf{x} \in \mathbb{R}^n \\ \mathbf{x} \neq \mathbf{0}'}} 1 = 1$ επίδυξη του γιατί ο Δείκτης Κατάσιασης σχετίζεται με την ευστάθεία: $A \times = b \qquad (1)$ $(A + \Delta A) (\times + \Delta \times) = (b + \Delta b) (2)$ μικρή μιταβολή ΔΑ και μικεή μεταβολή Δb μπορεί να προκαλίσε μεχάλη μεταβολή Δ×? (2) = 1 1x + ADx + DA(x+Dx) = 16+Db = A. Dx = - DA(x+ Dx) + Db ⇒ | | Dx | ≤ | A - 1 DA (x + Dx) | + | | A - 1 Db | (reignoring con 100 cy 100 cy 100



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Aoxyon Na vrodogiorii o diktus karaioraons
    1. 1/2 Ku 1. 1/1 tou rivaxa Hilbert Hs:
         Hs = (hij), i=1,2,3, hij = 1
1+j-1
H_{3} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & \frac{1}{2} & \frac{1}{3} \\ \frac{1}{3} & \frac{1}{4} & \frac{1}{5} \end{bmatrix}_{3 \times 3}
[H_3 \mid I] = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1/2 & 1/3 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 1/2 & 1/3 & 1/4 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 1/3 & 1/4 & 1/5 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}
          11 > 1/3 KW (1/>1/3)
          5-5-51 & 5-1351

\sim \begin{bmatrix}
1 & \frac{1}{2} & \frac{1}{3} & 1 & 0 & 0 \\
0 & \frac{1}{12} & \frac{1}{12} & -\frac{1}{2} & 1 & 0 \\
0 & \frac{1}{12} & \frac{4}{45} & -\frac{1}{3} & 0 & 1
\end{bmatrix}
\begin{bmatrix}
\frac{1}{12} & \frac{1}{12} & \frac{1}{12}
\end{bmatrix}

      13 - 12 - 12

\begin{bmatrix}
1 & 1/2 & 1/3 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\
0 & 1/12 & 1/2 & -1/2 & 1 & 0 \\
0 & 0 & 1/180 & 1/6 & -1 & 1
\end{bmatrix}

    \begin{cases} x_{11} + \frac{1}{3} \times_{21} + \frac{1}{3} \times_{31} = 1 \\ \frac{1}{12} \times_{21} + \frac{1}{12} \times_{31} = -\frac{1}{12} \end{cases} \Rightarrow \begin{cases} x_{11} = 9 \\ x_{21} = -36 \\ x_{31} = 36 \end{cases}
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$$\frac{\int \iota \omega_{\xi} \eta \mu_{A};}{\int \iota \omega_{\xi} \eta_{\xi} u_{\xi}} \left(\frac{\chi(k)}{\lambda} \right) - \chi \left(\frac{1}{1} \sin_{\xi} \tau_{\xi} u_{\xi} \right) \frac{\partial \iota \omega_{\xi} \eta_{\xi}}{\partial R^{n}} \right) \\
= \lim_{k \to \infty} B^{k} = 0$$

$$\frac{\int \iota \omega_{\xi} \eta_{\xi} u_{\xi}}{\int \iota u_{\xi} u_{\xi}} \frac{\partial \iota u_{\xi}}{\partial u_{\xi}} = \chi(\lambda) - \chi, \quad k = 0, 1, 2, ...$$

$$\frac{(\lambda) - (1)}{\int \iota u_{\xi}} \frac{\chi(k)}{\partial u_{\xi}} - \chi(\lambda) - \chi = 0, \chi(\lambda) - \chi = 0$$

$$\frac{(\lambda) - (1)}{\int \iota u_{\xi}} \frac{\chi(k)}{\partial u_{\xi}} = \chi(\lambda) - \chi = 0, \chi(\lambda) - \chi = 0$$

$$\frac{(\lambda) - (1)}{\int \iota u_{\xi}} \frac{\chi(k)}{\partial u_{\xi}} = \chi(\lambda) - \chi = 0, \chi(\lambda) - \chi = 0$$

$$\frac{(\lambda) - (1)}{\int \iota u_{\xi}} \frac{\chi(k)}{\partial u_{\xi}} = \chi(\lambda) - \chi(\lambda) - \chi = 0$$

$$\frac{(\lambda) - (1)}{\int \iota u_{\xi}} \frac{\chi(\lambda)}{\partial u_{\xi}} = \chi(\lambda) - \chi(\lambda) - \chi = 0$$

$$\frac{(\lambda) - (1)}{\int \iota u_{\xi}} \frac{\chi(\lambda)}{\partial u_{\xi}} = \chi(\lambda) - \chi$$

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Poplopea: Au gra pua quorky vopka rivaka IBI < 1
                        Ariduigy: 113 11 5 11 311 k
                                   Av ||B||<1 => ln ||B||k=0 -> ln ||Bk||=0
                         of lin Bk = 0 DEMP (x(k)) -> x (1 von)
                      ! Repooxy!: To Arriveogo der 10x0 se, or arribrog
        (Apoù propi va vraexu ally voepa zw ||B||c1)
      Régique 2: p(B) < 1 (x(1)) -> x
                                          Sionoly Egappozy, lozu pezalou géoteu
                                                                                                                                               uno logiquoi ins p
                              Excipions Evaluaros
              X = B \times + C (1)

X^{(k)} = B \times {(k-1)} + C (2)
(2) - (1) \Rightarrow \chi^{(k)} - \chi = \beta(\chi^{(k-1)} - \chi) = \beta^2(\chi^{(k-2)} - \chi) = -\beta^k(\chi^{(0)} - \chi)
                             x(k)-x = Bk (x(0)-x)
              => || x(k) - x || \( || \( || \) || \( || \) \( || \) \( || \) \( || \) \( || \) \( || \) \( || \) \( || \) \( || \) \( || \) \( || \) \( || \) \( || \) \( || \) \( || \) \( || \) \( || \) \( || \) \( || \) \( || \) \( || \) \( || \) \( || \) \( || \) \( || \) \( || \) \( || \) \( || \) \( || \) \( || \) \( || \) \( || \) \( || \) \( || \) \( || \) \( || \) \( || \) \( || \) \( || \) \( || \) \( || \) \( || \) \( || \) \( || \) \( || \) \( || \) \( || \) \( || \) \( || \) \( || \) \( || \) \( || \) \( || \) \( || \) \( || \) \( || \) \( || \) \( || \) \( || \) \( || \) \( || \) \( || \) \( || \) \( || \) \( || \) \( || \) \( || \) \( || \) \( || \) \( || \) \( || \) \( || \) \( || \) \( || \) \( || \) \( || \) \( || \) \( || \) \( || \) \( || \) \( || \) \( || \) \( || \) \( || \) \( || \) \( || \) \( || \) \( || \) \( || \) \( || \) \( || \) \( || \) \( || \) \( || \) \( || \) \( || \) \( || \) \( || \) \( || \) \( || \) \( || \) \( || \) \( || \) \( || \) \( || \) \( || \) \( || \) \( || \) \( || \) \( || \) \( || \) \( || \) \( || \) \( || \) \( || \) \( || \) \( || \) \( || \) \( || \) \( || \) \( || \) \( || \) \( || \) \( || \) \( || \) \( || \) \( || \) \( || \) \( || \) \( || \) \( || \) \( || \) \( || \) \( || \) \( || \) \( || \) \( || \) \( || \) \( || \) \( || \) \( || \) \( || \) \( || \) \( || \) \( || \) \( || \) \( || \) \( || \) \( || \) \( || \) \( || \) \( || \) \( || \) \( || \) \( || \) \( || \) \( || \) \( || \) \( || \) \( || \) \( || \) \( || \) \( || \) \( || \) \( || \) \( || \) \( || \) \( || \) \( || \) \( || \) \( || \) \( || \) \( || \) \( || \) \( || \) \( || \) \( || \) \( || \) \( || \) \( || \) \( || \) \( || \) \( || \) \( || \) \( || \) \( || \) \( || \) \( || \) \( || \) \( || \) \( || \) \( || \) \( || \) \( || \) \( || \) \( || \) \( || \) \( || \) \( || \) \( || \) \( || \) \( || \) \( || \) \( || \) \( || \) \( || \) \( || \) \( || \) \( || \) \( || \) \( || \) \( || \) \( || \) \( || \) \( || \) \( || \) \( || \) \( || \) \( || \) \( || \) \( || \) \( || \) \( || \) \( 
        · | x - x(k-1) | = | x - x(k) + x(t) - x(k-1) |
               \| \times - \times^{(k-1)} \| \leq \| \times - \times^{(k)} \| + \| \times^{(k)} - \times^{(k-1)} \|
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