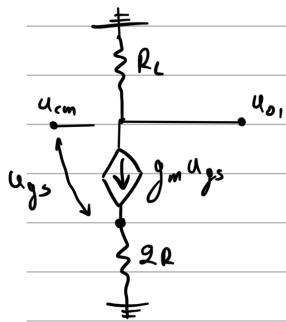
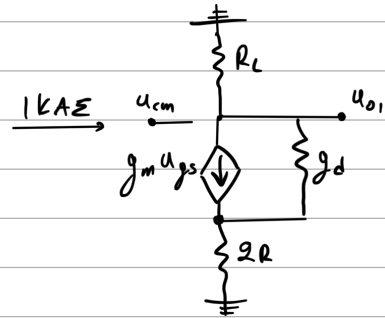
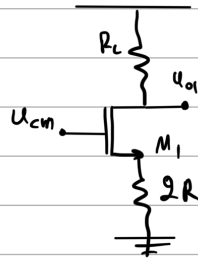
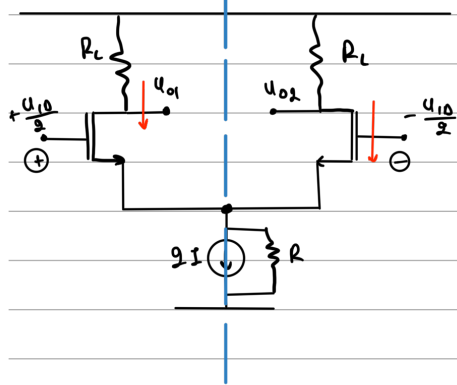


Κοινή Διεύθυνση (Common-Mode (CM)) Διαρ. Ψεύδους



$$\begin{aligned} u_{o1} &= -g_m u_{gs} R_L \\ u_{gs} &= u_{cm} - u_{gs} g_m 2R \end{aligned} \Rightarrow u_{gs} (1 + g_m 2R) = u_{cm}$$

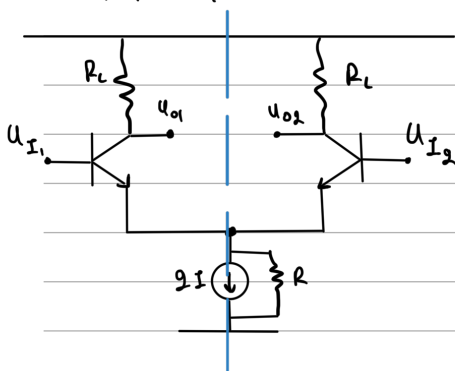
$$u_{o1} = -g_m \frac{u_{cm}}{1 + g_m 2R} R_L \rightarrow A_{cm} \equiv \frac{u_{o1}}{u_{cm}} = -\frac{g_m R_L}{1 + g_m 2R} = -\frac{R_L}{\frac{1}{g_m} + 2R} \approx \boxed{-\frac{R_L}{2R}}$$

→ εάν $R \uparrow \rightarrow A_{cm} \uparrow$

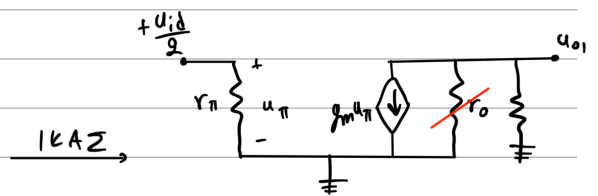
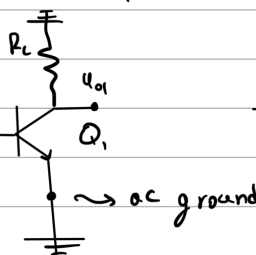
$$CMRR \equiv \frac{A_{dm}}{A_{cm}} = \frac{-g_m R_L}{-\frac{R_L}{2R}} = \boxed{g_m 2R}$$

common-mode
rejection ratio

Διαφορικό Ψεύδος bit



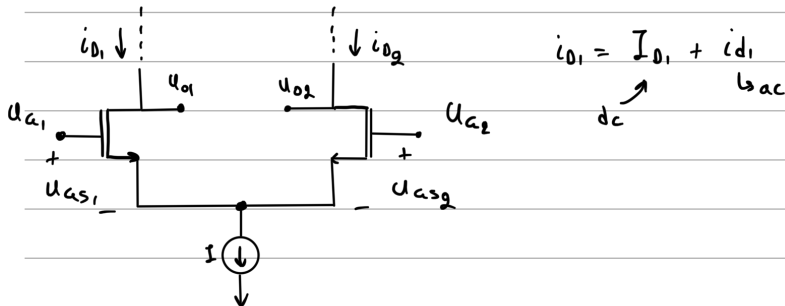
DM (Διαρ. ημίζ)



$$u_{o1} = -g_m u_{gs} R_L = -g_m \frac{u_{id}}{2} R_L \quad \text{αντίστοιχα:} \quad u_{o2} = g_m \frac{u_{id}}{2} R_L$$

$$u_{od} = u_{o1} - u_{o2} = -g_m R_L \cdot u_{id} \rightarrow A_{DM} \equiv \frac{u_{od}}{u_{id}} = \boxed{-g_m R_L}$$

Λειτουργία Μεγάλου Σήματος - MOS



$$i_{D1} = I_{D1} + i_{d1}$$

dc ac

$$i_{D1} = \frac{1}{2} \mu C_{ox}' \frac{W}{L} (V_{gs1} - V_T)^2 \rightarrow \sqrt{i_{D1}} = \sqrt{\frac{1}{2} \mu C_{ox}' \frac{W}{L} (V_{gs1} - V_T)^2}$$

$$i_{D2} = \frac{1}{2} \mu C_{ox}' \frac{W}{L} (V_{gs2} - V_T)^2 \rightarrow \sqrt{i_{D2}} = \sqrt{\frac{1}{2} \mu C_{ox}' \frac{W}{L} (V_{gs2} - V_T)^2}$$

$$\rightarrow \sqrt{i_{D1}} - \sqrt{i_{D2}} = \sqrt{\frac{1}{2} \mu C_{ox}' \frac{W}{L}} u_{ID} \xrightarrow{(\cdot)^2} 2 \sqrt{i_{D1} \cdot i_{D2}} = I \frac{1}{2} \mu C_{ox}' \frac{W}{L} u_{ID}^2$$

\rightarrow

$$\rightarrow i_{D1} + i_{D2} = I \rightarrow i_{D2} = I - i_{D1}$$

$$\rightarrow i_{D1,2} = \frac{I}{2} \pm \sqrt{\frac{1}{2} \mu C_{ox}' \frac{W}{L} \frac{u_{ID}}{2} \cdot \sqrt{1 - \frac{(u_{ID}/2)^2}{I / (\mu C_{ox}' W/L)}}$$

Σε συνθήκες ηρεμίας: $u_{ID} = 0$

$$\bullet i_{D1} = i_{D2} = \frac{I}{2}$$

$$\bullet u_{gs1} = u_{gs2} = V_{gs}$$

$$\bullet \frac{I}{2} = \frac{1}{2} \mu C_{ox}' \frac{W}{L} (V_{gs} - V_T)^2 = \frac{1}{2} \mu C_{ox}' \frac{W}{L} V_{ov}^2 \rightarrow$$

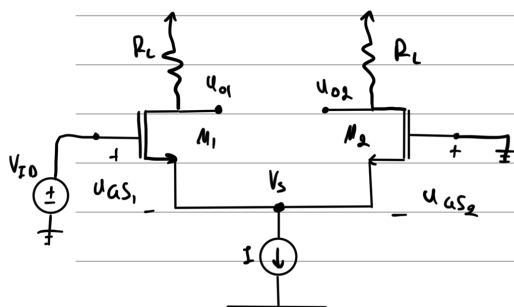
$$V_{ov} = \sqrt{\frac{I}{\mu C_{ox}' W/L}}$$

$$\bullet i_{D1} = \frac{I}{2} + \frac{I}{V_{ov}} \cdot \frac{u_{ID}}{2} \cdot \sqrt{1 - \left(\frac{u_{ID}/2}{V_{ov}}\right)^2}$$

$$\bullet i_{D2} = \frac{I}{2} - \frac{I}{V_{ov}} \cdot \frac{u_{ID}}{2} \cdot \sqrt{1 - \left(\frac{u_{ID}/2}{V_{ov}}\right)^2}$$

$$\bullet V_{ID} = V_{gs1} - V_{gs2} > 0 \rightarrow V_{gs1} > V_{gs2} \rightarrow I_{D1} > I_{D2} \rightarrow V_{D2} - V_{D1} > 0$$

στο όριο?

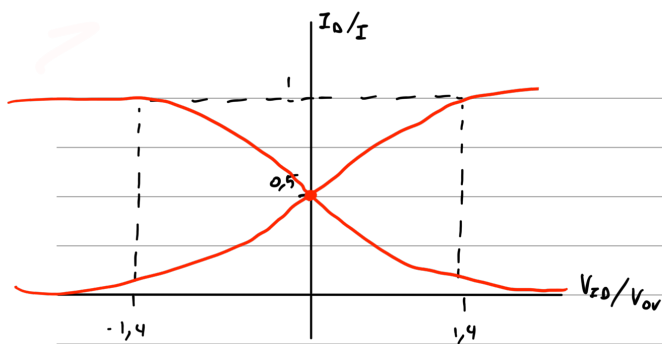


$$I_{D1} = I \quad (M_2 \text{ off}, I_{D2} = 0)$$

$$I = \frac{1}{2} \mu C_{ox}' \frac{W}{L} (V_{gs1} - V_T)^2$$

$$V_{gs1} = V_T + \sqrt{\frac{2I}{\mu C_{ox}' W/L}} = V_T + \sqrt{2} \cdot V_{ov}$$

$$V_{IDmax} = V_{gs1} + V_{ss} = V_T + \sqrt{2} V_{ov} - V_T = \sqrt{2} \cdot V_{ov}$$



- $g_m = \mu (a_x' \frac{W}{L} V_{OV} \text{ (ερεσμός)})$

- $g_m = \frac{2 I_D}{V_{OV}}, I_D = \frac{I}{2} \rightarrow \boxed{g_m = \frac{I}{V_{OV}}}$

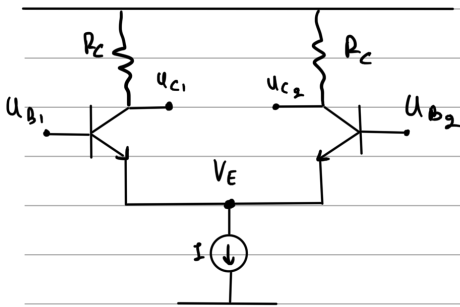
- $i_{OD} = i_{O1} - i_{O2} = \frac{I}{V_{OV}} u_{x0} \sqrt{1 - \left(\frac{u_{x0}}{2 V_{OV}}\right)^2} \rightarrow$

$$\rightarrow i_{OD} = g_m u_{x0} \sqrt{1 - \left(\frac{u_{x0}}{2 V_{OV}}\right)^2} \rightarrow \boxed{i_{OD} \approx g_m u_{x0}}$$

- $x \equiv \frac{u_{x0}}{2 V_{OV}} \ll 1 \rightarrow \sqrt{1 - x^2} \approx 1 - \frac{x^2}{2} \rightarrow i_{OD} \approx g_m u_{x0} - \frac{g_m}{8 V_{OV}^2} u_{x0}^3$

το δ. ζ. ΜΟ) παρουσιάζει
αδρευή κυβική μη γραμμικότητα

BJT



- $V_{B1} = V_B + \Delta V_B \rightarrow \frac{I}{2} + \Delta I$

- $V_{B2} = V_B - \Delta V_B \rightarrow \frac{I}{2} - \Delta I$

- $i_{E1} = \frac{I_s}{a} e^{(u_{B1} - u_E)/V_T}$
- $i_{E2} = \frac{I_s}{a} e^{(u_{B2} - u_E)/V_T}$

$$\left. \begin{array}{l} i_{E1} \\ i_{E2} \end{array} \right\} \rightarrow \frac{i_{E1}}{i_{E2}} = e^{(u_{B1} - u_{B2})/V_T}$$

$$\rightarrow i_{E1} + i_{E2} = I$$

- $\frac{i_{E1} + i_{E2}}{i_{E1}} = 1 + \frac{i_{E2}}{i_{E1}} \rightarrow \frac{i_{E1}}{i_{E1} + i_{E2}} = \frac{1}{1 + e^{(u_{B2} - u_{B1})/V_T}}$

- $\frac{i_{E2}}{i_{E1} + i_{E2}} = \frac{1}{1 + e^{(u_{B2} - u_{B1})/V_T}}$

$$\rightarrow i_{E1} = \frac{I}{1 + e^{-u_{x0}/V_T}}, \quad i_{E2} = \frac{I}{1 + e^{u_{x0}/V_T}}$$

- $u_{OD} = u_{C2} - u_{C1} = V_{CC} - i_{C2} R_C - V_{CC} + i_{C1} R_C \rightarrow u_{OD} = R_C (i_{C1} - i_{C2}) = R_C \cdot a \cdot (i_{E1} - i_{E2}) =$
 $= a I R_C \left(\frac{1}{1 + e^{-u_{x0}/V_T}} - \frac{1}{1 + e^{u_{x0}/V_T}} \right)$