

# Homework 3

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## To Compile and Run

### Snake

Just open `snake.html` in a browser and you will be able to play the game

### Node Programming

1. Run `npm install`
2. Run `node hw3.js`

### Snake Game

In the html I made a canvas and 3 buttons, one toggled the move and the others toggled the direction.

#### `function snake()`

This is the main game loop and where the bulk of the logic happens. A couple of conditions must first be met in order for the game to run: first, the game must not be over, signified by “end.” Then, the character must be moving, which by default is right. If moving, then the direction will affect the x and y accordingly. It will then add the coordinate to a list of visited coordinates. This will be used in the collision detection.

#### `function turnLeft()`

This function determines the direction to change if a left turn is toggled

#### `function turnRight()`

This function determines the direction to change if a right turn is toggled

#### `function toggleStartStop()`

If currently moving, stop. If not moving, start. It also changes the value of the button accordingly. It is stopped and the button is “Start” by default.

#### `function aboutToCollide()`

Checks for collision. It checks if the head is within the bounds of the canvas and checks if it is about to hit a visited node depending on the direction.

#### `function containsCoordinate()`

Checks to see if the x and y passed in are also contained in the visited list

### Images

## Node JS Programming

### `factorial(n)`

Returns the factorial of a number. Recursive call. Basic 227 stuff really.

Start  Turn Right  Turn Left



Figure 1: Landing Page

Stop  Turn Right  Turn Left



Figure 2: Movement

Stop  Turn Right  Turn Left



Figure 3: Right Turn

Stop  Turn Right  Turn Left

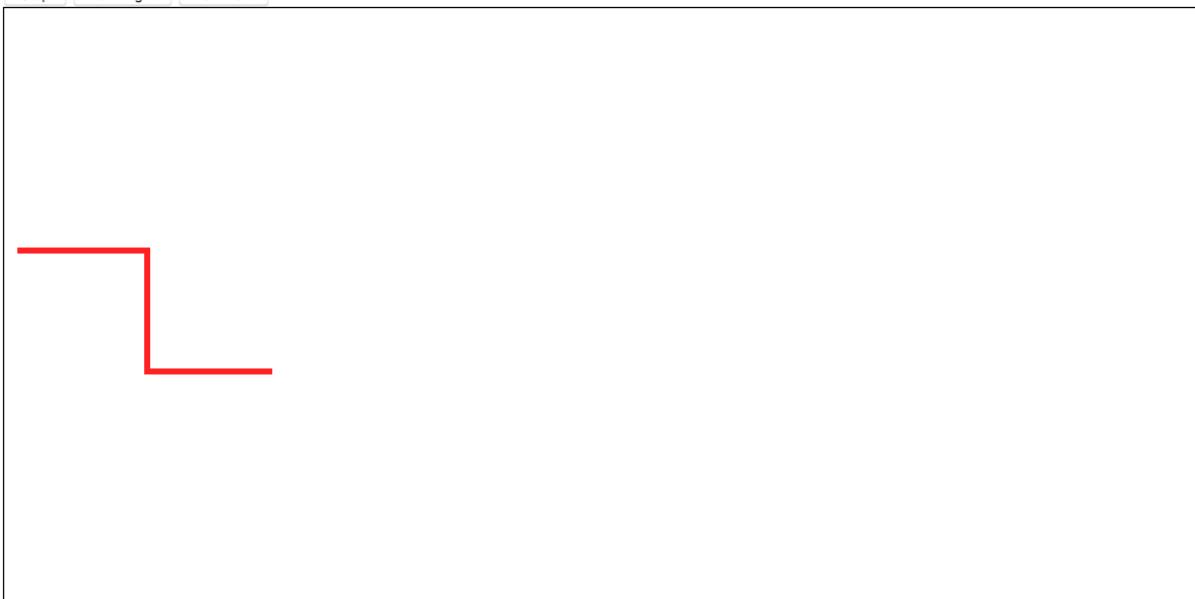


Figure 4: Left Turn

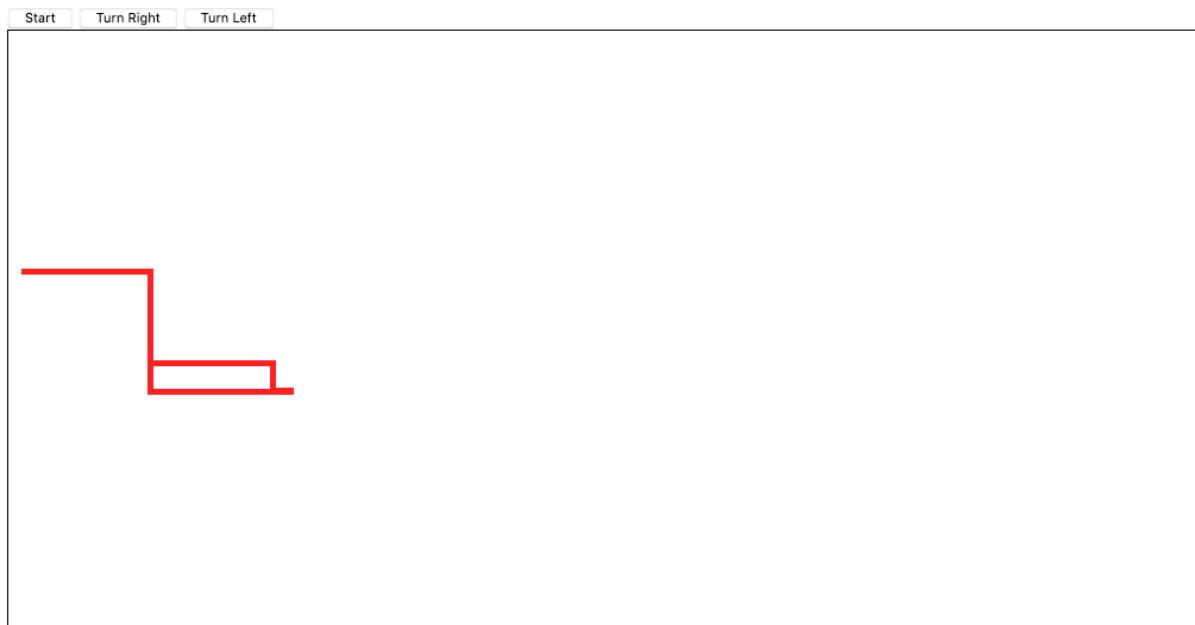


Figure 5: Hits Self

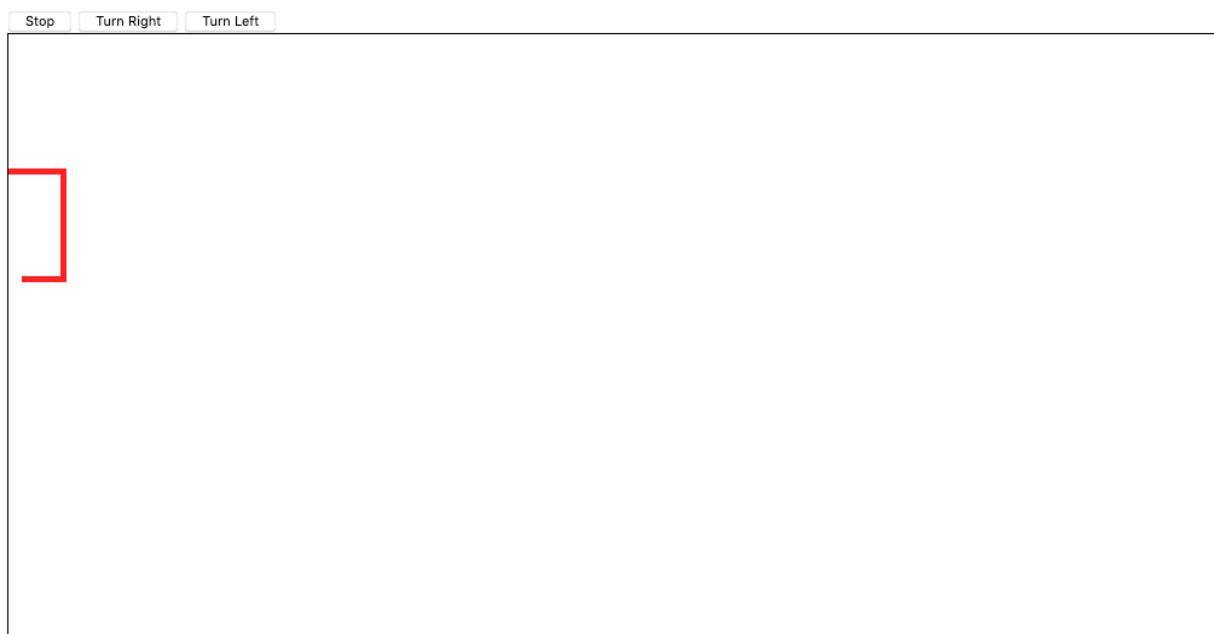


Figure 6: Hits Wall

```
sumDigits(num)
```

Takes the mod 10 value (so the last digit) and adds it to the sum. Then trims off the last digit with a division by 10.

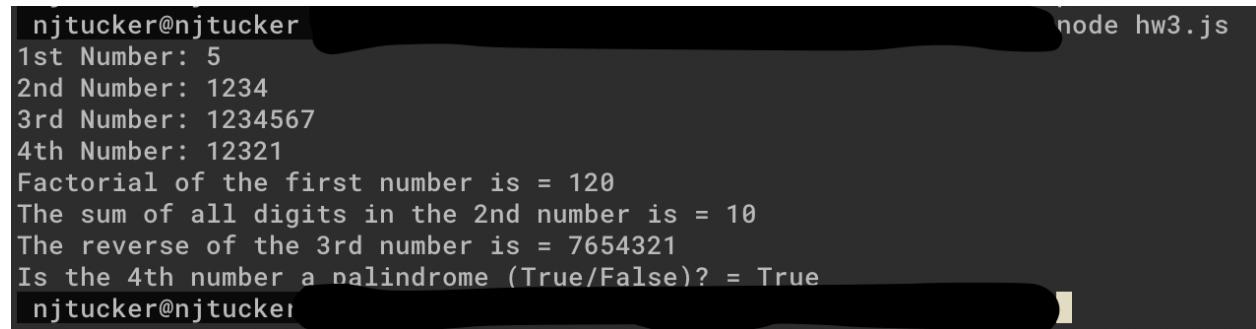
```
function reverseString(str)
```

Takes in a string, splits it into a char array, reverses it, then joins it back together

```
function palindrome(str)
```

Checks for alpha numeric values first with a regular expression, just to allow for spaces in something like "taco cat." Then it reverses the string once all special characters and nonsense have been stripped. If the reverse is the same as the original, it's a palindrome.

## Images



A screenshot of a terminal window titled "node hw3.js". The window displays the execution of a Node.js script. The output shows four numbers being processed: 5, 1234, 1234567, and 12321. For each number, it calculates the factorial, the sum of digits, the reverse, and checks if it's a palindrome. The script concludes with the question "Is the 4th number a palindrome (True/False)? = True". The terminal prompt "njtucker@njtucker" is visible at the bottom left, and the title bar "node hw3.js" is at the top right.

```
njtucker@njtucker ~ % node hw3.js
1st Number: 5
2nd Number: 1234
3rd Number: 1234567
4th Number: 12321
Factorial of the first number is = 120
The sum of all digits in the 2nd number is = 10
The reverse of the 3rd number is = 7654321
Is the 4th number a palindrome (True/False)? = True
njtucker@njtucker ~ %
```

Figure 7: Node Output