## **Prac Sheet - Decision Trees**

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Decision Trees (DTs) are a supervised learning method used for classification and regression. The goal is to create a model that predicts the value of a target variable by learning simple decision rules inferred from a dataset.

The following exercises are typical exam questions.

## Exercise 1

• Consider the data table D below where C is the class label column (one example per row).

<b>D</b> =	X <sub>1</sub>	<b>X</b> <sub>2</sub>	<b>X</b> 3	<b>X</b> <sub>4</sub>	С
	F	F	F	F	Р
	F	F	Т	Τ	Р
	F	Т	F	Т	Р
	Т	Т	Т	F	Р
	Т	F	F	F	Ν
	Т	Т	Т	Т	Ν
	Т	Т	Т	F	Ν

$$\mathbf{X} = \{X_1, X_2, X_3, X_4\}$$

- What is the entropy of D?
- What is the information gain of X<sub>1</sub>?
- What is the information gain of  $X_2$ ?
- Build a DT to a depth of 3.

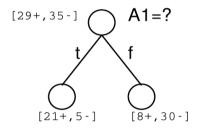
## Exercise 2

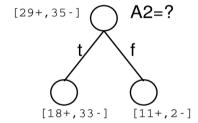
• Recall that

Gain(S,A) = expected reduction in entropy due to sorting on A

$$Gain(S,A) \equiv Entropy(S) - \sum_{v \in Values(A)} \frac{|S_v|}{|S|} Entropy(S_v)$$

• Compute the information gain of the attribute A1 and A2





## Exercise 3

• Which attribute should be used for a decision stump, *Humidity* or *Wind*?

