

Nicholas J. Tustison, DSc

I am a co-founder and developer of the widely recognized open-source Advanced Normalization Tools Ecosystem (ANTsX) which allows me to simultaneously engage with learners and contribute to ongoing research. This has led to significant opportunities for mentoring and teaching students, post-graduate trainees, and other researchers by providing numerous tutorials and workshops at various conferences and at different academic and scientific institutions. I have also organized this tutorial material for online public access. This is in addition to my daily participation in the ANTsX online user forums which allows me to fulfill my passion for educating the learner.

I adhere to and believe in the ASPIRE values. Indeed, my approach to research and collaboration is guided by a deep commitment to the development of high-quality, open-source computational strategies for biological and medical imaging. I believe that such commitments create a supportive and inclusive environment where knowledge is shared, diverse perspectives are valued, and the quality of work is held to the highest standards. Since being promoted to associate professor, I have been >90% funded and it is projected that I will be 100% funded for FY 2024. Funding has come from several collaborative sources, demonstrating my contribution to and benefit from my academic approach where diverse perspectives are valued, team science and collaborative interactions are the norm, and the quality of work is held to the highest standards.

Personal Statement

I am one of the co-founders and main developers of the Advanced Normalization Tools Ecosystem (ANTsX)—a state-of-the-art, open-source library of software tools for image registration, segmentation, and other quantitative medical imaging functionality. Over the course of its development, ANTsX has enabled hundreds of academic and industrial scientists to meet modern quantitative imaging needs with particular focus on issues in biomedical imaging. A broad range of ANTsX-based applications and published research sample the study of organisms from small animals to humans as well as target organ systems such as respiratory, cardiovascular, and nervous. This toolkit is used widely by multiple universities (e.g., Stanford University, Harvard University, University of California, Los Angeles), businesses (e.g., General Electric Research and Konica Minolta), and research institutions (e.g., the Child Mind Institute and the Allen Institute for Brain Science) around the world. ANTsX has been integrated into multiple, highly vetted workflows such as fMRIPrep (Stanford University) and the Spinal Cord Toolbox (École Polytechnique de Montréal). Popular ANTsX pipelines, such as cortical thickness estimation, have been integrated into Docker containers and packaged as Brain Imaging Data Structures (BIDS) and FlyWheel applications (i.e., “gears”). It has also been independently ported for various platforms including Neurodebian (Debian OS), Neuroconductor (the R statistical project), and Nipype (Python). Recently, the ANTsX team has leveraged development in the successful application of two explicitly ANTs-based NIH R01 grants.

ANTsX software tools that I have implemented with my co-developers are described by some of the most highly cited publications in the field. Historically, ANTsX is rooted in advanced image registration techniques that date back to the earliest seminal work of pioneers in the field. One of our early implementation papers describing the ANTsX open-source image registration tool has close to 4000 citations alone:

- Avants BB, **Tustison NJ**, et al. A Reproducible Evaluation of ANTs Similarity Metric Performance in Brain Image Registration. *Neuroimage*, 54(3):2033–2044, February 2011.

Given the reputation of ANTsX performance standards, I am frequently sought out for collaborations in a consulting or mentoring role, as attested by my list of publications and shared grants. I have also provided evaluative comparison data for international competitions due ANTsX history of superb performance. As recently as last year, I was asked to provide generated comparative image registration results for a long

running image analysis challenge involving brain tumor data (MICCAI BraTS Registration Challenge).

The most widely cited ANTsX paper is one that I wrote earlier in my career detailing the now extremely well-known “N4” bias correction algorithm which has close to 5000 citations with an increasing citation rate year-over-year.

- **Tustison NJ**, et al. N4ITK: Improved N3 Bias Correction. IEEE Trans Med Imaging, 29(6):1310–1320, June 2010.

N4, an acronym for “Nick’s nonparametric nonuniform intensity normalization,” is an algorithm used to “clean” an image prior to computational processing and is considered by many to be a mandatory step for achieving good results. It has been adopted within many standard image processing protocols, including those of “competing” packages, such as the widely used FreeSurfer software suite of Harvard University.

More recently, ANTsX has been extended to complementary frameworks resulting in the Python- and R-based ANTsPy and ANTsR toolkits, respectively. These packages interface with extremely popular, high-level, open-source programming platforms which have significantly increased the user base of ANTs. The rapidly rising popularity of deep learning motivated further recent enhancement of ANTs and its extensions, specifically ANTsRNet and ANTsPyNet, dynamic Keras/TensorFlow-based library of popular deep learning architectures and applications specifically geared towards medical imaging detailed by a more recent, but highly cited publication:

- **Nicholas J. Tustison**, et al. The ANTsX ecosystem for quantitative biological and medical imaging. Sci Rep. 11(1):9068, Apr 2021.

Two sets of collaborations illustrate the utility and wide-applicability of my work:

Traumatic Brain Injury. With UVA collaborators James Stone and Brian Avants, we are engaged in ongoing research investigating chronic neurological changes in individuals repeatedly exposed to low-intensity blasts. We have made major contributions to the community in the form of statistical methods and analysis of neuroimaging sequelae:

- James Stone, Brian Avants, **Nicholas Tustison**, et al. Functional and structural neuroimaging correlates of repetitive low-level blast exposure in career breachers. J Neurotrauma, 37(23):2468-2481, Dec 2020.

Functional lung imaging via hyperpolarized gas. UVA is internationally recognized for its innovation in functional lung imaging using hyperpolarized gas. With technical and clinical collaborators such as John Mugler, Mike Shim, and Jaime Mata, I contribute to the overarching research goals in terms of algorithmic innovation for image quantitation and analysis. In fact, the impact of my work has led to field-wide adoption of my open-source contributions (www.xenonanalysis.com).

- **Nicholas J. Tustison**, et al. Image- versus histogram-based considerations in semantic segmentation of pulmonary hyperpolarized gas images. Magn Reson Med, 86(5):2822-2836, Nov 2021.

In terms of my academic service:

- Since 2018, I have served as the Secretary of the Insight Software Consortium. This body provides direction and oversight of the Insight Toolkit.
- I am one of the top contributors to the Insight Toolkit of the National Library of Medicine under the National Institute of Health where I contributed to software for image registration, segmentation, visualization, and other processing components. I also provide user guidance on the discussion forums.
- Given my expertise and academic reputation, I frequently review for various manuscripts and abstracts (average > 1 per month) for several highly reputable journals and conferences.