

Prompt generation

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Generate prompts and schemas in Playground.

The **Generate** button in the [Playground](#) lets you generate prompts, [functions](#), and [schemas](#) from just a description of your task. This guide will walk through exactly how it works.

Overview

Creating prompts and schemas from scratch can be time-consuming, so generating them can help you get started quickly. The Generate button uses two main approaches:

- 1 **Prompts:** We use **meta-prompts** that incorporate best practices to generate or improve prompts.
- 2 **Schemas:** We use **meta-schemas** that produce valid JSON and function syntax.

While we currently use meta prompts and schemas, we may integrate more advanced techniques in the future like [DSPy](#) and ["Gradient Descent"](#).

Prompts

A **meta-prompt** instructs the model to create a good prompt based on your task description or improve an existing one. The meta-prompts in the Playground draw from our [prompt engineering](#) best practices and real-world experience with users.

We use specific meta-prompts for different output types, like audio, to ensure the generated prompts meet the expected format.

Meta-prompts

Text-out

Audio-out

Text meta-prompt

python ↕ 

```
1 from openai import OpenAI
2
3 client = OpenAI()
4
5 META_PROMPT = """
6 Given a task description or existing prompt, produce a detailed system prompt to guide a lar
7
8 # Guidelines
```

- Understand the Task: Grasp the main objective, goals, requirements, constraints, and expected output.
- Minimal Changes: If an existing prompt is provided, improve it only if it's simple. For complex prompts, only make necessary adjustments.
- Reasoning Before Conclusions**: Encourage reasoning steps before any conclusions are reached.
 - Reasoning Order: Call out reasoning portions of the prompt and conclusion parts (specifically, reasoning and conclusion).
 - Conclusion, classifications, or results should ALWAYS appear last.
- Examples: Include high-quality examples if helpful, using placeholders [in brackets] for complex or sensitive information.
 - What kinds of examples may need to be included, how many, and whether they are complex or simple.
- Clarity and Conciseness: Use clear, specific language. Avoid unnecessary instructions or boilerplate.
- Formatting: Use markdown features for readability. DO NOT USE ``` CODE BLOCKS UNLESS SPECIFICALLY REQUESTED.
- Preserve User Content: If the input task or prompt includes extensive guidelines or examples, preserve them as much as possible.
- Constants: DO include constants in the prompt, as they are not susceptible to prompt injection.
- Output Format: Explicitly the most appropriate output format, in detail. This should include:
 - For tasks outputting well-defined or structured data (classification, JSON, etc.) bias towards that format.
 - JSON should never be wrapped in code blocks (```) unless explicitly requested.

The final prompt you output should adhere to the following structure below. Do not include a title or subtitle.

[Concise instruction describing the task - this should be the first line in the prompt, no sub-instructions]

[Additional details as needed.]

[Optional sections with headings or bullet points for detailed steps.]

Steps [optional]

[optional: a detailed breakdown of the steps necessary to accomplish the task]

Output Format

[Specifically call out how the output should be formatted, be it response length, structure, etc.]

Examples [optional]

[Optional: 1-3 well-defined examples with placeholders if necessary. Clearly mark where examples end with a double asterisk (**).
[If the examples are shorter than what a realistic example is expected to be, make a reference to a realistic example.]

Notes [optional]

[optional: edge cases, details, and an area to call out or repeat out specific important considerations]

```
"".strip()
```

```
def generate_prompt(task_or_prompt: str):
    completion = client.chat.completions.create(
        model="gpt-4o",
        messages=[
            {
                "role": "system",
                "content": META_PROMPT,
            },
            {
                "role": "user",
                "content": "Task, Goal, or Current Prompt:\n" + task_or_prompt,
            },
        ],
    )
```

```
return completion.choices[0].message.content
```

Prompt edits

To edit prompts, we use a slightly modified meta-prompt. While direct edits are straightforward to apply, identifying necessary changes for more open-ended revisions can be challenging. To address this, we include a **reasoning section** at the beginning of the response. This section helps guide the model in determining what changes are needed by evaluating the existing prompt's clarity, chain-of-thought ordering, overall structure, and specificity, among other factors. The reasoning section makes suggestions for improvements and is then parsed out from the final response.

Text-out

Audio-out

Text meta-prompt for edits

python 

```
1  from openai import OpenAI
2
3  client = OpenAI()
4
5  META_PROMPT = """
6  Given a current prompt and a change description, produce a detailed system prompt to guide a
7
8  Your final output will be the full corrected prompt verbatim. However, before that, at the v
9  <reasoning>
10 - Simple Change: (yes/no) Is the change description explicit and simple? (If so, skip the re
11 - Reasoning: (yes/no) Does the current prompt use reasoning, analysis, or chain of thought?
12     - Identify: (max 10 words) if so, which section(s) utilize reasoning?
13     - Conclusion: (yes/no) is the chain of thought used to determine a conclusion?
14     - Ordering: (before/after) is the chain of thought located before or after
15 - Structure: (yes/no) does the input prompt have a well defined structure
16 - Examples: (yes/no) does the input prompt have few-shot examples
17     - Representative: (1-5) if present, how representative are the examples?
18 - Complexity: (1-5) how complex is the input prompt?
19     - Task: (1-5) how complex is the implied task?
20     - Necessity: ()
21 - Specificity: (1-5) how detailed and specific is the prompt? (not to be confused with lengt
22 - Prioritization: (list) what 1-3 categories are the MOST important to address.
23 - Conclusion: (max 30 words) given the previous assessment, give a very concise, imperative
24 </reasoning>
25
26 # Guidelines
27
28 - Understand the Task: Grasp the main objective, goals, requirements, constraints, and expect
29 - Minimal Changes: If an existing prompt is provided, improve it only if it's simple. For co
30 - Reasoning Before Conclusions**: Encourage reasoning steps before any conclusions are reach
31     - Reasoning Order: Call out reasoning portions of the prompt and conclusion parts (speci
32     - Conclusion, classifications, or results should ALWAYS appear last.
33 - Examples: Include high-quality examples if helpful, using placeholders [in brackets] for c
```

- What kinds of examples may need to be included, how many, and whether they are complex
- Clarity and Conciseness: Use clear, specific language. Avoid unnecessary instructions or boilerplate
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- Constants: DO include constants in the prompt, as they are not susceptible to prompt injection
- Output Format: Explicitly the most appropriate output format, in detail. This should include
 - For tasks outputting well-defined or structured data (classification, JSON, etc.) bias towards JSON
 - JSON should never be wrapped in code blocks (```) unless explicitly requested.

42

43 The final prompt you output should adhere to the following structure below. Do not include a

44

45 [Concise instruction describing the task - this should be the first line in the prompt, no s

46

47 [Additional details as needed.]

48

49 [Optional sections with headings or bullet points for detailed steps.]

50

51 # Steps [optional]

[optional: a detailed breakdown of the steps necessary to accomplish the task]

Output Format

[Specifically call out how the output should be formatted, be it response length, structure

Examples [optional]

[Optional: 1-3 well-defined examples with placeholders if necessary. Clearly mark where exam

[If the examples are shorter than what a realistic example is expected to be, make a referer

Notes [optional]

[optional: edge cases, details, and an area to call or repeat out specific important consid

[NOTE: you must start with a <reasoning> section. the immediate next token you produce shoul

"".strip()

```
def generate_prompt(task_or_prompt: str):
    completion = client.chat.completions.create(
        model="gpt-4o",
        messages=[
            {
                "role": "system",
                "content": META_PROMPT,
            },
            {
                "role": "user",
                "content": "Task, Goal, or Current Prompt:\n" + task_or_prompt,
            },
        ],
    )

    return completion.choices[0].message.content
```

Schemas

Structured Outputs schemas and function schemas are themselves JSON objects, so we leverage Structured Outputs to generate them. This requires defining a schema for the desired output, which in this case is itself a schema. To do this, we use a self-describing schema – a **meta-schema**.

Because the `parameters` field in a function schema is itself a schema, we use the same meta-schema to generate functions.

Defining a constrained meta-schema

Structured Outputs supports two modes: `strict=true` and `strict=false`. Both modes use the same model trained to follow the provided schema, but only "strict mode" guarantees perfect adherence through constrained sampling.

Our goal is to generate schemas for strict mode using strict mode itself. However, the official meta-schemas provided by the **JSON Schema Specification** rely on features **not currently supported** in strict mode. This poses challenges that affect both input and output schemas.

- 1 **Input schema:** We can't use **unsupported features** in the input schema to describe the output schema.
- 2 **Output schema:** The generated schema must not include **unsupported features**.

Because we need to generate new keys in the output schema, the input meta-schema must use `additionalProperties`. This means we can't currently use strict mode to generate schemas. However, we still want the generated schema to conform to strict mode constraints.

To overcome this limitation, we define a **pseudo-meta-schema** — a meta-schema that uses features not supported in strict mode to describe only the features that are supported in strict mode. Essentially, this approach steps outside strict mode for the meta-schema definition while still ensuring that the generated schemas adhere to strict mode constraints.

DEEP DIVE

How we designed the pseudo-meta-schema



Output cleaning

Strict mode guarantees perfect schema adherence. Because we can't use it during generation, however, we need to validate and transform the output after generating it.

After generating a schema, we perform the following steps:

- 1 **Set** `additionalProperties` **to** `false` for all objects.
- 2 **Mark all properties as required.**


```

36     },
37     {
38         "type": "array",
39         "items": {
40             "$ref": "#/$defs/schema_definition"
41         }
42     }
43 ]
44 },
45 "required": {
46     "type": "array",
47     "items": {
48         "type": "string"
49     }
50 },
51 "additionalProperties": {
52     "type": "boolean"
53 }
54 },
55 "required": [
56     "type"
57 ],
58 "additionalProperties": False,
59 "if": {
60     "properties": {
61         "type": {
62             "const": "object"
63         }
64     }
65 },
66 "then": {
67     "required": [
68         "properties"
69     ]
70 },
71 "$defs": {
72     "schema_definition": {
73         "type": "object",
74         "properties": {
75             "type": {
76                 "type": "string",
77                 "enum": [
78                     "object",
79                     "array",
80                     "string",
81                     "number",
82                     "boolean",
83                     "null"
84                 ]
85             },
86             "properties": {
87                 "type": "object",
88                 "additionalProperties": {
89                     "$ref": "#/$defs/schema_definition"
90                 }
91             },

```

```

92     "items": {
93         "anyOf": [
94             {
95                 "$ref": "#/$defs/schema_definition"
96             },
97             {
98                 "type": "array",
99                 "items": {
100                     "$ref": "#/$defs/schema_definition"
101                 }
102             }
103         ]
104     },
105     "required": {
106         "type": "array",
107         "items": {
108             "type": "string"
109         }
110     },
111     "additionalProperties": {
112         "type": "boolean"
113     }
114 },
115 "required": [
116     "type"
117 ],
118 "additionalProperties": False,
119 "if": {
120     "properties": {
121         "type": {
122             "const": "object"
123         }
124     }
125 },
126 "then": {
127     "required": [
128         "properties"
129     ]
130 }
131 }
132 }
133 }
134 }
135
136 META_PROMPT = """
137 # Instructions
138 Return a valid schema for the described JSON.
139
140 You must also make sure:
141 - all fields in an object are set as required
142 - I REPEAT, ALL FIELDS MUST BE MARKED AS REQUIRED
143 - all objects must have additionalProperties set to false
144     - because of this, some cases like "attributes" or "metadata" properties that would nor
145 - all objects must have properties defined
146 - field order matters. any form of "thinking" or "explanation" should come before the concl
147 - $defs must be defined under the schema param

```



```

148
149 Notable keywords NOT supported include:
150 - For strings: minLength, maxLength, pattern, format
151 - For numbers: minimum, maximum, multipleOf
152 - For objects: patternProperties, unevaluatedProperties, propertyNames, minProperties, maxP
153 - For arrays: unevaluatedItems, contains, minContains, maxContains, minItems, maxItems, uni
154
155 Other notes:
156 - definitions and recursion are supported
157 - only if necessary to include references e.g. "$defs", it must be inside the "schema" obje
158
159 # Examples
160 Input: Generate a math reasoning schema with steps and a final answer.
161 Output: {
162     "name": "math_reasoning",
163     "type": "object",
164     "properties": {
165         "steps": {
166             "type": "array",
167             "description": "A sequence of steps involved in solving the math problem.",
168             "items": {
169                 "type": "object",
170                 "properties": {
171                     "explanation": {
172                         "type": "string",
173                         "description": "Description of the reasoning or method used in this
                    },
                    "output": {
                        "type": "string",
                        "description": "Result or outcome of this specific step."
                    }
                },
                "required": [
                    "explanation",
                    "output"
                ],
                "additionalProperties": false
            }
        },
        "final_answer": {
            "type": "string",
            "description": "The final solution or answer to the math problem."
        }
    },
    "required": [
        "steps",
        "final_answer"
    ],
    "additionalProperties": false
}

Input: Give me a linked list
Output: {
    "name": "linked_list",
    "type": "object",
    "properties": {

```

```

    "linked_list": {
      "$ref": "#/$defs/linked_list_node",
      "description": "The head node of the linked list."
    }
  },
  "$defs": {
    "linked_list_node": {
      "type": "object",
      "description": "Defines a node in a singly linked list.",
      "properties": {
        "value": {
          "type": "number",
          "description": "The value stored in this node."
        },
        "next": {
          "anyOf": [
            {
              "$ref": "#/$defs/linked_list_node"
            },
            {
              "type": "null"
            }
          ],
          "description": "Reference to the next node; null if it is the last node"
        }
      },
      "required": [
        "value",
        "next"
      ],
      "additionalProperties": false
    }
  },
  "required": [
    "linked_list"
  ],
  "additionalProperties": false
}

```

Input: Dynamically generated UI

```

Output: {
  "name": "ui",
  "type": "object",
  "properties": {
    "type": {
      "type": "string",
      "description": "The type of the UI component",
      "enum": [
        "div",
        "button",
        "header",
        "section",
        "field",
        "form"
      ]
    },
  },
}

```

```

        "label": {
            "type": "string",
            "description": "The label of the UI component, used for buttons or form fields",
        },
        "children": {
            "type": "array",
            "description": "Nested UI components",
            "items": {
                "$ref": "#"
            }
        },
    },
    "attributes": {
        "type": "array",
        "description": "Arbitrary attributes for the UI component, suitable for any element",
        "items": {
            "type": "object",
            "properties": {
                "name": {
                    "type": "string",
                    "description": "The name of the attribute, for example onClick or className",
                },
                "value": {
                    "type": "string",
                    "description": "The value of the attribute"
                }
            },
            "required": [
                "name",
                "value"
            ],
            "additionalProperties": false
        }
    },
},
"required": [
    "type",
    "label",
    "children",
    "attributes"
],
"additionalProperties": false
}
"".strip()

```

```

def generate_schema(description: str):
    completion = client.chat.completions.create(
        model="gpt-4o-mini",
        response_format={"type": "json_schema", "json_schema": META_SCHEMA},
        messages=[
            {
                "role": "system",
                "content": META_PROMPT,
            },
            {
                "role": "user",
                "content": "Description:\n" + description,
            }
        ]
    )

```

```
        },  
        ],  
    )  
  
    return json.loads(completion.choices[0].message.content)
```