Big Data CS522 - MUM

By: Professor Premchand Nair

Final Project Mo Nuaimat

Hadoop Pair Approach - Pseudo code

Driver:

- 1. Read input file
- 2. Call mappers
- 3. Call reducers

Mapper:

```
map(Text inputLine)
For each word in input line do:
    Neighbors <- findNeighbors(word)
    For each Word n in Neighbors do:
        emit(Pair(word, n), 1)
        // for counting relative
        emit(Pair(word, "*"), 1)
```

Reducer:

```
Init:
    keyTotal <- new Sequence
reduce(Pair p(k1, k2), List v[1, 1, ....])
    Sum = 0
    for(int v1 in v[1, 1, ...]){
        Sum += v1
    }
    if(k2 = "*"){
        keyTotal[k1] <- sum; // occurnces count
    } else {
        relativeFreq = sum/keyTotal[k1]
        Pair p <- (k1,k2)
        emit(new Pair(p, relativeFreq))
    }
}</pre>
```

Hadoop Pair Approach - Java code - Driver

Driver:

- 1. Read input file
- 2. Call mappers
- 3. Call reducers

```
Job job = new Job(getConf());
job.setJarByClass(RelativeFreqPairsDriver.class);
job.setJobName(this.getClass().getName());
FileInputFormat.setInputPaths(job, new Path(input));
FileOutputFormat.setOutputPath(job, new Path(output));
job.setMapperClass(RelativeFreqPairsMapper.class);
job.setReducerClass(RelativeFregPairsReducer.class);
job.setMapOutputKeyClass(TextPair.class);
job.setMapOutputValueClass(IntWritable.class);
job.setOutputKeyClass(TextPair.class);
job.setOutputValueClass(IntWritable.class);
boolean success = job.waitForCompletion(true);
return success ? 0 : 1:
```

Hadoop Pair Approach - Java code - Mapper

Mapper:

```
map(Text inputLine)
For each word in input line do:
    Neighbors <- findNeighbors()
    For each Word n in Neighbors do:
        emit(Pair(word, n), 1)
        // for counting relative
        emit(Pair(word, "*"), 1)
```

```
public void map(LongWritable key, Text value, Context context) throws :
    String line = value.toString();
    StringTokenizer tokenizer = new StringTokenizer(line);
    ArrayList<Text> words = new ArrayList<>();
    while (tokenizer.hasMoreTokens()) {
       words.add(new Text(tokenizer.nextToken()));
    ArrayList<TextPair> neighboursList =
            findNeighbourPairs(words.remove(0), words);
    System.out.println("Mapper output: ");
    for(TextPair qp:neighboursList){
        TextPair counter = new TextPair(gp.getKey(), new Text("*"));
        context.write(qp, one);
        context.write(counter, one);
```

Hadoop Pair Approach - Java code - Mapper

return ret;

```
public static ArrayList<TextPair> findNeighbourPairs(Text w, ArrayList<Text</pre>
Mapper:
                                          if(list.size() == 1){
                                               TextPair qp = new TextPair( new Text(w) , new Text(list.remove(0))
map(Text inputLine)
                                               return new ArrayList<>(Arrays.asList(qp));
For each word in input line do:
      Neighbors <- findNeighbors()
      For each Word n in Neighbors do:
                                          ArrayList<TextPair> ret = new ArrayList<>();
            emit(Pair(word, n), 1)
                                              for(Text w2:list){
            // for counting relative
                                                   if(w2.equals(w)){
            emit(Pair(word, "*"), 1)
                                                       break:
                                                   ret.add(new TextPair(w, w2));
                                          ret.addAll( findNeighbourPairs(list.remove(0), list) );
```

Hadoop Pair Approach - Java code - Mapper

TextPair Class:

All key Data types in Hadoop should All writable and comparable

```
public class TextPair implements WritableComparable<TextPair> {
    GenericPair<Text, Text> pair = new GenericPair⇔();
    public TextPair(){
        this(new Text(), new Text());
    public TextPair(Text a, Text b){
        pair.setKev(a);
        pair.setVal(b);
    @Override
    public void write(DataOutput out) throws IOException {
        this.pair.getKey().write(out);
       this.pair.getVal().write(out);
    @Override
    public void readFields(DataInput in) throws IOException {
        this.pair.key.readFields(in);
        this.pair.val.readFields(in);
    @Override
    public int compareTo(TextPair o) {
        return this.pair.compareTo(o.pair);
```

Hadoop Pair Approach - Java code - Reducer

```
@Override
                                            protected void reduce(
Reducer:
                                                    TextPair key,
                                                    Iterable<IntWritable> values,
Init:
                                                    Context context)
                                                    throws IOException, InterruptedException {
      keyTotal <- new Sequence
reduce(Pair p(k1, k2), List v[1, 1, ....])
                                                int sum = 0;
      Sum = 0
                                                for (IntWritable val : values) {
      for(int v1 in v[1, 1, ...]){
                                                    sum += val.qet();
             Sum += v1
                                                Text right = key.getVal();
      if(k2 = "*"){
                                                Text left = key.getKey();
             keyTotal[k1] <- sum;</pre>
                                                if(right.toString().equals("*")){
      } else {
                                                    termsFreqTotal.put(left, sum );
             relativeFreq = sum/keyTotal[k1]
                                                    return;
             Pair p < (k1,k2)
                                               } else {
                                                    int count = termsFreqTotal.get(left);
             emit(new Pair(p, relativeFreq))
                                                    float relFreq = (1.f * sum) / (1.f * count);
                                                    DecimalFormat df = new DecimalFormat("#.00");
                                                    relFreq = Float.parseFloat(df.format(relFreq));
                                                    System.out.println(new GenericPair<TextPair, Float>(key, relFreq));
                                                    context.write(key, new FloatWritable(relFreq));
```

Hadoop Pair Approach - Result (Reducer Output)

```
< A10 , B12 > 0.5
< A10 , D76 > 0.5
< A12, A10 > 0.08
< A12, B12 > 0.25
< A12, B76 > 0.08
< A12, C31 > 0.17
< A12, D76 > 0.42
<B12, A10 > 0.07
<B12, A12 > 0.27
<B12, B76 > 0.07
<B12, C31 > 0.2
<B12, D76 > 0.4
< B76, A10 > 0.17
<B76, B12 > 0.33
<B76, C31 > 0.17
<B76, D76 > 0.33
```

```
< C31, A10 > 0.06

< C31, A12 > 0.24

< C31, B12 > 0.24

< C31, B76 > 0.06

< C31, D76 > 0.41

< D76, A10 > 0.08

< D76, A12 > 0.33

< D76, B12 > 0.33

< D76, B76 > 0.08

< D76, C31 > 0.17
```

Hadoop Stripe Approach - Pseudo code

Driver:

- 1. Read input file
- 2. Call mappers
- 3. Call reducers

Mapper:

```
map(Text inputLine)
For each word in input line do:
    Neighbors <- new List of Assoc Arrays
    Neighbors <- findNeighbors(word)
    For each AssocArray a in Neighbors do:
        emit(word, a)
```

Reducer:

```
reduce(Word w, List of Assoc Arrays v[v1, v2, ....])
    AggArray <- new AssocArray
    Int sum = 0;
    for(AssocArray a in v[v1, v2, ...]){
        // key-wise sum
        AggArray = AggArray + a;
        foreach(int v in a){
            sum += a;
        }
    }
    for(Pair(w2,c) in AggArray)
        relativeFreq = c/sum
        Pair p <- (w,w2)
        emit(new Pair(p, relativeFreq))</pre>
```

Hadoop Stripe Approach - Java code - Mapper

```
Mapper:
```

```
map(Text inputLine)
For each word in input line do:
    Neighbors <- new List of Assoc Arrays
    Neighbors <- findNeighbors(word)
    For each AssocArray a in Neighbors do:
    emit(word, a)
```

```
public class RelativeFreqStripesMapper extends
       Mapper<LongWritable, Text, Text, MapWritable> {
    public void map(LongWritable key, Text value, Context context)
           throws IOException, InterruptedException {
        String line = value.toString();
        StringTokenizer tokenizer = new StringTokenizer(line);
       ArrayList<Text> words = new ArrayList<>();
       while (tokenizer.hasMoreTokens()) {
           words.add(new Text(tokenizer.nextToken()));
       ArrayList<GenericPair<Text, MapWritable>> neighboursList = findNeighbourHashMap(
                words.remove(0), words);
        System.out.println("Mapper Output:");
        for (GenericPair<Text, MapWritable> gp : neighboursList) {
           System.out.println(gp);
            context.write(qp.getKey(), qp.getVal());
```

Hadoop Stripe Approach - Java code - Mapper

Mapper:

```
map(Text inputLine)
For each word in input line do:
    Neighbors <- new List of Assoc Arrays
    Neighbors <- findNeighbors(word)
    For each AssocArray a in Neighbors do:
        emit(word, a)
```

```
private static ArrayList<GenericPair<Text, MapWritable>> findNeighbourHashMap(
        Text w, ArrayList<Text> list) {
    if (list.size() == 1) {
        MapWritable hm = new MapWritable();
        hm.put(list.remove(0), new IntWritable(1));
        GenericPair<Text, MapWritable> gp = new GenericPair<>(w, hm);
        return new ArrayList <> (Arrays.asList(qp));
    ArrayList<GenericPair<Text, MapWritable>> ret = new ArrayList<>();
    HashMap<String, Integer> hm = new HashMap<>();
    for (Text w2 : list) {
        if (w2.equals(w)) {
            break:
        if(hm.containsKey(w2.toString())){
            int oldValue = hm.get(w2.toString());
            hm.put(w2.toString(), oldValue + 1);
        } else {
            hm.put(w2.toString(), 1);
    MapWritable mw = new MapWritable();
    for(String s:hm.keySet()){
        mw.put(new Text(s), new IntWritable(hm.get(s)));
    ret.add(new GenericPair<Text, MapWritable>(w, mw));
    ret.addAll(findNeighbourHashMap(list.remove(0), list));
    return ret:
```

Hadoop Stripe Approach - Java code - Reducer

```
Reducer:
reduce(Word w, List of Assoc Arrays v[v1, v2, ....])
      AggArray <- new AssocArray
      Int sum = 0;
      for(AssocArray a in v[v1, v2, ...]){
             // key-wise sum
             AggArray = AggArray + a;
             foreach(int v in a){
                    sum += a;
      for(Pair(w2,c) in AggArray)
             relativeFreq = c/sum
             Pair p \leftarrow (w,w2)
             emit(new Pair(p, relativeFreq))
```

```
@Override
protected void reduce(Text key,
        Iterable<MapWritable> values,
        Context context)
        throws IOException, InterruptedException {
    List<MapWritable> cache = new ArrayList<MapWritable>();
    CustomHashMap agg = new CustomHashMap();
    int count = 0:
    for (MapWritable hm : values) {
        cache.add(hm);
        for(Writable k:hm.keySet()){
            Text t = (Text) k;
            count += ((IntWritable) hm.get(k)).get();
            if(agg.containsKey(t)){
                int old = agg.get(t).get();
                old += ((IntWritable) hm.get(k)).get();
                agg.put(t, new IntWritable(old));
            } else {
                agg.put(t, new IntWritable(((IntWritable) hm.qet(k)).qet())):
       }
```

Hadoop Stripe Approach - Java code - Reducer

```
@Override
                                                                   for(Text k2:agg.keySet()){
protected void reduce(Text key,
                                                                       int sum = agg.get(k2).get();
       Iterable<MapWritable> values,
       Context context)
                                                                       float relFreq = (1.f * sum) / (1.f * count);
       throws IOException, InterruptedException {
   List<MapWritable> cache = new ArrayList<MapWritable>();
                                                                       DecimalFormat df = new DecimalFormat("#.00");
                                                                       relFreq = Float.parseFloat(df.format(relFreq));
   CustomHashMap agg = new CustomHashMap();
                                                                       TextPair tp = new TextPair(key, k2);
    int count = 0:
                                                                       System.out.println(new GenericPair<TextPair, Float>(tp,relFreq));
    for (MapWritable hm : values) {
                                                                       context.write(tp, new FloatWritable(relFreq));
       cache.add(hm);
       for(Writable k:hm.keySet()){
                                                                   agg = null;
            Text t = (Text) k;
            count += ((IntWritable) hm.get(k)).get();
            if(agg.containsKey(t)){
                int old = agg.get(t).get();
                old += ((IntWritable) hm.get(k)).get();
                agg.put(t, new IntWritable(old));
            } else {
                agg.put(t, new IntWritable(((IntWritable) hm.get(k)).get()));
```

Hadoop Stripe Approach - Result (Reducer Output)

```
< A10, B12 > 0.5
< A10 , D76 > 0.5
< A12, B76 > 0.08
< A12, A10 > 0.08
< A12, B12 > 0.25
< A12, D76 > 0.42
< A12, C31 > 0.17
< B12, B76 > 0.07
< B12, A10 > 0.07
< B12, A12 > 0.27
<B12, D76 > 0.4
<B12, C31 > 0.2
< B76, A10 > 0.17
< B76, B12 > 0.33
< B76, D76 > 0.33
< B76, C31 > 0.17
```

```
< C31 , B76 > 0.06
< C31 , A12 > 0.24
< C31 , A10 > 0.06
< C31 , B12 > 0.24
< C31 , D76 > 0.41
< D76 , B76 > 0.08
< D76 , A10 > 0.08
< D76 , A12 > 0.33
< D76 , B12 > 0.33
< D76 , C31 > 0.17
```

Hadoop Hybrid Approach - Pseudo code

Driver:

- 1. Read input file
- 2. Call mappers
- 3. Call reducers

Mapper:

```
map(Text inputLine)
For each word in input line do:
    Neighbors <- findNeighbors(word)
    For each Word n in Neighbors do:
        emit(Pair(word, n), 1)
```

Reducer:

```
Init:
       buffer <- new Sequence
       lastKey <- String
reduce(Pair p(k1, k2), List values[1, 1, ....]):
       if(k1 != lastKey)
              flushBuffer(lastKey)
              lastKev = k1
       for(int v in values[1, 1, ...]){
              buffer{k2}.add (v)
Close:
       flushBuffer(lastKey)
```

Hadoop Hybrid Approach - Java code - Mapper

Mapper:

map(Text inputLine)
For each word in input line do:
 Neighbors <- findNeighbors(word)
 For each Word n in Neighbors do:
 emit(Pair(word, n), 1)

```
private final static IntWritable one = new IntWritable(1);
public void map(LongWritable key, Text value, Context context)
    String line = value.toString();
    StringTokenizer tokenizer = new StringTokenizer(line);
    ArrayList<Text> words = new ArrayList<>();
    while (tokenizer.hasMoreTokens()) {
        words.add(new Text(tokenizer.nextToken()));
   ArrayList<TextPair> neighboursList =
            findNeighbourPairs(words.remove(0), words);
    for(TextPair qp:neighboursList){
        context.write(gp, one);
```

Hadoop Hybrid Approach - Java code - Mapper

Mapper:

```
map(Text inputLine)
For each word in input line do:
    Neighbors <- findNeighbors(word)
    For each Word n in Neighbors do:
        emit(Pair(word, n), 1)
```

```
public static ArrayList<TextPair> findNeighbourPairs(Text w, ArrayList<Text> list){
   if(list.size() == 1){
      TextPair gp = new TextPair( new Text(w) , new Text(list.remove(0)) );
      return new ArrayList <> (Arrays.asList(gp));
}

ArrayList<TextPair> ret = new ArrayList <> ();
   for(Text w2:list){
      if(w2.equals(w)){
        break;
      }
      ret.add(new TextPair(w, w2));
   }

ret.addAll( findNeighbourPairs(list.remove(0), list) );
return ret;
```

Hadoop Hybrid Approach - Java code - Reducer

Reducer:

```
Init:
       buffer <- new Sequence
       lastKey <- String
reduce(Pair p(k1, k2), List values[1, 1, ....]):
      if(k1 != lastKey)
              flushBuffer(lastKey)
              lastKev = k1
      for(int v in values[1, 1, ...]){
              buffer{k2}.add (v)
Close:
      flushBuffer(lastKey)
```

```
private static TreeMap<String, Integer> buffer = new TreeMap<>();
private static String lastKey = null;
@Override
protected void reduce(
        TextPair key,
        Iterable<IntWritable> values,
        Context context)
        throws IOException, InterruptedException {
    String thisKey = key.getKey().toString();
    String thisVal = key.getVal().toString();
    if(!thisKey.equals(lastKey)){
        flushBuffer(lastKey, context);
        lastKey = new String(thisKey);
    Iterator<IntWritable> it = values.iterator();
    while(it.hasNext()){
    IntWritable i = it.next();
        if(!buffer.containsKey(thisVal)){
            buffer.put(thisVal, i.get());
        } else {
            Integer oldValue = buffer.get(thisVal);
            buffer.put(thisVal, new Integer(oldValue + i.get()));
```

Hadoop Hybrid Approach - Java code - Reducer

```
Reducer:
Init:
      buffer <- new Sequence
      lastKey <- String
reduce(Pair p(k1, k2), List values[1, 1, ....]):
      if(k1 != lastKey)
             flushBuffer(lastKey)
             lastKev = k1
      for(int v in values[1, 1, ...]){
             buffer{k2}.add (v)
Close:
      flushBuffer(lastKey)
```

```
private void flushBuffer(
        String thisKey,
        Context context) throws IOException, InterruptedException {
    int hmSum = 0;
    for(String k:buffer.keySet()){
        hmSum += buffer.get(k);
    for(String k:buffer.keySet()){
        float val = 1.f * buffer.get(k);
        float relFreq = val / (hmSum*1.f);
        DecimalFormat df = new DecimalFormat("#.00");
        relFreq = Float.parseFloat(df.format(relFreq));
        TextPair gp = new TextPair(new Text(thisKey), new Text(k));
        context.write(qp, new FloatWritable(relFreq) );
   buffer = new TreeMap<>();
```

Hadoop Hybrid Approach - Result (Reducer Output)

```
< A10, B12 > 0.5
< A10 , D76 > 0.5
< A12, A10 > 0.08
< A12, B12 > 0.25
< A12, B76 > 0.08
< A12, C31 > 0.17
< A12, D76 > 0.42
< B12, A10 > 0.07
<B12, A12 > 0.27
< B12, B76 > 0.07
<B12, C31 > 0.2
<B12, D76 > 0.4
< B76, A10 > 0.17
< B76, B12 > 0.33
< B76, C31 > 0.17
<B76, D76 > 0.33
```

```
< C31, A10 > 0.06

< C31, A12 > 0.24

< C31, B12 > 0.24

< C31, B76 > 0.06

< C31, D76 > 0.41

< D76, A10 > 0.08

< D76, A12 > 0.33

< D76, B12 > 0.33

< D76, B76 > 0.08

< D76, C31 > 0.17
```

Hadoop - Comparators

For TextPair Data type that is used as a key to Mapper output

GenericPair<S,T>

TextPair extends
GenericPair<Text,Text>

```
@Override
public int compareTo(Object o) {
    if(! (o instanceof GenericPair) ) {
        throw new RuntimeException("Can't compare to " + o);
    }
    GenericPair gp = (GenericPair) o;
    if (this.getKey() instanceof Comparable) {
        int n = ((Comparable) this.key).compareTo((Comparable) gp.key);
        if(n != 0) {
            return n;
        }
        return ((Comparable) this.val).compareTo((Comparable) gp.val);
    }
    return 0;
}
```

Hadoop Project - Demo

- I setup my project using maven mvn clean package
- I created a shell script to help me:
 - a. Generate jar file using mvn
 - b. Copy sample input files to HDFS
 - c. Run the generated JAR file and write results to a new folder with current datetime as part of the directory name
 - d. Print out the output directory name
 - e. Fetch and Print output from HDFS

start.sh

```
#!/bin/bash
JAR FILE="target/RelativeFreqPairs-1.0-SNAPSHOT.jar"
CLASS NAME="edu.mum.bigdata.mo.RelativeFreqPairsDriver"
HADOOP OUTPUT FOLDER="/user/hive/warehouse/chd pairs `date +'%Y%m%
INPUT FILES="cust*.txt"
HADOOP INPUT DEST="/user/hive/warehouse/custHistData"
mvn clean package
sudo -u hdfs hadoop fs -copyFromLocal $INPUT FILES $HADOOP INPUT DEST
sudo hadoop jar $JAR FILE $CLASS NAME $HADOOP INPUT DEST $HADOOP OUTPUT
echo "Output written to $HADOOP OUTPUT FOLDER"
echo "Output was: "
hadoop fs -cat $HADOOP OUTPUT FOLDER/part-r-00000
```

Spark Project - Problem Statement

- CDH provides a month-long worth of apache log file for DataCo
- DataCo is an online store that sells products to users.
- I will parse this log file and came up with co-occurence matrix for the products that cross-sale together, so, If users who buy product X usually buy product Y, I want my report to show top 50 items that goes together.
- For the purpose of this project, we are going to assume each IP address represents a different user.

) Chrome/35.0.1916.153 Safari/537.36" pp/category/camping%20&%20hiking/product/Diamondback%20 i.1; rv:30.0) Gecko/20100101 Firefox/30.0" iop/category/indoor/outdoor%20games/product/0'Brien%20M 30.0) Gecko/20100101 Firefox/30.0" 'category/trade-in/product/Glove%20It%20Imperial%20Golf ML, like Gecko) Chrome/36.0.1985.125 Safari/537.36" nop/category/fishing/product/Field%20&%20Stream%20Sport pleWebKit/537.76.4 (KHTML, like Gecko) Version/7.0.4 S :ategory/baseball%20&%20softball/product/adidas%20Kids' Gecko/20100101 Firefox/30.0" :ategory/fitness%20accessories/product/Under%20Armour%2 10 9 4) AppleWebKit/537.36 (KHTML, like Gecko) Chrome/ 'category/trade-in/product/Glove%20It%20Urban%20Brick%2 36 (KHTML, like Gecko) Chrome/35.0.1916.153 Safari/537. nop/category/indoor/outdoor%20games/product/0'Brien%20M pleWebKit/537.77.4 (KHTML, like Gecko) Version/7.0.5 Sa 'category/electronics/product/Under%20Armour%20Kids'%20 i37.36 (KHTML, like Gecko) Chrome/35.0.1916.153 Safari/ pry/shop%20by%20sport/product/Under%20Armour%20Girls'%2 .t/537.36 (KHTML, like Gecko) Chrome/35.0.1916.153 Safa

Spark Project - DataCo Co-occurenceM Pseudo code

```
Log <- load log file
ipProductPairs <- new Array
For each entry in log do:
    Pair p <- parse(entry)["ip", "product"]
        filter(only with "add_to_cart")
        cleanText
    ipProductsPair[] = p;
```

Pairs neighbours <- new Array

```
For each ip in inProductPairs
    itemsForUser = inProductPairs[ip]
    Neigh <- findN(itemsForUser)
    For each Pair p in Neigh
        Neighbours[] = Neigh
        Neighbours[] = new Pair(prod,'*')
```

neighboursSorted <- sortByKey(neighbours)
productsCount = find count of each product
freqSortedRatio <- RelCoValues(neighboursSorted)</pre>

Save freqSortedRatio into HDFS Top50 <- sortByValue(freqSortedRatio).take(50) Print Top50

Spark Project - Problem Statement

```
(219.281.28.142, Product A)
(219.281.28.142, Product B)
(219.281.28.142, Product C)
(155.123.128.255, Product B)
(155.123.128.255, Product A)
(155.123.128.255, Product B)
```

(219.281.28.142, [Product A, B, C]) (155.123.128.255, [Product B, A, B])

For user 1:	For user 2:
((A, B), 1)	((B,A), 1)
((A, C), 1)	((B, *), <u>1</u>)
((A, *), 2)	((A,B), 1)
((B, C), 1)	((A, *), 1)
((B, *), <u>1</u>)	

((A, B), [1 + 1] / [2 + 1])	=	((A, B), ² / ₃)
((A, C), [1] / [2 + 1])	=	((A, C), ¹ / ₃)
((B, A), [1] / <u>[1+1]</u>)	=	((B,A), ½)
((B, C), [1] / <u>[1+1]</u>)	=	((B,C), ½)

Parsing Apache Log entries

```
JavaPairRDD<String, List<String>> ipProductPairs = sc
        .textFile(args[0])
        .map(new Function<String, Tuple2<String, String>>() {
            public Tuple2<String, String> call(String line)
                    throws Exception {
                ApacheAccessLog parser = ApacheAccessLog.parseFromLogLine(line);
                String endpoint = parser.getEndpoint();
                endpoint = URLDecoder.decode(endpoint, "UTF-8");
                //log.error("endpoint is : " + endpoint);
                return new Tuple2<String, String>(
                        parser.getIpAddress(), endpoint.toLowerCase());
        1)
        .filter(new Function<Tuple2<String, String>, Boolean>() {
            @Override
            public Boolean call(Tuple2<String, String> item)
                    throws Exception {
                return item. 2.contains("/product/")
                        && item. 2.contains("/add to cart");
        1)
```

Reduce by Key (IP Address)
Finding Neighbour pairs and
Mapping to:
 Pair(Product, product)
 Pair(Product, *)

```
JavaPairRDD<Tuple2<String, String>, Integer> neighbours = ipProductPairs.reduceByKey(
new Function2<List<String>, List<String>, List<String>>(){
    @Override
    public List<String> call(List<String> v1, List<String> v2)
            throws Exception {
        List<String> prod = new ArrayList<String>();
        prod.addAll(v1);
        prod.addAll(v2);
        return prod;
}).map(new Function<Tuple2<String, List<String>>, List<Tuple3<String, String, Integer>>>(){
    @Override
    public List<Tuple3<String, String, Integer>> call(
            Tuple2<String, List<String>> record) throws Exception {
        ArrayList<Tuple2<String, String>> neighbors = findNeighbourPairs(record. 2().remove(6)
        List<Tuple3<String, String, Integer>> ret = new ArrayList<Tuple3<String, String, Ir
        for(Tuple2<String, String> qp:neighbors){
            ret.add(new Tuple3<String, String, Integer>(qp. 1(), qp. 2(), 1));
            ret.add(new Tuple3<String, String, Integer>(qp. 1(), "*", 1));
        return ret:
    }}).flatMap(new FlatMapFunction<List<Tuple3<String, String, Integer>>, Tuple3<String, Str</p>
```

Find count of each product

Use that count to calculate Relative co-occurrence

Remove count of each rows

```
JavaRDD<Tuple2<Tuple2<String, String>, Float>> freqSortedRatio = neighboursSorted
  .map(new Function<Tuple2<Tuple2<String, String>, Integer>, Tuple2<Tuple2<String, String>, Float
 @Override
  public Tuple2<Tuple2<String, String>, Float> call(
         Tuple2<Tuple2<String, String>, Integer> t)
          throws Exception {
      if(t. 1(). 2().equals("*")){
          CountHolder.lastCounter = t. 2():
          return new Tuple2<Tuple2<String, String>, Float>(t. 1(), 0.f);
      float ratio = (1.f * t. 2())/( 1.f * CountHolder.lastCounter ):
      DecimalFormat df = new DecimalFormat("#.00");
      ratio = Float.parseFloat(df.format(ratio));
      System.out.println(t. 1() + " : " + ratio);
      return new Tuple2<Tuple2<String, String>, Float>(t. 1(), ratio);
}).filter(new Function<Tuple2<Tuple2<String, String>, Float>, Boolean>(){
 @Override
  public Boolean call(Tuple2<Tuple2<String, String>, Float> v1)
         throws Exception {
      return !v1. 1(). 2().equals("*");
  }});
freqSortedRatio.saveAsTextFile("hdfs:///user/hive/warehouse/spark prod relfreq " + System.currer
```

Find top 50 products that Sells together

Comparator for key

Comparator for values

```
public class KeyComparator implements Comparator<Tuple2<String, String>>, Serializable
       @Override
        public int compare(Tuple2<String, String> ol,
                Tuple2<String, String> o2) {
           int c1 = o1. 1().compareTo(o2. 1());
           if(c1 != 0)
                return cl:
           return o1. 2().compareTo(o2. 2());
  public class ValComparator implements
          Serializable, Comparator<Tuple2<Tuple2<String, String>, Float>> {
      @Override
      public int compare(Tuple2<Tuple2<String, String>, Float> o1,
              Tuple2<Tuple2<String, String>, Float> o2) {
          return -1*Float.compare(01. 2(), 02. 2());
```

Spark Project - DataCo Co-occurenceM Output

TOP Relations:

(bushnell pro x7 jolt slope rangefinder, nike men's cj elite 2 td football cleat) -> 0.19

(clicgear rovic cooler bag, nike men's cj elite 2 td football cleat) -> 0.17

(polar ft4 heart rate monitor, nike men's dri-fit victory golf polo) -> 0.13

(under armour kids' mercenary slide, adidas kids' rg iii mid football cleat) -> 0.13

(bridgestone e6 straight distance nfl san dieg,nike men's cj elite 2 td football cleat) -> 0.12

(clicgear rovic cooler bag, perfect fitness perfect rip deck) -> 0.11

(garmin forerunner 910xt gps watch, nike men's fingertrap max training shoe) -> 0.11

(glove it urban brick golf towel, nike men's dri-fit victory golf polo) -> 0.11

(hirzl men's hybrid golf glove, nike men's cj elite 2 td football cleat) -> 0.11

(bag boy beverage holder, perfect fitness perfect rip deck) -> 0.11

(garmin approach s4 golf gps watch, nike men's dri-fit victory golf polo) -> 0.1

Spark Project - DataCo Co-occurenceM

DeMo

