# Praktikum Teknologi Perekayasaan Data

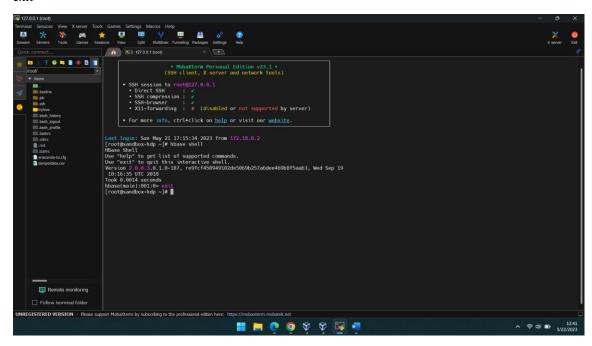
Tanggal Praktikum: Monday, May 22, 2023

# Kelola Data dalam HBase

1. Masuk ke HBase shell

hbase shell

exit

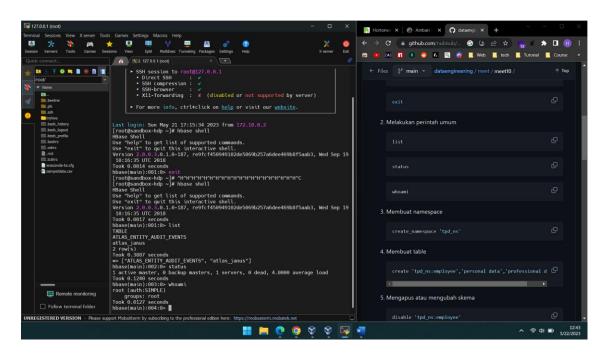


2. Melakukan perintah umum

list

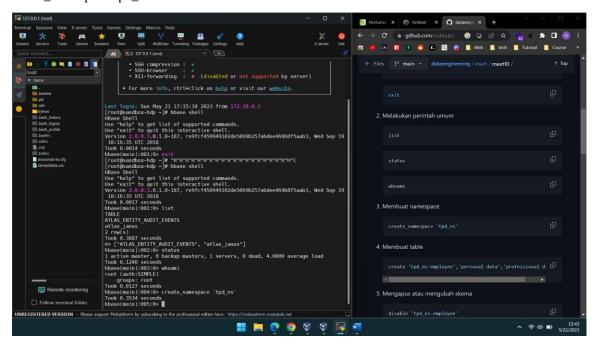
status

whoami



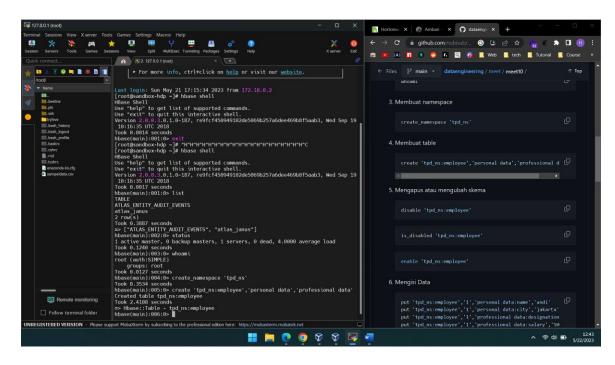
### 3. Membuat namespace

create\_namespace 'tpd\_ns'



#### 4. Membuat table

create 'tpd\_ns:employee', 'personal data', 'professional data'

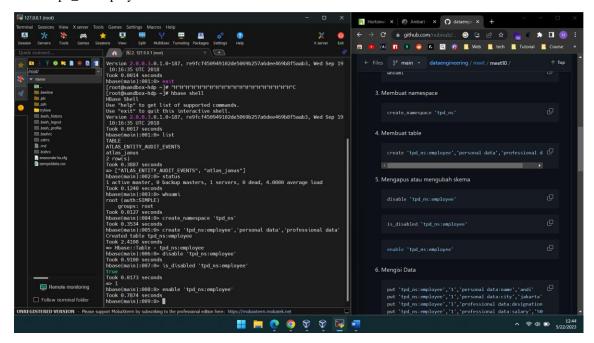


# 5. Mengapus atau mengubah skema

disable 'tpd\_ns:employee'

is\_disabled 'tpd\_ns:employee'

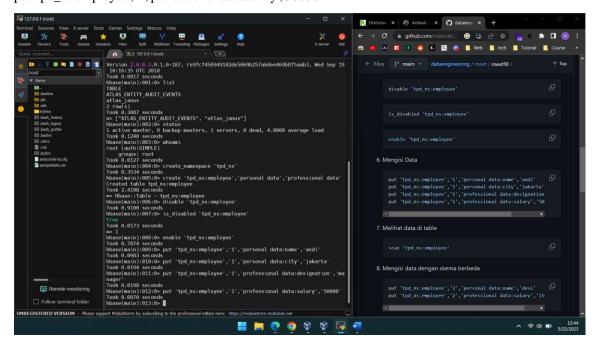
enable 'tpd\_ns:employee'



# 6. Mengisi Data

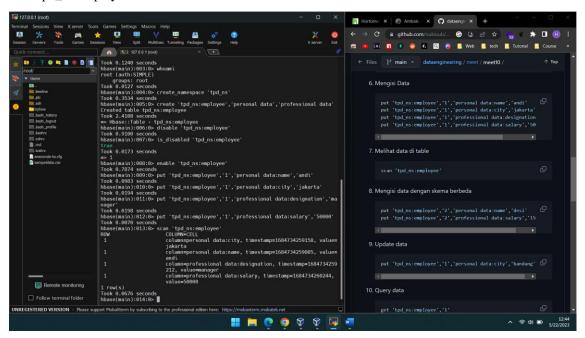
- 7. put 'tpd\_ns:employee','1','personal data:name','andi'
- 8. put 'tpd\_ns:employee','1','personal data:city','jakarta'

9. put 'tpd\_ns:employee','1','professional data:designation','manager' put 'tpd\_ns:employee','1','professional data:salary','50000'



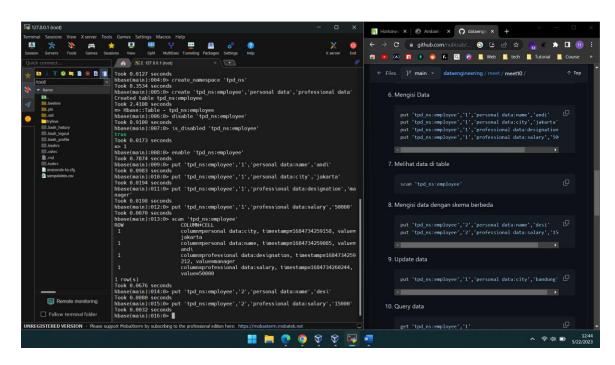
#### 10. Melihat data di table

scan 'tpd\_ns:employee'



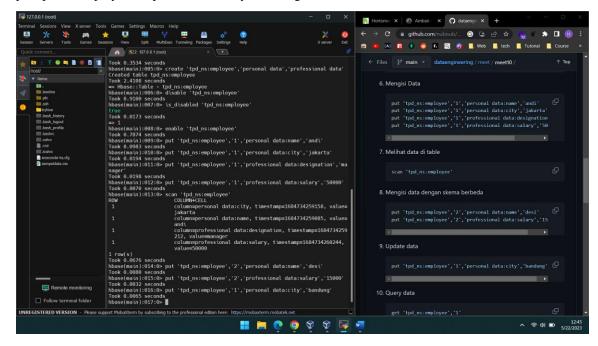
### 11. Mengisi data dengan skema berbeda

12. put 'tpd\_ns:employee','2','personal data:name','desi' put 'tpd\_ns:employee','2','professional data:salary','15000'



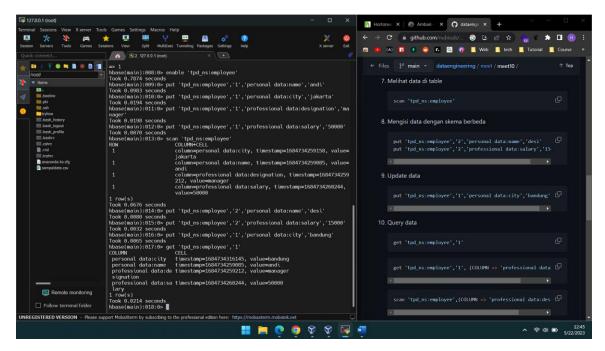
### 13. Update data

put 'tpd\_ns:employee','1','personal data:city','bandung'

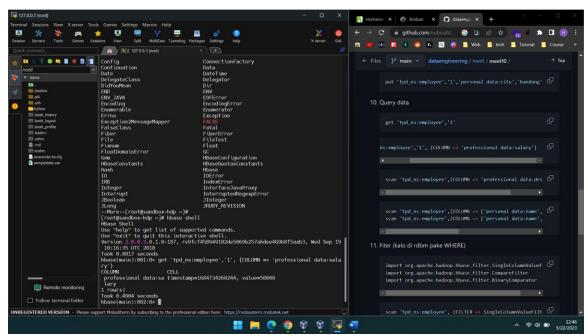


# 14. Query data

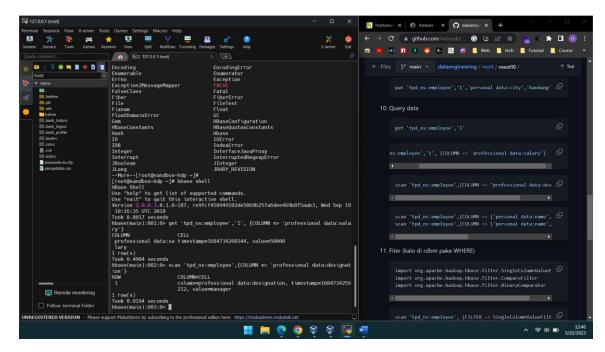
get 'tpd\_ns:employee','1'



get 'tpd\_ns:employee','1', {COLUMN => 'professional data:salary'}

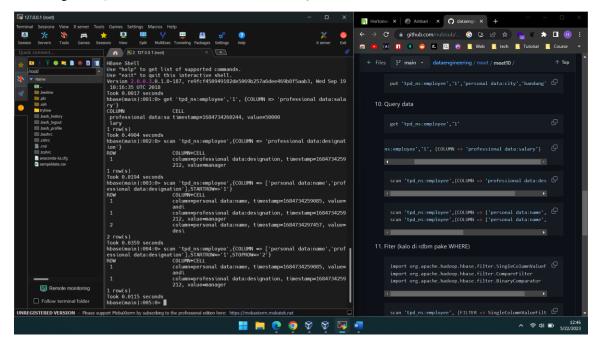


scan 'tpd\_ns:employee',{COLUMN => 'professional data:designation'}



scan 'tpd\_ns:employee',{COLUMN => ['personal data:name','professional data:designation'],STARTROW=>'1'}

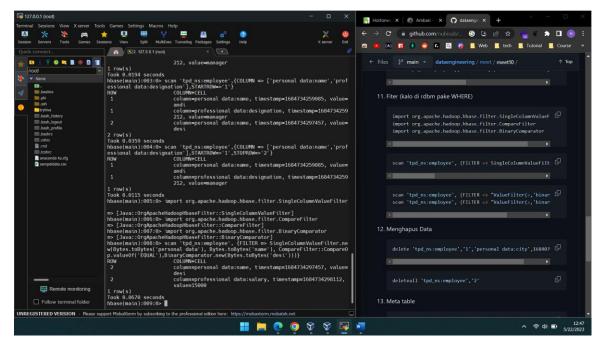
scan 'tpd\_ns:employee',{COLUMN => ['personal data:name','professional data:designation'],STARTROW=>'1',STOPROW=>'2'}



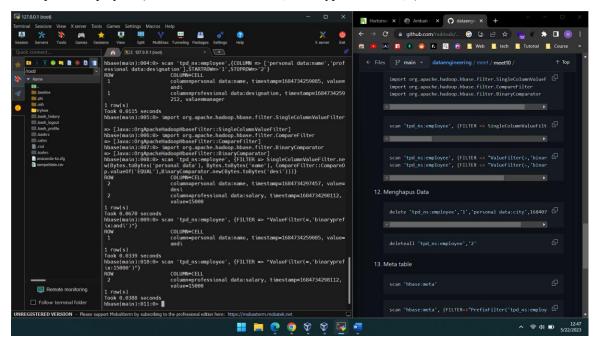
- 15. Fiter (kalo di rdbm pake WHERE)
- 16. import org.apache.hadoop.hbase.filter.SingleColumnValueFilter
- 17. import org.apache.hadoop.hbase.filter.CompareFilter import org.apache.hadoop.hbase.filter.BinaryComparator

scan 'tpd\_ns:employee', {FILTER => SingleColumnValueFilter.new(Bytes.toBytes('personal data'), Bytes.toBytes('name'),

CompareFilter::CompareOp.valueOf('EQUAL'),BinaryComparator.new(Bytes.toBytes('desi')))}

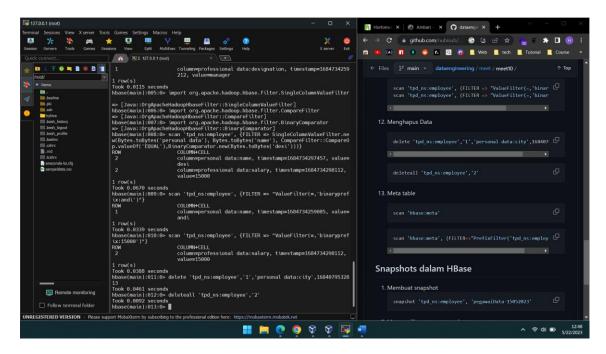


scan 'tpd\_ns:employee', {FILTER => "ValueFilter(=,'binaryprefix:andi')"}
scan 'tpd\_ns:employee', {FILTER => "ValueFilter(=,'binaryprefix:15000')"}



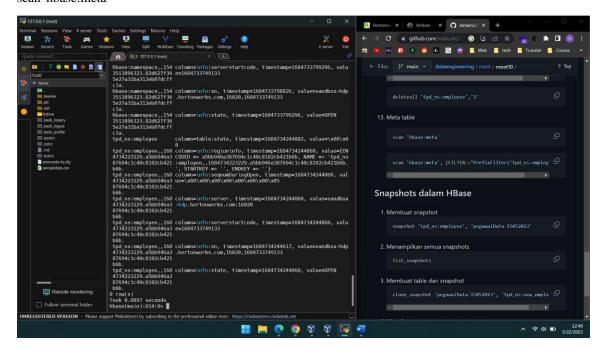
### 18. Menghapus Data

delete 'tpd\_ns:employee','1','personal data:city',1684079532813 deleteall 'tpd\_ns:employee','2'

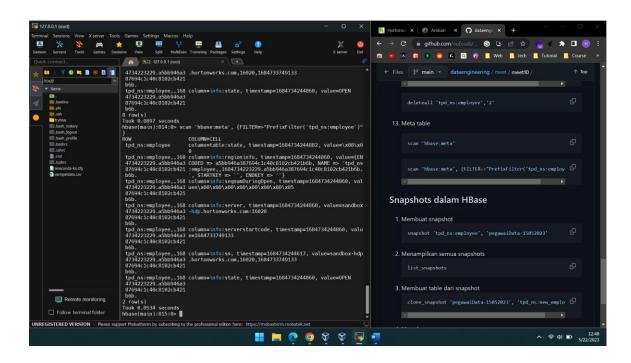


#### 19. Meta table

scan 'hbase:meta'



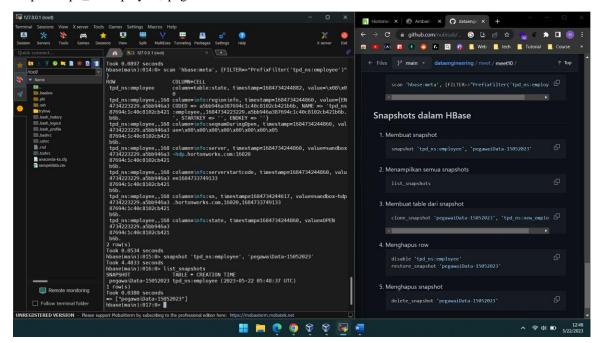
scan 'hbase:meta', {FILTER=>"PrefixFilter('tpd\_ns:employee')"}



# **Snapshots dalam HBase**

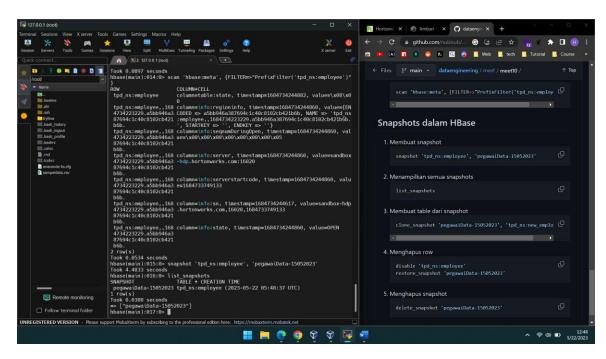
1. Membuat snapshot

snapshot 'tpd\_ns:employee', 'pegawaiData-15052023'



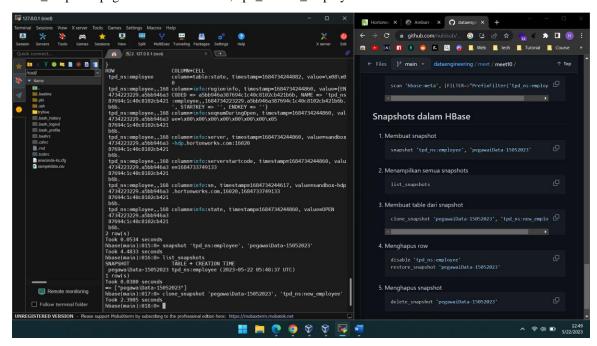
2. Menampilkan semua snapshots

list\_snapshots

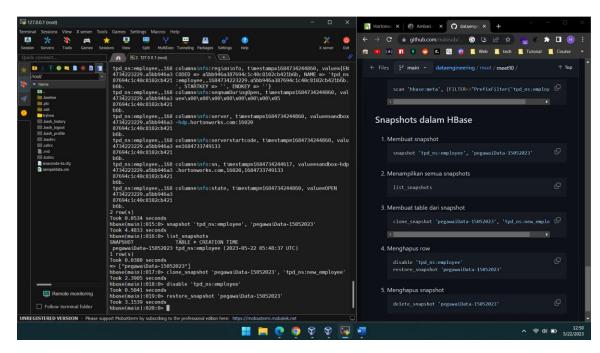


## 3. Membuat table dari snapshot

clone\_snapshot 'pegawaiData-15052023', 'tpd\_ns:new\_employee'

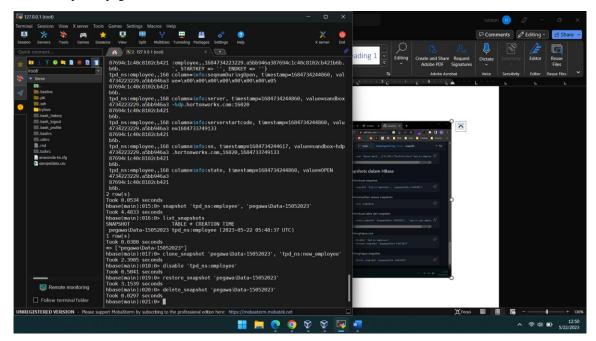


- 4. Menghapus row
- disable 'tpd\_ns:employee' restore\_snapshot 'pegawaiData-15052023'



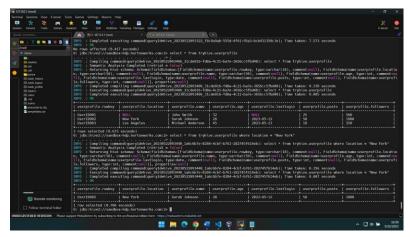
### 6. Menghapus snapshot

delete\_snapshot 'pegawaiData-15052023'



1. Bandingkan performa read/write dengan Hive di praktikum modul sebelumnya, manakah yang relative lebih cepat?

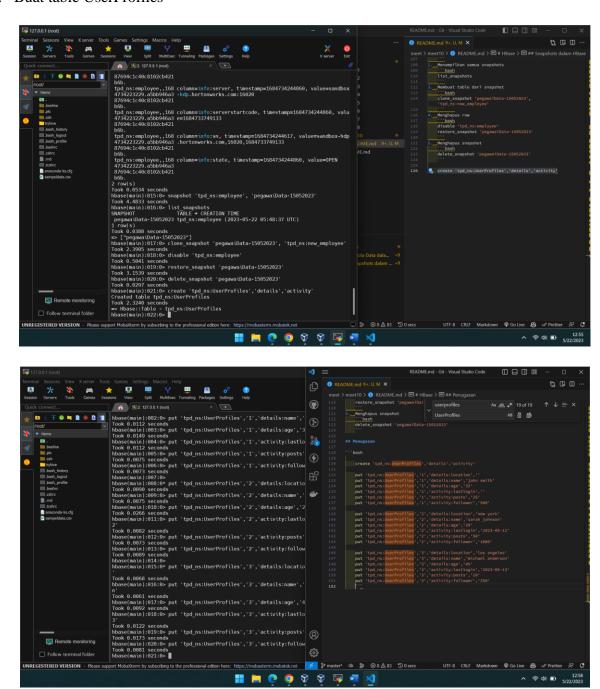
Dilakukan pengujian menggunakan data user profile dengan 3 row baris saja



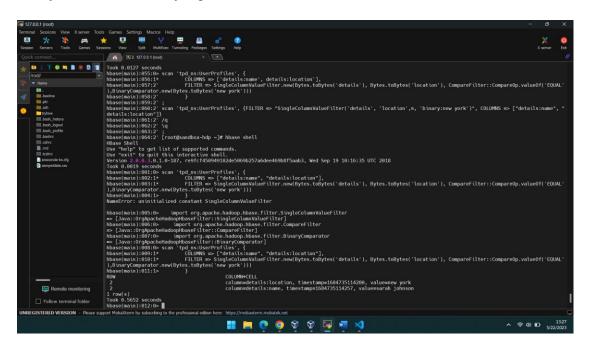
	Hive (seconds)	Hbase (seconds)
Write	8.417	0.192
Read	1.846	0.706

Dari pengujian di atas dapat disimpulkan bahwa performa read dan write pada Hbase lebih baik dari Hive

#### 2. Buat table UserProfiles



a. Query untuk Nama user yang berlokasi di New York



b. Query untuk Nama dan last login user yang melakukan posting lebih dari 20 kali

