

# TODO- LIST APPLICATION BASED ON STACK

- Institute Name: GH Patel College Of Engineering, Vallabh Vidyanagar, Anand
- Submitted to: MyJobGrow
- Submitted By: Meenakshi T.S
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MINOR PROJECT

Deployment link: <https://github.com/nul-lhypothesis/Todo-List-Application-Using-Stack-Data-Structure>



# ACKNOWLEDGEMENT

I would like to express my sincere gratitude to **MyJobGrow** for guiding me throughout this internship and for providing me with the learning materials and project resources that helped me understand data structures and their real-world applications.

I also thank my mentors and the online tutors from MyJobGrow for their consistent support. Their guidance helped me strengthen my fundamentals in Python and apply them practically while developing this **TODO List Application**.

As a **first-year Computer Engineering student**, this project gave me a deeper understanding of how logic, structure, and coding come together to create a working system. I am grateful for this learning experience that has contributed to my growth as a budding programmer.

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# INTRODUCTION TO PYTHON

Python is one of the most popular and powerful programming languages used in today's world. It is an interpreted, high-level, and general-purpose language that emphasizes readability and simplicity. Python was created by **Guido van Rossum** and first released in **1991**. The language was designed with the philosophy of making code easy to read and write, allowing programmers to express their ideas in fewer lines of code compared to other languages like C++ or Java.

Python supports multiple programming paradigms, including **procedural, object-oriented, and functional programming**, making it highly flexible for a wide range of applications. Its syntax is clean and straightforward, which helps beginners quickly understand programming concepts. This is one of the main reasons Python is widely taught in schools and colleges as a first programming language.

# FEATURES OF PYTHON

## Simple and easy to learn

Python's syntax is clear and similar to english, making it very easy for beginners to learn and use.

## Interpreted language

Python programs do not require compilation. The interpreter reads and executes the code line by line, making debugging simpler.

## Object-oriented

Python supports object oriented programming concepts like classes, inheritance, polymorphism, which help in organizing and reusing code efficiently.

## **Extensive library support**

Provides a large number of built-in libraries and modules that make it easy to perform various tasks such as file handling, data analysis, and web development.

## **Portable and open source**

Python is available for free and can run on various platforms such as windows, macOS, linux without modification.

## **Dynamic Typing & large community support**

In python we don't need to declare the type of variable as type is automatically determined at run time and it also has a huge active global community that contributes to continuous development

# APPLICATIONS OF PYTHON

Python is a versatile language used in almost every field of technology. Some of its major applications include:

- **Web Development:** Frameworks like Django and Flask are used to create powerful web applications.
- **Data Science and Machine Learning:** Libraries such as NumPy, Pandas, TensorFlow, and Scikit-learn make Python a leading language for data analysis and AI development.
- **Automation and Scripting:** Python is used for automating repetitive tasks such as file organization, email handling, and testing.
- **Software Development:** It is used to build desktop and mobile applications.
- **Game Development:** Libraries like Pygame help in creating simple 2D games.
- **Cybersecurity and Ethical Hacking:** Python scripts are used in security testing and penetration testing tools.

Python continues to grow in popularity due to its simplicity and wide range of applications. It bridges the gap between academic learning and real-world problem solving.

# INTRODUCTION TO THE PROJECT

- The **TODO List Application** is a console-based Python program designed to help users organize and track their daily activities efficiently. It makes use of the **Stack data structure** to manage tasks — meaning the most recently added or completed task can be accessed or undone first, following the **Last In, First Out (LIFO)** principle.
- The project allows the user to add new tasks with details such as title, description, priority, and due date. Tasks can be marked as completed, deleted, or even undone using stack operations. It also provides sorting, searching, and viewing features that make it easy to organize tasks by priority, category, or date.
- All task data is saved in a **JSON file** so that the list remains available even after the program is closed. Through this project, I learned how to combine Python programming with **data structures** and **file handling** to build something both logical and practical.

# CONCEPTS USED IN THE PROJECT

This project makes use of several important programming and data structure concepts that helped in building a functional and efficient TODO List Application. Each concept played a specific role — from organizing data and managing tasks to handling files and ensuring a smooth user experience. The key concepts applied in this project are explained below:

- 1. Stack Data Structure:**  
Used for task management and undo operations. New tasks are added to the stack, and the most recently completed task can be undone using the LIFO approach.
- 2. File Handling & JSON:**  
Enables saving and loading tasks from a file, ensuring the data is not lost when the program ends.
- 3. Sorting Algorithm (Bubble Sort):**  
Implemented to organize tasks by different factors such as priority, due date, or category.

**4. Search Algorithm (Linear Search):**

Used to find tasks quickly by keywords in title, description, or category.

**5. Object-Oriented Programming (OOP):**

The entire application is built around the TODO List class, which makes the code more modular and readable.

**6. Data Structures (Lists & Dictionaries):**

Tasks are stored as dictionaries inside lists for efficient data access and modification.

**7. User Interaction:**

A simple text-based interface with menu options allows users to perform different operations smoothly.

**8. Error Handling:**

The code uses validation and exception handling to avoid crashes and guide the user properly.

# SOURCE CODE (screenshots)

```
(todo) [1]: todo list.py
 1  import datetime
 2  import json
 3  import os
 4
 5  DATA_FILE = "todo_data.json"
 6
 7  class TODOLIST:
 8      """
 9          Simple TODO List Application using Stack (student-coded).
10          Main stacks:
11          | - self.tasks: list of task dicts (acts as main stack)
12          | - self.completed_stack: list of completed tasks (for undo)
13      """
14
15  def __init__(self, filename=DATA_FILE):
16      self.filename = filename
17      self.tasks = []
18      self.completed_stack = []
19      self.next_id = 1
20      self.load_tasks()
21
22  def load_tasks(self):
23      try:
24          if os.path.exists(self.filename):
25              with open(self.filename, "r", encoding="utf-8") as f:
26                  data = json.load(f)
27                  self.tasks = data.get("tasks", [])
28                  self.completed_stack = data.get("completed", [])
29                  if self.tasks:
30                      self.next_id = max(t["id"] for t in self.tasks) + 1
31              print("Loaded existing tasks.")
```

```
32     else:
33         |     print("No existing tasks found. Starting fresh.")
34     except Exception as e:
35         |     print(f"Error loading tasks (file may be corrupted): {e}")
36         self.tasks = []
37         self.completed_stack = []
38         self.next_id = 1
39
40     def save_tasks(self):
41         try:
42             with open(self.filename, "w", encoding="utf-8") as f:
43                 json.dump({"tasks": self.tasks, "completed": self.completed_stack}, f, indent=2)
44         except Exception as e:
45             print(f"Error saving tasks: {e}")
46
47     def reindex_ids(self):
48         """Reassign task IDs after deletion"""
49         for i, task in enumerate(self.tasks, start=1):
50             |     task["id"] = i
51         self.next_id = len(self.tasks) + 1
52
53     @staticmethod
54     def now_str():
55         |     return datetime.datetime.now().strftime("%d-%m-%Y %H:%M")
56
57     @staticmethod
58     def parse_date_str(date_str):
59         try:
60             |     return datetime.datetime.strptime(date_str, "%d-%m-%Y")
61         except Exception:
```

```
61     except Exception:
62         return datetime.datetime.max
63
64     @staticmethod
65     def truncate(text, n=40):
66         return text if len(text) <= n else text[:n-3] + "..."
67
68     def display_menu(self):
69         print("\n" + "*50)
70         print("          TODO LIST APPLICATION ")
71         print("*50)
72         print("1. Add New Task")
73         print("2. View All Tasks")
74         print("3. Mark Task as Completed")
75         print("4. Undo Last Completion")
76         print("5. Delete Task")
77         print("6. Sort Tasks")
78         print("7. Search Tasks")
79         print("8. View by Category")
80         print("9. View Statistics")
81         print("10. Exit")
82         print("-*50)
83
84     def add_task(self):
85         print("\n--- Add New Task ---")
86         title = input("Enter task title: ").strip()
87         if not title:
88             print("Task title cannot be empty. Try again.")
89         return
90
```

```
90
91     description = input("Enter description (optional): ").strip()
92
93     print("\nPriority (1-High, 2-Medium, 3-Low) [default 2]: ", end="")
94     pr = input().strip()
95     priority = "High" if pr == "1" else "Low" if pr == "3" else "Medium"
96
97     print("\nCategory (work/personal/study/shopping/other) [default other]: ", end="")
98     cat = input().strip().title() or "Other"
99
100    due = input("Due date (DD-MM-YYYY) or leave blank: ").strip()
101   if due:
102       try:
103           datetime.datetime.strptime(due, "%d-%m-%Y")
104       except Exception:
105           print("Invalid due date format. It will be saved as blank.")
106           due = ""
107
108   task = {
109       "id": self.next_id,
110       "title": title,
111       "description": description,
112       "priority": priority,
113       "category": cat,
114       "due_date": due,
115       "created_at": self.now_str(),
116       "completed": False
117   }
118   self.tasks.append(task)
119   self.next_id += 1
```

```
120     self.save_tasks()
121     print(f"Task '{title}' added (ID {task['id']}).")
122     input("Press Enter to continue...")
123
124     def view_tasks(self, tasks=None, header="All Tasks"):
125         if tasks is None:
126             tasks = self.tasks
127         if not tasks:
128             print("\nNo tasks to show.")
129             return
130         print(f"\n--- {header} ---")
131         print("ID | Pri | Cat      | Status    | Title")
132         print("-"*60)
133         for t in tasks:
134             status = "Done" if t.get("completed") else "Pending"
135             title_display = self.truncate(t.get("title", ""), 38)
136             print(f"{t['id']:2} | {t['priority'][0]} | {t['category'][:9]:9} | {status:9} | {title_display}")
137         print("-"*60)
138
139     def complete_task(self):
140         if not self.tasks:
141             print("\nNo tasks available to complete.")
142             return
143         self.view_tasks()
144         raw = input("Enter Task ID to mark as completed: ").strip()
145         if not raw.isdigit():
146             print("Enter a numeric ID.")
147             return
148         tid = int(raw)
```

```
148     tid = int(raw)
149     for t in self.tasks:
150         if t["id"] == tid:
151             if t["completed"]:
152                 print("Task already completed.")
153             else:
154                 self.completed_stack.append(t.copy())
155                 t["completed"] = True
156                 t["completed_at"] = self.now_str()
157                 self.save_tasks()
158                 print(f"Task '{t['title']}' marked as completed.")
159                 input("Press Enter to continue...")
160             return
161     print("Task ID not found.")
162
163     def undo_last_completion(self):
164         if not self.completed_stack:
165             print("\nNo completed tasks to undo. Complete a task first.")
166             return
167         last = self.completed_stack.pop()
168         for t in self.tasks:
169             if t["id"] == last["id"]:
170                 t["completed"] = False
171                 t.pop("completed_at", None)
172                 self.save_tasks()
173                 print(f"Undid completion of task '{t['title']}'.")
174                 input("Press Enter to continue...")
175             return
176     print("Unexpected: previously completed task not found.")
```

```
176     |     print("Unexpected: previously completed task not found.")
177
178     def delete_task(self):
179         if not self.tasks:
180             print("\nNo tasks to delete.")
181             return
182         self.view_tasks()
183         try:
184             tid = int(input("Enter Task ID to delete: "))
185             for i, t in enumerate(self.tasks):
186                 if t["id"] == tid:
187                     deleted = self.tasks.pop(i)
188                     self.completed_stack = [c for c in self.completed_stack if c["title"] != deleted["title"]]
189                     self.reindex_ids() # fixed: reindex IDs
190                     self.save_tasks()
191                     print(f'Deleted task '{deleted['title']}')
192                     return
193             print("Invalid Task ID.")
194         except ValueError:
195             print("Enter a valid number.")
196
197     def sort_tasks(self):
198         if not self.tasks:
199             print("\nNo tasks to sort.")
200             return
201         print("\nSort by:")
202         print("1. Priority (High -> Low)")
203         print("2. Due date (earliest first)")
204         print("3. Category (A-Z)")
205         print("4. Created date (newest first)")
206         choice = input("Choice (1-4): ").strip()
```

```
206     choice = input("Choice (1-4): ").strip()
207     arr = self.tasks.copy()
208
209     n = len(arr)
210     for i in range(n):
211         for j in range(0, n - i - 1):
212             swap = False
213             if choice == "1":
214                 order = {"High":3, "Medium":2, "Low":1}
215                 if order[arr[j]["priority"]] < order[arr[j+1]["priority"]]:
216                     swap = True
217             elif choice == "2":
218                 d1 = self.parse_date_str(arr[j].get("due_date",""))
219                 d2 = self.parse_date_str(arr[j+1].get("due_date",""))
220                 if d1 > d2:
221                     swap = True
222             elif choice == "3":
223                 if arr[j]["category"].lower() > arr[j+1]["category"].lower():
224                     swap = True
225             elif choice == "4":
226                 try:
227                     c1 = datetime.datetime.strptime(arr[j]["created_at"], "%d-%m-%Y %H:%M")
228                     c2 = datetime.datetime.strptime(arr[j+1]["created_at"], "%d-%m-%Y %H:%M")
229                 except Exception:
230                     c1 = c2 = datetime.datetime.min
231                 if c1 < c2:
232                     swap = True
233             if swap:
234                 arr[j], arr[j+1] = arr[j+1], arr[j]
235     title = {
```

```
235     title = {
236         "1": "Tasks sorted by Priority",
237         "2": "Tasks sorted by Due date",
238         "3": "Tasks sorted by Category",
239         "4": "Tasks sorted by Created date"
240     }.get(choice, "Sorted Tasks")
241     self.view_tasks(arr, header=title)
242
243     def search_tasks(self):
244         if not self.tasks:
245             print("\nNo tasks to search.")
246             return
247         kw = input("Enter keyword to search (title/description/category): ").strip().lower()
248         if not kw:
249             print("No keyword entered.")
250             return
251         found = []
252         for t in self.tasks:
253             if (kw in t["title"].lower() or
254                 kw in t.get("description", "").lower() or
255                 kw in t.get("category", "").lower()):
256                 found.append(t)
257         self.view_tasks(found, header=f"Search results for '{kw}'")
258
259     def view_by_category(self):
260         if not self.tasks:
261             print("\nNo tasks to show.")
262             return
263         groups = {}
264         for t in self.tasks:
```

```
264     for t in self.tasks:
265         cat = t.get("category","Other")
266         groups.setdefault(cat, []).append(t)
267     for cat, items in groups.items():
268         print(f"\n{cat} ({len(items)} tasks):")
269         self.view_tasks(items, header=f"{cat} tasks")
270
271     def view_statistics(self):
272         if not self.tasks:
273             print("\nNo tasks for statistics.")
274             return
275         total = len(self.tasks)
276         completed = sum(1 for t in self.tasks if t.get("completed"))
277         pending = total - completed
278         high = sum(1 for t in self.tasks if t.get("priority")=="High")
279         med = sum(1 for t in self.tasks if t.get("priority")=="Medium")
280         low = sum(1 for t in self.tasks if t.get("priority")=="Low")
281         rate = (completed / total * 100) if total else 0.0
282         print("\n--- Task Statistics ---")
283         print(f"Total tasks      : {total}")
284         print(f"Completed       : {completed}")
285         print(f"Pending         : {pending}")
286         print(f"High priority   : {high}")
287         print(f"Medium priority : {med}")
288         print(f"Low priority    : {low}")
289         print(f"Completion rate : {rate:.1f}%")
290
291     def main():
292         app = TODOList()
293         while True:
```

```
291 def main():
292     app = TODOList()
293     while True:
294         app.display_menu()
295         choice = input("Enter your choice (1-10): ").strip()
296         if not choice:
297             print("Please enter a valid option.")
298             continue
299         if choice == "1":
300             app.add_task()
301         elif choice == "2":
302             app.view_tasks()
303             input("Press Enter to continue...")
304         elif choice == "3":
305             app.complete_task()
306         elif choice == "4":
307             app.undo_last_completion()
308         elif choice == "5":
309             app.delete_task()
310         elif choice == "6":
311             app.sort_tasks()
312             input("Press Enter to continue...")
313         elif choice == "7":
314             app.search_tasks()
315             input("Press Enter to continue...")
316         elif choice == "8":
317             app.view_by_category()
318             input("Press Enter to continue...")
319         elif choice == "9":
320             app.view_statistics()
321             input("Press Enter to continue...")
```

```
305     |     app.complete_task()
306     | elif choice == "4":
307     |     app.undo_last_completion()
308     | elif choice == "5":
309     |     app.delete_task()
310     | elif choice == "6":
311     |     app.sort_tasks()
312     |     input("Press Enter to continue...")
313     | elif choice == "7":
314     |     app.search_tasks()
315     |     input("Press Enter to continue...")
316     | elif choice == "8":
317     |     app.view_by_category()
318     |     input("Press Enter to continue...")
319     | elif choice == "9":
320     |     app.view_statistics()
321     |     input("Press Enter to continue...")
322     | elif choice == "10":
323     |     print("\nSaving and exiting. Goodbye!")
324     |     app.save_tasks()
325     |     break
326     | else:
327     |     print("Invalid choice. Please enter a number from 1 to 10.")
328
329 if __name__ == "__main__":
330     main()
331
332
333
334
```

# WORKFLOW OF THE CODE

The workflow of the TODO-List follows a clear, step-by-step process:

## 1. Start & Load

When the program starts, it checks if the todo\_data.json file exists. If it does, the saved tasks are loaded into memory. If not, the program starts with an empty task list.

## 2. Show Main Menu

The main menu is displayed with options like Add, Display, Complete, Undo, Delete, Sort, Search, View by Category, Statistics, and Exit.

## 3. Add Task (Push)

User enters task details (title, description, priority, category, due date). The task is stored as a dictionary and **pushed** onto the main stack. The JSON file is updated immediately.

## 4. Display Tasks

The program prints all current tasks in a neat format showing ID, priority, category, status, and creation date.

## 5. Complete Task (Copy → Completed Stack)

When a task is marked completed, a copy is saved to the completed\_stack and the task status is updated. This enables undoing later.

## **6. Undo Last Completion (Pop)**

The last completed task is **popped** from the completed\_stack and its status is set back to pending in the main stack — LIFO behavior in action.

## **7. Delete Task**

User can remove any task by ID. The task is deleted from the main stack and the JSON file is updated.

## **8. Sort Tasks (Bubble Sort)**

User can sort tasks by priority, due date, category, or creation date. Sorting is done with a bubble-sort implementation and the sorted list is displayed.

## **9. Search Tasks (Linear Search)**

The program searches tasks by keyword (title, description, or category) using linear search and displays matching results.

## **10. View by Category (Group View)**

Tasks are grouped and shown by category (Work / Personal / Study / etc.) in a simple tree-like list, with counts for each category.

## **11. View Statistics**

Shows total tasks, completed vs pending counts, priority breakdown (High/Medium/Low), and a completion percentage.

## **12. Save & Exit**

On exit, all changes are ensured to be saved in the JSON file and the program displays a thank-you message before closing.

# OUTPUT EXPLANATION

The screenshot shows a terminal window with the following content:

```
PS C:\Users\User\Desktop\TODO list python> & C:/Users/User/AppData/Local/Programs/Python/Python313/python.exe "c:/Users/User/Desktop/Todo list python/todo list.py"
Loaded existing tasks.
```

  

```
PS C:\Users\User\Desktop\TODO list python> & C:/Users/User/AppData/Local/Programs/Python/Python313/python.exe "c:/Users/User/Desktop/Todo list python/todo list.py"
No existing tasks found. Starting fresh.

=====
 TODO LIST APPLICATION
=====
1. Add New Task
2. View All Tasks
3. Mark Task as Completed
4. Undo Last Completion
5. Delete Task
6. Sort Tasks
7. Search Tasks
8. View by Category
9. View Statistics
10. Exit

Enter your choice (1-10): w
Invalid choice. Please enter a number from 1 to 10.
```

## 1. Program start & Main Menu:

- When the program is first run, it checks if a saved data file (todo\_data.json) already exists from a previous session.
  - If found, it shows “Loaded existing tasks.”, else displays “No existing tasks found. Starting fresh.”
- Then the main menu of the TODO List appears with all options from 1 to 10.
- The user can choose any option, and invalid input displays “Invalid choice. Please enter a number from 1 to 10.”

## 2. Adding a task :

- This output shows the process of adding a new task into the list.
- The user enters details such as task title, description, priority level, category, and due date.
- The program adds the entered task to the stack and confirms successful addition.
- If the due date format isn't correct, it shows "Invalid due date format. It will be saved as blank" and keeps that field empty in the JSON file.

```
--- Add New Task ---  
Enter task title: do laundry  
Enter description (optional):  
  
Priority (1-High, 2-Medium, 3-Low) [default 2]: 2  
  
Category (work/personal/study/shopping/other) [default other]: personnel  
Due date (DD-MM-YYYY) or leave blank: 4/11/2025  
Invalid due date format. It will be saved as blank.  
Task 'do laundry' added (ID 2).  
Press Enter to continue...
```

```
--- Add New Task ---  
Enter task title: do laundry  
Enter description (optional):  
  
Priority (1-High, 2-Medium, 3-Low) [default 2]: 2  
  
Category (work/personal/study/shopping/other) [default other]: personnel  
Due date (DD-MM-YYYY) or leave blank: 4/11/2025  
Invalid due date format. It will be saved as blank.  
Task 'do laundry' added (ID 2).  
Press Enter to continue...
```

### 3. Display(view) all tasks :

- When the user selects option 2, all current tasks are displayed neatly in a tabular format.
- The table includes columns like ID, Priority, Category, Status, and Title.
- Tasks are listed in the order they were added, showing the LIFO nature of the stack.
- If no tasks are found, the program shows “No tasks to show” to indicate an empty list.

```
=====
 TODO LIST APPLICATION
=====

1. Add New Task
2. View All Tasks
3. Mark Task as Completed
4. Undo Last Completion
5. Delete Task
6. Sort Tasks
7. Search Tasks
8. View by Category
9. View Statistics
10. Exit

Enter your choice (1-10): 2

-- All Tasks --
ID | Pri | Cat      | Status    | Title
---|---|---|---|---
1 | H  | Study     | Pending   | finish lab work
2 | M  | Personnel | Pending   | do laundry
3 | H  | Study     | Pending   | submit record

Press Enter to continue...
```

```
Enter your choice (1-10): 3
```

```
--- All Tasks ---
```

ID	Pri	Cat	Status	Title
1	H	Study	Pending	finish lab work
2	M	Personel	Pending	do laundry
3	H	Study	Pending	submit record

```
Enter Task ID to mark as completed: 2
```

```
Task 'do laundry' marked as completed.
```

```
Press Enter to continue...
```

```
Enter your choice (1-10): 2
```

```
--- All Tasks ---
```

ID	Pri	Cat	Status	Title
1	H	Study	Pending	finish lab work
2	M	Personel	Done	do laundry
3	H	Study	Pending	submit record

```
Press Enter to continue...
```

```
Enter Task ID to mark as completed: 2
```

```
Task already completed.
```

```
Press Enter to continue... █
```

#### 4. Marking task as completed :

- This feature is used to mark a specific task as completed using its ID.
- Once confirmed, the task status changes from “Pending” to “Done” and gets time-stamped.
- The completed task is also stored in a separate stack, allowing it to be undone later.
- If a user selects an already completed task, the system responds with “Task already completed.”

--- All Tasks ---				
ID	Pri	Cat	Status	Title
1	H	Study	Pending	finish lab work
2	M	Personnel	Done	do laundry
3	H	Study	Pending	submit record

```
Enter your choice (1-10): 4
Undid completion of task 'do laundry'.
Press Enter to continue...
```

--- All Tasks ---				
ID	Pri	Cat	Status	Title
1	H	Study	Pending	finish lab work
2	M	Personnel	Pending	do laundry
3	H	Study	Pending	submit record

```
Press Enter to continue...
```

```
Enter your choice (1-10): 4
No completed tasks to undo. Complete a task first.
```

## 5. Undoing the last completed task:

- This output shows how the undo feature works using the LIFO property of a stack.
- The last completed task is restored to “Pending,” reversing its completion.
- It’s useful if a task was marked done by mistake or too early.
- If there are no completed tasks, the message “No completed tasks to undo. Complete a task first.” is displayed.

```
Enter your choice (1-10): 5
```

```
-- All Tasks --
```

ID	Pri	Cat	Status	Title
1	H	Study	Pending	finish lab work
2	M	Personel	Pending	do laundry
3	H	Study	Pending	submit record

```
Enter Task ID to delete: 3
```

```
Deleted task 'submit record'.
```

```
Enter your choice (1-10): 2
```

```
-- All Tasks --
```

ID	Pri	Cat	Status	Title
1	H	Study	Pending	finish lab work
2	M	Personel	Pending	do laundry

```
Press Enter to continue...
```

```
Enter your choice (1-10): 5
```

```
No tasks to delete.
```

## 6. Deleting a task :

- This output demonstrates how tasks can be permanently deleted from the list.
- The user enters the ID of the task they wish to delete.
- Once removed, the remaining tasks are automatically reindexed for proper numbering.
- If there are no tasks available to delete, it displays “No tasks to delete” to notify the user.

## 7. Sorting tasks :

- The sorting option allows tasks to be arranged by Priority, Due Date, Category, or Created Date.
- Sorting is implemented using the Bubble Sort algorithm to maintain a student-coded feel.
- Before sorting, tasks appear in the order they were entered.
- After sorting, tasks rearrange based on the user's chosen criteria, like High to Low priority or by category alphabetically.

--- All Tasks ---				
ID	Pri	Cat	Status	Title
1	H	Study	Pending	finish lab work
2	M	Personel	Pending	do laundry
3	M	Other	Pending	buy prints
4	M	Other	Pending	practice piano

Enter your choice (1-10): 6

Sort by:

1. Priority (High → Low)
2. Due date (earliest first)
3. Category (A-Z)
4. Created date (newest first)

Choice (1-4): 3

--- Tasks sorted by Category ---

ID	Pri	Cat	Status	Title
3	M	Other	Pending	buy prints
4	M	Other	Pending	practice piano
2	M	Personel	Pending	do laundry
1	H	Study	Pending	finish lab work

Press Enter to continue...

```
=====
TODO LIST APPLICATION
=====
1. Add New Task
2. View All Tasks
3. Mark Task as Completed
4. Undo Last Completion
5. Delete Task
6. Sort Tasks
7. Search Tasks
8. View by Category
9. View Statistics
10. Exit
-----
Enter your choice (1-10): 7
Enter keyword to search (title/description/category): lab
--- Search results for 'lab' ---
ID | Pri | Cat      | Status   | Title
---|---|---|---|---
 1 | H  | Study    | Pending  | finish lab work
-----
Press Enter to continue...
```

```
No tasks to show.
Press Enter to continue...
```

## 8. Searching for a task:

- This shows the search feature where the user enters a keyword to find specific tasks.
- The program performs a linear search through the titles, descriptions, and categories.
- Only the tasks containing the keyword are displayed as search results.
- If no matches are found or the list is empty, it shows “No tasks to search.”

```
Enter your choice (1-10): 8
```

```
Study (1 tasks):
```

```
--- Study tasks ---
```

ID	Pri	Cat	Status	Title
1	H	Study	Pending	finish lab work

```
Personel (1 tasks):
```

```
--- Personel tasks ---
```

ID	Pri	Cat	Status	Title
2	M	Personel	Pending	do laundry

```
Other (2 tasks):
```

```
--- Other tasks ---
```

ID	Pri	Cat	Status	Title
3	M	Other	Pending	buy prints
4	M	Other	Pending	practice piano

```
Press Enter to continue...
```

## 9. Viewing tasks by category:

- This output displays how tasks are grouped and shown based on their categories.
- For example, Work, Study, or Personal tasks appear under their own sections.
- Each category displays its total number of tasks and their details.
- This helps in organizing tasks efficiently and checking progress category-wise.

## 10. Viewing statistics :

- This screen displays overall task statistics in a summarized format.
- It shows total tasks, completed and pending counts, and the number of tasks per priority level.
- The completion percentage is calculated and displayed clearly.
- This summary helps track progress and productivity at a glance.

--- All Tasks ---				
ID	Pri	Cat	Status	Title
1	H	Study	Done	finish lab work
2	M	Personel	Pending	do laundry
3	M	Other	Pending	buy prints
4	M	Other	Pending	practice piano

```
Enter your choice (1-10): 9
```

```
--- Task Statistics ---  
Total tasks      : 4  
Completed       : 1  
Pending          : 3  
High priority   : 1  
Medium priority : 3  
Low priority    : 0  
Completion rate : 25.0%  
Press Enter to continue...
```

```
Enter your choice (1-10): 10
```

```
Saving and exiting. Goodbye!
```

```
PS C:\Users\User\Desktop\TODO list python>
```

```
{}) todo_data.json > ...
```

```
1  {
2   "tasks": [
3     {
4       "id": 1,
5       "title": "finish lab work",
6       "description": "write conclusion",
7       "priority": "High",
8       "category": "Study",
9       "due_date": "5-11-2025",
10      "created_at": "01-11-2025 15:25",
11      "completed": true,
12      "completed_at": "01-11-2025 15:42"
13    },
14    {
15      "id": 2,
16      "title": "do laundry",
17      "description": "",
18      "priority": "Medium",
19      "category": "Personel",
20      "due_date": "",
21      "created_at": "01-11-2025 15:26",
22      "completed": false
```

## 11. Save and exit :

- When the user selects the Exit option, the program saves all the tasks automatically.
- All task data is stored inside the file `todo\_data.json` for future sessions.
- This ensures that even after closing, the data remains safe and reusable.
- The file structure can be opened anytime to view saved tasks in JSON format.

# CONCLUSION

Through this project, I got a better understanding of how Python and data structures can actually be used together to build something useful. While making this To-Do List program, I applied what I learned about lists, stacks, sorting, and file handling in a more practical way. I also got to see how storing data in JSON files helps in keeping everything saved even after the program is closed.

Overall, this project was a good learning experience for me. I made mistakes, fixed them, and learned how to structure code properly. It also made me realize how concepts we study can be connected and used in real applications.

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- **Stack Overflow** – for discussions, debugging help, and community-shared logic examples
- **Internship Learning Materials and sessions, college notes and reference materials.**