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## Computer Organization

# Assembler Practice Tasks 1

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## 1 Warmup – Hello World

Open and execute the file `HelloWorld.txt` in RARS and check the results in the console. Afterwards, change the printed string to "Hello World!".

## 2 First Arithmetics – Addition

Complete the following program, which should read the global variables A and B, store their sum in C, and print the result using a syscall. Save all in the File `Addition.txt` and simulate it with RARS.

```
.data
A:  .word  1      # int A = 1;
B:  .word  2      # int B = 2;
C:  .word  0      # int C = 0;

.text
main:
lw    t0, A      # Load A

li    a7, 1      # syscall 1 = print_int
lw    a0, C      # load variable C
ecall                    # print C

li    a7, 10     # terminate syscall
ecall
```

### 3 First Loop – Sum

Implement a program to calculate the value of  $\sum_{i=1}^N i$  and store the result in global variable SUM. Store the resulting program in the file `Sum.txt` and simulate it with RARS.

```
.data
N:      .word      1000  # int N = 1000;
SUM:    .word      0     # int SUM = 0;

.text
main:
...
li      a7,10          # terminate syscall
ecall
```

### 4 More Sophisticated Loop – Fibonacci

Calculate the corresponding Fibonacci number ( $n_1 = 1; n_2 = 1; n_3 = 2$ ) of the global variable N in an iterative loop and print the result onto the console. Store the resulting program in file `Fibonacci.txt` and simulate it with RARS.

```
.data
N:      .word      10     # int N = 10;

.text
main:
...
li      a7,10          # terminate syscall
ecall
```

### 5 Work with Arrays – strlen

Calculate the length of the null-terminated string, which is stored in variable STR and print it to the console. Store the resulting program in `strlen.txt` and simulate it with RARS.

```
.data
STR:    .asciz "ABCD"

.text
main:
la t0, STR            # Load Address of STR
...
li      a7,10          # terminate syscall
ecall
```

## 6 More Sophisticated Array Manipulation – atoi

Implement a program to convert the string STR into an integer value and store it in variable R and simulate it with RARS.

```
.data
STR: .asciz "12345678"
R:   .word  0

.text
main:
la t0, STR # Load Address of STR
...
li      a7,10      # terminate syscall
ecall
```