# Template

## 1 tcolorbox example

### Theorem 2.4

If f is a differentiable function and c is a real number, then cf is also differentiable and

$$\frac{d}{dx}[cf(x)] = cf'(x).$$

#### $\varepsilon - \delta$ definition of limit

Let f be a function defined on an open interval containing c (except possibly at c), and let L be a real number. The statement

$$\lim_{x \to \infty} f(x) = L$$

means that for each  $\varepsilon > 0$  there exists a  $\delta > 0$  such that if

$$0 < |x - c| < \delta$$

then

$$|f(x) - L| < \varepsilon.$$

### Example 1. Evaulating Basic Limits

$$\lim_{x\to\infty} 3=3$$