PUBLICATION-SCRAPER REPORT

Parnika Khattri AND Sherry Tee

2024-09-26

Contents

1	PREFACE	2
2	ABSTRACT	3
3	INTRODUCTION	4
4	DATA	5
5	METHODOLOGY	6
6	RESULTS	9
7	FUTURE SCOPE	10
8	References	11

1 PREFACE

As an R user, have you ever wondered how efficiently academic outputs can be tracked and analyzed across various platforms? What if there was a way to automate the retrieval of publications and software outputs, reducing the time and effort researchers and administrators spend gathering this data? These are the questions that drove the development of Publication-Scraper. This R package enables users to collect and analyze research outputs, providing a more efficient approach to academic performance tracking.

This report is written as part of the ETC5543 research project, supervised by Rob J Hyndman and Michael Lydeamore. Throughout the development of the package, we encountered various challenges, particularly in integrating data from different sources like ORCID, Google Scholar, and CRAN. These challenges, however, provided an opportunity to enhance our technical skills and refine our understanding of research automation.

We are grateful for the guidance and support provided by our supervisors, Rob J Hyndman and Michael Lydeamore and our mentor, David Frazier, whose feedback and encouragement were essential to the success of this project. We hope this report offers valuable insights into the creation and application of Publication-Scraper and highlights its potential to streamline research output analysis for academic institutions.

2 ABSTRACT

This project focuses on analyzing and automating the retrieval of academic outputs using Publication-Scraper, an R package developed to streamline research evaluation. Academic contributions, whether in the form of publications or software outputs, play a critical role in shaping the productivity and impact of researchers. This package leverages ORCID IDs, Google Scholar profiles and CRAN (Comprehensive R Archive Network) data to automate the collection of academic outputs for researchers within the Monash EBS department.

The analysis assumes that publication counts and software downloads provide a reliable and straightforward measure of academic output and impact. Two primary areas of investigation were carried out: one focusing on automating the retrieval of these outputs and the other on visualizing the research productivity metrics. Utilising R for data manipulation and web scraping, the package enables the analysis of trends in research productivity by examining publication counts, software downloads and related factors such as publication year and author activity.

The results from the analysis revealed significant patterns in research output, particularly highlighting prolific authors like Athanasios Pantelous and Rob J Hyndman, who lead in publication counts. The package also identified trends in research activity over time, with sharp increases in publication output during certain periods. Additionally, software packages such as fracdiff and tsfeatures were found to be frequently downloaded, indicating a strong focus on time series analysis within the department.

Overall, Publication-Scraper not only automates data collection but also provides valuable insights into the productivity and impact of academic work within Monash EBS.

<u>KEY WORDS</u>: Academic output analysis, ORCID, Google Scholar, CRAN downloads, R package, Web scraping

3 INTRODUCTION

In today's data-driven academic landscape, managing and presenting scholarly outputs has become a critical task for both individual researchers and institutions. In this context, ORCID (Open Researcher and Contributor ID) has emerged as a key platform that provides unique identifiers, linking researchers to their academic contributions. Widely adopted across universities and research institutions, ORCID facilitates efficient retrieval of publication data. Alongside ORCID, Google Scholar profiles offer valuable metrics such as citation counts, h-index and publication history, further enabling comprehensive evaluation of academic performance. However, traditional publication tracking must now be complemented by monitoring software outputs, particularly in computational research domains. The Comprehensive R Archive Network (CRAN) serves as a central repository for R packages, making it an essential data source for assessing the impact of software contributions.

Motivated by the growing need to streamline academic performance evaluation, this project introduces Publication-Scraper, an R package developed to automate the retrieval and analysis of research outputs. In large academic departments like Monash EBS, manually collecting and aggregating data across multiple platforms is time-consuming and prone to error. This package addresses these challenges by leveraging ORCID IDs, Google Scholar profiles and CRAN data to automate the process, providing researchers, administrators and analysts with a powerful tool to track publications and software outputs efficiently.

The primary goal of Publication-Scraper is to offer an integrated solution for scraping, cleaning, and visualizing academic output data. The package enables users to retrieve all publications associated with ORCID and Google Scholar profiles, as well as scrape CRAN download statistics to assess software impact. Key metrics, such as the most prolific authors, the most cited works and the top-downloaded software, are visualized to provide insights into academic productivity and influence. Although designed specifically for the Monash EBS department, Publication-Scraper can be adapted for broader use in research institutions worldwide, ensuring scalability and relevance across different academic contexts.

4 DATA

The primary dataset used in this project is the manually compiled orcid_gsid dataset, which contains information on Monash EBS staff and their respective ORCID and Google Scholar IDs. This dataset was developed by visiting the Monash University staff directory and collecting relevant academic identifiers for each researcher. Where available, the ORCID and Google Scholar IDs were added to the dataset, though some researchers do not have profiles on these platforms, resulting in missing entries.

The dataset is structured as follows, with the following variables included:

- first name: The first name of the individual.
- last_name: The last name of the individual.
- orcid id:The ORCID identifier, linking researchers to their publication records.
- gsuser_id: The unique identifier for the researcher's Google Scholar profile.

This dataset serves as the foundation for the *Publication-Scraper* package. It allows the package to automate the retrieval of publications and software outputs by mapping researchers to their online academic profiles across ORCID, Google Scholar and CRAN.

The data was manually collected and stored in CSV format. Although some missing values exist due to the unavailability of profiles for certain researchers, the dataset provides a comprehensive tool for tracking the academic contributions of Monash EBS staff. This single dataset integrates easily into the package's functions, ensuring efficient data retrieval and analysis for research evaluation purposes.

5 METHODOLOGY

The Publication-Scraper package was designed to streamline the collection and analysis of research outputs for Monash EBS researchers by automating the consolidation of data from ORCID, Google Scholar, and CRAN. This reduces the manual effort involved in evaluating academic contributions. We first identified staff names using the Monash staff directory, then gathered ORCID and Google Scholar IDs from the respective websites, creating a dataset that serves as the foundation for retrieving academic outputs.

A public API was built to automate the retrieval of publication data from ORCID, extracting key details such as titles, authors, and DOIs. Similarly, Google Scholar data was collected to capture essential publication metrics. For researchers contributing software, CRAN download statistics were also obtained, providing insight into the impact of their software contributions.

The core functions of the Publication-Scraper package, get_all_publications() and cran_all_pubs(), compile the final set of publications and software outputs for each researcher, offering a comprehensive view of their scholarly work. Supporting functions in separate.R handle the retrieval and processing of individual outputs from ORCID and Google Scholar, ensuring accurate data extraction. The results are then merged by the functions in combine.R, creating a complete academic profile for each researcher.

5.1 EXAMPLE USAGE

5.1.1 get_all_publications()

14 rows | 1-2 of 5 columns

It is the core function that retrieves and combines all publication data from both ORCID and Google Scholar profiles providing a unified view of a researcher's academic outputs. For example, to retrieve publications for the first three researchers:

```
library(publicationsscraper)
get_all_publications(orcid_gsid[1:3, ])
## # A tibble: 14 x 5
                                                        DOI
                                                                 authors publication_year journal_name
##
        title
##
        <chr>
                                                         <chr> <chr>
                                                                                            <dbl> <chr>
     1 Revisiting regression adjustment~ <NA>
                                                                 A Negi~
                                                                                             2021 Econometric~
     2 Understanding causes of volatili~ <NA>
                                                                 P Birt~
                                                                                             2019 Journal of ~
##
     3 The cooling effect of pulse impo~ <NA>
##
                                                                 A Negi~
                                                                                             2015 IFPRI Discu~
##
     4 Doubly weighted M-estimation for~ <NA>
                                                                                             2024 Journal of ~
                                                                 A Negi
     5 Dynamics of pulses trade in India <NA>
                                                                 R Chan~
                                                                                             2017 Pulses for ~
   6 Robust and efficient estimation ~ <NA>
                                                                                             2024 Journal of ~
##
                                                                 A Negi~
##
    7 Doubly robust estimation of mult~ <NA>
                                                                 A Negi~
                                                                                             2024 Econometric~
##
   8 Difference-in-Differences with a~ <NA>
                                                                 A Negi~
                                                                                             2022 arXiv prepr~
## 9 Risk-Sharing Tests with Network ~ <NA>
                                                                 C Cox,~
                                                                                             2022 Monash Univ~
## 10 Robust and Efficient Estimation ~ <NA>
                                                                                             2020 Michigan St~
                                                                 A Negi
## 11 Revisiting regression adjustment~ 10.1~ Akanks~
                                                                                             2021 Econometric~
## 12 Doubly weighted M-estimation for~ <NA>
                                                                                             2020 arXiv
## 13 Robust and efficient estimation ~ <NA> Akanks~
                                                                                             2020 arXiv
## 14 Understanding causes of volatili~ 10.1~ Akanks~
                                                                                             2019 Journal of ~
                                                                                               DOI
 Revisiting regression adjustment in experiments with heterogeneous treatment effects
 Understanding causes of volatility in onion prices in India
 The cooling effect of pulse imports on price: The case of the pigeon pea in India
 Doubly weighted M-estimation for nonrandom assignment and missing outcomes
 Dynamics of pulses trade in India
                                                                                               NA
 Robust and efficient estimation of potential outcome means under random assignment
 Doubly robust estimation of multivariate fractional outcome means with multivalued treatments
                                                                                               NA
 Difference-in-Differences with a Misclassified Treatment
 Risk-Sharing Tests with Network Transaction Costs
 Robust and Efficient Estimation of Treatment Effects in Experimental and Non-Experimental Setting
 Revisiting regression adjustment in experiments with heterogeneous treatment effects
                                                                                                10.1080/07474938.2020.1824732
 Doubly weighted M-estimation for nonrandom assignment and missing outcomes
 Robust and efficient estimation of potential outcome means under random assignment
 Understanding causes of volatility in onion prices in India
                                                                                               10.1108/IADEE-06-2018-0068
```

Figure 1: Sample output from get_all_publications()

d DOI	authors <chr></chr>	publication_year <dbl></dbl>	journal_name <chr></chr>
NA	A Negi, JM Wooldridge	2021	Econometric Reviews
NA	P Birthal, A Negi, PK Joshi	2019	Journal of Agribusiness in Developing and Emerging Economies
NA	A Negi, D Roy	2015	IFPRI Discussion Paper
NA	A Negi	2024	Journal of Causal Inference
NA	R Chandra, PK Joshi, A Negi, D Roy	2017	Pulses for nutrition in India: Changing patterns from farm to fork
NA	A Negi, JM Wooldridge	2024	Journal of Business & Economic Statistics
NA	A Negi, W Jeffrey M	2024	Econometric Reviews
NA	A Negi, DS Negi	2022	arXiv preprint arXiv:
NA	C Cox, A Negi, D Negi	2022	Monash University
NA	A Negi	2020	Michigan State University
10.1080/07474938.2020.1824732	Akanksha Negi	2021	Econometric Reviews
NA	Akanksha Negi	2020	arXiv
NA	Akanksha Negi	2020	arXiv
10.1108/JADEE-06-2018-0068	Akanksha Negi	2019	Journal of Agribusiness in Developing and Emerging Economies

Figure 2: Additional output from get_all_publications()

5.1.2 cran_all_pubs()

14 rows | 2-5 of 5 columns

This function compiles download statistics for CRAN packages authored by researchers. It retrieves the number of downloads for each package, providing insights into the impact of software contributions. By summarizing the software outputs and their download counts, this function enables users to assess a researcher's influence within the open-source community. For insistance, to retrieve CRAN downloads for of the researchers:



Figure 3: CRAN download statistics from cran_all_pubs()



Figure 4: Additional CRAN download statistics from cran_all_pubs()

6 RESULTS

 $\hbox{VIGNETTES EXPLANATION - FINDINGS/INSIGHTS OF EACH PLOT - ADD TABLES AND PLOTS } \\$

7 FUTURE SCOPE

The publication-scraper package has successfully streamlined the process of retrieving and analyzing academic outputs from ORCID, Google Scholar and CRAN, offering a comprehensive tool for tracking research productivity at Monash EBS. However, several potential extensions could further enhance its functionality:

7.1 Incorporating Detailed Research Metrics and Rankings

A key enhancement would be to introduce features that track and present essential academic metrics, including:

- Direct links to publications.
- Ranking articles by their respective journal rankings.
- Providing each staff member's h-index, total citations, and top 10 most cited outputs.

7.2 Interactive Dashboards

Developing an interactive dashboard using R packages like Shiny would provide a more dynamic user experience. Users could filter data, explore trends, and generate custom reports in real-time, making the analysis process more intuitive and accessible, especially for non-technical users like administrators.

7.3 Cross-Institutional Comparison

Expanding the package to handle data from multiple institutions could make it possible to perform benchmarking and cross-institutional comparisons. This would be especially useful for academic departments wanting to compare their performance with peer institutions, fostering a competitive research environment.

8 References