Report

1. Development Environment information

Version of operating system: window10

Languages: python

Compiler/interpreter version: python 3.6

2. How to run sender and receiver programs.

Please follow the order to run safely

- 1. Run "udpclient.py" in directory 'PA3/client', first!!
- 2. Type input for "udpclient.py"

```
Run: dudpclient × dudpserver ×

C:\Users\lion7\PycharmProjects\network_hw1\venv
packet loss probability: 0
socket recv buffer size: 65536
socket recv buffer size updated: 100000000
```

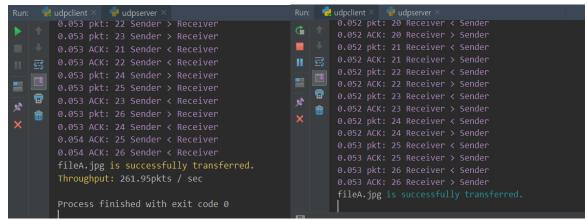
- 3. Next, run "udpserver.py" in directory 'PA3'
- 4. Type input for "udpserver.py"

```
Run: dudpclient × dudpserver ×

C:\Users\lion7\PycharmProjects\network_h
Receiver Ip address: 127.0.0.1
window size: 5
timeout (sec): 100
file name: fileA.jpg
```

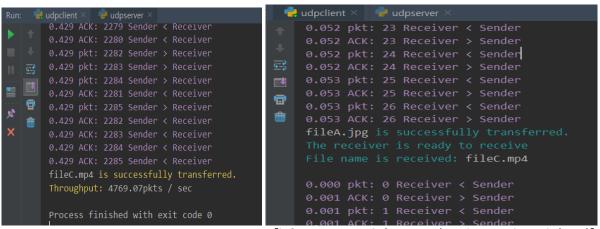
It is recommended that the timeout value is set to 0.05 or higher.

5. See file transmission



[left: sender side, right: receiver side]

6. If you want to send another file after the file transmission, run "udpserver.py" again.



[left: receiver side(continue), right: sender side(new)]

Screen shot for several scenarios

1. receiver: dropped

```
Run: dupclient × dupserver ×

socket recv buffer size updated: 100000000

The receiver is ready to receive
File name is received: fileA.jpg

0.001 pkt: 0 Receiver < Sender
0.001 ACK: 0 Receiver > Sender
0.001 pkt: 1 Receiver < Sender
0.001 pkt: 1 Receiver < Sender
0.001 pkt: 2 Receiver > Sender
0.001 pkt: 2 Receiver < Sender
0.001 pkt: 3 Receiver < Sender
0.001 pkt: 3 Receiver < Sender
0.001 pkt: 4 Receiver < Sender
0.001 pkt: 4 Receiver < Sender
0.001 pkt: 4 Receiver < Sender
```

2. sender: 3 duplicated acks

```
Run: dudpclient × dudpserver ×

0.000 pkt: 6 Sender > Receiver
0.001 pkt: 7 Sender > Receiver
0.001 pkt: 8 Sender > Receiver
0.001 pkt: 9 Sender > Receiver
0.001 ACK: 0 Sender < Receiver
0.001 ACK: 1 Sender < Receiver
0.002 ACK: 2 Sender < Receiver
0.003 ACK: 2 Sender < Receiver
0.004 ACK: 2 Sender < Receiver
0.0051 pkt: 3 Sender > Receiver(retransmission)
0.051 pkt: 10 Sender > Receiver
```

3. sender: time out

```
Run: dupclient × dupserver ×

0.052 ACK: 3 Sender < Receiver
0.052 pkt: 3 | 3 duplicated ACKs
0.052 pkt: 4 Sender > Receiver(retransmission)
0.052 ACK: 4 Sender < Receiver
0.052 ACK: 5 Sender < Receiver
3.017 pkt: 5 Sender > Receiver(retransmission)
3.017 ACK: 5 Sender < Receiver
3.067 pkt: 6 | timeout since 3.066
3.067 pkt: 6 Sender > Receiver(retransmission)
3.067 pkt: 15 Sender > Receiver(retransmission)
3.067 pkt: 15 Sender > Receiver(retransmission)
```

4. sender: throughput

```
Run: dudpclient × dudpserver ×

22.125 pkt: 25 Sender > Receiver(retransmission)

25.154 pkt: 25 | timeout since 3.029

25.154 pkt: 25 Sender > Receiver(retransmission)

28.169 pkt: 25 | timeout since 3.015

28.169 pkt: 25 Sender > Receiver(retransmission)

31.207 pkt: 25 | timeout since 3.038

31.207 pkt: 25 Sender > Receiver(retransmission)

31.207 pkt: 25 Sender > Receiver(retransmission)

31.207 pkt: 25 Sender > Receiver(retransmission)

31.257 pkt: 26 | timeout since 18.591

31.257 pkt: 26 Sender > Receiver(retransmission)

31.257 ACK: 26 Sender < Receiver

fileA.jpg is successfully transferred.

Throughput: 0.86pkts / sec
```

4. How to design program

- 1. udpserver.py sender
 - get input from user
 - divide object file and store as packet in *packets* (list)
 - send packet until receive all acks
 - when sending packet, mark some information
 (e.g. whether the packet was sent, when the packet was sent)
 - Following the information, catch 3 duplicated acks or timeout event

- If you catch one of those above events, retransmission occurs

2. udpclient.py-receive

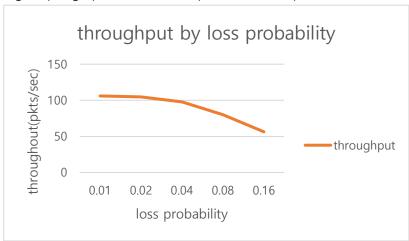
ack number는 마지막으로 제대로 받은 packet number로 구성했습니다 아무것도 제대로 받지 못했을 때 ack를 보낸다면, -1을 보내는 것으로 구성했습니다.

- get input from user
- update receive buffer size, if needed
- receive file information
 (e.g. file name, number of total packets)
- receive file as packet
- if the received packet is in order, send received packet number

5. Show two graph for the experimentation results

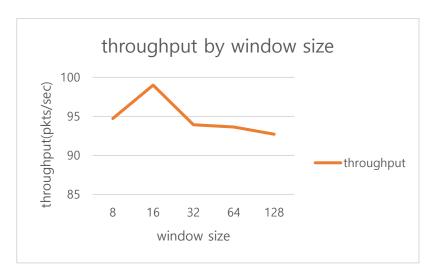
experimented with fileC.mp4(2.23MB)

1. a goodput graph with different probabilities of packet loss



Throughput is decreasing as loss probability grows

2. a goodput graph with different window sizes



The best window size would be 16 in above conditions.