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## Exercise Sheet 11

We consider a class optimization problems of the type:

$$\min_{\theta} J(\theta)$$
 s.t.  $\forall_{i=1}^m: g_i(\theta) = 0$  and  $\forall_{i=1}^l: h_i(\theta) \leq 0$ 

For this class of problem, we can build the Lagrangian:

$$\mathcal{L}(\theta, \beta, \lambda) = J(\theta) + \sum_{i=1}^{m} \beta_i g_i(\theta) + \sum_{i=1}^{l} \lambda_i h_i(\theta).$$

where  $(\beta_i)_i$  and  $(\lambda_i)_i$  are the dual variables. According to the Karush-Kuhn-Tucker (KKT) conditions, it is necessary for a solution of this optimization problem that the following constraints are satisfied (in addition to the original constraints of the optimization problem):

$$\frac{\partial \mathcal{L}}{\partial \theta} = 0 \qquad \text{(stationarity)}$$

$$\forall_{i=1}^{l}: \ \lambda_{i} \geq 0 \qquad \text{(dual feasibility)}$$

$$\forall_{i=1}^{l}: \ \lambda_{i} h_{i}(\theta) = 0 \qquad \text{(complementary slackness)}$$

We will make use of these conditions to derive the dual form of the kernel ridge regression problem.

## Exercise 1: Kernel Ridge Regression with Lagrange Multipliers (10 + 20 + 10 + 10 P)

Let  $x_1, \ldots, x_N \in \mathbb{R}^d$  be a dataset with labels  $y_1, \ldots, y_N \in \mathbb{R}$ . Consider the regression model  $f(x) = w^\top \phi(x)$  where  $\phi \colon \mathbb{R}^d \to \mathbb{R}^h$  is a feature map and w is obtained by solving the constrained optimization problem

$$\min_{\xi, w} \sum_{i=1}^{N} \frac{1}{2} \xi_i^2 \quad \text{s.t.} \quad \forall_{i=1}^{N} : \ \xi_i = w^{\top} \phi(x_i) - y_i \quad \text{and} \quad \frac{1}{2} ||w||^2 \le C.$$

where equality constraints define the errors of the model, where the objective function penalizes these errors, and where the inequality constraint imposes a regularization on the parameters of the model.

- (a) Construct the Lagrangian and state the KKT conditions for this problem (Hint: rewrite the equality constraint as  $\xi_i w^{\top} \phi(x_i) + y_i = 0$ .)
- (b) Show that the solution of the kernel regression problem above, expressed in terms of the dual variables  $(\beta_i)_i$ , and  $\lambda$  is given by:

$$\beta = (K + \lambda I)^{-1} \lambda y$$

where K is the kernel Gram matrix.

- (c) Express the prediction  $f(x) = w^{\top} \phi(x)$  in terms of the parameters of the dual.
- (d) Explain how the new parameter  $\lambda$  can be related to the parameter C of the original formulation.

## Exercise 2: Programming (50 P)

Download the programming files on ISIS and follow the instructions.