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Isles of Life

By Happy Little Trees

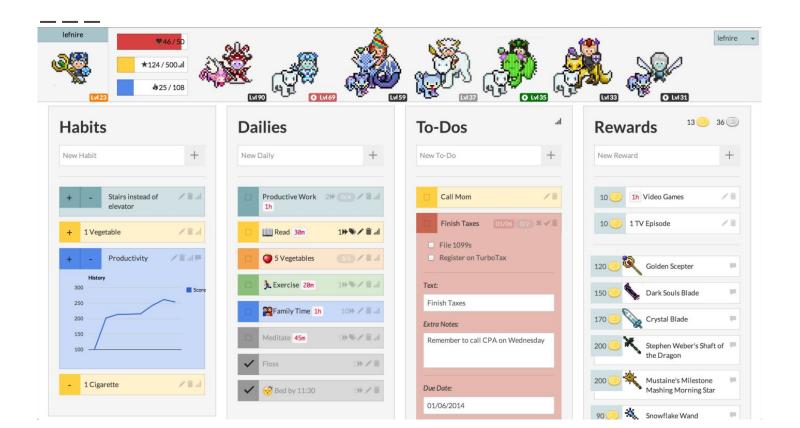
Problems

- Staying on task is challenging
- Keeping track of all your tasks is challenging
- Completing them all in a timely manner is challenging
- The generic apps are limited
- Room to improve with current productivity apps

GamifyTo Do List



Habitica



Forest



Project Idea

- Essentially a self-driven goal tracker app where you build distinct island ecosystems each devoted to different categories.
- These islands can be leveled up to become more populated and diverse as you mark off the appropriate category tasks as complete.

Project Idea

Goals:

- Let the user feel 'productive' by their own definition Enable users to finish their tasks divided into categories(islands) that they can choose to suit their needs.
- Carrot > Stick approach Motivate them to feel productive by giving them xp points that helps level up their islands to unlock more species for the ecosystem.
- Visually represent their 'growth' The islands are a direct reflection of their consistency in finishing the associated tasks and comparative statistics can also be provided by comparing the island levels.



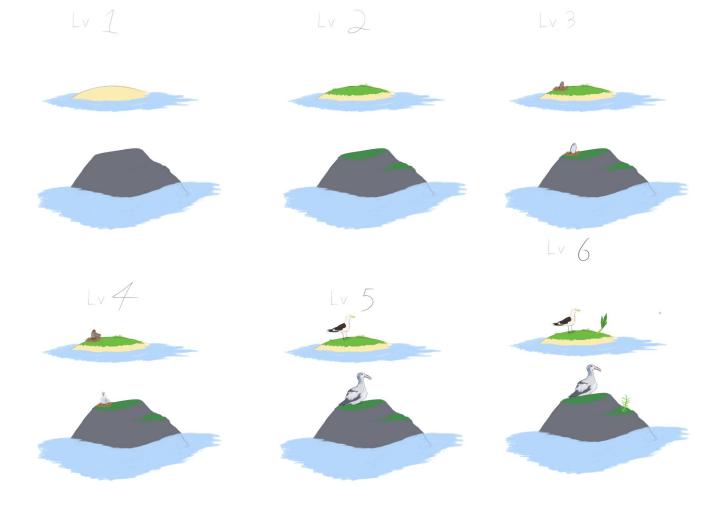
DAILY TASKS

FITNESS ISLAND









User Audience



Students with poor self-discipline ability concentrate on their studies

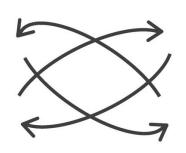


People with hectic jobs and are struggling keeping a fitness goal



Customers who want to develop good consumption habits

Context







Rather flexible at time and space

Mostly be used in short bursts

Occasionally longer when inputting goals

Feasibility

Transfer Google calendars or events

You can transfer calendars you own to other owners. You can also transfer events to another owner or calendar.

Tip: When you transfer events that contain a Google Meet link, the video conferencing policies applicable to that event are also impacted. Learn how transferred Google Calendar event settings apply.

Computer

Android

iPhone & iPad

Move events between calendars

To move an event from one calendar to another, you must be the organizer of a Google Calendar event. You must also have edit access to the calendar you move the event to.

When you move an event, you add the event's organizers to the new calendar and remove organizers from the old calendar.

Also, when you move an event that recurs to another calendar, you do the same to future instances. You can't move only one instance of an event that recurs.

- 1. Open Google Calendar 🛅
- 2. Open a calendar.
- 3. Select the event you want to move.
- 4. Under the name of the meeting, tap the calendar name.
- 5. Where you want to move the event, tap the name of the calendar.
- 6. In the top right, tap Save.

▶ UNDATED





Build a Responsive UI with ConstraintLayout | Android Developers

Feasibility

Free assets:

https://www.freepik.com/free-photos-vectors/tree

Different islands have the same growth logic, they just have different themes and assets on the front end.





Future Work

- 1. Notifying users when their islands are dying
- 2. Allow friends to compare islands
- 3. Integrate with other API to detect activity

DetectedActivity | | |

public class DetectedActivity extends Object implements Parcelable

The detected activity of the device with an an associated confidence. See ActivityRecognitionApi for details on how to obtain a DetectedActivity.

Constant Summary

int	IN_VEHICLE	The device is in a vehicle, such as a car.	
int	ON_BICYCLE	The device is on a bicycle.	
int	ON_FOOT	The device is on a user who is walking or running.	
int	RUNNING	The device is on a user who is running.	
int	STILL	The device is still (not moving).	
int	TILTING	The device angle relative to gravity changed significantly.	
int	UNKNOWN	Unable to detect the current activity.	
int	WALKING	The device is on a user who is walking.	

public class SleepSegmentEvent extends Object implements Parcelable

Represents the result of segmenting sleep after the user is awake. Its contents depend on the status code:

- If the status code is STATUS_SUCCESSFUL or STATUS_MISSING_DATA, then an instance of this class contains a detected sleep start time and a detected sleep end time. These times represent the beginning and end of sleep during a particular day.
- If the status code is STATUS_NOT_DETECTED, then an instance of this class contains no other information.

To retrieve any detected sleep start/end times, call getStartTimeMillis() and getEndTimeMillis(), respectively.

Note that both of these times are the UNIX epoch time (milliseconds since 1/1/1970 UTC).

The sleep detection result depends on sampled device motion and ambient light readings during the past day. For customized sleep segmentation, use SleepClassifyEvent.

Constant Summary

int	STATUS_MISSING_DATA	Sleep segment was detected, but there was some missing data near the detected sleep segment. $ \\$
int	STATUS_NOT_DETECTED	Sleep segment is not detected in the past day, or there isn't enough confidence that the user slept during the past day.
int	STATUS_SUCCESSFUL	Successfully detected sleep segment in the past day.

Any questions?
