Database Design: Hotel Booking

A guide for a database design for a sample hotel booking system

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This guide is a companion to my YouTube video on designing a database for a hotel booking system.

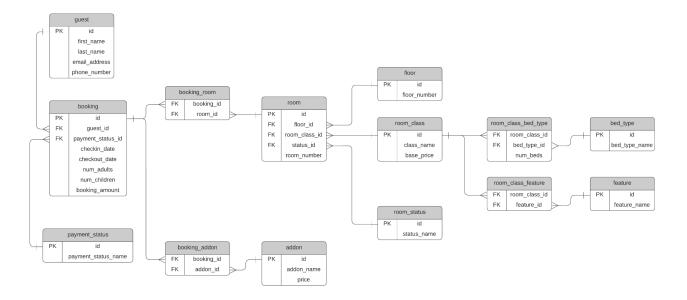
In this guide, you'll see:

- An Entity Relationship Diagram for a hotel booking system, from my YouTube video.
- An explanation of the purpose of each table and field, with sample data
- SQL scripts to create each of these tables with some sample data

Let's get into it.

Entity Relationship Diagram

Here's the ERD for this database:



A PNG file of this ERD is available here:

https://dbshostedfiles.s3.us-west-2.amazonaws.com/dbs/erd_hotel.png

Database Definition

This section explains each of these tables and fields.

guest

A guest is a person who stays at the hotel and the one who makes the booking.

Column	Description	Sample Data
id	Primary key. A unique identifier for the row.	1, 2, 3
first_name	The first name of the guest	John Sandip Stephanie
last_name	The last name of the guest	Kumar Smith Jones
email_address	The email address for the guest, which can be used to send booking details to and to log in.	john@apple.com
phone_number	The phone number for the guest which can be used to contact them.	0139029321

booking

A record of a guest making a booking to stay in the hotel. This is created when the guest makes the booking, which can be some time before the date the guest stays in the hotel (the check in date).

Column	Description	Sample Data
id	Primary key. A unique identifier for the row.	1, 2, 3
guest_id	The foreign key to the guest table, which indicates the guest that the booking is for.	1, 5, 6
payment_status_id	The foreign key to the payment_status table, which indicate the status of the	1, 2

	booking	
checkin_date	The date that the guest is checking in to their room.	30 Sep 2023
checkout_date	The date that the guest is checking out of their room.	4 Oct 2023
num_adults	The number of adults included in the booking. Multiple adults may lead to booking multiple rooms.	2
num_children	The number of children included in the booking.	2
booking_amount	The amount the guest needs to pay for their booking.	810.00

payment_status

A lookup table for the different payment statuses for a booking.

Column	Description	Sample Data
id	Primary key. A unique identifier for the row.	1, 2, 3
payment_status_name	A name for the payment status which can be understood by guests and other users.	Paid Pending Not Paid

addon

A lookup table for the different things that a guest can pay for in their booking.

Column	Description	Sample Data
id	Primary key. A unique identifier for the row.	1, 2, 3
addon_name	The name of the addon that is understood by the guest	Valet Parking Late Checkout

		Minibar - Small Alcohol
price	The price the guest needs to pay for the addon	20 50 8

booking_addon

A record of all of the addons that the customer adds to their booking.

Column	Description	Sample Data
booking_id	A foreign key to the booking table, to indicate which booking this record relates to.	1, 2, 3
addon_id	A foreign key to the addon table, to indicate which addon this record relates to.	1, 2, 3

booking_room

A record of rooms for a booking, because a room can be booked many times, and a booking can include multiple rooms.

Column	Description	Sample Data
booking_id	A foreign key to the booking table, to indicate which booking this record relates to.	1, 2, 3
room_id	A foreign key to the room table, to indicate which room this record relates to.	1, 2, 3

room

A representation of a hotel room that guests can stay in and that guests can book.

Column	Description	Sample Data
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id	Primary key. A unique identifier for the row.	1, 2, 3
floor_id	A foreign key to the floor table, to indicate which floor this room is on.	1, 5, 6
room_class_id	A foreign key to the room_class table, to indicate the class of this room	2, 4, 5
status_id	A foreign key to the status table, to indicate the status of the room.	1, 3, 4
room_number	The number of the room that may be shown near the door and written on the swipe card	502, 1001

floor

A lookup table for the floor that a room exists on.

Column	Description	Sample Data
id	Primary key. A unique identifier for the row.	1, 2, 3
floor_number	The number of the floor that is known by the staff and guests.	1, 4, 5A, 5B

room_status

A lookup table to contain the different statuses of a room's lifecycle.

Column	Description	Sample Data
id	Primary key. A unique identifier for the row.	1, 2, 3
status_name	The name of the step in the lifecycle	Occupied, Ready to Clean, Available

room_class

A lookup table that defines the different classes of a room.

Column	Description	Sample Data
id	Primary key. A unique identifier for the row.	1, 2, 3
class_name	The name of the class, and is familiar to staff and guests.	Deluxe, Standard, Premium, Presidential
base_price	The price for a room of this class	100, 350, 1200

bed_type

A lookup table for the different types of beds that are available for rooms.

Column	Description	Sample Data
id	Primary key. A unique identifier for the row.	1, 2, 3
bed_type_name	The type of bed that can exist in a room.	Single, Double, Queen, King

room_class_bed_type

A record of the number and type of beds that exist in a particular room, because a room can have different types of beds.

Column	Description	Sample Data
room_class_id	A foreign key to the room_class table, to indicate which room class the record belongs to.	1, 3, 6
bed_type_id	A foreign key to the bed_type table, to indicate which type of bed the record belongs to	1, 2, 4
num_beds	The number of beds of this type in this room	1, 2

feature

A lookup table for all of the features available in a room.

Column	Description	Sample Data
id	Primary key. A unique identifier for the row.	1, 2, 3
feature_name	The name of the feature that the guests know it as	Coffee Machine Air Conditioning Free Wifi

room_class_feature

A record of the features available in a particular room.

Column	Description	Sample Data
room_class_id	A foreign key for the room_class table, to indicate the class of room for this record.	1, 2, 4
feature_id	A foreign key for the feature table, to indicate the feature for this record.	2, 3, 7

SQL Scripts

Here is the SQL code to create the tables for this database.

The script is written for MySQL, but it can easily be modified to work on your preferred database vendor by changing the data types and removing the IF EXISTS (if your database doesn't support it).

```
CREATE DATABASE hotel booking;
USE hotel booking;
DROP TABLE IF EXISTS booking room;
DROP TABLE IF EXISTS room;
DROP TABLE IF EXISTS floor;
DROP TABLE IF EXISTS room status;
DROP TABLE IF EXISTS room class bed type;
DROP TABLE IF EXISTS room_class_feature;
DROP TABLE IF EXISTS feature;
DROP TABLE IF EXISTS room class;
DROP TABLE IF EXISTS bed type;
DROP TABLE IF EXISTS booking addon;
DROP TABLE IF EXISTS addon;
DROP TABLE IF EXISTS booking;
DROP TABLE IF EXISTS payment status;
DROP TABLE IF EXISTS quest;
CREATE TABLE quest (
  id INT AUTO INCREMENT,
  first name VARCHAR(200),
  last name VARCHAR(200),
  email address VARCHAR (350),
 phone number VARCHAR(20),
  CONSTRAINT pk guest PRIMARY KEY (id)
);
CREATE TABLE payment status (
  id INT AUTO INCREMENT,
 payment_status_name VARCHAR(50),
  CONSTRAINT pk paystatus PRIMARY KEY (id)
);
CREATE TABLE booking (
  id INT AUTO INCREMENT,
  guest_id INT,
  payment status id INT,
  checkin date DATE,
```

```
checkout date DATE,
  num adults INT,
 num children INT,
 booking amount INT,
  CONSTRAINT pk booking PRIMARY KEY (id),
  CONSTRAINT fk booking guest FOREIGN KEY (guest id) REFERENCES guest
(id),
  CONSTRAINT fk booking paystatus FOREIGN KEY (payment status id)
REFERENCES payment status (id)
);
CREATE TABLE addon (
  id INT AUTO INCREMENT,
 addon name VARCHAR (100),
 price INT,
  CONSTRAINT pk addon PRIMARY KEY (id)
);
CREATE TABLE booking addon (
 booking id INT,
  addon id INT,
 CONSTRAINT fk bkaddon booking FOREIGN KEY (booking id) REFERENCES
booking (id),
  CONSTRAINT fk bkaddon addon FOREIGN KEY (addon id) REFERENCES addon
(id)
);
CREATE TABLE bed type (
  id INT AUTO INCREMENT,
 bed_type_name VARCHAR(50),
  CONSTRAINT pk bedtype PRIMARY KEY (id)
);
CREATE TABLE room_class (
  id INT AUTO INCREMENT,
 class name VARCHAR(100),
 base price INT,
  CONSTRAINT pk addon PRIMARY KEY (id)
);
CREATE TABLE feature (
  id INT AUTO INCREMENT,
  feature name VARCHAR(100),
  CONSTRAINT pk addon PRIMARY KEY (id)
);
CREATE TABLE room class feature (
  room class id INT,
```

```
feature id INT,
  CONSTRAINT fk rmclsft roomclass FOREIGN KEY (room class id) REFERENCES
room class (id),
  CONSTRAINT fk rmclsft feature FOREIGN KEY (feature id) REFERENCES
feature (id)
);
CREATE TABLE room class bed type (
  id INT AUTO INCREMENT,
  room class id INT,
 bed type id INT,
 num beds INT,
  CONSTRAINT pk room class bed type PRIMARY KEY (id),
  CONSTRAINT fk room class bed type room class FOREIGN KEY
(room class id) REFERENCES room class (id),
  CONSTRAINT fk room class bed type bed type FOREIGN KEY (bed type id)
REFERENCES bed type (id)
);
CREATE TABLE room status (
  id INT AUTO INCREMENT,
 status name VARCHAR(100),
  CONSTRAINT pk addon PRIMARY KEY (id)
);
CREATE TABLE floor (
  id INT AUTO INCREMENT,
  floor number VARCHAR(5),
  CONSTRAINT pk addon PRIMARY KEY (id)
);
CREATE TABLE room (
  id INT AUTO INCREMENT,
  floor id INT,
  room_class_id INT,
  status id INT,
  room number VARCHAR(10),
  CONSTRAINT pk addon PRIMARY KEY (id),
  CONSTRAINT fk_room_floor FOREIGN KEY (floor_id) REFERENCES floor (id),
  CONSTRAINT fk room roomclass FOREIGN KEY (room class id) REFERENCES
room class (id),
  CONSTRAINT fk_room_status FOREIGN KEY (status_id) REFERENCES
room status (id)
);
CREATE TABLE booking room (
 booking id INT,
  room_id INT,
```

```
CONSTRAINT fk_bkroom_booking FOREIGN KEY (booking_id) REFERENCES
booking (id),
   CONSTRAINT fk_bkroom_room FOREIGN KEY (room_id) REFERENCES room (id)
);
```

Conclusion

I hope you found this guide useful. If you have any questions or issues with it, let me know at ben@databasestar.com.

Thanks,

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